CITY OF PARRAMATTA

WORLD WAR ONE

AND

KILLED IN ACTION

SURNAMES A-Z

Front cover image: 94. *Each little cross bears a name and identity tablet and the epitaph `Here lies a Brit ... R.I.P'* In Item 05: Australian Official World War I photographs (1917).
(Source: Mitchell Library, State Library of New South Wales).

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MESSAGE FROM

THE LORD MAYOR

The City of Parramatta commemorates the Centenary of World War One, also known as 'The Great War,' which lasted from 4 August 1914 to 11 November 1918.

Our City honours the thousands of young men and women around Australia who rallied to serve in the war effort, including the 1,962 volunteers from the Parramatta District, who went on to became soldiers, pilots, seamen, munitions workers, transport drivers and nurses, mainly deployed across Europe and the Middle East.

In 2018, the City of Parramatta has compiled hundreds of stories about the involvement of the Parramatta community in World War One, sharing these significant histories in many forms, including a series of publications, which focuses on various aspects of the war.

I hope the experiences of individuals will help to honour their sacrifice and connect you with our community's history. By preserving the contributions and memories of all those brave soldiers, sailors and aviators for future generations we show our respect for those who made such a sacrifice for our nation.

Andrew Wilson
Lord Mayor
City of Parramatta

Photographer: Jason Nichol Photograph

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We thank everyone who has helped in any way to bring about this book.

INTRODUCTION

Australia's involvement in World War One began on 4 August 1914. Many who joined up believed that the war would be a great adventure, but none could have imagined the scale of the endeavor on which they were about to embark. Sadly, many of these soldiers, sailors, airmen, medical support staff and nurses never made it home. Their courage, sacrifice, hardship and losses brought a new maturity to our nation.

The impact of World War One on Australia's economy was significant. At that time, the majority of exports from Australia were wool, wheat and minerals. Exporters were deprived of shipping services and they found it difficult to receive payments for their goods.

For Australia, this war remains the costliest conflict in terms of deaths and casualties. From a population of fewer than five million, 416,809 men enlisted, of whom more than 60,000 were killed and 156,000 were wounded, gassed, or taken prisoner. Another 6000 veterans died by the 1930s due to war related injuries and suicide.

Listed here are the stories of soldiers who were killed in action. In extraordinary circumstances they were not only brave and selfless, but they also paid the ultimate sacrifice whilst defending their country.

The Research Services team have prepared and posted hundreds of biographical stories and accounts of events which relate to the actions of Parramatta servicemen and women during World War One.

We hope you enjoy reading about these amazing people and the terrifying and sometimes awe-inspiring events which carried them across the globe to fight against Germany and her allies.

Caroline Finlay & Neera Sahni

World War One Timeline
Neera Sahni

1914

	28 June 1914	Archduke Franz Ferdinand of Austria assassinated in Sarajevo, Bosnia
	5 July 1914	Kaiser William II promised German support for Austria against Serbia
	28 July 1914	Austria declared war on Serbia
	1 August 1914	Germany declared war on Russia
	3 August 1914	Germany declared war on France and invaded Belgium. Germany implemented the Schlieffen Plan
	4 August 1914	Britain declared war on Germany
	23 August 1914	The British Expeditionary Force started its retreat from Mons. Germany invaded France
	26 August 1914	Russian army defeated at Tannenberg and Masurian Lakes, East Prussia
	9 September 1914	Battle of the Marne, France commenced
	18 October 1914	First Battle of Ypres, Belgium
	29 October 1914	Turkey entered the war on the side of Germany Trench warfare started to dominate the Western Front

1915

	19 January 1915	The first Zeppelin raid on Britain took place
	19 February 1915	Britain bombarded Turkish forts in the Dardanelles
	25 April 1915	Allied troops landed in Gallipoli, Turkey
	7 May 1915	The 'Lusitania' was sunk by a German U-boat
	23 May 1915	Italy declared war on Germany and Austria
	5 August 1915	The Germans captured Warsaw, Poland from the Russians
	25 September 1915	Start of the Battle of Loos, France
	19 December 1915	The Allies started the evacuation of Gallipoli

1916

	27 January 1916	Conscription introduced in Britain
	21 February 1916	Start of the Battle of Verdun, France
	29 April 1916	British forces surrendered to Turkish forces at Kut in Mesopotamia (now Iraq)
	31 May 1916	Battle of Jutland in the North Sea

	4 June 1916	Start of the Brusilov Offensive
	1 July 1916	Start of the Battle of the Somme, France
	10 August 1916	End of the Brusilov Offensive
	15 September 1916	First use en masse of tanks at the Somme
	7 December 1916	Lloyd George becomes British Prime Minister

1917

	1 February 1917	Germany's unrestricted submarine warfare campaign started
	6 April 1917	USA declared war on Germany
	16 April 1917	France launched an unsuccessful offensive on the Western Front
	31 July 1917	Start of the Third Battle at Ypres, Belgium
	24 October 1917	Battle of Caporetto, now in Slovenia – the Italian Army was heavily defeated
	6 November 1917	Britain launched a major offensive on the Western Front
	20 November 1917	British tanks won a victory at Cambrai, France
	5 December 1917	Armistice between Germany and Russia signed
	9 December 1917	Britain captured Jerusalem from Turkish forces

1918

	3 March 1918	The Treaty of Brest-Litovsk was signed between Russia and Germany.
	21 March 1918	Germany broke through on the Somme
	29 March 1918	Marshall Foch was appointed Allied Commander on the Western Front
	9 April 1918	Germany began an offensive in Flanders, Belgium
	15 July 1918	Second Battle of the Marne started. The start of the collapse of the German army
	8 August 1918	The advance of the Allies was successful
	19 September 1918	Turkish forces collapsed at Megiddo, Palestine
	4 October 1918	Germany asked the Allies for an armistice
	29 October 1918	Germany's Navy mutinied
	30 October 1918	Turkey made peace
	3 November 1918	Austria made peace
	9 November 1918	Kaiser William II abdicated

	11 November 1918	Germany signed an armistice with the Allies – the official date of the end of World War One
Post war: 1919		
	4 January 1919	Peace conference met in Paris, France
	21 June 1919	The surrendered German naval fleet at Scapa Flow was scuttled
	28 June 1919	The Treaty of Versailles was signed by Germany

World War One: Financial Cost
Neera Sahni

Bullecourt, From A Sunken Road near Noreuil

(Source: Charles E.W. Bean, Official History of Australia in the War of 1914-1918, Volume 12 Photographic record of the War)

Allied Powers	Cost in US Dollars in 1914-18
Great Britain	35,334,012,000
France	24,265,583,000
United States	22,625,253,000
Russia	22,293,950,000
Italy	12,413,998,000
Canada	1,665,576,000
Allied Powers	**Cost in US Dollars in 1914-18**

Romania	1,600,000,000
Australia	**1,423,208,000**
Belgium	1,154,468,000
India	601,279,000
Others	500,000,000
Serbia	399,400,000
New Zealand	378,750,000
South Africa	300,000,000
Greece	270,000,000
British Colonies	125,000,000
Japan	40,000,000
Total of all Costs	**125,690,477,000**

World War One: Parramatta Key Dates
Geoff Barker
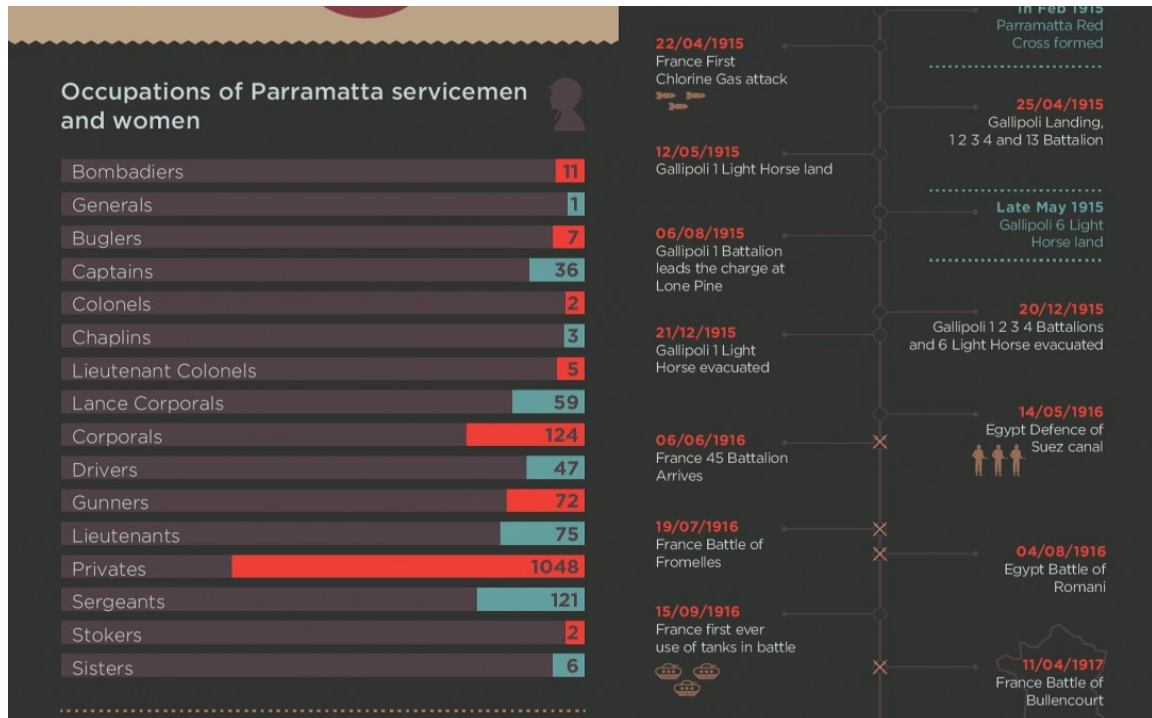
World War One 1914-1918 infographic (Source: Parramatta Heritage Centre)

While the Research and Collections Team at the Parramatta Heritage Centre has been researching World War One servicemen, servicewomen and volunteer organisations, we have uncovered a number of key dates which relate to Parramatta. Some cover broader events of the war, but we also decided to include dates that were very specific to Parramatta at home and abroad, as well as dates which relate to the broader demographic of the current local government area.

Some relate to the actions of army and naval units in which the soldiers or nurses from Parramatta served. Some to the heroic endeavors of individuals while others have been included to mark an individual's contribution. Furthermore, it should continue to provide food for thought as we highlight the contribution of Parramatta and surrounding district's to this major world event.

3 August 1914	Pennant Hills Wireless Station, and all other Australian wireless stations placed under the control of the Naval Board.
11 August 1914	Her Majesty's Australian Ship (HMAS) 'Parramatta' and 'Warrego' enter Simpson Harbour, German New Guinea – Australia's first action of the war
22 August 1914	Richard (Dick) John Cutter became the first Parramatta man to enlist
September 1914	The Home Front – Parramatta Soldiers Wives and Mothers Centre commences
26 September 1914	First Indian troops arrive in France
30 September 1914	Action at Wytschaete, France and First Indian Victoria Cross
1 November 1914	First Australian troops embark from Albany, Western Australia
9 November 1914	Sinking of the His Majesty's Ship 'Emden' (SMS 'Emden') by Her Majesty's Australian Ship (HMAS) 'Sydney'
15 November 1914	Former Parramatta man, Billyard-Leake, owner of Harefield Park, in Middlesex, England offers his house to the Australian military authorities for use as a hospital
24 November 1914	Sister Edith Faber accepted into 2 Australian General Hospital Nursing Service
1 December 1914	Parramatta woman, Dorothy Cawood, first Sydney nurse to be awarded a Military Medal, selected to work in the 1 and 2 Australian General Army Hospitals
18 December 1914	Parramatta dentist, Arthur James Mills, Commander of the 4 Australian and New Zealand Army Corps (ANZAC) British Imperial Camel Corps, enlists
19 January 1915	First Zeppelin attack at Yarmouth, aerial warfare comes to England
December 1914	1 and 2 Battalions arrive in Egypt
14 March 1915	Gallipoli campaign outlined to Sir Ian Hamilton by Lord Kitchener
22 April 1915	First successful gas attack and Second Battle of Ypres, Belgium
25 April 1915	1, 2, 3 and 4 Battalion – ANZAC landing 2 and 3 waves
25 April 1915	13 Battalion – lands in late afternoon
26 April 1915	Victoria Cross won by Mir Dast, British Indian Army

2 May 1915	Parramatta soldier, James Durrant involved in fighting at the 'Chessboard', Gallipoli, Turkey
12 May 1915	1 Light Horse – ANZAC landing
17 May 1915	Private Cecil George 'Curly' Eather from Parramatta, killed in action at Gallipoli
Late May 1915	6 Light Horse – ANZAC landing with Colonel Cox
3 July 1915	Maori Battalion lands at ANZAC Cove, Gallipoli
6 August 1915	1 Battalion leads charge Lone Pine, Gallipoli
20 August 1915	17 and18 Battalion landed at ANZAC Cove
21 August 1915	19 Battalion landed at ANZAC Cove
22 August 1915	20 Battalion landed at ANZAC Cove
27 August 1915	Privates Ernest and Alfred Currell of Baulkham Hills enlist
20 December 1915	1, 2, 3 and 4 Battalion and 6 Light Horse – Evacuation at ANZAC Cove
21 December 1915	1 Light Horse – Evacuation at ANZAC Cove
14 May 1916	1 Light Horse defend Suez Canal, Egypt
19 July 1916	Battle of Fromelles, France
4 - 5 August 1916	1 Light Horse, Battle of Romani, Egypt
6 June 1916	45 Battalion arrives France made up of half Gallipoli veterans and new recruits
11 April 1917	13 Battalion – first battle of Bullecourt, France
21 July – 6 November 1917	3 Battle of Ypres, Belgium also known as Battle of Passchendaele
26 September 1917	54 Battalion – Battle of Polygon Wood, part of the Passchendaele, Belgium engagement
31 October 1917	1 and 7 Light Horse Battle of Beersheba, Palestine now Israel
27 - 31 March 1918	ANZAC Mounted Division and Camel Corps – First Battle of Amman, Palestine
30 March – 5 April 1918	54 Battalion – First Battle of Villers-Bretonneux
14 July 1918	Engagement Abu Tulul, Jordan Valley
11 November 1918	Armistice declared

World War One: Killed in Action

Caroline Finlay & Neera Sahni

Surnames starting with A

### David Ford Adam - Service Number – 5536

David Ford Adam known as 'Snowy', was the only son of Mrs. Agnes Adam of the Avenue and Hewitt Street, Granville, New South Wales. At the age of 28 years, he enlisted with the 17 Battalion on the 5 April 1916 in Sydney, New South Wales. A locomotive fireman prior to enlisting, he embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Euripides' on the 9 September 1916 with the rank of Private. He was killed in action on the 9 October 1918 during the Third Battle of Ypres, aged 30 years. He was buried in the vicinity of Broodseinde Ridge, Passchendaele, Belgium. Following the was his grave was not located and he is remembered with honour on the Ypres (Menin Gate) Memorial, Belgium.

Herbert Aiken - Service Number – 2102

Herbert Aiken, who worked as a carter, was the nephew of Mrs. Emma Stockholm Lewis of 64 Queen Street, Auburn, New South Wales. At the age of 25 years he enlisted on the 6 July 1915 in Liverpool, New South Wales with the 19 Battalion and embarked aboard HMAT 'Argyllshire' in Sydney on the 30 September 1915. He was wounded in action and died of his wounds on the 29 May 1916 in the Fleurbaix Sector, France. He was buried in the Brewery Orchard Cemetery, Bois-Grenier, France.

Percy Thomas Ainsworth - Service Number - 2682
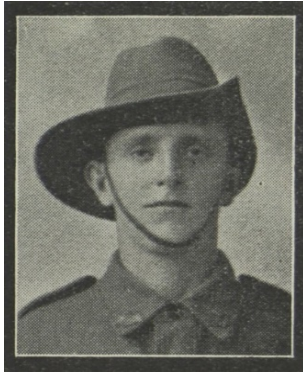
Percy Thomas Ainsworth had served for three years in the 7 Light Horse, Parramatta, New South Wales before he enlisted on the 25 July 1916. Marched in from the Military Hospital Fargo in England in March 1917, he then proceeded overseas to France. Taken on strength in the field, France, Ainsworth was wounded in action and suffered a gunshot wound to his skull on the 8 June 1917. He died as a result of his injuries and was buried in the Trois-Abres Cemetery, Steenwerck, France. His roll of honour states that he was *"Always a good comrade and respected by all"*.

## Edgar Allen - Service Number - 1505

Edgar Allen was a farmer who enlisted on the 15 December 1914 at the age of 21 years. He was the son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Allen of Pennant Hills, New South Wales. He was wounded early in the Gallipoli campaign in Turkey before being reported missing in action on the 18 September 1915. It was not until December 1915 that his parents received the sad news of his death on the 6 August 1915.

Joseph Clement Allport - Service Number – 6393

Joseph Allport, aged 22 years was working as a storeman when he enlisted on the 24 July 1916. Although born in Parramatta, Joseph's uncle who lived at 4 Charles Street Erskineville, was listed as being his next of kin. He was made a Corporal on the 6 April 1917 and marched into Etaples, Northern France a month later. On the 9 October 1917 he was badly wounded in the thigh and died of wounds on the 27 October 1917. He was buried in Etaples Cemetery by Reverend B. J. Murdock.

Arthur Eric Allsopp - Service Number – 3621
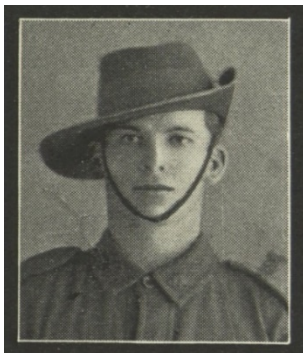
Arthur Eric Allsopp was a 21-year-old labourer when he enlisted for service overseas. He lived with his wife, Leila and daughter Leila Erroll, at Deakin and Skarratt Ltd, Auburn, New South Wales. He was the son of Mr. Samuel Henry and Mrs. Ellen Elizabeth Allsopp of Kingsland Road, Lidcombe. He enlisted as a Private under the name Eric Arthur Allsopp

at Holsworthy, New South Wales, on the 21 August 1915 and was assigned to the 18 Infantry Battalion, 1 to 13 Reinforcements.

He embarked with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Aeneas' from Sydney on the 20 December 1915. On the 16 August 1916 he was charged with using insubordinate language to his superior officer whilst in the field. By February 1917 he had earned a promotion to Lance Corporal before being promoted to Corporal on the 28 February 1917.

Allsopp was recommended to receive a Victoria Cross by Lieutenant Colonel G. F. Murphy, who wrote of his bravery in the field reporting that *"during the withdrawal of a party from Malt Trench Lance Corporal Allsopp rushed forward under machine gun fire within 40 yards of a large party of enemy's bombers and dispersed them with his Lewis Gun. He also engaged two enemy Machine Guns which were inflicting losses on us and effectively silenced them…he continued his work and held his post with great coolness and bravery until the party had safely withdrawn"*.

He received the Military Medal for his service on the 31 March 1917 and his award was gazetted in the *London Gazette* on the 11 May 1917 and the *Commonwealth of Australia Gazette* Number 140 on the 27 August 1917. He was promoted to temporary Sergeant on 4 May 1917, before becoming Sergeant on the 14 May 1917. He was wounded in action on the 7 October 1917, suffering multiple shell wounds received in service whilst serving in Belgium. On the 8 October 1917 aged 23 years, he died of his wounds whilst being treated in the 6 Australian Field Ambulance. He was buried at the Menin Road South Military Cemetery, Ypres, Belgium and his name is remembered in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Charles James Anderson - Service Number – 2551

Charles James Anderson was a 24-year-old clerk born in Aberdeen, Scotland and was the son of Mr. James and Mrs. Margaret Anderson of Woodburn Road, Lidcombe, New South Wales. Prior to enlistment, he was employed as a land salesman by Mr. H. J. Smithers, Lidcombe. He was also a teacher of shorthand at the evening classes of Messrs. Stott and Hoare, Sydney.

Anderson enlisted on the 13 June 1915 and was assigned to the 1 Infantry Battalion. He embarked with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Runic' from Sydney on the 9 August 1915. He was taken on strength in Tell-el-Kebir, Egypt on the 6 January 1916. He was sent to hospital on the 20 February 1916 and remained there until he was discharged to re-join his unit on the 25 February 1916. He proceeded to Alexandria, Egypt to join his unit on the 22 March 1916, and

disembarked in Marseilles, France on the 28 March 1916. He was appointed Lance Corporal on the 18 July 1916.

Anderson died in action on the 22 July 1916 in France at the age of 25 years. He was buried in Gordon Dump Cemetery, Ovillers-la-Boisselle, Picardie, France. His name is also inscribed in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

John Anderson - Service Number - 1782

John Anderson, aged 21 years and a labourer by trade, enlisted on the 21 January 1915 in Liverpool, New South Wales as part of the 4 Reinforcement Unit for the 4 Infantry Battalion. He was born in Melbourne, Victoria but later came to live on Sydney Road in Granville, New South Wales with his father George H. Anderson. On the 17 March 1915, he embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Shropshire'. He was killed in action on 6 August 1915 at Lone Pine, Gallipoli, Turkey aged 20 years. Following the war his body was not recovered and he is remembered with honour on the Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli, Turkey.

John Arthur Anderson - Service Number - 276
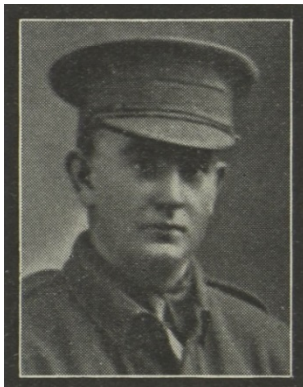
John Arthur Anderson was the son of Mr. John Anderson and the brother of Elise and Margaretta Anderson of 'Woodside' in Smithfield, New South Wales. Prior to enlisting he worked as a pearl diver. At the age of 20 years, he joined the Australian Imperial Forces on the 6 April 1916 and left from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Benalla' on the 1 May 1916. He was attached to the 14 Machine Gun Company, 3 Reinforcements with the rank of Gunner. Sadly, Anderson was killed in action in France on the 2 April 1917, aged 21 years and was buried at Villers-Bretonneux Memorial in France.

Lewis Richard Wallace Anderson - Service Number - 5970

Private Anderson was a 24-year-old seaman and fitter's mate when he enlisted on the 2 March 1916. He was the son of Mrs. M. Anderson, 27 of Urquhart Road, Aberdeen, Scotland but before embarking for England on the 22 August 1916 he had worked at Meggitt's Ltd in Parramatta for over 5 years. 'Louie' as he was called by his mates, was killed in action on the 4 February 1917 in France. His name is recorded on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

## William Andrew Anderson - Service Number - 701

William Andrew Anderson lived at 'Edith' on Victoria Road, Granville, New South Wales with his wife Mrs. Ellen M. Anderson when he joined the Australian Army on the 30 January 1916. Prior to enlisting he worked at Goodlet and Smith Limited in Granville as a horse driver. On the 13 May 1916, he embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT Beltana with his unit, the 9 Infantry Brigade, 36 Infantry Battalion, C Company. After two years of active service, four wounds and receiving a stripe for good conduct, he was killed in action on the 12 October 1917 at Passchendaele, Belgium during the Third Battle of Ypres, aged 39 years. Following the war his body was not recovered and he is remembered with honour on the Ypres (Menin Gate) Memorial, Belgium.

Arthur John Andrews - Service Number - 4432

A carpenter by trade, Arthur John Andrews was the son of Mr. Arthur V. Andrews of Station Road, Auburn, New South Wales and was the brother of Mrs. A. Morris, Marsden Street, Parramatta. Aged 27 years, Andrews enlisted on the 6 September 1915 in Sydney, New South Wales. He was killed in action in France on 3 September 1916. He was buried in the Railway Dugouts Burial Ground, Belgium.

Gilbert Goldie Anschau - Service Number - 244
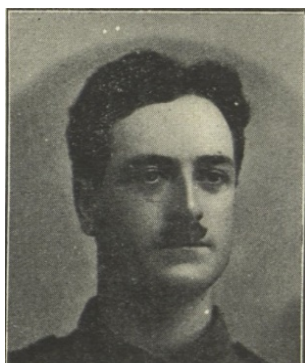
Gilbert Anschau was a 29-year-old clerk, who signed up in Newcastle even though his father worked as Postmaster at Parramatta. Born in Lismore he signed up on the 16 September 1914 and embarked with the First Division, 3 Infantry Battalion, no. 244. Gilbert had a very eventful career in the Army before being killed at Bullecourt, France on the 5 May 1917 (his name is recorded on Villers-Bretonneux Memorial). Initially he appears to have served in the 1 Field Ambulance, A.M.C. In a letter to his sister published in the Tamworth Daily in August 1915 he says "... *This certainly is the life for me and I am perfectly happy in the trenches, helping some poor beggar, with the bullets whizzing and the shrapnel bursting all around."* Gilbert later caught a severe form of dysentery known as 'enteric' at Gallipoli and after a stay at Netley Hospital, England he was invalided home in April 1916. After making a full recovery, he sailed again for the front in October of the same year. He was made Corporal in recognition of his services at Hermies, France where he was again wounded, this time in the head. A report in a Newcastle newspaper said he received the wound while he and some others were defending a trench with a Lewis gun, when a bullet hit the top of his steel helmet, tore off the rim, and split the steel making a huge dent. The hat had saved his life but he received a nasty scalp wound as a result. Gilbert was soon back in the thick of the fighting and on 5 May was recorded as missing, his death was confirmed later. He was born in Lismore and although his name is associated with Tamworth and the Memorial he was brother to Private C. E. Anschau who was also recorded as being the son of Mr. J. Anschau, Postmaster at Parramatta. By 1917 his mother was living at 36 Robinson Street, Croydon, Sydney.

Sydney Arthur Archer - Service Number - 564

Sydney Arthur Archer was from Mullumbimby in northern New South Wales. A wool selector by trade, prior to enlisting he had lived at Pitt Row, Parramatta. His unit embarked from Brisbane aboard HMAT A60 'Aeneas' on the 29 June 1915. He then embarked on the 'Alex' for the Gallipoli Peninsula on the 4 September 1915 as a part of 25 Battalion C Company. Corporal Archer died as a result of wounds received in action at Mont Saint-Quentin, France. He died aged 21 years at 5 Casualty Clearing Station, France on the 2 September 1918. He is buried in Heath Cemetery Harbonnieres, France.

Robert Archibald - Service Number - 5292

Robert Archibald was born in the Canley Vale district of New South Wales and was the son of Christine Archibald. He had two sisters and one brother. Archibald was 24 years old and worked as a labourer at the time of his enlistment on the 6 March 1916. He embarked from Sydney with the 18 Battalion, 14 Reinforcements on the troopship HMAT 'Wiltshire' on the 22 August 1916 for Plymouth, England, disembarking on the 13 October 1916.

By the 4 November 1916, he had arrived in the village of Rollestone, Wiltshire, England for training. On the 13 December, he headed to France via Folkestone, Kent, England, on the SS 'Princess Henriette'. Taken on strength, he joined the 18 Battalion on the 26 January 1917.

On the 20 September, Archibald was wounded in action in France, and was admitted to the 6 Australian Field Ambulance with a gunshot wound to the face. The next day, he was transferred to the Second Canadian General Hospital having also suffered an unexplained gunshot wound to the toes that caused fracturing of the bones. A week later on the 29 September, Archibald was sent to England on the Hospital Ship 'Saint Andrew' and admitted to Devonport Military Hospital.

He was transferred to Number 3 Australian Auxiliary Hospital in Dartford, Kent, England on the 8 October for four days until he was discharged. He was then attached to the Number 2 Command Depot, in Weymouth, Dorset, England, and later the Number 4 Command Depot, in Codford, Wiltshire, England. After being re-trained with the Overseas Training Brigade in Longbridge Deverill, Wiltshire, Archibald proceeded to France from Southampton, England on the 22 November. On the 13 December 1917, he arrived at the 2 Australian Divisional Base Depot, now in the city of Le Havre in Normandy, France and marched out to rejoin his unit in Belgium by the 26 December.

 Sadly, on the 5 May 1918, Private Robert Archibald was killed in action in France. He was buried on the 22 June 1918 in the Number 2 Military Cemetery, now the Heilly Station Cemetery, the Somme, France and was later re-interred in the Dive Copse British Cemetery, in the village of Sailly-le-Sec, the Somme, France. He was posthumously awarded the British War Medal and the Victory Medal in recognition of his service.

Walter Armitage - Service Number – 1650

Walter Armitage was a 27-year-old pattern maker born in Yorkshire, England, and living in William Street, Granville, New South Wales. He was the son of Mr Squire Armitage, who was still living in England at the time. He enlisted on the 12 January 1915 and was assigned to the 3 Infantry Battalion, 1 to 12 Reinforcements. Upon enlisting he left his possessions to a Miss Ivy Thackeray, of William Street, Granville. He embarked with his unit from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Seang Choon' on the 11 February 1915. He was reported missing in action in Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey, from the 7 to 12 August 1915 but it was discovered that he was killed in action on 7 August 1915. An eyewitness claimed to have seen Private Armitage's body lying dead on the battlefield at Lone Pine on August 7. The body was not recovered as it lay in a dangerous position due to Turkish fire. He was later buried at the Lone Pine Cemetery, Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey. His name is remembered in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

John Squire Armstrong - Service Number - 5781

John Squire Armstrong was born in 1893 in Delegate, Monaro, New South Wales to William Armstrong and Isabella Armstrong, and was the brother of Maud Armstrong. Prior to his enlistment as a Private on the 1 May 1616 at the age of 22 years, he worked as a labourer and was living at Mellor Street, Ryde. He embarked with his unit, the 20 Battalion, 16 Reinforcement from Sydney on board HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 7 October 1916, where he served on the Western Front. He was killed in action on the 20 September 1917 at Polygon Wood, Ypres, Belgium.

John Thompson Arnot - Service Number - 5967

A plumber by trade, John Thompson Arnot was born in Aberdeen, Scotland and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Arnot of 'Bon-Accord', 16 Louis Street, Auburn, New South Wales. He was married to Helen Irvine Arnot nee Smith and at the age of 24 years he enlisted in Bathurst, New South Wales on the 19 February 1916 with the 13 Battalion of Auburn, New South Wales.

He embarked aboard HMAT 'Wiltshire', departing from Sydney on 22 August 1916. He was killed in action on the 28 March 1918 when struck

by a shell in a bunker at Hebuterne, near Arras, France, aged 27 years. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Alfred Astridge - Service Number - 3597
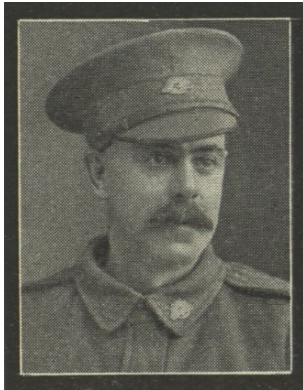
Born in England, Alfred Astridge was a 39-year-old labourer living with his wife Emily in Kerr's Road Lidcombe at the time of his enlistment. The couple had three children, Violet May, Jessie, and John Henry. Astridge was the son of Mr. J. H. Astridge. He enlisted on the 27 March 1917 and was assigned to the 45 Infantry Battalion, 9 and 10 Reinforcements as a Private. He embarked with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Marathon' from Sydney on the 10 May 1917.

He then proceeded to France from South Hampton, England on the 23 October 1917. He was taken on strength on the 2 November 1917. He was admitted to hospital on the 16 February 1918 and returned to duty on the 22 February, re-joining his unit the next day. Astridge was killed in action in France on the 2 April 1918. He was stationed at Dernancourt, near Albert, when he was shot by a sniper and was buried at Dernancourt Communal Cemetery Extension, Dernancourt, France. His name is remembered in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

William Atkins - Service Number - 2672

William Atkins, son of William Atkins (Snr) who also served, worked as a labourer at the time of his enlistment on the 4 September 1916 aged 27 years. He lived in Pritchard Street Cabramatta with his family and he named his wife, Elsie Pear Atkins as his next of kin. He subsequently named his mother Mrs Mary Atkins as next of kin, as, according to his war service records, his wife had deserted the marriage. Atkins embarked for service overseas service with the rank of Private on the 23 December 1916 to serve with 51 then 22 Infantry Battalion.

Tragically, Atkins was killed in action in Villers-sur-Ancre, France on the 14 May 1918 aged 31 years. He was buried in the Méricourt-l'Abbe Communal Cemetery Extension, France. Private Atkins was awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal and these medals together with a Memorial Plaque and Memorial Scroll were given to his eldest son, Ernest. His name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Edgar Richard Atkinson - Service Number - 2369

Edgar Richard Atkinson, also known as Richard Edgar Atkinson, enlisted aged 21 years on the 11 March 1916 in Bathurst, New South Wales as a Private, later being promoted to Corporal. Atkinson was the son of Mrs. Elvira Atkinson of Rawson Street, Auburn, New South Wales. Prior to enlisting he worked as a storekeeper. On the 24 August 1916 he embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Anchises'. Sadly, he was killed in action on the 13 October 1917 near Zonnebeke, Belgium, aged 25 years. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Ypres (Menin Gate) Memorial, Belgium.

John Nielson Attwood - Service Number - 4055

John Attwood was a 26-year-old labourer when he enlisted on the 26 October 1915. At this time, he was single and gave his mother Mrs. M. Attwood of Short Street, Parramatta as his next of kin. Unfortunately, his mother appears to have died while he was on active duty overseas and his next of kin was changed to his brother who was living in Leigh Street, Edgecliff, New South Wales. Attwood stood five foot three inches and had a tattoo of a flag of leaves and a clasping hand on his left forearm. He joined the 17 Battalion in France on the 15 September 1916 but was taken to hospital due to an infected hand. A month later, he was back in action, however returned to hospital the following month with influenza. Sadly, on the 3 May 1917 he was killed in action in France.

Sydney Ellis Aubrey - Service Number – 3

Sydney Ellis Aubrey was born in Penrith, New South Wales and was the son of Mrs. D. Aubrey of Hillview, Penrith. He was the brother of J. Aubrey who lived in Norfolk Street, Liverpool, New South Wales. He enlisted as a Corporal on the 30 August 1914 in Sydney at the age of 32 years. Aubrey died of wounds on the 28 September, 1915 at Gallipoli, Turkey aged 35 years. He was buried in the Skew Bridge Cemetery, Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey.

Surnames starting with B

Arthur Badger - Service Number – 3687

Arthur W. Badger was a 21-year-old carpenter from Cambridge Street, Lidcombe, New South Wales. He was the son of Mr. William. W. and Mrs Fanny Badger of Cambridge Street, Lidcombe and the brother of Mrs. Elizabeth Hinchy. He enlisted on the 15 August 1915 and was assigned to the 3 Infantry Battalion, 1 to 12 Reinforcements as a Private. He embarked with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Medic' from Sydney on the 30 December 1915 bound for England. He sailed for France on the 29 March 1916 and was taken on strength several months later, on the 25 May 1916.

Badger was admitted to hospital suffering a gunshot wound to his neck on the 26 July 1916. Later that day he was sent to England for further treatment. He returned to France on the 2 September 1916, and proceeded again to the front on the 4 October 1916. He was granted leave in the United Kingdom from the 26 October to the 12 November 1917. Badger was wounded in action again, suffering bomb related injuries to the abdomen on the 9 August 1918. He was admitted to the 8 Australian Field Ambulance, where he died that day. He was buried at Adelaide Cemetery, Villers-Bretonneux, France. His name is remembered in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Kenneth Bain - Service Number – 5976
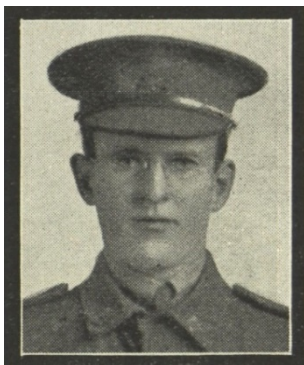
Kenneth Bain was a 21-year-old grocer from Johnstone Street, Annandale, New South Wales. He lived with his parents, Mr. Robert Bain and Mrs. Agnes Bain and was the brother of Corporal Robert Bruce Bain who had died in action. Bain enlisted on the 1 March 1916 and was assigned to the 2 Infantry Battalion, 13 to 23 Reinforcements as a Private. He embarked with his unit from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Wiltshire' on the 22 August 1916 bound for Europe. He proceeded to France aboard the 'Arundel' on the 13 December 1916.

Bain was taken on strength in Etaples, France on the 14 December 1916, and joined the 2 Battalion on the 18 December 1916. He became ill and was sent to the field ambulance on the 25 December 1916 and was then transferred to hospital on the 27 December 1916, suffering influenza. By the 29 December 1916 his condition had developed into trench fever.

His health deteriorated further and he was diagnosed with meningitis on the 2 January 1917 and he was transferred to the Number 25 Stationary Hospital, Rouen, France for further treatment. On the 8 January 1917 he died of tubercular meningitis. Bain was buried at St. Sever Cemetery Extension, Rouen, France. His name is remembered in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Albert Edward Baldwin - Service Number – 6718

Albert Edward Baldwin was a 22-year-old boilermaker's assistant from Granville, New South Wales. He was the son of Mrs. Emma Louisa Baldwin of Arthur Street, Granville and enlisted on the 29 May 1916, being assigned to the 7 Infantry Battalion, 13 to 23 Reinforcements with the rank of Private. He embarked from Sydney aboard the SS 'Port Napier' on the 17 November 1916. He died in France on the 9 August 1918 and was buried in Heath Cemetery, Picardie, France. His name is remembered in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Charles Henry Bale - Service Number - 7200
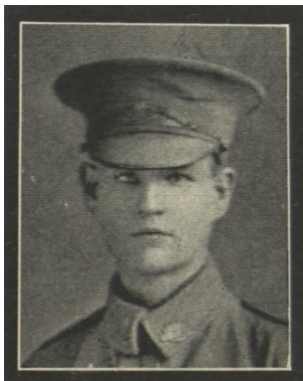
Private Charles Henry Bale, 1 (later 35) Battalion, of Parramatta, died aged 19 years on the 22 November 1917, in the 2 Australian Casualty Clearing Station, France from wounds sustained in action. He is buried in the Trois-Arbres Cemetery Steenwerck, France. Prior to enlisting he worked for the Woollen Mills, Parramatta as a farm labourer. He embarked for France departing Sydney aboard RMS 'Osterley' on the 10 February 1917.

Leslie Albert Bale - Service Number – 2277

Leslie Bale was connected with the Granville Congregational Church, Granville, New South Wales and was given an enthusiastic send off at the Congregational Hall in July 1916. He was also well known in Granville district cricket and football circles. According to the newspaper report he had *"answered the call from the trenches."* The chairman Mr. H. Cornish, on behalf of the different Congregational Church organisations, presented to him a wristlet watch. The son of Mr. and Mrs. Bale, of Eleanor Street, Granville he enlisted on the 3 April 1916, and left Australia on the 17 October 1917. He died of wounds at the 2 Clearing Hospital, France, on the 13 June 1917.

Harry Walter Bancroft - Service Number - 3010

Harry Walter Bancroft, brother of Mrs. S. M. Paris of Auburn, New South Wales enlisted on the 5 July 1915 at Holsworthy, New South Wales. He joined as Acting Sergeant at the age of 26 years and died of wounds in France on the 20 July 1916. He was buried in the ANZAC Cemetery, Sailly-sur-la-Lys, France.

Leonard John Banfield - Service Number - 4133

Leonard John Banfield was born on the 25 July 1875 in Dapto, New South Wales. He had previously served for eight years in 1 Australian Infantry Regiment and 21 Woollahra Infantry, in addition to three and a half years in the 2 New South Wales, 6 Regiment and at the time of his enlistment on the 24 June 1915 at the age of 39 years, he was a public school teacher, married to Mary Bridget who was listed as his next of kin. Banfield lived at 'Aldene', Melville Street, Ryde, New South Wales together with his wife and their four children.

He was assigned the rank of Captain, and embarked with the 18 Battalion from Sydney on board HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 25 June 1915, serving in both Egypt and Turkey. He was killed in action in Gallipoli, Turkey on the 22 August 1915 at the age of 40 years.

Arthur Thomas Banks - Service Number - 5331

Arthur Thomas Banks was a cabinet maker who was living in Gosford at the outbreak of the war. However, he is listed in the *Cumberland Argus* because his father Mr. R. Banks, was a well-known figure in Parramatta prior to moving to the Central Coast. His son Arthur was one of the first to volunteer and enlisted in December 1915. Banks was killed in action in France on the 1 November 1916 and is listed on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Edward Colin Banks - Service Number - 5031

Edward Colin Banks was born in 1897 as Edmund Colin Banks in Wollongong, New South Wales to Amelia Banks and her husband Edward. His brother Raymond Clifford Banks also enlisted. Edward Banks had previously served for four years as a cadet, and six months in a local Militia. Prior to his enlistment on the 4 January 1916, he was a printer, living at Kogarah, New South Wales. He was unmarried and a Presbyterian. He left with his unit, the 4 Battalion, 16 Reinforcement from Sydney on board SS 'Makarini' on the 1 April 1916, where he served on the Western Front. He was killed in action on the 6 August 1916 at Pozieres, France at the age of 19 years. He was buried at Serre Road Cemetery Number 2, France.

## George Walter Banks - Service Number – 2331

George Walter Banks was a 22-year-old bachelor working as a salesman when he enlisted on the 17 July 1915 and was the son of Mary Ann and the late William Joshua Banks of 12 Hope Street, Granville, New South Wales. On Tuesday the 5 October 1915, he embarked with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Themistocles' from Sydney for service overseas. By the 21 March 1916, Banks had departed for battle in Europe from Alexandria, Egypt aboard the HT 'Oriana' and disembarked at Marseilles, France on the 27 March 1916. Taken on strength at the 2 Australian Divisional Base Depots on the 4 April 1916 he joined the 17 Battalion on the 29 April 1916. On the 9 December 1916, he was transferred to the 5 Australian Machine Gun Company.

He was appointed Lance Corporal on the 1 January 1917 and promoted to Temporary Corporal on the 21 February 1917. Hospitalized on the 9 March 1917, he reverted to Lance Corporal. After 2 weeks he re-joined his unit on the 28 March 1917. Banks was promoted to Temporary Corporal for a second time on the 16 April 1917. On the 4 May 1917 he was wounded receiving a gunshot injury to his right thigh and reverted to Lance Corporal. He was transported to Devonport Military Hospital, Plymouth, England between the 18 and 19 May 1917. Banks then returned to Belgium on the 3 October 1917 and was promoted to Temporary Corporal on the 10 October 1917. He re-joined his unit on the 12 October 1917 and on the 6 November 1917, suffered gunshot wounds to his right thigh while fighting in Belgium and later was admitted to the 3 Canadian Casualty Clearing station. Sadly, three days later he died from these wounds on the 9 November 1917. He was buried at Sols

Cemetery on the 2 December 1917, but was later reinterred in Lijssenthoek Military Cemetery, Belgium.

Stephen Barber - Service Number – 7040
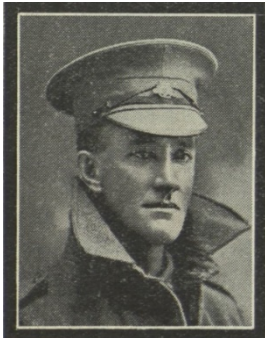
Poultry farmer, Stephen Francis Barber was son of Mrs. Mary Barber, Princes Road, South Auburn, New South Wales. He enlisted on the 18 January 1918 in Sydney at the age of 28 years. He embarked in March 1918. He was killed in action on the 23 July 1918 in France. He was buried in Adelaide Cemetery, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

Peter Barloge - Service Number – 5913

Peter Barloge, a farmer from Cecil Park, New South Wales enlisted for service with the rank of Private on the 6 March 1916, aged 21 years. He had previously been employed by Messrs. Hirst Brothers of Cabramatta in the timber getting industry. He named his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Barloge, a widow, as his next of kin. Barloge had a fair complexion, grey eyes, and fair hair.

He embarked for service overseas on the 7 October 1916 to serve with 18 Infantry Battalion. Barloge was severely wounded while serving in France in June 1917 and was to return home to Australia. However due to a shortage of men he was returned to the trenches in France and tragically, was killed in action on the 31 August 1918 aged 24 years. He was buried at Peronne Communal Cemetery Extension, Peronne, France. Private Peter Barloge was awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal and together with a Memorial Plaque and Memorial Scroll these awards were given to his mother. His name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

### Victor Thomas Barr - Service Number – 658

Victor Thomas Barr was an 18-year-old draper when he enlisted on the 6 September 1916. Although he enlisted in Charters Towers, Queensland he was born in Parramatta. Barr died in France on the 25 August 1918.

Francis Barter - Service Number - 1102

Frank Barter was a 30-year-old cook when he enlisted on the 7 October 1914 and was living in the care of Alderman H. Barter, of Railway Street, Sherwood, Granville. His sister of 7 Landsdowne Street, Parramatta, was listed as his next-of-kin. Barter was 5 foot 4 inches tall and had an anchor tattoo on his left forearm. He was transferred to 3 Battalion ANZAC on the 18 June 1916 but contracted influenza the next month and was admitted to hospital on the island of Lemnos, Greece. He was killed in France between the 22 and 27 July 1916.

Henry James Bartlett - Service Number - 18118
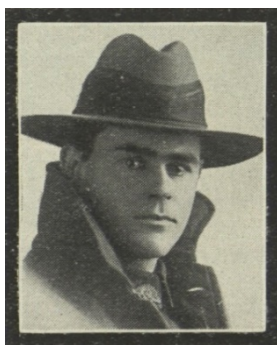
Henry James Bartlett, the son of Mr. Henry George Bartlett of 8 Alice Street, Auburn, New South Wales enlisted on the 5 February 1917 in Sydney at the age of 26 years. Prior to leaving for Europe in October 1917 he worked as a clerk. Bartlett died in Palestine on the 28 October 1918. He was buried at Damascus Commonwealth War Cemetery, Syria.

William Godfrey Bartlett - Service Number - 3235

A tailor by trade, William Godfrey Bartlett was a son of Mr W. J. Bartlett, Gloucester, England and gave his address as care of H. Hurst, Auburn Road, Auburn, New South Wales. He enlisted on the 31 July 1915 in Sydney at the age of 26 years and embarked in November 1915. He was killed in France on the 21 July 1916 and was buried Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Arthur Beaven - Service Number - 4429

Arthur Beaven was a 21-year-old telephone mechanic when he enlisted on 10 September 1915. He was the son of Arthur John Beaven of Clifford Street, Parramatta and died on the 27 July at the No 44 Casualty Clearing Station of wounds received in France on the 22 July 1916. He was buried in Puchevillers British Cemetery, France.

Ernest Richard Beesley - Service Number - 3358

Ernest Richard Beesley was the son of Mrs Mary Anne Beesley, Mary Street, Auburn, New South Wales and enlisted on the 4 November 1916 at the age of 21 years. He was a farmer from Billambi, New South Wales. He died of wounds in France on the 7 April 1918 and was buried Vignacourt British Cemetery, France.

George Francis Bell - Service Number - 5034
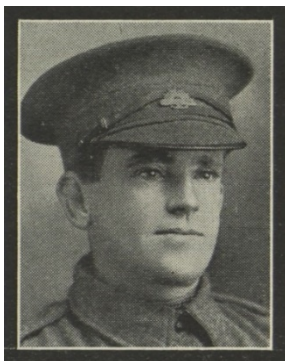
George Francis Bell was born in Liverpool, New South Wales and enlisted in April 1916, aged 27 years. At that time, he resided with Mrs. H. J. Taylor and worked as a labourer. His next of kin was his sister Minnie Waters of Annandale, New South Wales. He was killed in Flanders, Belgium on the 10 November, 1917, aged 29 years and was buried at the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium.

George Richard Arthur Bell - Service Number - 13191

A motor engineer by trade, George Richard Arthur Bell was born in 1884 in Mackay, Queensland. He was the son of Richard George Bell and Jane Pickwick and was married to Mrs. Ethel Maud Bell, Norval Street, Auburn, New South Wales. He enlisted as a driver for the 2 Auxiliary Mechanical Transport Company on the 25 September 1916 at the age of 32 years. He died of illness in France on the 1 December 1918.

William Stanley Bell - Service Number - 2331
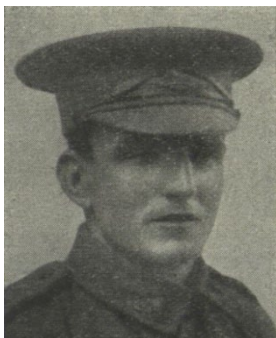
William Stanley Bell enlisted on the 8 June 1915 in Liverpool, New South Wales at the age of 26 years. He was killed in action on the 29 June 1916 and was buried at Y Farm Military Cemetery, Bois-Grenier, France.

Francis Reginald Bennett - Service Number – 5305

Francis Bennett was 24 years old when he enlisted on the 21 September 1915 and gave as his occupation as Company Secretary. He was ill when he disembarked at Plymouth on the 13 October 1916 and spent a month in hospital before returning to his battalion. By December he was attending the Cadet Officers School at Trinity College, Cambridge, England being appointed to the rank of 2 Lieutenant in May 1917. Francis was killed in action at Passchendaele, Belgium on the 9 October, 1917 and is recorded on the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, France.

Although his mother was Nell Mary Louise Gillespie, of 20 Newcastle Street, Rose Bay, he appears to have been the son of Mrs Gillespie's former marriage to a Mr. F. Bennett who once taught at King's School, Parramatta, and had died prior to the outbreak of World War One. He was also the brother of the Australian movie actress Miss Enid Bennett. His war record states that his next of kin address changed from Rose Bay to Crescent Drive in Beverley Hills, California during the war which suggests his sister had some success in her career in Hollywood.

Claude Elmhurst or Ernest Benson - Service Number - 874
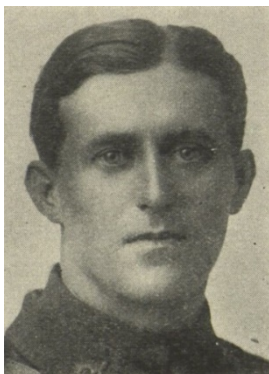
Claude Elmhurst Benson also known as Claude Ernest Benson was born in 1887 in Sydney, New South Wales, the son of Edward Ernest and Elizabeth Benson. He had previously served in a cadet force, and prior to his enlistment on the 20 August 1914 at the age of 27 years, he was a clerk, living at Cleveland Terrace, Townsville, Queensland. Benson was assigned the rank of Sergeant upon his enlistment, and embarked with his unit, the 9 Battalion, H Company from Brisbane, Queensland on board HMAT 'Omrah' on the 24 September 1914, where he served in Egypt, Turkey, and the Western Front.

During his service, he was promoted several times. Firstly, to Lieutenant on the 28 April 1915, and then to Captain on the 8 August 1915. He was awarded the Distinguished Conduct Medal for his role in rallying scattered forces during an attack at Gaba Tepe, Gallipoli, Turkey. He was killed in action on the 2 July 1916, and was buried at Rue-Du-Bois Military Cemetery, Fleurbaix, France.

Frederick R. Benson - Service Number - 2051
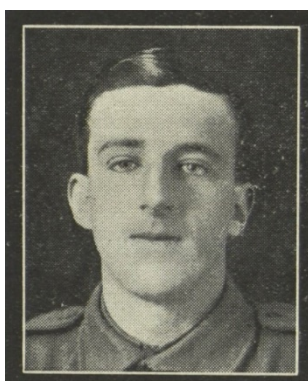
Frederick was a single, 19-year-old engineer, the son of Mr. L. R. Benson of 'Alexander House' Blaxcell Street, Granville, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 2 February 1915. He embarked on HMAT 'Kyarra' in Sydney on the 13 April 1915. On the 15 June 1915 he was taken on strength in the 3 Battalion at ANZAC Cove, Gallipoli, Turkey.

He was admitted to hospital several times and was promoted to Second Corporal on the 11 June 1917. He left for leave in England on the 18 July 1917 and re-joined his unit on the 31 July. On return he was detached for duty to the Assistant Director Light Rail, 4 Army Section in Belgium and on the 7 August he re-joined his unit. Then on 31 August, Benson was moved from the Rouvray Section to Brotonne. He was killed in action on the 19 October 1917 at Passchendaele, Belgium, aged 20 years. He was buried in the Menin Road South, Military Cemetery, Belgium.

John Walter William Bentley - Service Number - 1871

John Bentley was a 35-year-old carter living in Ada Street, Parramatta when he enlisted on the 4 March 1916. His wife Florence Margaret was living at 2 Eva Terrace, off Elizabeth Street in Sydney. He was killed in action in France on the 13 May 1917 and his name is recorded on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial in France.

Percy Ernest Bergman - Service Number - 5827
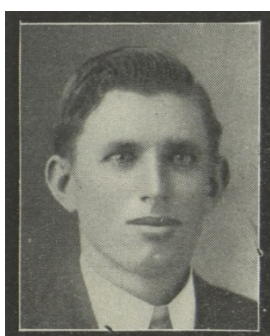
Percy Ernest Bergman, aged 25 years, lived in Cabramatta, New South Wales and was a baker by trade at the time of his enlistment for service in March 1915. He had a fair complexion, grey eyes and brown hair and named his father Mr. M. Bergman as his next of kin. Bergman embarked for service overseas on the 10 April 1915 with the rank of Private to serve with the 1 Australian Field Bakery.

He served at Gallipoli, Turkey and in France and was promoted Temporary Sergeant in January 1917. Tragically, Sergeant Bergman died of pneumonia on the 29 March 1917 in the 1 Australian General Hospital in Rouen, France aged 27 years. He was buried in St. Sever Cemetery Extension, Haute-Normandie, France. He was awarded the Star, British War Medal and Victory Medal and these medals together with a Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to his father. Sergeant

Bergman's name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra. In January 1920 a memorial service was held in his honour at the Church of England in Cabramatta. A pair of entrance gates to the church were dedicated to his memory.

Frederick Berry - Service Number - 137

Frederick Berry was 19 years old when he enlisted on the 18 August 1914. He lived in Eastwood, New South Wales and was a plasterer by trade. He joined the 2 Battalion, B Company and his unit embarked as a Private from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Suffolk' on the 18 October 1914. Berry was wounded in action and died as a result of his injuries on the 15 November 1915. He was buried at the Chatby War Memorial Cemetery, Egypt.

Alwyn Rufus Black - Service Number - 4658
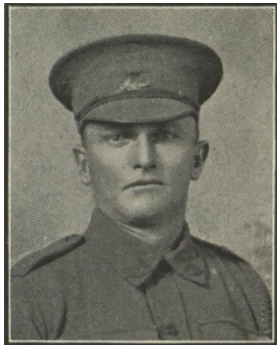
Sergeant Alwyn Rufus Black was born at Glenorie, New South Wales, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry George Black of Beecroft, New South Wales. He was a selector prior to enlistment at the age of 29 years joining the 7 Infantry Brigade, 25 Infantry Battalion, 12 Reinforcement on the 17 July 1915. Black embarked from Sydney aboard RMS' Mooltan' on the 12 April 1916.

Black was appointed Corporal from the 17 July 1915 to the 19 January 1916, Temporary Corporal on the 14 November 1916 and then Corporal on the 4 April 1917. He was promoted to Sergeant on the 23 June 1917. Black was hit by a shell and taken by stretcher-bearer to a dressing station at Heilly, France. He died there on the 20 May 1918 and was buried at Ribemont Communal Cemetery Extension, Ribemont, France.

John Douglas Black - Service Number - 2718

John Douglas Black was a single 18-year-old clerk, the son of John Black of 'Donside', 51 The Avenue, Granville, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 26 July 1915. He embarked on the HMAT 'Euripides' in Sydney, New South Wales on the 2 November 1915. On the 14 February 1916, at Tell-el-Kebir, Egypt, Black was transferred from the 19 Battalion to the 4 Battalion and on the 16 February 1916 he was appointed Lance Corporal. On the 23 March 1916, he embarked on the

'Simla' at Alexandria, Egypt for France and disembarked at Marseilles, France on the 30 March 1916. He was reported wounded in action between the 22 and 27 July 1916 and on the 14 March 1917 he was listed as killed in action.

### Frederick Gordon Weston Blomfield - Service Number - 4744
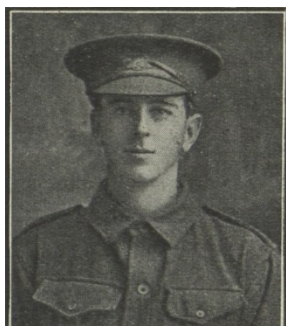
Frederick Gordon Weston Blomfield embarked with his unit, the 3 Infantry, 15 Reinforcement, in Sydney, New South Wales, on board the HMAT 'Star of England' on the 8 March 1916. In June of that year he sailed from Alexandria, Egypt to join the British Expeditionary Forces, and a few days later disembarked at Marseilles, France. A month later he was reported as missing in action but it was later confirmed that he had been killed in action on the 19 July 1916. Blomfield has no known grave and is remembered in V.C. Corner, Australian Cemetery and Memorial, Fromelles, France.

George Stanley Blumer - Service Number - 1508
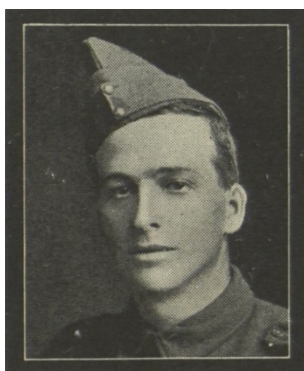
George Blumer was born near Tamworth, New South Wales and gave his occupation as Wool Buyer when he enlisted aged 26 years on the 17 August 1914. However, he worked in the office of M. F. Thomas, the ex-mayor of Parramatta. With his father Luke, Blumer lived in Wigram Street, Harris Park. He was one of the first to volunteer and served at Gallipoli in 1915 where he was promoted to Corporal on the 1 May. One month later he was hospitalised suffering from ingrown toenails. He was promoted to Sergeant on the 26 June 1916 but was killed in action in Belgium on the 7 June 1917. He name is listed on Menin Gate Memorial, Belgium.

Thomas William Burt Board - Service Number - 2406
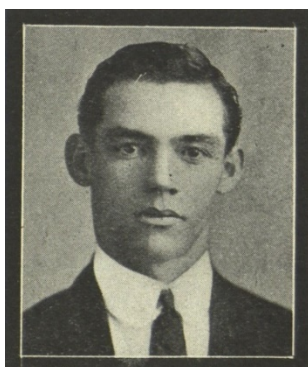
Thomas William Burt Board was a 22-year-old packer living at 'Hillside', Albert Street, Lidcombe, New South Wales. He was the son of Mr. Thomas Board and Mrs. Elizabeth Alice Board, of Albert Street, Lidcombe, and the brother of Mrs. Florence E. Williams, of Orchard Street, Balgowlah, New South Wales. Board enlisted on the 9 June 1915 and was assigned to the 3 Infantry Battalion, 1 to 12 Reinforcements as a Private. He embarked with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Orsova' from Sydney on the 14 July 1915. He was taken on strength on the 2 September 1915. He was temporarily attached to the Reinforcements Infantry Camp, where he remained until he returned to his unit on the 30 October 1915.

On the 18 December 1915, the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* published a letter Private Board wrote on the 13 October 1915. In the letter he spoke of his younger brother, William, enlisting: *"I notice the names of Will and the boys who have enlisted. It is a shame to accept them, as they will never stand it over here; besides there are plenty of older boys who should come and leave the babes behind. They don't know what they are going to face. The winter is going to be very severe. We have on our overcoats, balaclava caps and mufflers, and yet we are not very warm. Of course when we are resting we are all right, because we are in dug-outs, but when we are in the supports and firing line we have to sleep in the open, and that is the time we feel the cold, for we have no covering over us. Thanks very much for the papers. It is a treat to get a bit of local news. My home here is a big hole, cut into the earth, large enough for two persons to sleep comfortably in, also to serve as a supper room"*.

He sailed from Alexandria, Egypt aboard the HMAT 'Grampian' on the 22 March 1916 and arrived in Marseilles, France, on the 28 March 1916. He was killed in action between the 22 and 27 July 1916 near the village of Pozieres, France when a shell exploded in the trench, causing a cascade of earth to kill some of the men and bury the injured. Nearby soldiers tried to unearth the men, but found that they were dead, and so left their bodies where they lay. His name is remembered in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Hendrick John Bongers - Service Number – 4139A
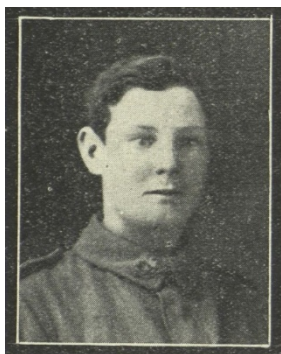
A fitter by trade, Hendrick John Bongers enlisted on the 25 August 1915 in Warwick Farm, New South Wales, aged 18 years and was the son of Hendrick John Bongers of Dartbrook Road, Auburn, New South Wales. He was killed in France on the 12 August 1916 and was buried Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Stephen Booth - Service Number - 3011
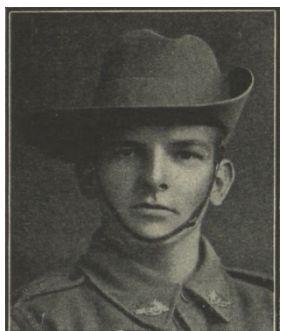
Stephen Booth was a 23-year-old bookbinder when he enlisted on the 26 June 1915. At that time, he was living with his mother Mrs H. E. Booth, at Marion Street, Harris Park. He had attained the rank of Corporal when he disembarked at Marseilles on the 28 March 1916 being promoted to Lance Sergeant on the 7 August 1916. He was wounded in action on the 5 November 1916 and died as a result of his injuries at the 36 Casualty Clearing Station in France.

Cyril John Bourne - Service Number - 3487A

Cyril John Bourne was a single, 22-year-old carpenter, the son of Arthur Bourne of Prince Street, Granville, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 20 November 1916. He embarked on HMAT 'Anchises' in Sydney, New South Wales on the 24 January 1917, disembarked at Devonport, England on the 27 March 1917 and marched in to the 14 Training Battalion at Hurdcott, Wiltshire, England on the same day.

Bourne then proceeded to France via Southampton, England on the 23 July 1917 and landed at Le Havre, France on the 24 July 1917. He joined the 5 Australian Division Base Depot then marched out to his unit on the 9 August 1917 and was taken on strength on the 11 August. From the 18 to 22 September 1917, Bourne was attached to a Tactical Working Party in the 14 Machine Gun Company. On the 27 September 1917, he was wounded in action in Belgium and admitted to 3 Field Ambulance and then transferred to the 17 Casualty Clearing Station. He died of his wounds on the 29 September 1917.

Albert Joseph Bowerman - Service Number - 425

Albert Joseph Bowerman was born in Parramatta, New South Wales and was 32 years old and married when he enlisted on the 22 May 1916. He became part of the 3 Machine Gun Company, 6 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Melbourne, Victoria, on board HMAT 'Port Lincoln' on the 20 October 1916. Private Bowerman fought at Passchendaele, Belgium and on the 7 November 1917 he was hit and killed by a shell. He was buried where he fell and his service is remembered on the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium.

William Boyd - Service Number - 3243
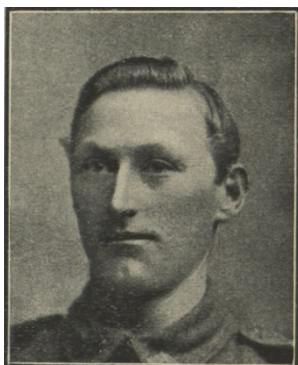
William Boyd was born and raised in Lidcombe, New South Wales and was 22 years old when he enlisted for service overseas. He embarked with the 2 Battalion, 11 Reinforcement as a Private on the 2 November 1915 bound for France via Egypt. Boyd was reported missing in action on the 19 July 1916 and a Field Court of Inquiry on the 2 September 1917 found that he was killed in action on the 19 July 1916. The Graves Service Unit advised that his grave was not located. The Memorial Scroll and Plaque were sent to Boyd's father.

Edmund Allen Bragg - Service Number - 1512

Edmund Allen Bragg, aged 28 years and usually known as Ned, was a farmer living in Dural, New South Wales at the time of his enlistment for service on the 15 December 1914. He was single, and had blue eyes, fair complexion and light brown hair and named his father Mr. W. G. Bragg as next of kin. He embarked for service overseas on the 11 February to serve with the 4 Infantry Battalion.

Tragically, Private Bragg was killed in action at Gallipoli on the 19 May 1915. He was buried at 4 Battalion Parade Ground Cemetery at Gallipoli, Turkey. He was awarded the Star, British War Medal and Victory Medal and these medals together with a Memorial Plaque and Memorial Scroll were given to his father. Private Edmund Allen Bragg's name is remembered on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Walter Thomas Bray - Service Number - 4371

Walter Bray was a 22-year-old painter living with his mother Elizabeth at 98 Church Street, Parramatta, when he enlisted on the 22 November 1915. He joined 18 Battalion in France on 24 November 1916 and on the 4 January 1917 he was admitted to hospital with 'trench feet' an illness caused by prolonged exposure of the feet to damp, unsanitary and cold conditions. Four months later on the 31 August 1917 he was killed in action and was buried in Peronne Communal Cemetery Extension, France.

Gordon Bede Brennan - Service Number - 4063

Gordon Bede Brennan, a carter from Canley Vale, New South Wales was the son of Mr. Charles and Mrs. Mary Brennan, also of Canley Vale. Brennan embarked from Sydney, New South Wales on board HMAT 'Orsova' on the 11 March 1916 and served with the 19 Battalion, 10 Reinforcements. He was tragically killed in action on the 14 November, 1916 at Flers, France aged 18 years. He was buried at Warlencourt British Cemetery, France.

Hastings Ferdinand Brest - Service Number - 3024

Hastings Ferdinand Brest, aged 22 years of 'The Meadows', Seven Hills, departed from Queensland on the 30 December 1915 as a Private with the 45 Battalion. He also served with the 25 Infantry Battalion, 1 to 8 Reinforcements. After three years of active service, his parents were notified that he had been killed in action.

William Ernest Brickley - Service Number - 5785
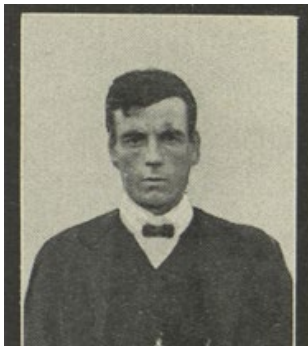
William Ernest Brickley was a 28-year-old fitter by trade and the son of Mrs. Amelia Brickley of Factory Street, Clyde, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 15 June 1916. He embarked on HMAT 'Ceramic' in Sydney, New South Wales on the 7 October 1916 and disembarked at Plymouth, England on the 21 November 1916. On 13 December Brickley proceeded to France from Folkestone per 'Princess Henrietta' and marched into the 2 Australian Division Base Depot, Etaples, France on the 14 December 1916. He marched out to meet his unit on the 16 December 1916 and joined his Battalion on the 22 January 1917. On the 19 May 1917 it was reported that Brickley was missing in action and on the 26 June 1917 it was confirmed that he had been killed in action on the 3 May, 1917.

James Clyde Bridges - Service Number - 310

James Clyde Bridges was the son of Mr J. Bridges, the Stationmaster at Merrylands Railway Station. He embarked as a Private with the 3 Battalion, B Company on the 12 May 1915. He was killed in action aged 23 years at the Dardanelles, Turkey on the 21 October 1916 on the same day as his school friend Robert Raymond Donnelly.

Victor Earle Brinkman - Service Number - 1656

Victor Earle Brinkman was the eldest son of Mrs. J. Brinkman of 'Myrtle Cottage', Albert Parade, Guildford, New South Wales, later residing at 'Le Roy', Calliope Street, Guildford. He was born in Cabramatta, New South Wales and worked as a railway porter when he joined the forces on the 7 May 1915 aged 22 years. He served with the 18 Battalion, Australian Imperial Forces in Gallipoli and was killed in action on the 27 August 1915.

His death was reported in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* on the 31 March 1917 which stated that Brinkman embarked on the 'Kanowna' on the 19 June 1915. In his diary he wrote that he left the base for the firing-line on the 22 August 1915, so after fighting for only five days he was reported missing. The Red Cross Society made numerous inquiries regarding his fate and reported to Mrs Brinkman that her son had been seen lying wounded on the parapet of his trench on the night of the 27 August 1915 by another Australian by the name of Private Smee.

Mrs Brinkman received her son's identification disc and diary, which reached her in August 1915. His brother, Private Roy Brinkman who left Sydney, New South Wales also enlisted and served with the Engineers and later in France with the 5 Division of the Pioneers.

Lionel Brizzolara - Service Number - 2361

Lionel Brizzolara, who worked as a labourer, enlisted on the 1 June 1915 in Liverpool, New South Wales. He died of wounds in France on the 25 July 1916 at the age of 20 years and was buried in the Warloy-Baillon Communal Cemetery Extension, France.

Benjamin Greenup Brodie - Service Number - 717

Benjamin Brodie was a 30-year-old commercial traveller when he enlisted on the 18 July 1915. He lived with his wife Mary at 'Cremoine', Doncaster Road, Kensington, Sydney, but was born in Parramatta. On the 19 October 1915 he was wounded in action for second time, in this instance he was gassed badly enough to be sent back to England. He was promoted to Captain on the 11 January 1918 and was killed in action in

Belgium on the 5 March 1918. Brodie was buried in Rosenberg Chateau Military Cemetery.

Joseph Henry Brown - Service Number - 3140

Joseph Henry Brown, whose parents lived in Harris Street, Fairfield, New South Wales embarked from Melbourne, Victoria, on board the HMAT 'Borda' on the 22 December 1914. In March 1916 he proceeded to join the British Expeditionary Forces in Alexandria, Egypt. Brown was admitted to the Casualty Clearing Station with trench foot a year later and was transferred to the 4 Ambulance Train. On the 15 August 1917 he was wounded in action in Belgium, and died of his wounds. He was buried at The Huts Cemetery, Ypres, Belgium.

Leslie Carisle Brown - Service Number - 3275

Leslie Carlisle Brow, who worked as a farm hand, enlisted at the age of 18 years on the 5 June 1917. He was killed in France on the 30 March 1918 and was buried in the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

William Brown - Service Number - 2879
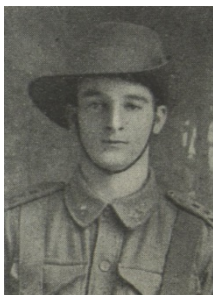
William Brown was a 22-year-old butcher when he enlisted on the 20 May 1915 with the rank of Private. He was the son of Mr. W. and Elizabeth Brown of Austral, New South Wales. He embarked with the 11 Battalion, 9 Reinforcement from Fremantle, Western Australia, on board the HMAT 'Hororata' on the 5 October 1915. He was initially reported as missing in action but it was later confirmed that he had been killed in action in France on the 3 September, 1916. His name is remembered on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Joseph Edward Brunton - Service Number – 6956

Joseph Edward Brunton, an orchardist from Seven Hills, New South Wales was the son of Joseph and Mary Brunton also of Seven Hills. He enlisted at the age of 25 years on the 11 November 1916 and embarked as a Private aboard HMAT 'Benalla' on the 9 November 1916, bound for the Western Front with the 2 Battalion, 23 Reinforcement.

Brunton was killed in action at Passchendaele, Ypres, Belgium on the 4 October 1917 and his grave is unknown. He is honoured on the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium along with 6,178 Australians who have no known burial place. He is also remembered on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Henry Bryant - Service Number - 1893

Henry Bryant, aged 19 years was a farmer from Kellyville, New South Wales when he enlisted as a Private on the 14 June 1915. He became part of the 17 Infantry Battalion, 1 to 13 Reinforcements and embarked on the 9 August 1915 from Sydney on the HMAT 'Runic'. Sadly, Bryant was killed in action in France on the 26 July 1916 and was buried in the Sunken Road Cemetery, Contalmaison, Picardie, France.

Ernest Buckland - Service Number - 5975
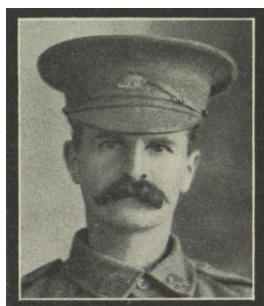
A plumber by trade, Ernest Buckland lived with his wife Mrs E. Buckland, of St. John's Park, New South Wales. He enlisted with the rank of Private on the 3 March 1916 in Bathurst, New South Wales, at the age of 43 years.

On the 22 August 1916, he embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Wiltshire' with the 3 Australian Infantry Battalion. A week after landing in France, he was wounded in action, by shrapnel, on Boxing Day the 26 December 1916, near Flers, France. He died later that day at the 3 Australian Casualty Clearing Station, Bernafay Wood, France, aged 44 years and was buried in the Bernafay Wood British Cemetery, Montauban, France.

George Henry Buffery - Service Number - 168
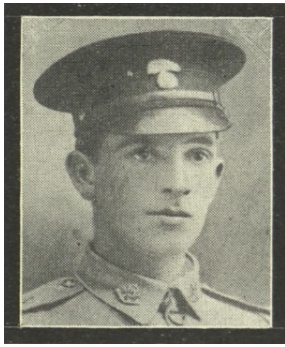
George Henry Buffery was the second son of Mr. and Mrs. William Buffery, of Harrow Road, Auburn, New South Wales and enlisted on the 5 June 1915. Prior to enlisting he was in the Permanent Artillery at South Head, and lived with his wife at Watson's Bay, New South Wales. The couple had three children, but all died in infancy. He left for the front with the 36 Heavy Siege Brigade in July, 1915, and was killed in action in Belgium on the 4 October 1917. He was buried in the Ypres Reservoir Cemetery, Belgium.

## Leslie James Bugg - Service Number - 3537

Leslie James Bugg was a 23-year-old apprentice plumber who lived with his parents Mr. Joseph Herbert Bugg and Mrs. Isabella Bugg in John Street, Lidcombe, New South Wales. He enlisted on the 6 August 1915 and was assigned to the 3 Infantry Battalion, 1 to 12 Reinforcements as a Private. He embarked with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Euripides' from Sydney on the 2 November 1915. Bugg was taken on strength into the 53 Battalion on the 15 February 1916 in Tell-el Kebir and served as a Battalion Pioneer on the 20 March 1916.

Bugg then embarked with his unit aboard the 'Royal George' in England bound for Marseilles, Frances on the 28 June 1916. He was reported wounded and missing in action on the 19 July 1916 during the great push. It was later confirmed that he had been killed in France on the 19 July 1916 and was buried at VC Corner, Australian Cemetery and Memorial, Fromelles, Lille, France. His name is remembered in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

When Private Leslie Bugg enlisted, he did so with his childhood best friend Leslie Rawood. They were both sent to the 3 Battalion, and then B Company of the 53 Battalion together. On the 17 July 1916 Private Leslie Rawood was killed in action while serving alongside Private Leslie Bugg. Two days later Private Leslie Bugg was reported wounded and missing in action. Prior to enlisting, Leslie Rawood reportedly told Leslie Bugg's father *"we have been schoolmates together, have grown up together, and if need be we will die together!"*

John N. Burke - Service Number - 2113
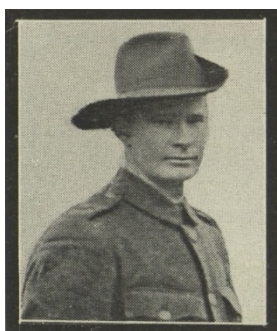
John N. Burke was a single 22-year-old cook and was the son of Mr. Francis Michael Burke and Mrs. Burke of Archibald and Clyde Streets, Granville, New South Wales when he enlisted in Queensland on the 9 March 1915. He embarked on HMAT 'Karoola' in Brisbane on the 12 June 1915. On the 4 August 1915 he joined the 9 Infantry Battalion at Gallipoli, Turkey but was admitted to hospital on the 29 August 1915. Burke re-joined his unit on the 3 September 1915, but became ill on the 16 September 1915 and was admitted to the 3 Field Ambulance. From there he was transferred to the 1 Australian Casualty Clearing Station and then on to a hospital ship on the 16 September.

Burke was transferred to Malta on the 21 September 1915 and admitted to St David's Hospital, Malta on the 22 September 1915. On the 2 October 1915 Brown embarked on 'Brasile' for transfer to England and he was admitted to the 3 London General Hospital, Wandsworth on the 10 October 1915. He re-joined his unit in France on the 29 July 1916, however he was wounded in action on the 30 December 1916 and died of wounds on his way to the Field Ambulance.

Reginald Hubert Burnell - Service Number - 28017

Reginald Burnell was a 27-year-old farmer from Temora, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 5 September 1916. He was the second son of Mr.S. Emmaline Kate Burnell of Macquarie Street, Parramatta to join the forces as his brother John had enlisted in 1915. He first arrived in France in May 1917 and was transferred to the 12 Field Artillery Brigade on the 6 August 1917 and then at his own request to the 45 Battery in Belgium. On the 2 October 1917 he was killed in action and was buried in The Huts Cemetery, Ypres, Belgium.

Fredrick George Burns - Service Number - 1427
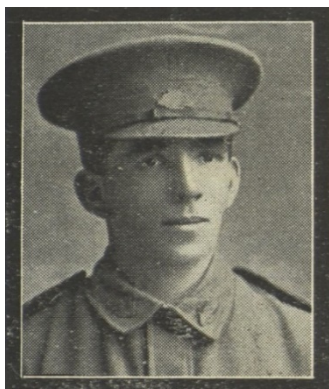
Private (later Trooper) Frederick George Burns, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Burns of Alice Street, Parramatta enlisted in the 1 Regiment Australian Light Horse in Parramatta. Working as a fitter at Lithgow prior to enlisting, he embarked for Europe aboard HMAT 'Mashobra' on the 4 October 1915. Trooper Burns was killed in action at Tel el Khuweilfe, Palestine on the 3 November 1917, aged 25 and was buried in the Beersheba War Cemetery, Israel.

Robert David Burns - Service Number - 16

Lieutenant Robert David Burns, youngest son of Brigadier-Colonel Burns, of 'Gowan Brae', Parramatta enlisted as a Private in the 16 Regiment on the 17 May 1915, at age of 27 years. In 1917 the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* conveyed the sad news that Burns had been reported missing at the front in France. *"The gallant young hero is 25 years of age. His eldest brother, Lieutenant John Burns, came home from the front on Saturday, invalided. He also had been through the Gallipoli fighting. Another brother, Lieutenant James Burns, is in camp, and will shortly be leaving to take his brother's place at the front"*. It was later discovered that Robert David Burns had been killed in action on the 20 July 1916 and was buried in Pheasant Wood Military Cemetery, Fromelles, France.

Frank Robin Burton - Service Number - 4013

Frank Robin Burton was born in Fairlight, Sussex, England and was the brother of Elsie Burton. Before he enlisted, he was a 21-year-old unmarried, bread carter living in Hornsby, New South Wales. Burton enlisted in Liverpool on the 28 September 1915. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Medic' on the 7 January 1916 as a Private with the 2 Battalion, 12 Reinforcement. Private Burton was stationed in the Middle Eastern and then served on the Western Front during his tour of duty.

From mid to late March he served in Egypt, then from early April onwards was stationed in France. He was transferred to several different units during his service. On the 18 September 1918, Burton was wounded in action in the field in France and died from his wounds the same day. His grave is unknown however. He is commemorated at the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial in France. He was posthumously awarded the British War Medal and the Victory Medal for his service.

Athol Homer Bushell - Service Number - 12
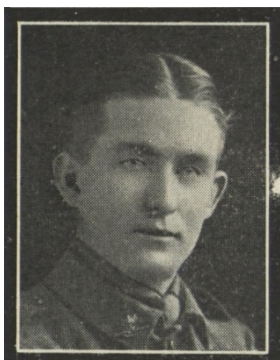
Athol Homer Bushell was born in Barraba, a town in the New England region of New South Wales and was the son of Alfred and Isabella Jane Bushell. He worked as a labourer and lived on Cobbadah Station, New South Wales and enlisted aged 24 years in Armidale, New South Wales on the 27 November 1915. He embarked as a Private from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Marathon' on the 4 May 1916.

Bushell arrived in England in early July 1916, then proceeded to France in late November. For his entire tour of duty, Bushell served on the Western Front. In February 1917 he was promoted to Lance Corporal, then in May he was made a Temporary Corporal. In July 1917, Bushell was wounded in action in the field from a gunshot to the left shoulder however soon rejoined his battalion.

In August, 1917, Bushell was promoted to Corporal, to Temporary Sergeant, and then to Sergeant in February 1918. On the 25 February 1918, Sergeant Bushell died in Belgium from a gunshot wound to the head received in action in the field. He was posthumously awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal, and he was buried in the Berks Cemetery Extension located in Hainaut, Belgium.

### Ray Wilberforce Bushell - Service Number - 4152

Ray Wilberforce Bushell, born in Barraba, a town in the New England region of New South Wales, was the son of Alfred and Isabella Jane Bushell and was a mercer living in the town of Manilla, New South Wales. He enlisted in Armidale, New South Wales aged 21 years on the 4 August 1915 as a signaller with the 13 Battalion, 13 Reinforcement. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Aeneas' on the 20 December that year as a signaller.

Bushell was stationed in the Middle East and then on the Western Front for most of his service. He was in Egypt by mid-March 1916, and then departed for France in early June. In early February 1917 he was hospitalised in France with a gunshot wound.

On the 12 October that year, Bushell showed gallantry and devotion to duty by repairing communication wires while under attack. On the 20 November 1916, he was awarded the Military Medal for his actions. On the 18 September 1918, Signaller Ray Wilberforce Bushell was killed in action in France. He was posthumously awarded the British War Medal and the Victory Medal. He was buried at Jeancourt Communal Cemetery Extension, France.

Albert John Butler - Service Number - 4244
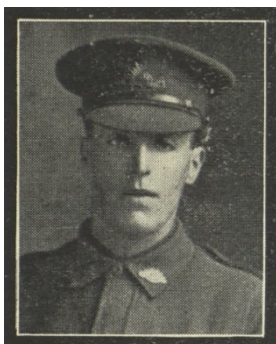
Albert Butler was a 23-year-old hospital attendant when he enlisted on 3 June 1916. He was the son of Elizabeth Alice Butler of 377 Church Street, Parramatta and his wife Edith Millie Butler who lived in O'Connell Street, North Parramatta. He left Sydney on 8 November 1916, as a member of the 11 Reinforcements of the 30 Battalion aboard the S S 'Port Nicholson'. He was wounded in action on the 10 October 1917

in Belgium and was sent to the 3 Australian Field Ambulance station. Sadly, on the 12 October 1917 he died of the gunshot wound he received to his head and arm. He was buried in Lijssenthoek Military Cemetery, Belgium leaving a wife and a daughter aged just 10 months.

Samuel Russell Bycroft - Service Number - 1921
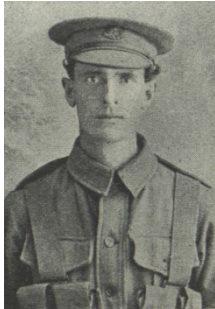
Samuel Bycroft, who served under the name Samuel Russell Bycroft, was a 28-year-old labourer from Raymond Street, Lidcombe, New South Wales. He came from a large family and had several sisters including Mrs. Ellen Cribes, Mrs. Mildred Johnston, Mrs. Margaret Faith Cairney, Miss Clarice Adams, and Miss C. Bycroft. He also had several brothers including Mr. Joseph T. Bycroft, of Wenga Street, Taree, New South Wales, Mr. William Bycroft, Mr. Charles Bycroft, and Mr. Walkdon Bycroft.

Both of his parents had passed away by the time of his enlistment on the 18 January 1915. He was assigned to the 4 Infantry Battalion, 1 to 8 Reinforcements as a Private. He embarked with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Kyarra' from Sydney on the 13 April 1915. He joined his battalion at the Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey on the 17 June 1915. He was reported missing between the 6 and 9 August 1915 and it was later found that he was killed in action on the 6 August 1915. His name was inscribed on the Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey and he is remembered in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Edward John Byrne - Service Number - 4780

Edwin John Byrne was the son of Mrs. Margaret Selina Byrne of 47 Gordon Road, Auburn, New South Wales. He enlisted on the 3 February 1916 in Casula, New South Wales. He was 23 years old and was working as a dairy hand prior to joining the services. He was killed in France on the 8 November 1916 and was buried at Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Michael Ambrose Byrne - Service Number - 3246
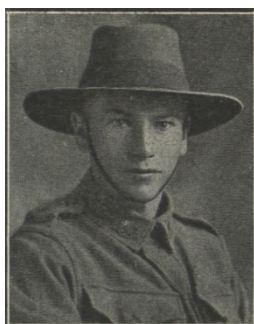
Michael Ambrose Byrne was the son of Mr. Edward Masterson and Mrs. Annie Elizabeth Byrne of Cumberland Road, Auburn, New South Wales. He enlisted on the 27 August 1915 in Warwick Farm, New South Wales at the age of 22 years. He worked as a labourer prior to enlisting in the forces. Byrne embarked for Europe in October 1915 and died of his wounds on the 5 August 1918. He was buried in the Crouy British Cemetery, Crouy-sur-Somme, France.

Surnames starting with C

Albert Victor Cain - Service Number - 2138

Albert Victor Cain was born in 1897 in Granville, New South Wales, the son of Mrs. Frances Cain. Prior to his enlistment on the 18 March 1916 at the age of 18 years, he was a labourer, living with his wife at Goulburn, New South Wales. He embarked with his unit, the 56 Battalion, 4 Reinforcement from Sydney on board HMAT 'Port Sydney' on the 4 September 1916 and served on the Western Front. During his service, he was wounded in action several times, before being transferred to the 5 Machine Gun Battalion. He was killed in action on the 27 September 1917 at Polygon Wood, Belgium at the age of 20 years and was buried at Belgian Battery Corner, Ypres, Belgium.

Hugh Joseph Callaghan - Service Number – 674A

Hugh Joseph Bentley Callaghan also spelt Calligan, worked as a bank clerk prior to enlisting. He was the son of Hugh Joseph and H.B. Callaghan of 54 Alice Street, Auburn, New South Wales. On the 1 December 1916 at the age of 23 years, he enlisted with the Australian Imperial Force and embarked on the 21 June 1917 from Melbourne aboard HMAT 'Suevic'.

Originally attached to the 5 Australian Machine Gun Corps as a Private, he was later transferred to the 2 Infantry Battalion. Sadly, he was killed in action at Hangard Wood, France on the 9 April 1918. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Percy Edwin Calver - Service Number - 2675

Percy Calver was a 32-year-old carpenter working at Meggitt Limited when he enlisted in Parramatta on the 6 September 1915. Although he joined locally, he was a New Zealander by birth and his father's address was Gladstone Road, Parnell, Auckland. He appears to have been a well-known figure in Parramatta as during an Australia Day celebration he led a couple of the Commercial Hotel bulldogs around the streets and collected a large sum for the war fund. Calver disembarked at Marseilles, France on the 19 March 1916 and was promoted to 2 Corporal on the 16 August 1916. He was wounded in action on the 16 January 1917 but remained on duty. Nine months later on the 20 October

1917 he was wounded again, this time while in action in Belgium. In the report to the 3 Field Ambulance it appears he suffered a serious skull fracture and leg abrasions. He died of these wounds on the 12 November 1917 and was buried in the cemetery at Etaples Military Cemetery, near Boulogne, France.

John Charles Campbell - Service Number - 504

John Charles Campbell of Fairfield Road, Fairfield, New South Wales was 26 years of age when he embarked from Sydney on board HMAT 'Ceramic' with the 19 Infantry Battalion on the 25 June 1915. He proceeded to join the Mediterranean Expeditionary Force at Gallipoli, Turkey before joining the British Expeditionary Force in Alexandria, Egypt in March 1916.

A gunshot wound to the shoulder resulted in hospitalisation at St Luke's War Hospital in Halifax, West Yorkshire, England. In January 1917 he proceeded to join the bomb school in France, and a month later was appointed Lance Corporal. On the 27 February 1917 John Campbell was killed in action at Le Sars, Somme, France. He has no known grave and is remembered at the Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

Thullier Lake Cardew - Service Number - 2793
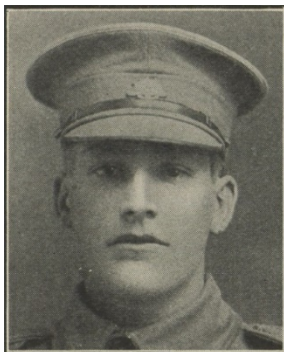
Thullier Lake Cardew was born in 1891 in Woollahra, New South Wales to John and Clarissa Cardew. Prior to his enlistment on the 23 June 1915 at the age of 24 years, he was a farmer, living with his parents at 75 Pitt Street, Sydney, New South Wales. He left with his unit, the 2 Battalion, 9 Reinforcement from Sydney on board HMAT 'Argyllshire' on the 30 September 1915. During his period of service, he served in Egypt and on the Western Front, eventually transferring to the 54 Battalion on the 14 February 1916. He was wounded in action on the 19 or 20 July 1916, at Fleurbaix France but was later found to have been killed in action from a sniper shot to his head.

John William Carpenter - Service Number - 665
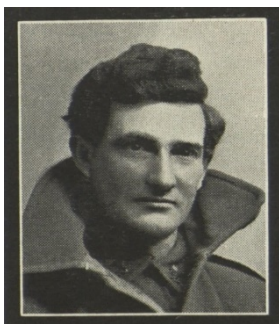
John William Carpenter aged 37 years, was born in the town of Wallabadah in the New England region of New South Wales, and was the son of Charles and Mary Carpenter. He lived with his wife Alice Ada in Waitara, New South Wales and worked as a tram driver when he enlisted in Sydney aged 37 years on the 9 January 1917. Carpenter embarked from Melbourne aboard HMAT 'Suevic' on the 21 June that year as

a Gunner with the 9 Machine Gun Company, 11 Reinforcement, arriving in England in late August, 1917.

Carpenter was hospitalised in late October for bronchitis and laryngitis. From mid-January 1918, he was stationed in France to serve on the Western Front. In mid-April 1918, Carpenter was gassed in action in the field and hospitalised. On the 21 April 1918, Gunner John William Carpenter died in France from gas poisoning. He would be posthumously awarded the British War Medal and the Victory Medal for his service and he was buried at Namps-au-Val British Cemetery in France.

Charles Vince Carr - Service Number - 367
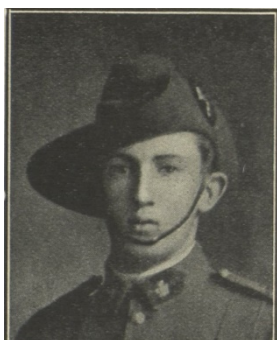
Charles Carr was a 23-year-old salesman living with his mother Mrs. E. L. Carr at 'Loch Lomond' Smith Street, Parramatta when he enlisted on the 30 September 1914. One of the first to volunteer, Carr standing six-foot tall had brown hair and brown eyes. On the 24 February 1915 and again on 11 April 1915 he was admitted to hospital with an unspecified illness at Abbassia, Egypt. On the 1 September 1916 he was promoted to Corporal and later that month arrived in France. On the 8 August 1918, he suffered a gunshot wound to his left eye and arm, sadly, dying four days later as a result of these injuries.

William Carratt - Service Number - 4994

William Carratt, of Fairfield, New South Wales embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Marathon' with the rank of Private on the 10 May 1917 and disembarked at Devonport, England. He then proceeded to Le Havre, France in November 1917. Carratt was killed in France on the 28 August 1918 and was buried in the Assevillers New British Cemetery, Assevillers, France.

Hugh Creagh Massy Carter - Service Number - 263

Hugh Creagh Massy Carter was a 21-year-old storekeeper from Smithfield, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 2 September 1914. He became part of the 1 Battalion, B Company and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Afric' on the 18 October 1914. Private Carter was killed at Gallipoli, Turkey between the 6 and the 9 June 1915. He was buried in Lone Pine Cemetery Anzac Cove, Turkey.

William Castles - Service Number - 2507
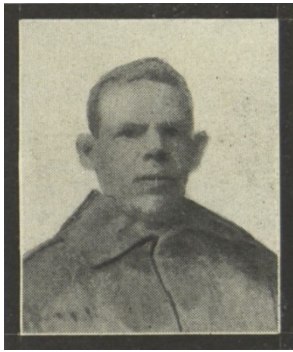
William Castles was a 19-year-old coal carter whose mother Ada Locke and father Thomas Castles were stated to be deceased when he enlisted on the 15 May 1916. Initially, Castles had tried to volunteer on the 22 December 1914 but was discharged after refusing to be inoculated. At this time, he was living in Marsden Street Parramatta but his next of kin was listed as his cousin Mrs. Jane Stubbings of Rooty Hill. He was successful on his second attempt to enlist on the 15 May 1916, giving his next of kin as a D. Webb, Marsden Street, Parramatta.

With his brother-in-law Percy Freeman, Castles served in the in 5 Reinforcements of the 45 Battalion and after a bout of illness on board the boat whilst spending time in a number of hospitals he was taken on strength at Etaples, France on 23 March 1917. He was seriously wounded in action on the 15 May 1917 with gunshot wounds to his legs, left arm and head and died at sea while returning to Australia on the 23 October 1917.

Francis William Castley - Service Number - 2593

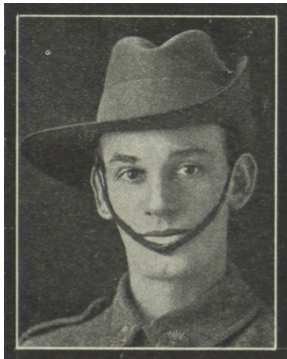Francis William Castley was the son-in-law of Mrs, M. J. Stanmore, Beatrice Street, Auburn, New South Wales and was married to Mrs. Annie Olivia Castley of the same address in Auburn. He was a 29-year-old carpenter by trade when he enlisted on the 31 July 1915, in Liverpool, New South Wales as a Lance Corporal. Castley was killed in France on the 23 July 1916, aged 29 years and was buried at the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Bertie William Cater - Service Number - 5564

Bertie William Cater, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ephram C. Cater of Dean Street, Granville, New South Wales was a single, 24-year-old car builder prior to enlisting on the 29 May 1916. He embarked from Sydney, New South Wales aboard the HMAT 'Euripides' on the 9 September 1916 and disembarked in Plymouth, Devon, England on the 26 October 1916. From England he proceeded to France from Folkestone per 'Princess Henrietta' on the 13 December 1916 and marched in at Etaples on the next day.

On the 23 December 1916, Cater joined his Battalion in France. He went to England from Belgium on leave on the 24 December 1917 and rejoined his Battalion in

Belgium on the 10 January 1918. He was killed by shellfire on the 7 April 1918 at Hangard Wood on the River Luce, east of Amiens, France, aged 26 years. He was buried close to where he was killed and the grave marked. Following the war his grave was not found and he is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France. His personal effects were dispatched for Australia on the SS 'Barunga' which sadly was lost at sea with all cargo on its way to Australia as a result of enemy action.

Stanley Francis Chippendale - Service Number - 1634

Stanley Francis Chippindale was the son of John Gabriel Chumstie Chippindale and Alice Carrington Chippindale, of Boundary Street, Parramatta, New South Wales. He was a popular local boy who was employed as an assistant draper in Mr. H. Quigley's mercery business for some years and lived at Boundary Street, Parramatta, New South Wales. He attempted several times to enlist before he was accepted from the 7 Light Horse which he had served in over three years. He embarked from Sydney, New South Wales aboard the RMS 'Moldavia' on the 2 October 1915 with the 12 Light Horse Regiment. He was later transferred to the 52 Battery, 25 Brigade Australian Field Artillery.

Chippendale was awarded the Distinguished Conduct Medal on the 28 August 1916 for his bravery stating that *"Bombardier Chippendale worked unceasingly from 11am to 11 pm on the 19th instant keeping up communications between trenches and battery under very heavy shell and rifle fire. In the early stages of the engagement Bombardier Chippendale was buried by the explosion of a shell. On being released his first consideration was that of communication, which he speedily restored and maintained until he was relieved. He was frequently required to repair broken wire under heavy fire"*.

He was wounded in action on the 19 July 1916 at Fleurbaix, France. Sadly, he died of his wounds on the 17 August 1916 in Newcastle-On-Tyne aged 22 years and was buried in St. Andrew's and Jesmond Cemetery, Northumberland, England.

His death aged only 22 years as a result of wounds was reported in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* on the 30 August 1916. The correspondent wrote: *"Intense sorrow was felt and sincere sympathy was expressed all over Westmead and May's Hill when It became known that Stan Chippendale, had died of wounds received in France. Stan, was well known and generally affectionately esteemed by many who offer their profound regrets to his father, Mr. J. Chippendale our universally popular postman for many years"*.

Andrew George Christian - Service Number - Unknown

Andrew Christian lived in Coogee, New South Wales but had married Miss Minnie Tunks daughter of James Tunks of Ross Street, Parramatta, a relative of Mrs. E. Flook also of Parramatta. A public servant with the Post Office Department, he enlisted on the 3 September 1914 attaining the rank of Captain and was killed in Gallipoli on 1 May 1915 while the 1 Brigade was stationed at Maclaurin's Hill on the eve of an anticipated assault on 400 Plateau. Christian's death was reported in the *Cumberland Argus* in June of that year. He also received a special mention for conspicuous gallantry and service from the 25 April until the time of his death. He was initially buried in the Isolated grave site about 600 yards from ANZAC Cove on the South Side of Monash Valley under Maclaurin's Hill.

Gordon Albert Clack - Service Number - Unknown

Gordon Albert Clack was a 22-year-old jockey who lived with his parents Mr. Charles Ernest Clark and Mrs. Mary Ann Clack in James Street, Lidcombe, New South Wales. He enlisted on the 16 August 1915 and was assigned to the 4 Infantry Battalion, 9 to 12 Reinforcements. He embarked with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Suevic' from Sydney on the 20 December 1915. He was taken on strength at Tell-el-Kebir, Egypt on the 4 March 1916 and proceeded to join his battalion from Alexandria, Egypt on the 1 June 1916 disembarking in Marseilles, France on the 6 June 1916.

Clack was granted leave in France from the 28 February to the 15 March 1918. He then became ill and was admitted to hospital on the 19 October 1918 suffering from a valvular disease of the heart. He was transferred to England for further treatment at the Northampton War Hospital on the 3 November 1918. He was released to a convalescent camp on the 27 January 1919 but again became ill suffering from influenza and bronchitis pneumonia. He was discharged on the 14 February and was granted leave on the 28 February 1919. On the 2 March 1919 Private Clack died of valvular disease of the heart in the 3 Australian Auxiliary Hospital in Dartford, England. He was buried at the Australian Military Burial Ground in Brookwood, Surrey and his name is remembered in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

George Thomas Clarke - Service Number - 205

George Thomas Clarke was born in about 1881 in Glenbawn, New South Wales, and was the great grandson of Captain W. Mitchell, who served under Wellington during the Napoleonic Wars. Prior to his enlistment on the 22 August 1914 at the age of 33 years, he was an engineer fitter with two years of chemistry experience, serving in a militia.

Clarke had previously served in the North Kennedy Infantry Regiment in Queensland, and was a colour-sergeant in 20 Infantry Regiment, Sydney. He lived with his wife, Elizabeth Clarke, and sons, George J. I. Clarke, and Robert Clarke, at 'Bryn-y-Nor', Andrew Street, Meadow Bank, New South Wales. Due to his previous military service he was assigned the rank of Sergeant upon his enlistment, and embarked with the 1 Battalion, B Company from Sydney on board HMAT 'Afric' on the 18 October 1914, serving in Turkey and Egypt. He was killed in action on the 4 May 1915 at Gallipoli, Turkey.

Lionel Robert Clarke - Service Number - 1235
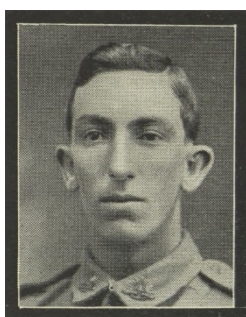
Lionel Robert Clarke was the son of Mrs. May Clarke of 'Daisy Ville', 4 Elsham Road, Auburn, New South Wales. He was a 22-year-old carter living in 'St. Elmo', King Street, Mascot, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 3 May 1915 in Liverpool, New South Wales.

Clarke embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Argyllshire' on the 30 September 1915. He was attached to the 1 Light Horse Regiment as a Private, but later served as a Gunner with the 10 Brigade Australian Field Artillery. Sadly, he was wounded in action on the 3 August 1917 and died the same day at the 41 Casualty Clearing Station, France, aged 24 years. He was buried in the Godewaersvelde British Cemetery, France.

Roy Allison Clarke - Service Number - 4155

Roy Allison Clarke was a 19-year-old jeweller who lived with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Clarke in Terminus Street, Liverpool, New South Wales. He enlisted as a Private on the 20 August 1915 and was assigned to the 2 Infantry Battalion, 13 to 23 Reinforcements. He embarked with his unit from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Aeneas' on the 20 December 1915. On the 16 February he was sent to join the 54 Infantry Battalion in Tell-el-Kebir, Egypt and was taken on strength. On the 19 June 1916 he departed from Alexandria, Egypt aboard the

HT 'Caledonian' to join the battalions fighting in France, arriving in Marseilles, France on the 29 June 1916.

On the 20 July 1916 Private Clarke was reported missing in action whilst serving in France. It was later determined that he had been killed in action on that day. His name was discovered on a list of the dead whose pay books were handed to the German authorities by the Geneva Red Cross, and his identity disc was given to the British by the German authorities. He is remembered in the VC Corner of the Australian Cemetery and Memorial, Fromelles, Lille, France. His name is also inscribed in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial. He was posthumously awarded the Star Medal, British War Medal and Victory Medal for his service.

Sidney Burdge Clarke - Service Number - 2891

Sidney Burdge Clarke was a 25-year-old labourer from Atkinson Street, Liverpool, New South Wales who lived with his wife, Edith Maud Clarke, and their young daughter, Gwendoline May Clarke. He enlisted as a Private on the 2 May 1916 and was assigned to the 45 Infantry Battalion, 2 to 8 Reinforcements. He embarked with his unit from Sydney aboard the SS 'Port Nicholson' on the 8 November 1916.

Clarke arrived in Devonport, Plymouth, England on the 10 January 1917, and marched in to his unit. He was hospitalised on several occasions during his period of service but was killed in action whilst serving in France on the 5 April 1918 aged 27 years. He was buried at Dernancourt Communal Cemetery Extension, Dernancourt, France. His name is inscribed in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra. He was posthumously awarded the Star Medal, British War Medal and Victory Medal for his service.

Victor William Clarke - Service Number - 5068

Victor William Clarke was a 23-year-old labourer from Smithfield, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 16 December 1915. He joined the 13 Battalion, 16 Reinforcement as a Private and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Star of Victoria' on the 31 March 1916. Private Clarke was sadly killed in action in Belgium on the 14 July 1917.

Ernest Andrew Clarkson - Service Number - 5672
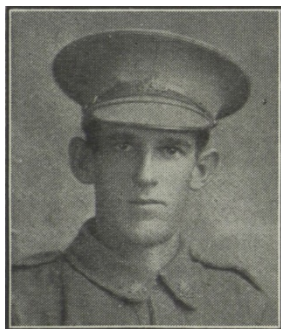
Ernest Andrew Clarkson was living at Princes Street, Granville, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 17 January 1916. He embarked for France and proceeded to join the 1 Battalion in Etaples with the rank of Private. On the 10 November 1916 he was reported as missing in action, and on the 28 November 1917 a Court of Enquiry reported he had been killed in action on the 5 November 1916 at Flers, France. He has no known grave and his name is commemorated at the Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

William Urwin Clasper - Service Number - 932

William Urwin Clasper was the son of Mr. Robert Clasper of 9 Rose Street, Woollahra, New South Wales and was a 29-year-old engineer when he enlisted with the Australian Imperial Forces on the 3 September 1914 in Sydney as a Private. He embarked from Melbourne, Victoria aboard HMAT 'Ulysses' on the 24 December 1914 with the 13 Infantry Battalion. He was later promoted to the rank of Lieutenant.

He was wounded in action for the second time on the 11 April 1917 at Bullecourt, France and died as a result of his injuries on the 21 April 1917 at No 8 General Hospital, Rouen, France, aged 32 years. He was buried in the Godewaersvelde British Cemetery, France.

William Francis Cloke - Service Number - 20

William Francis Cloke was a 20-year-old from Norfolk Street, Liverpool, New South Wales and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Cloke, also of Liverpool. He was also a brother of Tim, Pat and Harold Cloke. His father was a highly respected member of the Liverpool community, having previously served as an alderman of the Liverpool Council and a member of the Nepean Recruiting Committee. Prior to enlisting William Cloke worked as a salesman for the local company, Andrews Brothers. He enlisted on the 20 March 1916 with the rank of Lance Corporal and was assigned to the 9 Machine Gun Company embarking with his unit from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Benalla' on the 1 May 1916.

Cloke was admitted to hospital several times before re-joining his unit on the 28 May 1917. He was promoted to Temporary Corporal on the 30 May 1917. He was

wounded in action on the 12 June 1917, suffering shell shock and remained out of action until re-joining his unit on the 5 September 1917.

William Cloke was killed in action on the 30 September 1917 whilst serving in Belgium. His service is commemorated on the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium and in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra. He was posthumously awarded the Star Medal, British War Medal and Victory Medal for his service.

In commemoration of the death of Lance Corporal Cloke, his parents and family members donated to the Liverpool Council an honour board made of Queensland Maple, containing the names of 250 service men from the Liverpool area who served in the war lettered in gold. The board was unveiled at a ceremony in the Liverpool Town Hall lead by Brigadier-General Jobson, who was commander of Cloke's unit.

Walter Clough - Service Number - 1925

Walter Clough was born at Newcastle, New South Wales and worked as a labourer prior to enlisting. He lived with his brother Sidney Clough at Lidcombe, New South Wales. He was orphaned at an early age and had been reared by the state. At the age of 24 years, he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 4 Infantry Battalion 5 Reinforcements as a Private on the 19 January 1915 at Liverpool, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Kyarra' on the 13 April 1915.

Clough left for the front with 4 Infantry Battalion and joined his unit at Gallipoli, Turkey on the 17 June 1915. He was killed in action on the 15 August 1915. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli, Turkey.

Jack Clydesdale - Service Number - 3033
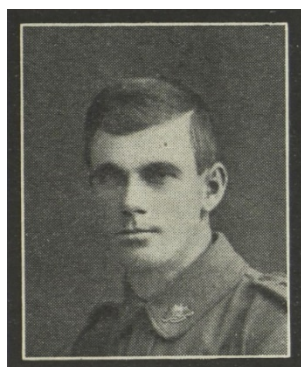
John Clydesdale known as Jack, was born in Melbourne, Victoria and was the youngest son of Pastor and Mrs. Jessie Clydesdale. He worked as a storeman prior to enlistment and lived with his parents in Lidcombe, New South Wales. At the age of 26 years he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 18 Battalion, 7 Reinforcements on the 3 September 1915 at Holsworthy, New South Wales as a Private. He was engaged to be married to Miss Eldridge of John Street, Lidcombe. He and his brother Private Andrew Clydesdale joined at the

same time and left for the war zone together. They embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Suevic' on the 20 December 1915.

Clydesdale was transferred to the 3 Battalion directly from training camp on the 14 February 1916. He was wounded in action in the field on the 3 September 1916 and admitted to hospital with a gunshot wound to the buttock. He was wounded in action for the second time on the 25 October 1916 and then re-joined his unit. Clydesdale died at the aid post, France on the 9 August 1918 from wounds received in action during fighting near Lihons, France. He was buried in the Villers-Bretonneux Military Cemetery, France.

Percy John Curtis Coates - Service Number - 2435

Percy John Curtis Coates was promoted to Lance Corporal on the 3 November 1915, Corporal a few months later, Lance Sergeant in March 1916, and finally Sergeant on the 18 April 1916. Coates embarked for Alexandria, Egypt in November 1915 and was admitted to hospital a few days later. He joined the British Expeditionary Force in March 1916 but was admitted to the No. 2 Field Ambulance in May with a dental illness from which he died of septicaemia on the 30 June 1916. He was buried in the Bailleul Cemetery, France.

Alec Coe - Service Number - 2967
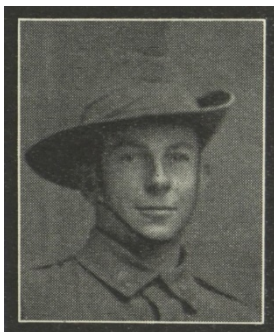
Alec Coe was the son of Mrs. Sarah Ann Adams of Joseph Street, Lidcombe, New South Wales and was born at Singleton, New South Wales. He was a carriage painter by trade prior to enlisting and lived with his wife and one child. At the age of 28 years, he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 5 Infantry Brigade, 5 Field Ambulance of the Australian Army Medical Corps on the 3 April 1915 at Waverley, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Ajana' on the 31 May 1915 at the rank of Private.

He served in Gallipoli, Turkey until the evacuation and afterwards was transferred to France. On the 6 April 1917, Private Coe was awarded the Military Medal for bravery in the field on the 24 March 1917 when along with three others, he braved heavy enemy fire to rescue two men who were wounded and lying near the road near Bapaume, France, carrying them 800 yards to safety. He was wounded in action during the battle at Menin Road, Belgium on the 25 September 1917 and died later that day at the 3 Canadian Casualty Clearing Station, Belgium, aged 31 years. He was buried in the Reninghelst New Military Cemetery, Belgium.

Sydney Colbert - Service Number - 3119
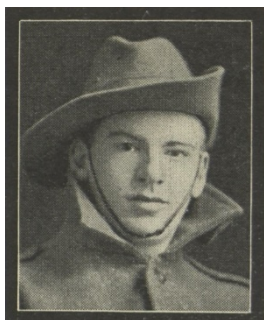
Sydney Colbert was an 18-year-old junior grocer when he enlisted on 24 June 1916. His father was Henry Colbert of Alfred Street, Parramatta, and he had been a senior cadet with the 20 Sydney Battalion before the war. He spent some time at the school of instruction at Jellalabad, Somerset, England and was appointed to Lance Corporal on 23 May 1917. He was taken on strength in France the 16 September 1917 and was killed in action less than one month later in Belgium on the 13 October 1917. His brother Alfred also served in World War One. The *Cumberland Argus* published the following report on the 17 November 1917: *"News arrived a few days ago of the death at the front of Private Sydney Colbert, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Colbert, of Albert-street, Parramatta. The brave young soldier's father…is in England assisting in the work of munition-making…Private Colbert was recommended before his death, we understand, for the position of Sergeant in the A.I.F. forces taking part in the actual fighting…He sailed on 25th of November last in the 8th Reinforcements of 45th Battalion. His brother, Alfred Colbert, is in the trenches, fighting, having gone forward in May, 1916. He is in the Fourth Field Co. Engineers. The father went to England to make munitions 16 weeks ago. The Rev. Mr. Holmes received the sad news, to be conveyed to the mother in Parramatta North"*.

Eric Arthur Ernest Coleman - Service Number - 4993
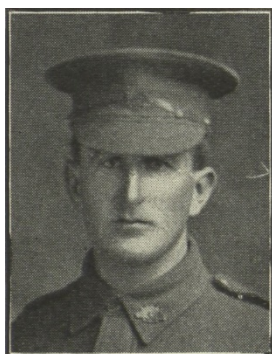
Eric Arthur Ernest Coleman was a 23-year-old clerk from Smithfield, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 18 January 1916 with the rank of Private. He became part of the 20 Battalion, 13 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Ajana' on the 5 July 1916. Unfortunately, Private Coleman was killed instantly while fulfilling his role as Gunner at Bullecourt on the 5 May 1917. He is remembered at the Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

Frank Albert Coleman - Service Number - 6060
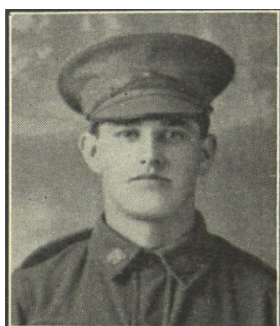
Frank Albert Coleman was a 21-year-old clerk from Smithfield, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 15 August 1916 with the rank of Private. He became part of the 22 Battalion, 17 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Argyllshire' on the 31 October 1916. Sadly, Private Coleman was killed in action on the 18 September 1917 at Westhoek Ridge, Ypres, Belgium. He was buried at the Hooge Crater Cemetery, Zillebeke, Belgium.

Reuben Collings - Service Number - 1520
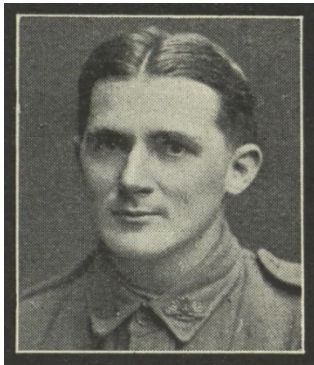
Reuben Collings was born in Wollongong, New South Wales and was a well-known and active member of the swimming club and a prominent footballer. He worked as a clerk prior to enlisting and at the age of 22 years joining the Australian Imperial Force, 5 Infantry Brigade 19 Infantry Battalion 1 Reinforcements on the 17 April 1915 at Liverpool. He embarked from Sydney, New South Wales aboard HMAT 'Themistocles' on the 12 May 1915.

Collings was promoted to Corporal on the 1 May 1915 and left for the front. He served at Gallipoli, Turkey for over three months and was present at the evacuation and was amongst the first to go to France taking part in the big push. He was promoted to Sergeant in the field in France on the 7 September 1916. On the 14 November 1916, he was killed in action near Flers, France. He was buried in the Warlencourt British Cemetery, France.

Austin Clifford Collis - Service Number – 1156

Austin Clifford Collis was born in Sydney, New South Wales and worked as a poultry farmer prior to enlisting for service. He lived with his parents, Mr. And Mrs. Walter Collins at Lidcombe, New South Wales. At the age of 22 years, he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 5 Infantry Brigade, 18 Infantry Battalion 'D' Company at Liverpool, New South Wales on the 22 February 1915. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 25 June 1915.

Collis belonged to the 18 Battalion and was one of the observers generally known as "the eyes of the army". He left for the front and served at Gallipoli, Turkey where he was wounded, returning to the Peninsula after recovery. Collis was present at the evacuation and was one of the last to leave. He was then stationed in France where he was engaged in a number of battles and was wounded on five occasions between 1915 and 1918.

On the 13 May 1918, he was again wounded in action while engaging the enemy in the Ville-sur-Ancre, France. Private Collis was pronounced dead on arrival at the 5 Australian Field Ambulance Dressing Station on the 14 May 1918, aged 25 years and was buried in the Querrieu British Cemetery, France.

Joseph Condie - Service Number - 5563

Joseph Condie was born in Sydney, New South Wales and lived with his wife Mrs. Kate Elizabeth Condie and two young sons in Brunswick, Victoria. His sister, Mrs. K. L. Kingsley lived in Lidcombe, New South Wales. Condie worked as a railway employee prior to enlisting and at the age of 32 years he joined Australian Imperial Force, 8 Infantry Brigade 21 Battalion 15 Reinforcements at West Brunswick, Victoria on the 20 May 1916 with the rank of Private. He embarked from Melbourne, Victoria aboard HMAT 'Shropshire' on the 25 September 1916.

Condie left for the front and was taken on strength from the 21 Battalion in France on the 17 December 1916. After only a short time at the front, he was killed in action near Baupaume, France on the 20 March 1918, France, aged 33 years. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

John Wright Connor - Service Number - Unknown

John Wright Connor was born on the 17 April 1873 in Geelong, Victoria to James and Rebecca Connor. He had previously served for over three years in the Victorian Mounted Rifles, six months of which were as Corporal, in the South African constabulary as a Sergeant Major for three years, and in the Provisional Mounted Police as a Sergeant for three years.

Prior to his enlistment on the 5 May 1915 at the age of 42 years, he was working as a journalist, and living with his wife Frances, step-child Geoffrey Arthur Musgrave Cock, and child Melbourne Leo Musgrave John Wright Connor at 36 Bonner Avenue, Manly, New South Wales. At this time, he held the rank of Second Lieutenant. He embarked with his unit, the 20 Battalion, B Company from Sydney on board HMAT 'Berrima' on the 25 June 1915, and served in Egypt, Gallipoli, Turkey and the Western Front. He was promoted to Lieutenant on the 26 August 1915, and was wounded in action on the 5 May 1916 with a gunshot wound to the right kidney. He died the next day and was buried at Estaires Communal Cemetery and near Armentieres, France.

Harold Colin Convoy - Service Number - 5330

Harold Colin Convoy of the 17 Battalion was the son of Mrs. Laura Convoy of 'Marella', Chapman Street, Strathfield, New South Wales. Later the family moved to East Street, Granville. Convoy was 18 years old when he enlisted on the 8 November 1915 in Sydney. He was single, 5 foot 4.5 inches with brown hair and blue eyes. A labourer at the State Timber Works in Uhrs Point, Rhodes, New South Wales prior to enlisting, he embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Wiltshire' on the 22 August 1916 with the rank of Private. He transferred to the 19 Battalion and was killed in action on the 8 October 1917 at Zonnebeke, Belgium, aged 19 years. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium.

Alfred Edward Conyers - Service Number - 1728
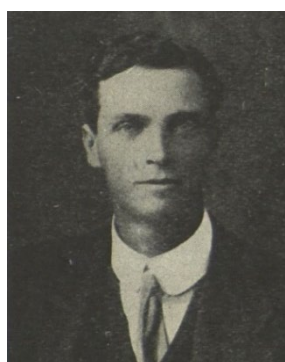
Alfred Edward Conyers was born on the 5 October 1886 in Bombay, India, the son of Walter Richard and Ethel Marrette Conyers of Conder Street, Burwood. Having spent 12 years as a railway volunteer in India, at the age of 28 years he enlisted at Liverpool, New South Wales on 18 January 1915 joining the 2 Battalion. By March 1915, he had married Evelyn Eleanor Sibson of 'Merton House' Macquarie Street, Parramatta and on the 10 April 1915, it was confirmed that he had been promoted to Corporal and sailed from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Argyleshire' (A8). By the 26 May 1915 his rank had reverted to Private. Conyers was killed in action on the 25 July 1915 at Gallipoli. He was buried in Lone Pine Cemetery, Gallipoli, Turkey.

James David Cook - Service Number - 7007
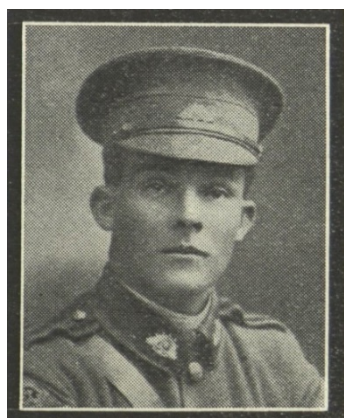
James David Cook was born in Sydney, New South Wales and was the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Cook of New Street, Lidcombe, New South Wales. He worked as a drill instructor prior to enlistment at the age of 22 years, joining the Australian Imperial Force, 19 Infantry Battalion 21 Reinforcements on the 8 October 1917 at Liverpool. He embarked from Melbourne, Victoria aboard HMAT 'Nestor' on the 28 February 1918 bound for Europe arriving in England on the 23 April 1918.

Before the outbreak of war, Cook was a First Lieutenant in the Lidcombe Cadets attending several military schools including Duntroon College, Canberra. He was

appointed Sergeant Major on the instructional staff and was stationed at Liverpool, New South Wales and other military camps at different periods. He had a very studious nature and with prospects of a fine military career before him he was killed in action near Amiens, France, on the 8 August 1918, aged 23 years. He was buried in the Crucifix Corner Cemetery, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

James Edward Cook - Service Number – 4687

James Edward Cook was born at Parramatta, New South Wales and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. C. Cook of Baulkham Hills formerly of Lidcombe, New South Wales. He worked as a labourer prior to enlistment and lived with his wife Mrs. Florence Cook and their two children. At the age of 24 years he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 1 Pioneers Battalion 13 Reinforcements on the 8 August 1917. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Euripides' on the 31 October 1917.

Cook left for the front with the 1 Pioneers Training Battalion on the 26 December 1918 and was then transferred to the 53 Battalion at Sutton Veny, England on the 2 January 1918. He was taken on strength from the 53 Battalion and proceeded to France on the 1 April 1918. He was wounded in action in France on the 19 April 1918 and was admitted to the 1 Southern General Hospitals, Birmingham, England with a gunshot wound to his left foot. He then re-joined the unit in France where he was killed in action on the 20 September 1918.

William John Cook - Service Number – 4457

William John Cook, a Private with the 2 Battalion was born in 1888 in Parramatta, New South Wales, the eldest son of Mr. Thomas H. and Mrs. Sarah J. Cook. The family lived at 'Cambridge Lodge', Aston Street, Parramatta. Prior to enlisting, Cook had previously worked as a labourer at the ammunition works at Lithgow, at the Sandown Meat Works, and at Auburn. On the 11 October 1915, months after his brother Private Thomas H. Cook enlisted, William Cook joined the Australian Army at the age of 26 years in Holsworthy, New South Wales.

He embarked from Sydney aboard the RMS 'Osterley' on the 15 January 1916. Sadly, he was killed in action on Easter Monday, the 9 April 1917 when hit by machine gun fire while on patrol near Hermies, France, aged 30 years. He is buried in the Hermies Hill British Cemetery, France. His name is also remembered in the Commemorative Area at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra. According to the local paper he was *"a good son and a straight-goer, well known and very popular throughout these districts"* having been a footballer.

Cyril Burge Cooke - Service Number - 6280
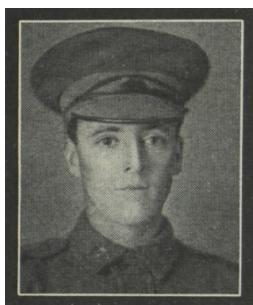
Cyril Burge Cooke was born at Bathurst, New South Wales and worked as a fitter's assistant prior to enlistment. He lived with his wife Dulcie Maud and joined the Australian Imperial Force, 18 Battalion on the 4 June 1916 sailing from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Suevic' on the 11 November 1916.

Cooke died of wounds, aged 26 years, on the 11 May 1918 at the 61 Casualty Clearing Station and was buried at Vignacourt British Cemetery, Somme, France. Private Cooke wrote on the reverse side of this photograph, *"With love from your old boy Cyril"*.
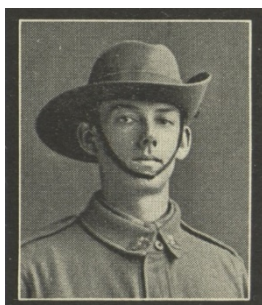
Charles James Cooper - Service Number - 7092

Charles James Cooper, a grocer by occupation was the son of Mr. Charles Cooper of Clifford Street, Parramatta, New South Wales. He enlisted on the 11 October 1916 at the Sydney Showground camp and embarked with the 23 Reinforcements, 2 Battalion, from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Benalla' (A24) on the 9 November 1916. Cooper was killed in action on the 16 January 1918 at Wytschaete, Belgium and was buried in Ypres, Belgium.

James Copeland - Service Number - 386

"A hero killed" was the headline reporting the sad tidings of the death in action, of Private James Copeland from Wetherill Park, New South Wales. He was the husband of Edie Copeland nee Stein and son-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. John Stein. Copeland met his death on the 8 November 1916 aged about 33 years. Prior to enlisting he was serving in the Permanent Artillery in Sydney, New South Wales for a number of years and served in the Boer War in which he had his horse shot from under him on several occasions. He left a widow and a child about three years of age.

John William Cottam - Service Number - 2588

John William Cottam migrated to Australia in 1912 with his brother Albert and parents William and Ellen Cottram of Pennant Street, Parramatta. He was a single, 22-year-old fitter when he enlistment on the 19 July 1915. He was taken on strength to the 3 Battalion at Tell-El-Kebir in February 1916 and sailed for France in March 1916 aboard the 'Grampian'. Albert received a gunshot wound to the forehead during action in

France on the 15 April 1917 and died from the effects of his injury two days later. He was buried in the Grevillers British Cemetery, France.

Harry Holman Cox - Service Number - 624

Harry Holman Cox was a slaughterman at the Sandown Meat Works in Parramatta when he enlisted on the 18 July 1915. He was single, aged 30 years and listed his mother Mrs. Elizabeth Cox of Phillips Street, Beulah, Victoria, as his next of kin. Cox disembarked at the Suez in Egypt on the 11 December 1915. In June 1916 he embarked to join the British Expeditionary Force in Alexandria, Egypt, and disembarked from the 'Hororata' in Marseilles, France on the 23 June 1916.

In France, two months later he was appointed Lance Corporal and then promoted to Temporary Corporal, receiving another promotion in October to Corporal and by April 1917 he had attained the rank of Sergeant. Cox was specifically mentioned in Sir Douglas Haig's despatch of 7 April 1918. On the 3 September 1918 he was in England proceeding again to France on the 13 September. On the 29 September 1918 Sergeant Harry Holman Cox died in the field in France and was buried at the Bellicourt British Cemetery in France.

Wallace Cox - Service Number – Unknown

Wallace Cox, brother of Lieutenant Colonel Cox was a 31-year-old fruit grower when he enlisted on the 27 August 1914. Initially he was assigned the rank of Lieutenant in B Squadron of the 7 Light Horse Brigade but he was a courageous soldier and by the time he died of his wounds he had attained the rank of Captain serving with the 1 Light Horse Brigade.

Cox, who was educated at the King's School, Parramatta, was the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Cox, of Parramatta and Carlingford, and brother of the distinguished soldier, Colonel Charles F. Cox, C.B. He was a popular member of the Carlingford District Progress Association. His father Mr. F. C. Cox was Mayor of Parramatta in 1884 and was for many years an alderman of the council. Captain Wallace Cox died from wounds received at Gallipoli, Turkey on the 17 August 1915.

Wilfred E. Cox - Service Number - 6237

A labourer by occupation, Wilfred Cox was born in Orange in 1881, the fifth son of James and Eliza Cox. Cox was living in 'Perth House' George Street, North Parramatta with his wife Mrs. Maud Alice Cox when he enlisted on the 8 January 1916 aged 34 years in Liverpool, New South Wales. By the 9 September 1916 he had departed Sydney aboard HMAT 'Euripides'. Sadly, while fighting in Belgium, Private W. E. Cox was killed in action on the 22 March 1918 and was buried in the Nieuwkerke (Neuve-Eglise) Churchyard, Belgium. His name is inscribed on the Royal Memorial Gate at St. John's Church, Parramatta.

William Cox - Service Number – 3735A

William Edward Cox was born in Pitt Town, New South Wales and enlisted aged 21 years at Holsworthy, on the 15 September 1915. A labourer prior to enlistment, Cox was the son of William James Cox and brother of Mrs. Agnes Barter of 90 Church Street, Parramatta. On the 30 December 1915 he embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Medic'. Cox was killed in action on the 30 May 1916 near Sailly-au-Bois, France and was buried in the Rue-Petillon Military Cemetery, Fleurbaix, France.

Reginald William Cracknell - Service Number - 1911

Reginald William Cracknell was the son of Mr. William Andrew Cracknell of Edgar Street, Auburn, New South Wales. A railway fireman prior to enlisting, he embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Runic' on the 9 August 1915 with the 17 Australian Infantry Battalion. He was later taken on strength and transferred to the 55 Battalion. He was killed in action on the 17 May 1918 near Villers-Bretonneux, France, aged 24 years and was buried in the Daours Communal Cemetery Extension, France.

Thomas Cranney - Service Number - 3633
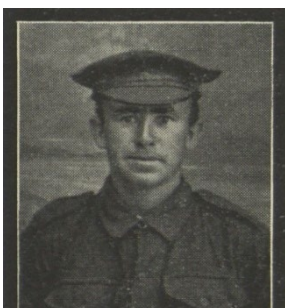
Thomas Cranney of Dubbo, New South Wales was a labourer prior to enlisting at the age of 34 years and 7 months on the 13 October 1915 in Forbes, New South Wales. He was assigned to the 18 (later 54) Battalion and embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Aeneas' on the 20 December 1915, leaving behind his wife Mrs. Ruth Cranney and three young children

in the care of Mrs. Nolan. His next of kin was noted as his cousin T. A. Cranney of Wigram Street, Harris Park. Cranney was killed in action near Riencourt, France on the 15 May 1917 and although he has no known grave site, his death is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Australian National Memorial, France.

Henry Keith Crawford - Service Number - 7163

Harry Keith Crawford was born at Prahran, Victoria and worked as a station jackaroo prior to enlistment on the 20 September 1915. He lived with his mother at Beecroft, New South Wales and at the age of 21 years, joined the 5 Australian Field Artillery Brigade, 13 Battery. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Persic' on the 18 November 1915.

A former student of Sydney Grammar School, he was an enthusiastic and capable member of the school rowing team. Crawford sailed for Egypt and then proceeded to France where he served as a Gunner from the 20 September 1915. He was promoted to Bombardier on the 14 March 1916. Crawford was killed in action in France on the 12 August 1917 aged 23 years. He was buried at Larch Wood Cemetery, Ypres, Belgium.

Herbert Creagh - Service Number - 4758
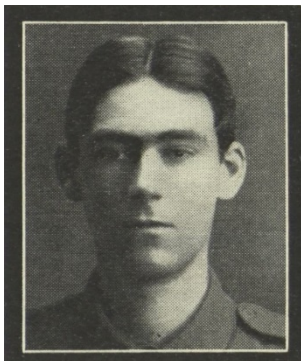
Herbert Creagh was the eldest son of Mr. John B. and Alice Creagh of Dartbrook Road, Auburn, New South Wales. Born in Redfern, New South Wales in 1897 but raised in Auburn, as a child he had attended the North Auburn Public School. At the age of 18 years, he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 2 Infantry Battalion, 15 Reinforcement on the 11 September 1915 in Warwick Farm, New South Wales. A labourer prior to enlisting, Creagh embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Star of England' on the 8 March 1916.

Creagh spent a couple of months in Egypt, where on the 20 April 1916, he was taken on strength and transferred to the 54 Battalion, C Company at Ferry Post. He spent the winter on the Somme which led to him contracting trench feet and admission into hospital at Colchester, England. He was wounded in action on the 15 May 1917 at Riencourt, France and died of his wounds on the 18 May 1917 at the 29 Casualty Clearing Station, France aged 20 years. He was buried in the Grevillers British Cemetery, France.

Leslie Albert Creed - Service Number - 2695
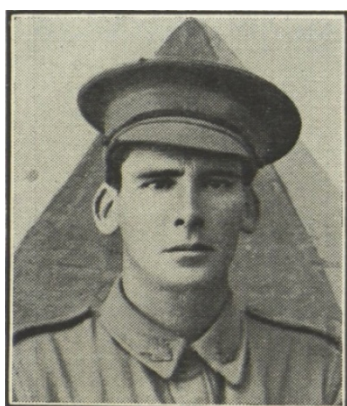
Leslie Albert Creed was 31 years old when he enlisted in Brisbane, Queensland on 24 June 1915. Creed was the third son of Thomas Joseph Creed (1851-1900) and Mary Anne Theresa Smythe (1853-1907). He was also husband to Ruth B. Creed (nee Armitage). Prior to enlistment, he worked as a labourer and was residing at 11 Factory Street, Parramatta, with his family, including his sister Eleanor Mary Creed. He had also been educated at the Marist Brothers Catholic College in Parramatta.

He was assigned to the 9 Battalion and subsequently embarked for Europe aboard the troop ship HMAT 'Kyarra' on the 16 August 1915. On the 20 November he joined his battalion at Lemnos, Greece but a month later was evacuated from the Gallipoli Peninsula seriously ill with dysentery and was transferred to the hospital in Alexandria, Egypt in January 1916.

After his recovery, Creed continued to fight in the battles of the Somme and at Pozieres. In May 1917 he was reported as missing in action and it was later discovered that he was killed on the 7 May 1917 at Bullecourt, France, aged 33. He was buried nearby, but after the war his grave failed to be located. Creed is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Australian National Memorial, France. He was posthumously awarded the British War Medal. His younger brother Alfred Victor also served but returned home as the war ended.

Claude Albert Crome - Service Number - 2148
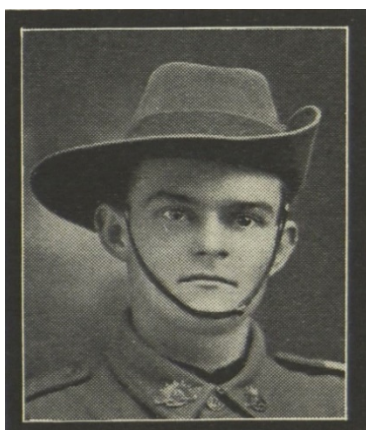
Claude Albert Crome, a carpenter by trade, resided with Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Gibbons of 'Kooyong' George Street, Parramatta prior to enlisting. He embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Wiltshire' on the 22 August 1916 with the 45 Battalion. He was killed in action on the 9 June 1917 at Messines, Belgium, aged 24. His gravesite is unknown however, he is remembered with honour on the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium.

Ralph Sydney Cuddeford - Service Number - 3710
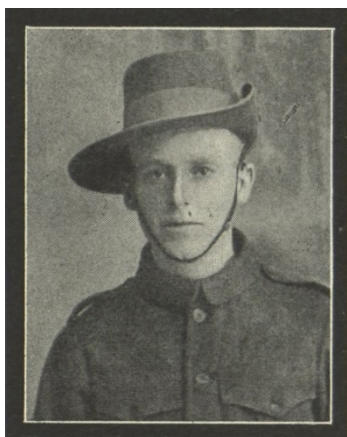
Ralph Sydney Cuddeford was born in 1892 to Edward and Mary J. Cuddeford at Urangeline, in the Riverina district of New South Wales. He joined up on the 4 July 1915, at Holdsworthy, New South Wales but his official enlistment took place on the 30 August 1915 at Liverpool in the 1 Infantry Battalion, 12 Reinforcement. At the time he was 22 years and 9 months old, single, and was working as a bank clerk. He named his father, Edward as next of kin and the home address as Wentworthville.

He embarked at Sydney aboard HMAT RMS 'Mooltan' on the 11 December 1915 with the rank of Private. He travelled via Tell-el-Kabir and Alexandria in Egypt and disembarked at Marseilles, France on the 28 March 1916. He was killed in action in the field, a few months later, between the 22 and 25 July 1916, at Pozierres, France. It is believed that he was buried at the place of his death which later became 'no man's land' and his body was never recovered. On the 18 May 1933, his father at Wentworthville was officially informed that his son's name would be engraved on the National Memorial to the Missing at Villers-Bretonneux. The Memorial Plaque and King's Message were received by the family on the 10 November 1921 and the Victory Medal and Riband were received by his father on the 12 February 1923.

Surnames starting with D

George Arthur Dale - Service Number – 743

George Arthur Dale was a carter from Bankstown, New South Wales when he enlisted as a Private on the 6 March 1916. He joined the 36 Battalion, C Company and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Beltana' on the 13 May 1916. On the 4 April 1918, Dale, while in Villers Bretonneux, received a serious chest wound and died of his injuries. His grave site is unknown and his sacrifice is remembered on the Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

Francis Ellison Dare - Service Number – 1897

Francis Ellison Dare was born in 1892 at Waverley, New South Wales and was the oldest son of Francis Henry Dare and Ella Eugenie Dare nee Bennett of Granville, New South Wales. He was a bank clerk prior to enlisting and at 23 years of age he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 55 Infantry Battalion 3 Reinforcements on the 5 August 1915 at Holsworthy, New South Wales under the rank of Private. He embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Barambah' on the 23 June 1916.

He served in England for few months and proceeded to France per SS 'Golden Eagle' from Folkestone, England on the 28 February 1917. He transferred to the 18 Battalion and was killed in action on the 3 May 1917 during the second battle of Bullecourt in France, aged 25 years. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

John Charles Davidson - Service Number - Unknown

John Charles Davidson was born in Bathurst, New South Wales to James and Ellen Davidson on the 11 July 1894. The family moved to the Auburn and Parramatta district after a short stint in Western Australia. As a boy, Davidson attended Auburn District School and he once was the employee of prominent businesses in the district of Auburn including Messrs. Ritchie Brothers and later Mr. Oldfield.

He was a cadet and later a Staff Sergeant-Major and training officer in the compulsory service at Adamstown, Newcastle. At 21 years old, Davidson, a carpenter by trade, enlisted as a 2 Lieutenant on the 21 October 1915. At the time he was residing with his grandmother Mrs. Charles Craig of Harris Street, Harris Park, but on his enlistment papers he gave his father's address in Bellingen. On the 20 December 1915, Davidson embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Aeneas' bound for Europe.

Sadly, on the 3 June 1916, he died after being accidentally shot in the abdomen at a rifle range in France. A Court of Enquiry found that he and the soldier who shot him were negligent. He was buried in the Hazebrouck Communal Cemetery, France.

Daniel Davies - Service Number - 460

Daniel Davies, son of Gomer and Ellen Davies of Wallsend, New South Wales was a month short of his 22 birthday when he enlisted at the Royal Australian Showground in Moore Park, Sydney on the 11 June 1916 as part of the 7 Reinforcements for the 5 Australian Machine Gun Company. At the time, he was a shop assistant at McIlrath's Store in Parramatta and was residing in Marsden Street, Parramatta. On the 25 October 1916, he officially embarked for overseas duties from Melbourne aboard HMAT 'Ulysses' for Plymouth, England. Daniel left England for France on the 10 March 1917. By 21 April, he was taken on strength and joined the 5 Machine Gun Company in Camiers, France. Unfortunately, on the 5 May 1917, he received shrapnel wounds to his forearm, hand, abdomen and groin. The next day, Gunner Daniel Davis died of his wounds at Number 3 Australian Casualty Clearing Station in France. He was buried at the Grevillers British Cemetery.

Clyde E. Davis - Service Number - 3752

Clyde E. Davis, usually known as Joe, was born in June in 1886, the eldest son of Richard and Louisa Davis. He enlisted on the 16 August 1915 as a Private and embarked aboard HMAT 'Suevic' with the 13 Battalion, 12 Reinforcement on the 22 December 1915, bound for Egypt after which he proceeded to France. Davis was severely wounded in action in France on the 30 August 1916 and died the next day. He was buried in the British Cemetery in Puchevillers British Cemetery, France. The family was sent the Memorial Scroll in 1921 and the Memorial Plaque in 1922. Clyde Davis is remembered on the Australian War Memorial Roll of Honour, Canberra.

Henry Bartlett Davis - Service Number - Unknown

Henry Bartlett Davis worked for the Local Government Department and was twenty years old when he enlisted on the 6 September 1916. He lived in Fairfield, New South Wales and became part of the 13 Battalion, 23 Reinforcement. His unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Beltana' on the 25 November 1916.

He received the Military Cross *"For his useful and gallant conduct during the operations near Le Verguier, north west of Mont St. Quentin, France and against the Hindenburg outpost line, as brigade intelligence officer, on the 18th September 1918. Prior to the commencement of the operations, he carried out a daring reconnaissance along the whole brigade frontage, and definitely located the whereabouts of all the enemy posts and positions immediately on our front, and also supervised the laying of the 'jumping off' tapes for the brigade. During the progress of the fight he went forward with the assaulting troops, behaved most gallantly, and kept brigade constantly advised as to the progress of events"*.

Lieutenant Davis was killed in action on the 2 October 1918 and was buried in the Unicorn Cemetery in Vend'huile, France.

Alwin Ernest Dawes - Service Number - 43

Alwin Ernest Dawes also spelt Alwyn was born in 1897 in Penrith, New South Wales. He was the son of Mrs. Louisa Dawes who was residing with Mrs. A. E. Higgs of 79 North Parade, Auburn. At the age of 19 years, Dawes enlisted on the 2 May 1916 at Rosebery, New South Wales. A motor mechanic prior to enlisting, he embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Demosthenes' on the 18 May 1916, serving as a Private in France and Belgium.

On the 15 August 1918, he was injured for a second time receiving gunshot wounds to his back at Morcourt, Somme, France, and died of his injuries on the 16 August 1918 at the 55 Casualty Clearing Station, France, aged 21 years. He was buried in the Daours Communal Cemetery Extension, France.

Albert Robert Dawson - Service Number - 1091

Albert Robert Dawson worked as a safe maker and was married to Anne Dawson in Lidcombe, New South Wales, before he enlisted at the age of 25 years, joining the 3 Battalion F Company as a Private also fulfilling the role of bugler in his unit. He sailed from Sydney, New South Wales on board HMAT 'Euripides' on the 20 October 1914. He was killed in action on the 4 August 1915 and was buried in the Shrapnel Valley Cemetery, Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey.

Bernard Patrick Dawson - Service Number - 2125
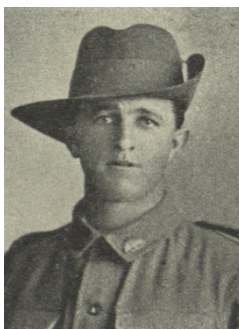
Bernard Dawson, known as Barney, was a single 26-year-old letter carrier working in Drummoyne when he enlisted on the 16 April 1915 with the Australian Army. Both his parents were deceased. He embarked in Sydney on HMAT 'Karoola' on the 16 June 1915 and joined the 2 Battalion on the 6 August. Dawson was killed in action at the Dardanelles on the Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey sometime between the 6 and 9 August 1915. He is buried in the Lone Pine Cemetery, Gallipoli, Turkey.

John Dawson - Service Number - 2132

John Dawson was a 24-year-old married builder when he enlisted in the Australian Army with 5 Infantry Brigade, 19 Infantry Battalion as part of its 4 Reinforcement unit on the 7 July 1915. His wife Thelma Clare nee Drew of 'Nita', Kemp Street, Granville was named as next of kin. Private Dawson was born in Liverpool, Lancashire, England, the son of F. and Elizabeth Dawson and had served in the King's Liverpool Regiment for 2 years. Dawson embarked in Sydney on HMAT 'Argyllshire' on the 30 September 1915. He was Acting Corporal from the 2 to 6 September 1916 and promoted to Corporal by the 7 September. He attended Lewis Gun School from the 23 September to the 7 October 1916. From the 18 November to the 3 December, he was hospitalised with 'trench feet', a condition caused by prolonged exposure to damp and cold conditions. A week after re-joining his unit on the 10 December, Dawson was promoted to Temporary Sergeant and by the 3 February 1917 was officially promoted to Sergeant. Sadly, he was killed in action on the 3 May 1917 at

Noreuil, France during the Battle of Bullecourt, aged 26. He was buried in the Queant Road Cemetery Buissy, France.

David Daniel Delaney - Service Number – 5911

David Daniel Delaney, the son of Mr. David Daniel and Mrs Annie Delaney of Harris Street, Granville, New South Wales enlisted on the 9 October 1915 in the 18 Battalion with the rank of Private. He was 27 years old and prior to enlisting worked as a painter. Sadly, he was killed in Belgium on the 3 October 1917. He was buried on the Western Front at the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium.

Bart Della Valle - Service Number – 2825

Born in 1897 in Smithfield, New South Wales, Emiglio Bart Della Valle, usually known as Bart, was the son of Giovanni Battista and Anna Gava of Wetherill Park. He enlisted at Liverpool, New South Wales on the 2 August 1915, giving his age as 21 years and six months, however, he was just 18 years of age.

He embarked in Sydney, New South Wales as a Private with the 1 Battalion 9 to 12 Reinforcements aboard HMAT 'Argyllshire' on the 30 September 1915. On the 17 January 1917 he was taken ill with trench feet, a condition caused by prolonged exposure to the damp and cold conditions experienced in the trenches. Della Valle then suffered a gunshot wound to his armpit on the 9 March 1917 while in France and was transferred to England for treatment.

Della Valle was killed in action aged 21 years on the 30 July 1918 while serving with the 14 Light Trench Mortar Battery during the Third Battle of the Somme, France. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France. He is also remembered on the Roll of Honour commemorating soldiers from the Smithfield District who served in World War One which was unveiled at St James' Anglican Church, Smithfield on Sunday the 29 December 1918.

The 1914/1915 Star Medal, the Memorial Scroll and King's Message as well as the Victory Medal, and British War Medal were given to his father.

George T. De Rome - Service Number – 3082

George T. De Rome from Granville, New South Wales worked as a bricklayer was married at the time of his enlistment at the age of 21 years. He joined the Australian Imperial Force, 19 Battalion, 7 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Sydney,

New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Suevic' on the 20 December 1915. On the 6 October 1917, De Rome saw action with his battalion at Passchendaele, Belgium where he was grievously wounded in the legs and body. He died from his injuries and was buried in the Lijssenthoek Military Cemetery in Belgium.

Harry Fifield Didcote - Service Number - 194

Sergeant Harry Didcote, was a resident of Wetherill Park, New South Wales prior to enlisting with the 17 Infantry Battalion which left for Egypt on the 12 May 1915.

In a letter written by Sergeant Didcote from hospital in Heliopolis, Egypt to Mr A. C. Bell published in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate*, the soldier played down the severity of his wounds saying that he had *"had a little bit of an accident but it wasn't much, just a bit of a cut on the jaw and a broken lower jaw, so I reckon I got off light. A little bit higher and it would have been good-bye, instead of which, except for the loss of a few nights sleep and the inconvenience of living on milk and beef tea out of feeders. I am getting pretty right. You would laugh to see me now with my face bandaged up, one side all swollen and my lips blue with bruises. I do look funny"*.

Didcote also praised the excellent care given to the injured soldiers by the nurses saying that they were *"just angels, toiling, and doing for the like of us as if we were their own children. The people of Australia do not realise what the sisters do for the men. Twelve hours solid going dressing wounds and getting nice dishes for anyone who is too sick to eat the regular fare (which is first-rate), taking temperatures and pulses, they have plenty to do"*.

Despite the seriousness of his wounds he rejoined his battalion in January 1916. He was killed in action on the 12 January 1918 and was buried at Gunners Farm Military Cemetery, Comines-Warneton, Belgium.

William Didcote - Service Number - 1617

William Didcote, a station hand from Wetherill Park, New South Wales was the brother of Harry Fifield Didcote who was killed in January 1918. William Didcote enlisted as a Private with the 17 Infantry Battalion, 1 to 13 Reinforcements from Clyde, New South Wales and embarked for Europe on the 12 May 1915. He was killed in action at Gallipoli, Turkey in October 1915. Another brother who enlisted from England was also killed in action.

Clive Clarence Vale Dingle - Service Number - 3034
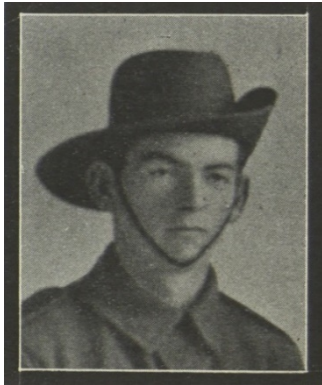
Clive Clarence Vale Dingle of Lidcombe, New South Wales was 22 years old when he enlisted with the 13 Battalion, 10 Reinforcement. His unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Ballarat' on the 6 September 1915. Corporal Dingle was killed instantly in heavy shellfire on an assault on Mouquet Farm in France on the 30 August 1916 and is remembered at Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

Volo Vincent Adams Dingle - Service Number - 3035

Volo Vincent Adams Dingle, from Lidcombe, New South Wales was 28 years of age at the time of his enlistment and was assigned to the 13 Battalion, 10 Reinforcement with the rank of Lance Corporal. He embarked with his unit on the 6 September 1915 aboard HMAT 'Ballarat'. Dingle was killed in action at Pozieres, France on the 12 August 1916. He was killed by overhead shell fire and given a simple burial at the site. He has no known grave but is remembered at Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

George Ogilvy Divorty - Service Number - 2147

George Ogilvy Divorty of Auburn, New South Wales, was the son of Ogilvy and Rose Divorty and brother of Private Norman Shaw Divorty. He was born in Sydney on the 24 July 1899. At the age of 18 years and a farm hand by occupation, Divorty enlisted at the Royal Agricultural Showgrounds in Moore Park, New South Wales on the 29 January 1917 with the rank of Private.

Divorty embarked on the 11 May 1917 from Melbourne, Victoria aboard HMAT 'Shropshire' with the 7 Reinforcement, Light Trench Mortar Battery. He was killed in action in France on the 3 of May 1918 and his memory is commemorated at the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, Somme, France.

Robert Raymond Donnelly - Service Number - 115

Robert Raymond Donnelly, known as Ray was a single 2-year-old engineer when he enlisted on the 17 August 1914. He was the son of Mr. Robert and Mrs. Frances Donnelly of 'Glen Ross', Church Street, Parramatta. He embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Euripides' on the 20 October 1914 with the 3 Infantry Battalion, A Company. He was killed in action on the 28 April 1915 at Quinn's Post, Gallipoli, Turkey, aged 22 years. He has no known gravesite and is remembered with honour on the Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli, Turkey.

William Roy Doughan - Service Number - 3246

William Roy Doughan embarked from Sydney on the 11 November 1916 on the HMAT 'Suevic' and disembarked at Devonport, England in January 1917. Over the next few months he acted in the position of Sergeant. In April 1917 he proceeded to France and on the 18 May 1917 was wounded in action and transferred to a Casualty Clearing Station. By early June he was transferred again, this time to a Convalescent Depot, but a month later he was discharged. On the 1 August Doughan re-joined his unit on the Front. On the 26 September 1917 he was killed in action by shell-fire. He was buried at the Aeroplane Cemetery, Ypres, Flanders, Belgium. In 1923 he posthumously received the Victory Medal.

William Bowman Douglas - Service Number - Unknown

William Bowman Douglas was 33 years of age when he embarked from Sydney on the HMAT 'Euripides' on the 20 October 1914 with the rank of Captain due to his previous service with the Richmond Regiment. His wife, Mrs Ethel Douglas, was the daughter of Sergeant Illingworth of Granville. Douglas was a farmer at the family property 'Bowman's Farm' Richmond, New South Wales prior to enlisting, and served on the committee of the Hawkesbury District Agricultural Association. On the 5 May 1915 Douglas died at sea on the hospital ship HMT 'Gascon' as a result of a gunshot wound to the abdomen received in action at the Dardanelles, Turkey. He was buried at sea and his memory is commemorated on the Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey. Captain William Douglas was posthumously awarded the Victory Medal in August 1922.

Alexander Duckworth - Service Number - 3723

Alexander Duckworth was 33 years of age when he enlisted for service on the 11 August 1915. He resided with Mr. and Mrs. Horace in Sturt Street, Darlinghurst, New South Wales and was a railway employee at Canley Vale Railway Station, New South Wales. Duckworth had dark complexion, hazel eyes and brown hair and named his father Mr. A. Duckworth who lived in Lancashire England, as his next of kin. He embarked for service overseas on the 11 December 1915 to serve as a Private with 1 Australian Infantry Battalion.

Tragically, he was killed in action at Pozieres, France on the 22 July 1916. He is remembered with honour at Villers-Brettoneux Memorial, France. Private Duckworth was awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal and these medals together with a Memorial scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to Mrs. Louisa Duckworth in Victoria, British Columbia, Canada. His name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

James Richard Dummett - Service Number - 282
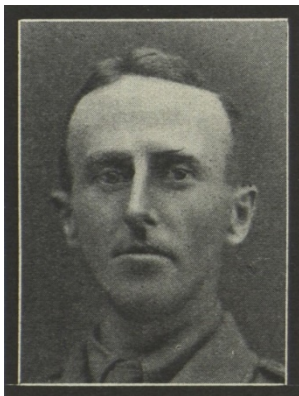
James Richard Dummett was a store manager who lived in Smithfield, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 6 April 1916 with the rank of Private. He became part of the 14 Machine Gun Company, 3 Reinforcement and he embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Benalla' on the 1 May 1916. Dummett passed away from an abscess of the liver on the 6 August 1916 and was buried at the Tidworth Military Cemetery, Wiltshire, England.

Sidney Dunn - Service Number - 864

Sidney Dunn was born in Newtown, New South Wales and at the age of 22 years and 10 months, he enlisted on the 2 February 1915 as a Private at the Liverpool Camp, New South Wales. Prior to enlisting, he had been living with his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Henderson of Newtown Street, Auburn, New South Wales for many years.

He was in the employment of Mr. F. D. Henderson on Church Street, Parramatta prior to enlistment and on the 12 May 1915, he embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Themistocles'. He was attached to the 17 Battalion and took part in the Gallipoli campaign in Turkey, being one of the

last soldiers to leave. On the 2 June 1916, he was transferred to the Bomb Platoon in France, then on 26 July, he was wounded in action for the first time, suffering a gunshot wound to his left shoulder and left hand. These injuries resulted in his admission to 3 War General Hospital, Cardiff, Wales.

On the 23 March 1917, he transferred to the 61 Battalion, then rejoined the 17 Battalion on the 10 September 1917 in France. On the 31 October 1917, he was appointed Lance Corporal in Belgium. On the 28 May 1918, he was wounded for a second time with shrapnel wounds to his head in France. Sadly, 8 days after re-joining his battalion and after 3 years and 6 months of service, on the 18 July 1918, he was killed in action in France. He was buried at Adelaide Cemetery, Villers-Bretonneux, Picardie, France.

Thomas Dunstan - Service Number - 3790

Thomas Dunstan was a fitter's labourer who lived in Smith Street, Granville, New South Wales. He was married to Mrs Jessie Dunstan and was 27 years of age. He embarked from Sydney on the 24 August 1916 on the HMAT 'Anchises'. He disembarked in Plymouth, England, and then proceeded to France. In January 1917 Dunstan was admitted to hospital and in April re-joined his unit. On the 28 September 1917 Dunstan was killed in action in France. He was buried at the Bedford House Cemetery, Ypres, Flanders, Belgium.

Percy Mingo Dwyer - Service Number - 2980

Born in Parramatta, Percy Mingo Dwyer was 35 years old at the time of his enlistment as a Private with the 1 Battalion, 9 Reinforcement and this unit embarked from Sydney on the 30 September 1915. He was killed in action in France on the 22 July 1916 and is remembered on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, Picardie, France.

Surnames starting with E

George William Earl - Service Number - 5359

George William Earl was the husband of Mrs. Emily May Earl and father of George William junior and Eileen Mary E. Earl of North Parade, Auburn, New South Wales. The family originally lived in Mona Vale where Earl senior worked in the railway service as a carter.

He enlisted in December 1915 and on the 14 April 1916, he departed with the 17 Reinforcements of the 1 Australian Infantry Battalion for the front aboard the HMAT 'Ceramic' from Sydney, New South Wales. While in France, he was drafted into the 53 Battalion as a reinforcement. Sadly, on the 5 November 1916, he was killed in action near Gueudecourt, France aged 28 years and was buried in the Grevillers British Cemetery, France.

Cecil George 'Curly' Eather - Service Number - 1544

Private Cecil Eather, known as 'Curly' embarked from Australia in February 1915. He only lived for a few days after his landing at Gallipoli. Private Jago, son of Mayor Jago, was close to where Eather met his fate. In a letter from Jago published in *The Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* in October 1915, Jago wrote, *"he had just warned Eather — who had landed only a few days before - to rely upon the periscope, to get a look at 'the 'enemy, and not to expose himself. Eather, new to 'the game' (that's what the soldiers call it) said, 'Oh, they'll not get me, I'll chance it!' Jago went on with his work, watching out for any movement in the enemy's trenches. A little later he heard a dull thud; and his friend lay there wounded in the head. Eather died a little later on a hospital ship. He was called 'Curly' because of his hair. 'Had his hair been cropped closer it might have been better for him; he would have had more chance said the doctor."*

A letter from Chaplain Alfred Rose was also received by Eather's mother, also published in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* on the 2 June 1915.

"H.M.S. 'London', May 10.

Dear Madam,

You will have heard before you receive this of the death of your son, C. G. Eather, here in the Dardanelles. You will perhaps like to know that he was buried at sea, some three miles north of the Gallipoli Peninsula, together with several other brave men who had given their

lives for their country. We read the burial service over them, and the scene was as reverent and peaceful, I think, as you could have wished. You will, I am afraid, be feeling his loss very keenly; but I hope it will be some consolation to you that he died doing his duty, and there are few men who will not envy him the manner of his death. We are all full of admiration for the work being done by the Australian troops, and if the price paid is heavy, the honor (sic) is correspondingly great. With much sympathy."

Thomas Boyce Edmonds - Service Number - 1107

Thomas Boyce Edmonds was the brother of Mrs. Lucy Robinson, wife of James Robinson of Marion Street, Auburn, New South Wales, and had three other brothers including Major Edmonds of the 13 Battalion on active service. Edmonds had previously served in South Africa during the Boer War.

At the age of 38 years, he was the first volunteer to enlist from the suburb of Auburn and embarked in October 1914 with the 4 Australian Infantry Battalion. He took part in the landing on the 25 April at Gallipoli, Turkey and was killed at the Dardanelles on the 20 August 1915. He was buried at the Lone Pine Cemetery, Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey.

Edward Owen Edwards - Service Number - 750
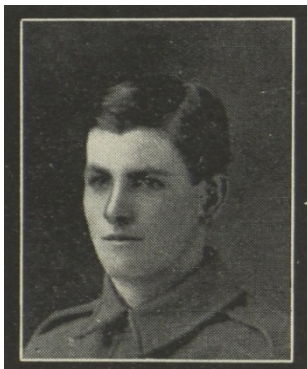
Edward Owen Edwards was a 17-year-old drover from Smithfield, New South Wales at the time of his enlistment on the 14 January 1916 with the rank of Private. He became part of the 36 Battalion, C Company and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Beltana' on the 13 May 1916. He endured a number of illnesses and other physical difficulties and was killed in action on the 22 December 1917 in Armentieres, France. He was buried at Cite Bonjean Military Cemetery, France.

Charles Sinclair Elliot - Service Number - Unknown
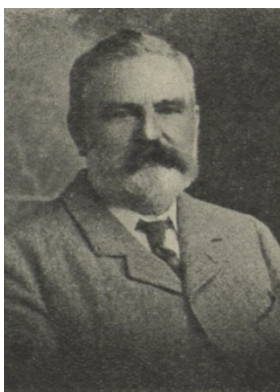
Charles Sinclair Elliot, the youngest son of Captain Amyand Powney Charles Elliot and his wife Anna Maria Alexander was born in the Central Provinces of India in 1853. He was educated at Haileybury College, England and enlisted in the Royal Navy as a cadet in 1869. During his time in the military, he saw action in Egypt and was awarded the Khedive's medal and Egyptian star. He retired with the rank of post-captain in 1903 and went first to South Africa, then New Zealand where he was appointed chief magistrate of Norfolk Island.

In 1913 he lived in Eastwood, New South Wales and offered his services once again at the outbreak of war. He was stationed at Largs Bay in South Australia as a District Naval Officer. He died from heart failure while serving in this capacity. His son, John Amyand was informed of his father's death just days before his own. Elliot and his wife Florence Louisa had five sons, three of whom had already enlisted with a fourth seeking special permission to enlist and two daughters.

Dudley Sinclair Elliot - Service Number - 303

Dudley Sinclair Elliot was the eldest son Charles Sinclair Elliot and Florence Louisa Dudley of Eastwood, New South Wales. He enlisted twice, serving first with the Naval and Military Expeditionary Force, Tropical Unit, 1 Battalion in New Guinea and later with the 9 Infantry Brigade, 35 Infantry Battalion, 1-6 Reinforcement. He was stationed in Belgium and was killed on the 12 October, 1917. He is remembered on the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium.

John Amyand Elliot - Service Number - 162
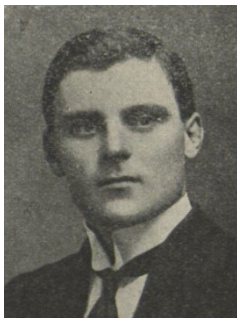
Born in Plymouth, England, John Amyand Elliot was educated at the King's School in Parramatta and then at the Church of England Grammar School in North Sydney, New South Wales. His parents were Captain Charles Sinclair Elliot who served as Chief Magistrate at Norfolk Island and his wife, Florence Louisa Dudley, later living at Eastwood, New South Wales. John Elliot was the Station Master at Forbes Railway Station when he enlisted, joining D Company, 2 Battalion, 1 Contingent. He embarked on the 2 August 1914.

In his school days, Elliot was an avid sportsman, playing both cricket and football. He was a member of the school football team which was undefeated for two seasons. He was present at the landing of Gallipoli Peninsula on the 25 April 1915 and he was killed in action at the Dardanelles, Turkey aged 24 years.

Thomas Patrick Elliott - Service Number - Unknown

Thomas Patrick Elliot was a graduate of the Royal Military College, Duntroon, Canberra where he graduated as Lieutenant and joined the 7 Light Horse Regiment at the age of 20 years. He embarked from Sydney aboard the troopship HMAT 'Ayrshire' on the 20 December 1914 and arrived in Gallipoli, Turkey where he served as both Regimental Observation Officer and Machine Gun Officer.

After an illness in January 1916 he was personally selected by Brigadier General Harold Edward (Pompey) Elliott, to lead a company in the newly-formed 60 Infantry Battalion. Elliott was promoted to Major and used his leadership skills and strong character to build the battalion into a well-trained unit. The 60 was part of the force at Fromelles, France. On the 19 July 1916, Elliott was killed along with most of his battalion. Major Thomas Patrick Elliott is commemorated at VC Corner Australian Cemetery and Memorial, Fromelles, Lille, France.

John Copper Ellis - Service Number - 2173
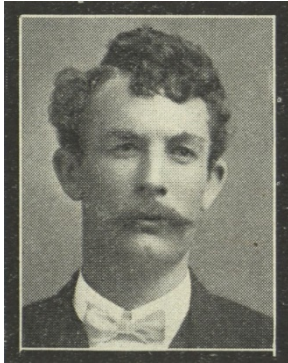
John Cooper Ellis was a butcher by trade who lived in Lidcombe, New South Wales with his wife Elizabeth. He was 38 years old when he enlisted and became part of the 45 Battalion, 4 Reinforcement as a Private. His unit embarked from Sydney on the 22 August 1916 and was killed in France on the 21 February 1917. He is remembered on the memorial at Villers-Bretonneux, France.

Frederick Gideon England - Service Number - 4107

Frederick Gideon England was born in 1897 in Woollahra, New South Wales, the son of John and Alice England. He had previously served in the 19 Battalion Senior Cadets, holding the rank of Second Lieutenant, and prior to his enlistment as a Private on the 23 October 1915 at the age of 18 years, he was a labourer, living with his parents at Waterloo Road, North Ryde, New South Wales.

England embarked with the 20 Battalion, 10 Reinforcement from Sydney on board HMAT 'Orsova' on the 11 March 1916, where he served at the Western Front. He died of his wounds on the 11 October 1916 at Pozieres, France, and was buried at Wandsworth Cemetery, London, England

Reginald James Epthorp/ Joseph Sullivan - Service Number - 497

Reginald Epthorp also known as Joseph Sullivan worked as a miner before he enlisted. His parents lived in Lidcombe, New South Wales. He was part of the 15 Battalion, C Company and his unit embarked from Melbourne, Victoria on the 22 December 1914 as a Private. He was in killed in action, at Gallipoli, Turkey on the 1 May 1915 aged 26 years. He is remembered on the Quinn's Post Cemetery, Gallipoli, Turkey.

Frank Henry Evans - Service Number - 20153

Frank Henry Evans was the son of William Henry Evans of St. Johns Park, New South Wales. Formerly a railway clerk, he enlisted on the 1 November 1916 aged 24 years. On the 7 September 1917, he left with the 1 Cavalry Divisional Signal Squadron, 2 Special Reinforcements, aboard the HMAT 'Kyarra' from Melbourne, Victoria. Sapper Evans died of illness on the 14 May 1918 and was buried at the Baghdad (North Gate) War Cemetery in Iraq.

Leslie Rupert Fagan - Service Number - 6068
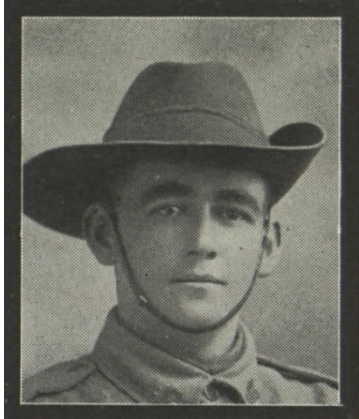
Leslie Rupert Fagan, aged 25 years, worked as an orchardist at Galston, New South Wales, when he enlisted on the 17 June 1916. He became part of the 18 Battalion, 17 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales on board HMAT 'Ascanius' on the 25 October 1916. On the 15 April 1917, Private Fagan was on patrol near Bullecourt and Reincourt, France, were he was grievously wounded. He later died from his injuries on the 23 April 1917 and was buried at the St. Sever Cemetery Extension Rouen, France.

William Gregory Fargie - Service Number - 2893

William Gregory Fargie was born in Gosford, New South Wales and was a brass dresser employed at the Clyde Engineering Works, Granville, New South Wales. He was the youngest son of Mrs. Mary Barrett of Casino, New South Wales and resided with his brother, Mr. Norman James Fargie, of 'Dundee', Trongate Street, Granville.

He embarked aboard the HMAT 'Ascanius' leaving Sydney, New South Wales on 25 October 1916 proceeded to France with the 54 Battalion, 7 Reinforcement on the 28 February 1917. Fargie was killed in action, aged 31 years on the 15 May 1917 and was buried in Villers-Bretonneux, France.

Stanley Squire Farnell - Service Number - 695

Stanley Squire Farnell, born in Randwick, New South Wales was the son of Amy Farnell and Frank Farnell, and the brother of Mr F. L. Farnell. Before he enlisted as a Private with the 1 Battalion, F Company, Stanley Farnell was a 21-year-old unmarried station employee who lived in Neutral Bay, New South Wales. He enlisted in Sydney on 3 September 1914 and embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Afric' on the 18 October that year. Private Farnell was killed in action on the 25 April 1915 while fighting in Gallipoli, Turkey. His grave is unknown however he is commemorated at the Lone Pine

Memorial, Gallipoli, Turkey. He was posthumously awarded the 1914/15 Star, the British War Medal and the Victory Medal for his service.

John Farrell - Service Number - 4468
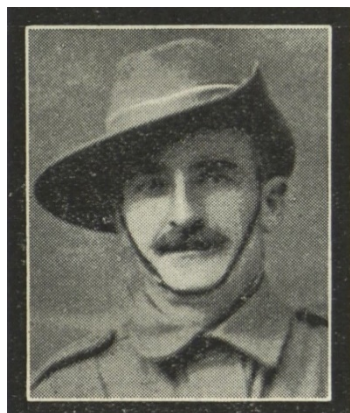
John Farrell embarked on the 15 January 1916 from Sydney on the RMS 'Osterley' with the rank of Private. He was 27 years old, single and a carpenter by trade when he enlisted on the 11 September 1915. Farrell was born in Wagga and his next of kin was recorded as his sister N. Farrell of Meehan Street, Granville, New South Wales.

On the 24 July 1916 he was injured in France, suffering a gunshot wound to the left thigh and was transferred to the 6th General Hospital, England for treatment. He was also admitted to the Graylingwell War Hospital, Chichester, England on the 28 July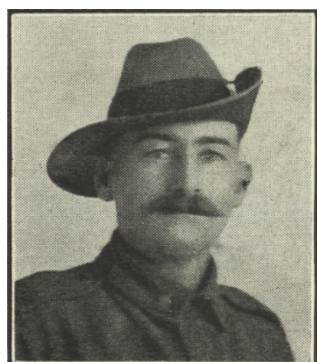 1916. On the 22 September 1916 he began his return to France by marching in from England, and proceeded to the front on the 4 October 1916 re-joining his unit the 3 Battalion on the 12 October 1916. On the 11 May 1917 he died in France of gunshot wounds and was buried in Grevillers British Cemetery, France.

Michael Farrell - Service Number - 3485

Michael Farrell aged 30 years and ten months embarked at Brisbane on the HMAT 'Kyarra' on the 31 January 1916 with the rank of Private. He had been employed as a bridge labourer by the Queensland Railway Department in Mackay and was the brother of John Farrell and Daniel Dominic Farrell whose next of kin lived in Granville, New South Wales. On the 9 November 1916 he was injured in action receiving a gunshot wound during conflict in Camiers, France and was transferred to the 1 London General Hospital in England. On the 13 December he was transferred to the 1 Auxiliary Hospital in England, and by the 16 December he was discharged and marched out to Perham Downs Camp, Wiltshire, England.

In March 1917 he proceeded overseas to France and the 14 April he re-joined the 26 Battalion. On the 5 May he was once again injured by gunfire, and admitted to the 10 General Hospital in Rouen, France. On the 9 June he rejoined his battalion in France and a week later he was detached to the 5 Army Sniping School, re-joining his unit on the 23 June. He was killed in action on the 29 October 1917 in Belgium, and was buried in the Ypres Reservoir North Cemetery, Belgium.

Ormond Fathers - Service Number - 600

Ormond Fathers was born in the town of Gundagai, New South Wales, and was the son of Margaret Jane Fathers. Prior to enlistment, Fathers was a 20-year-old unmarried carpenter living in Hornsby, New South Wales. He enlisted in Sydney on the 2 September 1914 as a Private with the 3 Battalion, C Company, embarking from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Euripides' on the 19 October.

In early April 1915, he joined the Mediterranean Expeditionary Force. Between the 6 and 13 June 1915, Private Ormond Fathers was killed in action at Gallipoli, Turkey. He was buried at Wire Gully, Gallipoli. While the exact location of his grave is unknown, he is commemorated at the Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli, Turkey. Fathers was posthumously awarded the 1914/15 Star, the British War Medal and Victory for his service.

Richard / Les Feeney - Service Number - 547
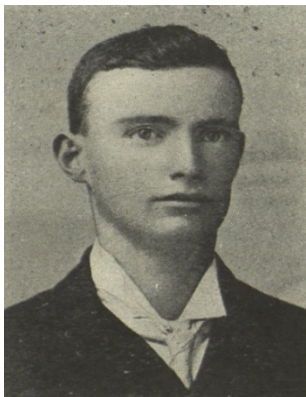
Richard Feeney also known as Les Feeney, a farm hand born in Goulburn, lived in Iron Street, North Parramatta, New South Wales at the time of his enlistment. He joined the 19 Battalion, B Company and embarked on the HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 25 June 1915. He was killed in action at Gallipoli on the 22 September 1915 and was buried in the Shrapnel Valley Cemetery, Gallipoli, Turkey.

Norman Mackay Field - Service Number - Unknown
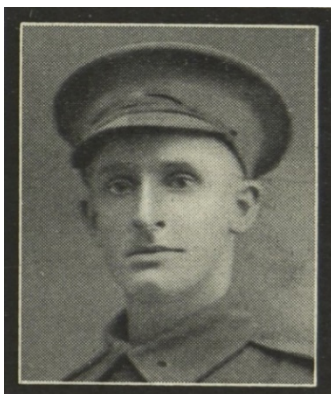
Norman Mackay Field lived in Inkerman Street, Granville, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 17 March 1916 with the rank of Private. He was 32 years old, single and worked as a cement worker and had previously served 18 months with the Scottish Rifles. His next of kin was recorded as his sister Ethel May Field, lived in North Sydney, New South Wales. On the 22 August 1916 he embarked from Sydney on the HMAT 'Wiltshire' and disembarked at Plymouth, England on the 13 October 1916. He proceeded to France on the 8 January 1917 aboard the 'Princess Henrietta' and on the 18 January 1917 was transferred to the 4 Division of the Australian Division

Base Depot. Private Norman Field was killed in action in the field in France on the 7 June 1917, and was posthumously awarded the Victory Medal.

John Robert Fielding - Service Number - 3454

John Robert Fielding was a dairy hand with Wade's Dairy prior to enlisting in the forces. Born in Lancashire, England, he migrated to Australia with his aunt Mrs. Wade and uncle around 1905 and always lived with them. They lived on Chiswick Road, Auburn, New South Wales and later in Cardigan Street. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Beltana' on the 25 November 1916 with the 1 Pioneer Battalion with the rank of Private. Sadly, he was wounded in action on the 17 October 1917 at Menin Road, Ypres, Belgium and died of his injuries the next day at the 10 Casualty Clearing Station, Belgium, aged 24 years. He was buried in the Lijssenthoek Military Cemetery, Belgium.

Edward James Filby - Service Number – 4183

Edward Filby, born in Burwood, New South Wales and the son of George and Emily Isabel Filby was 23 years old and single when he enlisted on the 12 September 1915. He was employed as a grinder at Clyde Engineering Works and was living with his father G. Filby at 'Leura' in Banks Street, May's Hill, Parramatta. He was a bass instrument player in the 25 Regimental Scottish Rifles Band.

On the 30 December 1915 he embarked at Sydney on board HMAT 'Aeneas' with the 3 Infantry Battalion 13-23 Reinforcements (December 1915-November 1916). After initial training on the 22 March 1916, he proceeded to France where he saw active service near Pozieres and on the 28 July 1916 was killed in action. He was buried just south of Pozieres. His brothers George Richard and another brother Drummer A. G. Filby sailed on Thursday the 24 August 1916 to fill the gap left by the death of Edward Filby.

Francis Charles Finlayson - Service Number - 6251

Francis Charles Finlayson, of George Street, Parramatta, New South Wales lived with his wife, May in on Trafalgar Street, Armidale, New South Wales. He was a nephew of Bill Finlayson, he worked as a bookkeeper and enlisted on the 11 November 1915 in Parramatta aged 28 years. He was killed in France on the 4 February 1917 and is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

The *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* reported the sad news:

"Frank Finlayson Killed. Another Parramatta Fighter. Sergeant-Major Frank Finlayson, who was reared in Parramatta, where for years his father (the late James Finlayson), resided in Station-street, has laid down his life for his chums at home. He went off with the Cooees. His brother George works for his uncle, Mr. William Finlayson, of Parramatta North, and one of his sisters was a popular girl, Miss Josephine Finlayson, who is now at Forbes. The young soldier was only 29 years of age, and he leaves a widow and three young children, whose ages are six, four, and two years. The widow has resided at Camperdown, with her mother, since Frank went to the front; up to that time, they were living in George-street, Parramatta. Word was received by Mrs. Finlayson that her husband was killed on February 4th."

William Dawson Fisk - Service Number - 545

Born in Inverell, New South Wales, William Dawson Fisk was the son of G.D. Fisk of Guildford, New South Wales and was a 24-year-old shop assistant when he joined the forces on the 22 March 1915. He married Miss Ella Virtue, also of Guildford on the 8 April 1915 prior to departing from Sydney for overseas service.

Fisk served with 20 Battalion, 5 Brigade at Gallipoli, Turkey from the 16 to 25 of August 1915 before being transferred to hospital in Malta due to a sprained ankle. He re-joined his unit in Gallipoli on the 25 October 1915 until disembarking from Mudros, Turkey to Alexandria, Egypt on the 9 January 1916. He was promoted to Temporary Sergeant for six weeks in early 1916 whilst in Egypt and then again later that same year whilst serving in France.

He was involved in a raiding party on the night of the 25 June 1916 for which he was awarded the Distinguished Conduct Medal for *"conspicuous gallantry when repeatedly rescuing wounded men under heavy fire after a successful raid, throughout the whole raid he displayed great bravery"*.

He was reported missing in action on the 26 July 1916 and a Court of Enquiry later determined that he had been killed in action on the 29 September 1917. The following account was provided on the 9 January 1917 by his Captain, J.A. Broadbent, who wrote from London:

"He was my bombing sergeant. On 26th [July] last, in the Somme region our Battalion was ordered to make a raid on the enemy trenches. Half the battalion bombers under Fisk were sent also".

"He had charge of the left storming party, and went over with the others…He was [one] of the finest men, and best soldiers I have ever met…Although I hope sincerely that he is alive,

yet I cannot advise holding out any hope for him. In the particular action in which Fisk took part, there were a large number of casualties and those that remained, could give no information of him".

Albert Edward Fitch - Service Number - 1705
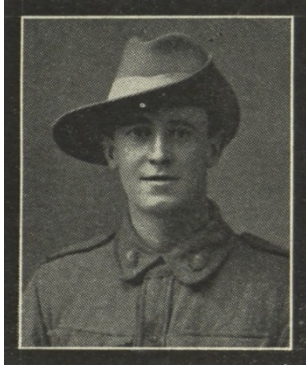
Albert Edward Fitch of Carrington Street Granville, New South Wales, aged 25 years and 5 months was a brick maker by trade at the New South Wales State Brickworks when he joined the 20 Infantry Battalion on the 26 May 1915. His mother and next of kin Mrs Annie E. Fitch lived at the same address in Granville. On the 19 June 1915 he embarked from Sydney, New South Wales aboard HMAT 'Kanowna' with the rank of Private. Fitch proceeded to join the Mediterranean Expeditionary Force at Gallipoli on the 3 August 1915.

By November he had contracted typhoid fever and was admitted to the 1 Australian Casualty Clearing Station. On the 31 March 1916 he was transferred to the Abbey Wood Depot in England and then to Monte Video Camp, Weymouth, England and then to Perham Downs Camp, Wiltshire, England. Between May 1916 and June 1917 he was reported absent without leave on two occasions.

Fitch was appointed to the rank of Lance Corporal in Belgium in September 1917 and then promoted to Corporal on the 6 October. He was killed in action in Belgium on the 13 October 1917. Sadly, Albert Fitch was his parent's last living son.

James Myles Fitzgerald - Service Number - 1929
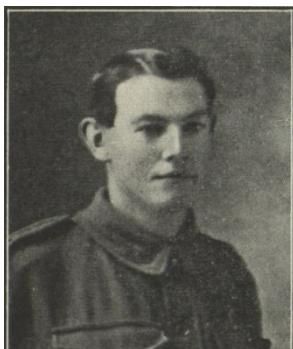
James Myles Fitzgerald was born in Hornsby, New South Wales and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. James Myles Fitzgerald. Before he enlisted aged 22 years he worked as a shop assistant and lived in Sydney, New South Wales. Fitzgerald enlisted on the 21 June 1915 in Liverpool, New South Wales and then sailed from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Runic' on the 9 August 1915 as a Private with the 18 Battalion, 3 Reinforcement. He served in both the Middle East and on the Western Front in his tour of duty.

By early October 1915, he was stationed in Gallipoli, Turkey and was then transferred to Egypt in early January 1916. He then proceeded to France in mid-March that year. Private James Myles Fitzgerald was killed in France on the 27 July 1916 when, according to a witness, a piece of an artillery shell pierced his back causing sudden death. The exact location of his grave is unknown however he is commemorated at the Villers-Bretonneux in France. Private Fitzgerald was

posthumously awarded the 1914/15 Star, the British War Medal and the Victory Medal for his service.

## Albert Henry Fleming - Service Number - 2674

Albert Henry Fleming, a labourer who lived in Parramatta, New South Wales was twenty-eight years old when he enlisted. His unit embarked from Brisbane, Queensland on board HMAT 'Seang Bee' on the 21 October 1915. He was part of the 25 Battalion, 6 Reinforcements. Fleming went missing in July 1916 when he was involved in a massive shelling attack in France. He was reported killed in action on 23 June 1916.

Henry Flude - Service Number - 3494

Born in Rockhampton, Queensland, Henry Flude of Campbell Hill Road, Granville, New South Wales, was a driver and 21 years of age when he enlisted on the 27 October 1915 with the rank of Private. He embarked from Sydney, New South Wales to Egypt on the 20 December 1915 on the HMAT 'Aeneas' with the 18 Infantry Battalion. On the 27 January 1916 Flude was admitted with pneumonia to 3 Auxiliary Hospital in Heliopolis, Egypt, but by the 6 February he was discharged as fit for duty. On the 3 April he joined the 54 Battalion in Moascar, Egypt. On the 19 June he embarked on the HT 'Caledonian' to join The British Expeditionary Force. Soon after he disembarked at Marseilles, France he was killed in action on the 20 July 1916.

Conrad Arthur John Ford - Service Number - 6072
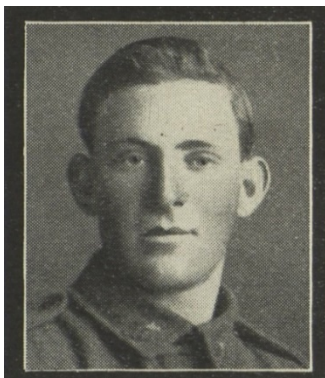
Conrad Arthur Ford, 21 years of age and a labourer by trade, embarked on the 25 October 1916 from Sydney on the HMAT 'Ascanius' serving in the 18 Infantry Battalion, 14 to 17 Reinforcements with the rank of Private. He was married to Mrs Annie Ford and lived in Ritchie Street, Granville, New South Wales. Private Ford disembarked at Devonport, Plymouth, England on the 28 December 1916, and on the 25 January 1917 proceeded overseas to France. In March of that year he marched in to Etaples, Northern France. On the 3 May he received a gunshot wound to the thigh in action in France and was taken to the No 3 Australian Casualty Clearing Station. He died of his wounds on the 4 May 1917 and was buried at Grevillers British Cemetery in France.

William Henry Forsyth - Service Number - 1365

William Henry Forsyth was born in Parramatta, New South Wales and was a station hand aged twenty-eight years when he enlisted joining the 4 Battalion, 2 Reinforcement. He embarked on the 11 February 1915 on board the HMAT 'Seang Bee'. During the Gallipoli campaign he went missing between the 6 and 9 August 1915 and was reported killed in action on the 18 February 1916.

William Foster - Service Number - 5346
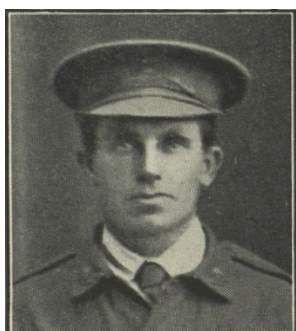
William Foster, aged 33 years was a mason by trade who lived in Lidcombe, New South Wales when he enlisted in March 1916 as a Private. He became part of the 17 Battalion, 14 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Sydney on the 22 August 1916. Foster was killed by a bomb while out on patrol near Bullecourt, France on the 15 April 1917. He is remembered at the Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France

Herbert Cecil Fowler - Service Number - 2815

Herbert Cecil Fowler was an orchardist living in Parramatta, New South Wales, at the time of his enlistment for service aged 18 years on the 16 August 1916. He had a medium complexion, blue eyes and dark brown hair and named his father Emanuel Fowler of Parramatta as his next of kin. Fowler embarked for service overseas with the rank of Private on the 9 November 1916 to serve with 3 Pioneer Battalion then 1 Machine Gun Company.

Fowler died of wounds received in action in Belgium on the 5 November 1917 aged 19 years. He was buried in the Nine Elms British Cemetery, Poperinge, Flanders, Belgium. He was awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal. These medals and a Memorial Plaque and Memorial Scroll were given to his father. Fowler's name is also located on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra. Herbert Cecil Fowler was the younger brother of Private Roy Emanuel Fowler who also died while serving in the war.

Roy Emanuel Fowler - Service Number – 2814A

Roy Emanuel Fowler was a farmer from Parramatta, New South Wales at the time of his enlistment as a Private aged 23 years on the 16 August 1916. He had a dark complexion, brown eyes and dark brown hair and named his father, Emanuel
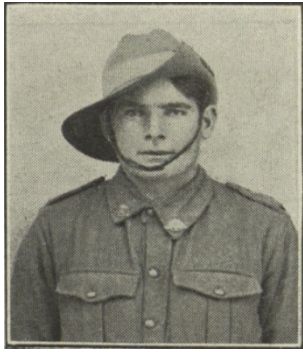
Fowler of Parramatta as his next of kin. He embarked for service overseas on the 9 November 1916 aboard the HMAT 'Benalla' from Sydney, New South Wales to serve with the 3 Pioneer Battalion then 1 Australian Machine Gun Battalion.

Sadly, Private Roy Fowler died on the 27 May 1918. According to the local newspaper the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate*, he was killed in action aged 24 years by an exploding shell while serving at his post. Fowler was buried at Meteren Military Cemetery, Meteren, France. He was awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal. These medals together with a Memorial Plaque and Memorial Scroll were given to his father. His name is also inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra. Roy Fowler was the older brother of Private Herbert Cecil Fowler who also served and died of wounds received in action in November 1917.

Edwin Thomas Frankish - Service Number - 1834

Edwin Thomas Frankish was born in 1894 in Goulburn, New South Wales to Harriet Ann and Thomas Ogram Frankish. Prior to his enlistment on the 15 March 1916 at the age of 22 years, he was a farmer living with his parents at West Pennant Hills. Frankish left with his unit, the 42 Battalion, 2 Reinforcement from Brisbane, Queensland on board HMAT 'Boorara' on the 16 August 1916, where he served on the Western Front. He was killed in action on the 31 July 1917 near Warneton, east of Messines, Belgium at the age of 23 years.

Herbert Freeman - Service Number - 1897
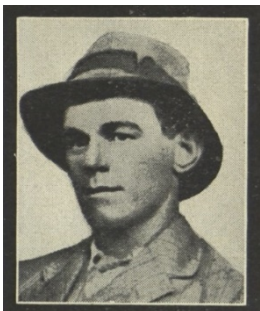
Herbert Freeman, of Parramatta, New South Wales and brother of Private Percy Freeman, died of wounds on the 14 August 1917, while a prisoner of war at Kriegs Lazarett 7, Gruppe 2, Sous le Bois, Maubeuge, France, aged 28. He is buried in the Maubeuge-Centre Cemetery, France. A labourer prior to enlisting, he embarked from Melbourne aboard the HMAT 'Port Lincoln' on 4 May 1916.

Freeman's life and the mystery surrounding his death was reported in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate*:

"News reached Parramatta the other day of the death (whilst a prisoner of war in Germany) of Private Herbert Freeman, of Parramatta, of the 57th (late 59th) Battalion, A.I.F. The deceased was brother of Mrs. W. Weeden, George Street, Parramatta; and lived

formerly with his family in Albert Street, Parramatta North, He has two brothers who are soldiers also another one, Private Percy Freeman, was killed some time ago. Private Ernest Edward Freeman and Trooper William Frederick Freeman are still fighting. Another, the only remaining brother, enlisted also; but was discharged medically unfit."

"Private Freeman, reported died of wounds, was actually knocked on the head with a sentry's rifle. He was the eldest son of a family of five brothers, four of whom have fought, and one offered and was rejected. 'Herb', as he was generally called, was a fine, thick-set lump of manhood, and was of a particularly determined and unfearing disposition... When war broke out he was in Lismore, and afterwards went to Queensland. From there he went to England, where he was rejected when he volunteered to go to the war. He afterwards found his way to Vancouver, and was engaged for some time in the taking of mules to Egypt and England for war purposes. Whilst thus engaged he contracted malaria, and was in hospital for six months, when he was discharged. The fever affected his hearing somewhat. Returning to his home at Parramatta, he was back but a week when he offered to enlist and was accepted. He went into camp on January 17, 1916, at Liverpool, thence to Melbourne and England. Not long afterwards he was sent to the firing-line; and on November 9, 1917, the Rev. Hilhouse Taylor visited his relatives and conveyed the tidings that he had been taken prisoner of war. From the Red Cross Mrs. Weeden got the sad news that her brother had died from wounds, whilst a prisoner of war, at Limberg, Germany, according to the German official list, 3/5/17".

Percy Freeman - Service Number - 2509
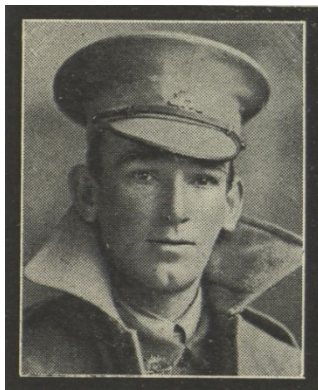
Percy Freeman was born in 1897 in Parramatta, New South Wales and worked as a carter prior to enlistment at the age of 24 years. He embarked for Europe aboard the HMAT 'Aeneas' from Sydney on the 30 November 1916. Freeman was the third son of Mr. H. Freeman, and brother of Mrs. W. Weeden of George Street, Parramatta with whom he resided before enlisting. He also had three brothers at the front: Private Herbert Freeman (who died whilst a Prisoner of War on the 14 August 1917), Ernest Freeman and William Freeman. Percy Freeman was wounded in action on the 11 May 1917 and died on the 15 May 1917 at the 3 Australian Casualty Clearing Station. He was buried in the Grevillers British Cemetery, France.

## William Henry Freeman - Service Number - 1706

William Henry Freeman was a 28-year-old labourer who lived with his wife Mrs. Elizabeth Freeman, formerly Miss Elizabeth Ewart in Factory Street, Clyde, New South Wales and the couple had a daughter named Daphne Grace Freeman. He

enlisted on the 26 May 1915 and embarked with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Kanowna' from Sydney on the 19 June 1915. He was taken on strength on the 31 August 1915 but was diagnosed with a nervous condition on the 10 December 1915. He was sent to the base at Giza, Egypt on the 5 January 1916.

He was taken on strength and joined his unit in on the 19 January 1916 embarking from Alexandria, Egypt aboard the HMT 'Ingoma' on the 18 March 1916 and arrived at Marseilles, France on the 25 March 1916. He was killed in action in France on the 5 May 1916 and was buried at Brewery Orchard Cemetery, Bois-Grenier, Lille, France. His name is remembered in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Leslie Charles Frost - Service Number - 4187
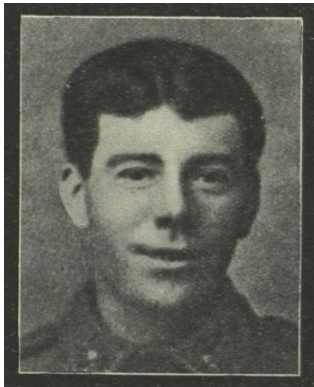
Leslie Charles Frost, aged 25 years and a machinist by trade, was the son of Mr. Charles Frost, who was a butcher employed for many years by Parramatta businessman Mr. Hugh Taylor. He was also a brother of Mrs. T. Williams of Good Street, Granville, New South Wales. He lived in Grafton Street Woollahra, New South Wales, but had been born in Penrith, New South Wales.

Frost embarked from Sydney, New South Wales on the 20 December 1915 on the HMAT 'Aeneas' with the 13 Infantry Battalion, 13 Reinforcements. After having being taken on strength at Tell-El-Kabir, Egypt in March 1916, he proceeded to join the British Expeditionary Force in Alexandria, Egypt a few months later. He disembarked at Marseilles, France on the 8 June and after a brief stay in hospital as a result of an injury in the field, Frost was killed in action in France on 15 August 1916. He was posthumously awarded both the British War Medal and the Victory Medal.

Charles Upton Fuller - Service Number - 214

Charles Upton Fuller was born in 1893 in Sydney, New South Wales, the son of Edward and Sara Ann Fuller. Prior to his enlistment on the 25 February 1915 at the age of 22 years, he worked as a clerk and lived with his parents in Galston, New South Wales. He had previously served for 2 years in the New South Wales Field Artillery. He left with his unit, the 17 Battalion, A Company from Sydney on board HMAT 'Themistocles' on the 12 May 1915. During his

period of service, he fought in Egypt and Turkey. He died on the 30 August 1915, from injuries sustained at Suvla Bay, Gallipoli, Turkey.

Godfrey Fuller - Service Number - 29
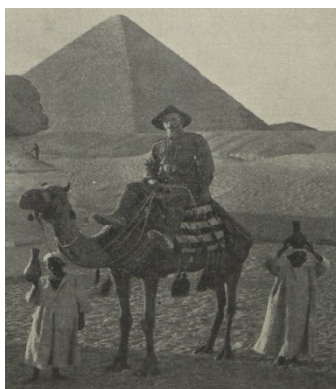
Godfrey Archibald Fuller was born in 1894 in Dural, New South Wales to Edward and Sara Ann Fuller. Prior to his enlistment on the 17 August 1914 at the age of 20 years, he worked as a clerk at the Royal Assurance Company, was a member of the Young Men's Christian Association, as well as the Young Men's Institute, and a supporter of the Temperance Society in Dural. Additionally, he was drafted into the military due to his involvement in the Compulsory Training Scheme. He left with his unit, the 4 Battalion, A Company from Sydney, New South Wales on board HMAT 'Euripides' on the 20 October 1914. He was killed in action at the Dardanelles, Turkey on the 27 May 1915, and was buried at 4 Battalion Parade Ground Cemetery, Gallipoli, Turkey.

Stuart Courtney Gaden - Service Number - 1480
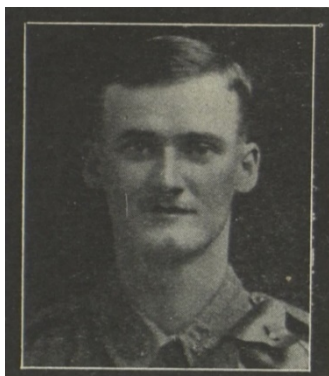
Stuart Courtney Gaden was a 22-year-old station hand from Wollstonecraft, New South Wales and was a former student of The King's School, Parramatta. His parents were Thomas Burton Gaden and Ida Brereton Gaden. He also had a brother, Mr P. G. Gaden. He enlisted on the 7 July 1915 and embarked with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Euripides' from Sydney on the 2 November 1915. He was taken on strength on the 28 December 1915, however, he was sent to the 3 Auxiliary Hospital in Cairo suffering from deafness on the 1 January 1916. Gaden re-joined his regiment on the 4 January 1916, and marched out to Serapeum, Egypt on the 25 February 1916. He was admitted to hospital on the 21 June 1916 suffering from a septic leg and was transferred to Tell-el-Kebir, Egypt on the 29 June 1916. He was taken on strength after leaving hospital on the 9 July 1916 and was transferred to the 7 Light Horse Regiment in Bir et Maler, Egypt, on the 24 July 1916. On the 5 August 1916 he suffered a gunshot wound to the abdomen at the Battle of Romani at Bir et Maler, Egypt and died as a re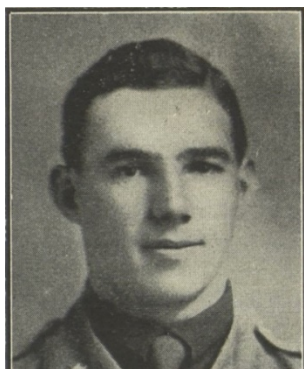sult of his wounds on the 6 August 1916 in Egypt at the age of 23 years. He was buried in the Kantara War Memorial Cemetery, Suez Canal, Egypt.

Wilton Campbell Gamack - Service Number - 3806

Wilton Campbell Gamack was a 20-year-old clerk in the office of the Railway Department, Sydney. He was known to be a good athlete and a footballer. Gamack was the third son of Mr and Mrs J. Gamack who lived in Sorrell Street, Parramatta with his three brothers, Bruce, Ranford and Alexander. Bruce and Alexander also enlisted. The boys were the grandsons of Dr. Gamack, a Government medical officer formerly stationed in Parramatta.

Wilton Gamack enlisted on the 19 April 1915 and embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Runic' on the 20 January 1916 and was taken on strength in Etaples, France on the 5 April 1916. He was initially appointed the rank of Acting Sergeant, but relinquished the rank upon joining the 19 Battalion on the 13 May 1916. On the 26 May 1916 he was wounded in action, but remained on duty in the field. He was admitted to hospital with scabies on three occasions, on the 21 June 1916, 23 September 1916 and 25 October 1916.

Gamack's rank changed on several occasions throughout December 1916 and the first few months of 1917. He was promoted to acting corporal on the 29 December 1916, then to acting sergeant on the 4 January 1917. He reverted to acting corporal on the 21 March 1917, then back to private on the 21 March 1917. On the 1 April 1917 he once again become an acting corporal, before reverting to private again on the 19 April 1917. He returned to England on leave on the 10 August 1917. He rejoined his battalion from leave in France on the 27 August 1917. On the 6 November 1917 he was reported missing in action in France and was later confirmed to have been killed in action on the 6 November 1917 at the age of 22.

Witnesses reported seeing him killed whilst leading a pack mule carrying ammunition to the trenches when a shell burst near him and killed both Private Gamack and the mule. His remains could not be retrieved, so his name was inscribed on the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium in commemoration of those who were killed and have no graves. His name is also displayed in the Commemorative area of the Australian War Memorial.

George Tannatt Gane - Service Number - 2897

George Tannatt Gane was 20 years old and employed as a painter at the time of his enlistment in 1916. He was the eldest son of George Wealands and Mary Tannatt Gane of Albert Parade, Guildford, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Ascanius' on the 25 October 1916 as Acting Corporal of the 53 Battalion, 7 Reinforcement.

Gane served in France and was wounded at Polygon Wood on the 19 October 1917, also suffering the effects of gas poisoning Villers-Bretonneux in early April 1918. Sadly, he was killed in action on the 29 July 1918, aged 22 years and 10 months. Lance Corporal Gane was buried at Ribemont Communal Cemetery Extension, France.

Charles Gapes - Service Number - 3456
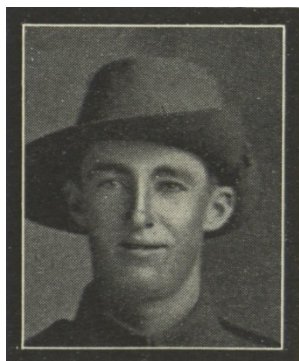
Charles Gapes who worked as a carter, lived in 'Hillview', Nobbs Street, Granville, New South Wales and embarked from Sydney on the 25 November 1916 per HMAT 'Beltana'. He disembarked at the HM Naval Base, Devonport, Plymouth, England in late January 1917 and proceeded to Etaples, France in April joining allied forces on the Western Front.

Gapes was killed in action in Belgium on the September 20, 1917 and was buried in the Belgian Battery Corner Cemetery, 1 mile west of Ypres, France. His loving mother inserted these thoughts in his roll of

honour: *"Only a bundle of letters/All that is left for me/But my darling who died for his country/Still lives in my memory/Only a few lines from the trenches/With the hand of the writer grown cold/But each word on that paper/Is graven in letters of pure gold."* In May 1923 Charles Gapes received the Victory Medal.

Murray Bayliss Garland - Service Number - Unknown

Murray Bayliss Garland was born in Wagga Wagga, New South Wales. At the age of 25 years he enlisted at Holsworthy, New South Wales on the 21 September 1915 with the 1 Field Artillery Brigade, 1-11 Reinforcements. At that time, he was single and working as a bank clerk. He named his father, Mr. B. G. Garland of 'Kalinya', Old Windsor Road, Wentworthville, as his next of kin.

On the 11 October 1915 he embarked for active service from Melbourne, Victoria on board HMAT 'Nestor'. On the 21 February 1916 he was transferred to the 4 Division Artillery Brigade as a Gunner and two weeks later posted to the 101 Battery. He was then taken on strength in France with the 21 Howitzer Brigade, where, on the 26 April, when fighting at the front, he received a gunshot wound to the skull. He died as a result of his wounds and was buried at Grevillers British Cemetery, France in the Anzac Section. Garland's father, B.G. Garland, a licensed surveyor, received a Memorial Plaque and the King's Message on the 21 February, 1922, and the Victory Medal on the 29 January 1923.

Charles Martin Garrett - Service Number - 3567

Charles Martin Garrett, formerly a photographic process engineer of Canley Vale, New South Wales was the son of Mr. and Mrs. John and Margaret Garrett. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Aeneas' on the 20 December 1915 and served with the 18 Battalion, 8 Reinforcements. He was killed in action at Bullecourt, France on the 3 May 1917 aged 26 years. He was buried at Queant Road Cemetery, Buissy, France.

Fedor Gartung - Service Number - 1078
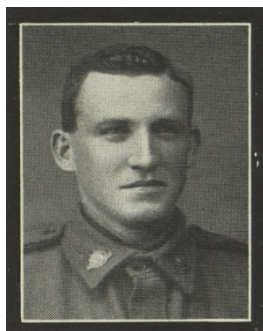
Fedor Gartung, aged 19 years was from Galston, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 2 September 1914. He became part of the 4 Battalion, F Company and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Euripides' on the 20 October 1914. On the 11 September in France, Private Gartung was wounded in the chest, face and leg and died in

consequence of his injuries the next day. He was buried in the La Chapelette British Cemetery, Peronne, France.

Frederick Gartung - Service Number - 5385

Frederick Gartung was working as an orchardist and lived in Galston, New South Wales when he enlisted with the rank of Private on the 15 January 1916. He became part of the 4 Battalion, 17 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 14 April 1916. Fr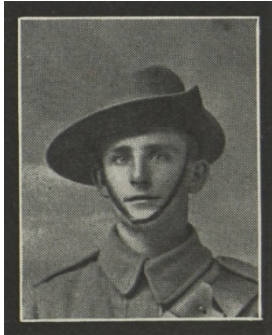ederick Gartung was only 15 years old when he enlisted according to his mother's entry on his Roll of Honour. Between the 3 and 6 November 1916, Gartung was struck by a bullet near a trench in battle at Flers, France. It was believed he drowned in the trench which was full of water at the time. He is remembered at the Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

Francis Gell - Service Number - 6009

Francis Gell was a horse driver who lived with his wife at Hassall Street, Parramatta, New South Wales before he enlisted. He joined the 1 Battalion, 19 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Sydney on board HMAT 'Wiltshire' on the 22 August 1916. Private Gell was killed in action by an exploding shell on the 8 May 1917 while fighting in the Hindenburg Line trenches. His name is remembered on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

George Edward Gentle - Service Number - 1536
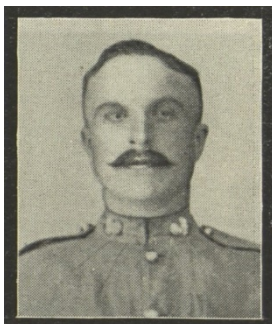
George Edward Gentle of Woodville Road, Granville, New South Wales, embarked on the HMAT 'Themistocles' on the 12 May 1915. He was 40 years of age, single and a labourer by occupation. He proceeded to join the Mediterranean Expeditionary Force and fought in Gallipoli, Turkey. In March 1916 he joined the allies at the front in France. In July 1916 he suffered a gunshot wound and was transferred to the No 3 Casualty Clearing Station.

In August he returned to duty in France, but on the 18 November 1916 was reported as missing in action. Unfortunately, it was later confirmed that he had been killed in action on the 14 November 1916. An eyewitness stated that he had been severely wounded by a shell on the 14 November at Armentieres, France. Medical attendants attempted amputation of the damaged limb but the operation was

unsuccessful and Gentle died before he could be taken to the dressing station. Private Gentle's service is commemorated on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

William George - Service Number - 2007

William George was born in Glasgow, Scotland and was the son of Mrs. Morgan, Harrow Road, Auburn, New South Wales. He worked in Clyde Engineering Works, Granville prior to enlistment and he was a drummer with the Auburn Cadets. At the age of 18 years, he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 47 Infantry Battalion on the 30 November 1915 at Sydney with the rank of Private. He embarked at Melbourne, Victoria with his unit aboard HMAT 'Ballarat' on the 18 February 1916. He was taken on strength with the 47 Battalion. Sadly, he died of wounds suffered at Pozieres, France, on the 10 August 1916 and has no known grave.

Keith Randolph Godbee - Service Number - 3165

On the 24 October 1916, Keith Randolph Godbee enlisted at the Showground Camp, Moore Park, New South Wales. He was single, 21 years of age and worked for the Tramways Department as a conductor. He named his father, Isaac Franklin Godbee of Wentworthville Post Office as next of kin. He had previously served three years in the Parramatta Citizen Forces. On the 24 January 1917 he embarked at Sydney aboard HMAT 'Anchises'. He joined the British Expeditionary Forces in France and fought at Fromelles.

He was wounded in action receiving multiple gunshot wounds on the 3 April 1918 and died the following day. He was buried in the Picquigny British Cemetery eight miles northwest of Amiens, France. On the 19 November 1921 his mother, Elizabeth requested that the 'Star of David' be incised on his gravestone. The authorities were unable to carry out this request as Keith had joined up as a member of the Church of England. The Memorial Plaque was received by the family on the 4 November 1922 and the Memorial Scroll and the King's Message were received on the 19 April 1923.The family never received Godbee's personal effects because the ship carrying them, S.S. 'Barunga' was lost at sea by enemy action sometime after the 21 June 1918.

Eric Albert Edwin Goodacre - Service Number - 1390

Eric Albert Edwin Goodacre lived in Cecil Street, Fairfield, New South Wales and was employed as a shop assistant at the time of his enlistment for service on the 7 August 1916 aged 19 years. He had a dark complexion, blue eyes and black hair and named his father Mr. G. J. Goodacre as next of kin. He embarked for service overseas with the rank of Private, later attaining the rank of Corporal from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Ascanius' on the 25 October 1916 to serve with 3 Light Trench Mortar Battery.

Taken on strength, he was later transferred to the 34 Infantry Battalion. Initially reported missing in action, it was later confirmed that he had been killed in action in the field on the 12 October 1917 in Passchendaele, Ypres, Belgium. He was buried in the Tyne Cot Cemetery at Passchendaele, Ypres, Belgium. He was awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal and these medals together with the Memorial Plaque and Memorial Scroll were given to his father. Goodacre's name is also inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra. His brother Erle also served and returned to Australia in January 1918.

Cecil Cliff Goodman - Service Number - 4440

Cecil Cliff Goodman was born in Parramatta, New South Wales and lived in Lidcombe, New South Wales at the time of his enlistment in 1915 with the rank of Private. He became part of the 1 Battalion, 14 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board RMS 'Osterley' on the 15 January 1916.

Goodman worked as an engraver before enlisting and had also served in the local military cadets for three years. Goodman was killed in action in France on the 21 August 1916 and has no know grave. He is remembered on the Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

James Septimus Grant - Service Number - 16540
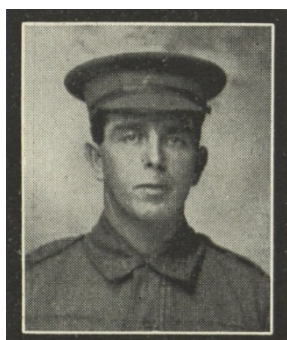
James Septimus Grant, an engine driver by trade, was born in Goulburn, New South Wales and was the son of Mrs. Euphemia Grant and Mr. Samuel Hardy Grant. Prior to enlistment aged 35 years, at the Show Ground Camp, Sydney on the 16 October 1916, Grant lived with his wife Florence May in Hornsby, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Orsova' on the 2 December 1916 as a Sapper, arriving in

England in early February 1917 serving on the Western Front from late May that year.

Grant became ill and was hospitalised in France in late August and in mid-September and then spent some months in hospital in Belgium from late October 1917 to early January 1918. He was killed in action in France on the 2 June 1918. He was posthumously awarded the British War Medal and the Victory Medal for his service and was buried in the Franvillers Communal Cemetery Extension, France.

Dallas William Henry Green - Service Number - 2192

Dallas William Henry Green enlisted under the name Frank Henry Green and embarked from Melbourne on the HMAT 'Ballarat' on the 18 February 1916. He was 22 years of age and lived with his father Thomas Green in Wollongong, New South Wales, but was born in Parramatta, New South Wales. He worked as a labourer at the time of his enlistment. Green disembarked at the Suez Canal, Egypt in March 1916 and 3 months later travelled on the HMT 'Horata' to join the British Expeditionary Force. He arrived in Marseilles, France in late June but on the 17 July, Green was wounded in action in France. He died of his wounds on the 18 July 1916, and was buried at the Estaires Communal Cemetery and Extension, Estaires, Nord Pas de Calais, France on the 29 July 1916.

George Colin Green - Service Number - 5707

George Colin Green worked as a horse driver and lived in Lidcombe, New South Wales when he enlisted in January 1916 with the rank of Private. He had already served in the Light Horse for the Citizen Military Forces and he then became part of the 4 Battalion, 18 Reinforcements and this unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Kyarra' on the 3 June 1916. Green was killed in action in Bullecourt, France on the 5 May 1917 and is remembered at the Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France

Thomas Gregory - Service Number - 2153
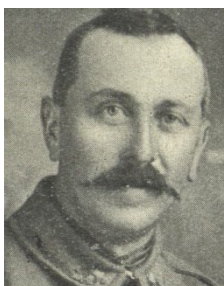
Thomas Gregory, an ironworker employed at the Clyde Engineering Works, lived in Phillip Street, Parramatta when he enlisted on the 10 July 1915. Lance-Corporal Gregory came from England to Australia and had already served in the Boer War where he was wounded several times while on active service. Shortly before leaving for the front, he married Miss Annie Speers

of Phillip Street. On the eve of his departure, he received numerous valuable presents including a watch from the Iron Workers Association (of which he was a delegate). After short training in Liverpool Camp, he left Parramatta in September 1915 for the Dardanelles. He was one of the last forty men to be evacuated from Gallipoli.

With other ANZACs he was sent to France, and while in action there was seriously wounded, which led to his death. He was reported killed in action however there was confusion as to the validity of the report. The Rev. T. B. Holmes received news of the death of Lance Corporal Thomas Gregory of the 20 Battalion and had the sad duty of breaking the news to Mrs. Gregory, wife of the deceased.

James Turnbull Grieve - Service Number - 228

James Turnbull Grieve, aged 22 years, was a labourer from Kellyville, New South Wales when he enlisted as a Private on the 16 February 1915. He became part of the 18 Battalion, A Company and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 25 June 1915. He landed in Gallipoli, Turkey and on the 27 August 1915 was reported missing, then later presumed killed in action. Tragically, his body was never found and his service is remembered on the Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli, Turkey.

Stephen Gregory Grugeon - Service Number - 17147

Stephen Gregory Grugeon was a student at the University of Sydney prior to enlistment. His father was Superintendent Henry Grugeon (former Inspector of Police at Parramatta) and he was a brother of Mrs. George Ferris, of Pennant Hills Road, North Parramatta, New South Wales. He joined the 11 Field Artillery Brigade at Ashfield, New South Wales where his mother lived, and embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Borda' on 5 June 1916. He was killed in action at Flechin, France on the 18 September 1918, aged 26 years. He was buried in the Jeancourt Communal Cemetery Extension, France.

According to newspaper reports, the first night he spent in the trenches he had a narrow escape from death. *"He shifted, or was shifted, in his sleep, from one side of the trench to the other and in the morning he found that a large heavy stone had fallen in the trench (the result of an explosion) whilst he had been asleep, and right upon the spot where he had lain himself down in the beginning, of the night."* The report continued, *"The young man when he enlisted held a Government position, and was at the same time going through the University — thanks to the aid of several bursaries which he had creditably*

won — in a course of organic chemistry. Only a short time ago Mrs. Grugeon lost another son, Mr. Chas Grugeon. Our sympathy, with that of the rest of the community, goes out to the freshly bereaved relatives. Stephen Grugeon was engaged to a very popular Parramatta vocalist, with whom also very much sympathy is expressed."

C. W. Guyot - Service Number - 3768

Claude William Edward Guyot was a fitter (engineer) employed at Eveleigh Workshops prior to enlisting. His father was Major James Edward Guyot, of the Commonwealth Savings Bank, Church Street and Phillip Streets, Parramatta.

Born on the 23 August 1895, he was 19 years old when he enlisted in 3 Battalion of Parramatta at Holsworthy, New South Wales on the 24 August 1915. He embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Medic' on the 30 December 1915, one of the 1500 men travelling from Egypt to France with General Birdwood. He was killed in action during the attack on Pozieres, France sometime between the 22 and 27 July 1916, aged 20 years, a few months short of his 21 birthday. After the war his body was not located and he is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

David William Walter Hadlow - Service Number - 965849

David William Walter Hadlow, known as Ted, was born in England in 1883 and was the son of John and Catherine Phoebe Hadlow of 164 Powis Street, Woolwich, London, England. Around 1912, he emigrated to Australia and had been staying with his old friends Mr. and Mrs. Walter W. Edwards of 'Ivy Cottage', Harrow Road, Auburn, Sydney, New South Wales. He was a well-known and much esteemed member of the Methodist Church in Auburn and worked at Darling Harbour.

At the age of 33 years, he left for England in March 1916 to visit his family before enlisting with the British Imperial Forces as a gunner. After undergoing a period of training, he served with the Royal Field Artillery, D Battery, 235 Brigade, Regiment 1509 in France, where he took part in a number of battles. Sadly, while in the role as Acting Bombardier he was killed by a shell exploding in his dug-out on the 24 July 1917 in France. He was buried in La Clytte Military Cemetery, Heuvelland, Belgium.

George Haig - Service Number - 807

George Haig, a plumber by trade who lived in Auburn, New South Wales, played soccer for the Granville and District Football Association. He embarked from Sydney on the HMAT 'Beltana' on the 9 November 1915. By December 1915 he had disembarked at the Suez Canal in Egypt and within a few months had arrived in Marseilles, France, having joined the British Expeditionary Force. On the 24 July 1916 Haig was promoted to Sergeant.

Haig spent a period of time in hospital in March 1917 as he had fallen into a well where he had remained for some time. In June 1917 he left for Cambridge, England in order to attend No. 2 Officer's Cadet training. He returned to France in October of that year and on the 30 December 1917 was promoted to Lieutenant. In June 1918, Haig enjoyed 2 weeks leave in England, but once again returned to France in early July. On the 8 August 1918 George Haig was killed at the front in France and was buried at the Aubigny British Cemetery, Somme, France.

Ernest William Hall - Service Number - 4698

Ernest William Hall was born at Warren, New South Wales. He was a fireman prior to enlistment and he lived with his father Alfred Hall on Hall Street in Auburn, New South Wales. At the age of 33 years, he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 20 Battalion, 12 Reinforcements on the 21 December 1915 at Sydney. He embarked aboard HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 13 April 1916. After a period of training in England, he proceeded to France and taken on strength joined the 20 Battalion. Sadly, he was killed in action on the 15 November 1916 at Fleurs, France. He was buried in the Warlencourt British Cemetery, France.

Charles Hambling - Service Number - 3055

Charles Hambling, formerly a tile maker of Canley Vale, New South Wales was the son of Mr. George and Mrs. Rosalie Hambling, and brother of A. Hambling. He embarked from Sydney on board HMAT 'Warilda' on the 8 October 1915 and served with the 1 Battalion, 10 Reinforcement. He was tragically killed in action on the 5 November 1916 at Flers, France at the age of 22 years. He has no known grave but is remembered with honour at the Australian National Memorial at Villers-Bretonneux, France.

Clive Stanley Hamilton - Service Number - 1090

Clive Stanley Hamilton was employed as an engineer at Clyde Engineering Works when he decided to enlist, following his two brothers into service. He joined on the 7 November 1914 at Liverpool, New South Wales as a Private with the 13 Infantry Battalion. At that time, he was single and living at the Trongate Street, Granville, New South Wales. He was also a member of the Works Rifle Club and had won a gold medal in connection with the club some time ago. His parents were Charles J. and Harriet J. Hamilton nee Crispin and he was born in Moree in 1895. He was also the nephew of Reverend W. Pearson.

On the 22 December 1914, he embarked from Melbourne, Victoria aboard HMAT 'Ulysses' with his unit for Egypt. He participated in the Gallipoli campaign in Turkey before becoming ill and being taken to Malta Hospital from the 17 July 1915. After re-joining his troop at Ismailia, Egypt on the 15 January 1916, he was taken on strength and transferred to newly raised 45 Battalion. This battalion served in the trenches on the Western Front, fighting in many major battles in France and

Belgium. During his first major battle at Pozieres, France in August 1916, Hamilton suffered and survived a series wounds, the most serious being a gunshot wound to his head on the 8 August 1916, for which he was transferred to the 4 General Hospital in Camiers, France for 11 days. Sadly, he was killed in action in the field in Belgium on the 6 October 1916, aged 23 years. He was buried in the Ridge Wood Military Cemetery, Belgium.

Gordon Stanley Hamilton - Service Number - 3475

Gordon Stanley Hamilton, the son of John and Annie Hamilton, of Market Street, Cobram, Victoria was 24 years old when he enlisted with the 2 Battalion, 11 Reinforcements. He was a railway shunter employed at Clyde Railway Yards and enlisted at Granville, New South Wales. Hamilton embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Euripides' and while training at Tell-el-Kebir, he joined the 2 Battalion on the 5 February 1916. Later, he was taken on strength and transferred to 54 Battalion. On the 17 March 1916, he was transferred to 5 Division Artillery and posted to 56 Battery. He disembarked from Marseilles, France on the 30 June 1916 and was wounded in action and admitted to No. 8 Stationary Hospital, Wimereux, France on the 20 July 1916 suffering from a gunshot wound to his ankle. He was transferred to England, the 21 July 1916, and admitted to General Military Hospital, Colchester, England on the 22 July 1916.

He returned to France on the 1 December 1916 and was transferred to the 14 Field Artillery Brigade on the 24 January 1917 before being posted to 55 Battery on the 25 January 1917. Hamilton was killed in action on the 1 October 1917 at Passchendaele, Ypres, Belgium, aged 27 years. He is remembered on the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium.

Thomas Verran Hammond - Service Number - 406

Thomas Verran Hammond usually known as 'Tommie' was a well-known racing cyclist in the Granville district of New South Wales having 'scooped the pool' at Clyde Sports Day on Easter Monday, 1912 and in the 100-mile test race. Born in Paddington, New South Wales, Hammond was the pride and joy of his parents William C. and Mary E. Hammond of Clyde, New South Wales.

Prior to enlisting on the 22 August 1914 in Randwick, New South Wales, Hammond had worked as a riveter. He embarked with his unit, the 2 Infantry Battalion, D Company from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Suffolk' on the 18 October 1914. During the Gallipoli campaign in Turkey he was wounded in action

on the 11 June 1915 and transferred to hospital in Malta where he died aged 22 years on the 24 July 1915 after his leg was amputated in an attempt to save his life. He was buried in the Pieta Military Cemetery, Malta. Some of his letters while on active service were published in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate.*

James Hannah - Service Number - 1453
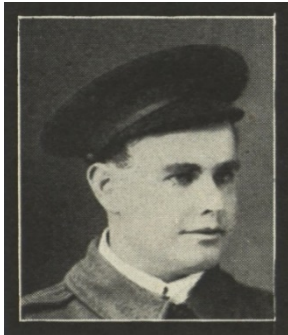
Born in Scotland, James Hannah, aged 28 years was working as a carpenter in Sydney, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 17 November 1914. He was a friend of Wilfred Doe who also enlisted. Hannah embarked on the 11 February 1915 as a Private of the 13 Australian Infantry Battalion, 3 Reinforcement at Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Seang Bee'. After arriving in Egypt, he became seriously ill with Influenza followed by enteric fever. He was hospitalised and then returned to Australia on the 5 September 1915.

Upon recovery, he re-joined the 13 Infantry Battalion, 14 Reinforcements and embarked from Sydney on the second occasion on the 16 February 1916 aboard the HMAT 'Ballarat'. Gaining a transfer to the 12 Field Engineers on the 14 April 1916 in France, he was promoted to Lance Corporal on the 29 July 1916. Sadly, he was killed in action between Pozieres and Mouquet Farm in France on the 13 August 1916. He has no known grave, but is remembered at the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France and Australian War Memorial Roll of Honour, Canberra.

David Whyte Hardie - Service Number - 121

Born in Aberdeen, Scotland, David Whyte Hardie was the son of James and Margaret Hardie. He was living at Ford Avenue, Guildford, New South Wales and employed as a dairyman at the time of his enlistment aged 22 years in the Australian Imperial Force on the 23 September 1915.

On the 1 May 1916, he embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Benalla' as Sergeant of the 35 Infantry Battalion. He was discharged from the 35 Battalion in consequence of being appointed to the commission of Second Lieutenant in the Royal Flying Corps 48 Squadron from the 16 March 1917. He was killed in action on the 18 November 1917 and was buried in Steenkerke Belgian Military Cemetery, Belgium.

Gilbert Harding - Service Number - 7356
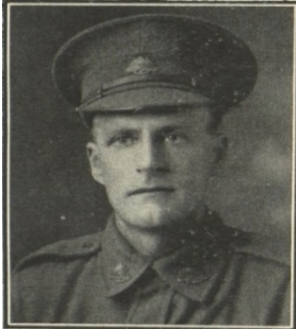
Gilbert Harding, born in Parramatta and employed as an orchardist, lived with his wife Edith in Wyong at the time of his enlistment aged 36 years on the 3 February 1917. He had previously worked as an attendant in a Hospital for the Insane. He served as part of the 3 Australian Infantry Battalion and sailed from Melbourne with his unit aboard HMAT 'Clan McGillivray' on the 10 May 1917. Harding was wounded in action on the 14 August 1918 in France and was admitted to the 3 Australian Field Ambulance suffering from shell wounds to his legs, arms and head. He died of his injuries on the 15 August 1918 and was buried at the Daours Communal Cemetery Extension in France. His name is remembered on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Oliver James Harmon - Service Number - 4791

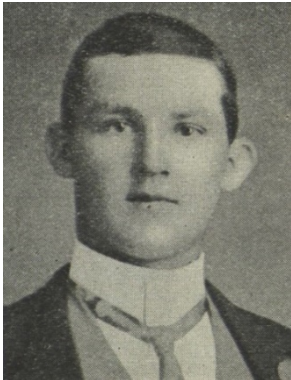Oliver James Harmon, the son of W. H. Harmon, Alfred Street, Granville, New South Wales joined the 4 Pioneer (later 13) Battalion on the 10 November 1915 as a Private. He worked as a boilermaker's helper prior to enlisting and embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Star of England' on the 8 March 1916. He was killed in action at Pozieres, France on the 6 August 1916, aged 31 years. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Herbert Thomas Harris - Service Number - 736

Herbert Thomas Harris was taken on strength in Gallipoli, Turkey in May 1915, and was subsequently wounded in action on the 19 May. After leaving hospital he disembarked in Alexandria, Egypt. After being slightly wounded in July of that year he had several admissions to hospital with rheumatism and influenza. Harris embarked for the British Expeditionary Force in Alexandria in March 1916. On the 28 July 1916 Herbert Harris was killed in action in Pozieres, France. He has no known grave but his sacrifice is remembered on the Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

William Henry Harris - Service Number - 3815
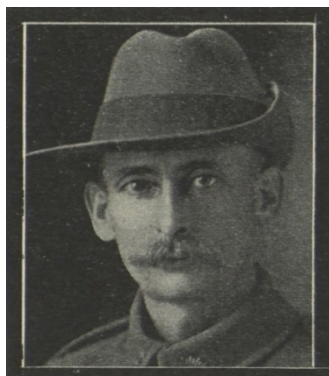
William Henry Harris was born at Balmain, New South Wales and lived with his wife Mrs. Denah Harris and children at Park Road, Auburn. He worked as a railway shunter prior to enlistment. At the age of 35 years, he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 2 Infantry Battalion, 12 Reinforcements on the 1 October 1915 at Holsworthy, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Medic' on the 30 December 1915. He joined the 1 Australian Base Depot on the 25 May 1916. Sadly, he was killed in action at Pozieres, France on the 23 July 1916, aged 36 years and was buried in the Serre Road Cemetery No 2, Hebuterne, France.

Thomas Harrison - Service Number - 3325

Thomas Harrison was a 22-year-old boiler's assistant working for the Clyde Engineering Company, Granville, New South Wales and was a prominent member of the Liverpool Bicycle Club. He was the eldest son of Mrs. Sophia Jessie Harrison and Mr Thomas Harrison, an engine driver in the railway department living in Erskineville, but was formerly a well-known resident of Liverpool, New South Wales.

Harrison was the elder brother of Mrs. James Kelly, of Terminus Street, Liverpool and enlisted on the 6 September 1915 and was assigned the rank of Private with the 4 Infantry Battalion, 11 Reinforcements. He embarked with his unit from Sydney on the 13 October 1915 and was taken on strength into the 53 Battalion in Tell-el-Kebir, Egypt on the 16 February 1916.

Wounded in action on the 19 July 1916 while serving in France, he suffered a gunshot wound to the left thigh and right forearm and was transferred to the War Hospital in Epsom, England, from France on the 22 July 1916, for immediate treatment.

Sadly, he died of his wounds on the 28 July 1916 aged 22 years and was buried in the Epsom Cemetery, Epsom, Surrey, England. His name is inscribed in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra and he was posthumously awarded the Star Medal, British War Medal and Victory Medal for his service.

Cecil Raymond Harvey - Service Number - 16545

Cecil Raymond Harvey was the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. William Harvey of Pennant Hills, New South Wales. He worked as a carter prior to enlistment at the age of 25 years, joining the 7 Field Company Engineers as a Sapper on the 16 October 1916 in Sydney, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Orsova' on the 2 December 1916. He was killed in action in Belgium on the 28 October 1917, aged 26 years. He was buried at Hooge Crater Cemetery, Passchendaele, Belgium.

Edward James Harvey - Service Number - 5124

Edward James Harvey, was unmarried and working as a wood machinist when he enlisted on the 4 January 1916 at the age of 20 years. He lived in Macquarie Street, Parramatta and served as part of the 56 Australian Infantry Battalion sailing from Sydney aboard the SS 'Makarini' on the 1 April 1916. He served in France and Tell-el-Kebir, Egypt, and was repatriated to England for treatment for his injuries. On the 30 March 1917 he was admitted to hospital with a severed foot and was again badly wounded in action in France on the 29 September 1917, on this occasion suffering a gunshot wound to the spine. Harvey died as a result of his injuries on the 17 October 1917 in England at the age of 22 years. He was buried in Brookwood Military Cemetery, Surrey, England. His name is remembered on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Leslie Ambrose Harvey - Service Number - 5380

Leslie Ambrose Harvey was only 21 years old when he made the ultimate sacrifice for his country when he was killed in action in France on the 2 April 1917. The son of Thomas Patrick and Margaret M. Harvey, of 33 Lombard Street, Glebe Point, New South Wales. He was a 'well-known lad about Parramatta, and the nephew of Mr and Mrs J. Wolf of Allen-Street, Granville', New South Wales. Harvey enlisted on the 10 January 1916 in Liverpool, New South Wales as part of the 17 Reinforcements, 3 Australian Infantry Battalion as a Private. He had three years' pre-war service in the junior cadets 29 Infantry and was employed as a clerk at Anthony Hordern and Sons, one of Sydney's biggest retail companies at the time, prior to enlistment.

On the 13 April 1916, he embarked at Sydney aboard HMAT 'Ceramic'. On the 3 August 1916, he joined the 55 Battalion in Egypt and on the 1 September 1916 he transferred to the 60 Battalion in France. Sadly, during the battle at Doignies, France on the 2 April 1917 he was killed instantly by a machine gun bullet. His body was later buried at Lebucquiere Communal Cemetery Extension, Lebucquiere, Arras, Nord Pas de Calais, France. This portrait is one of a number displayed on a photo montage Honour Board made for the department store Anthony Hordern and Sons Ltd, Sydney by the returned soldier and sailor employees of the company. It commemorated 46 of the company's 48 employees who died as a result of their service in the First World War.

William George Harvey - Service Number - 6280
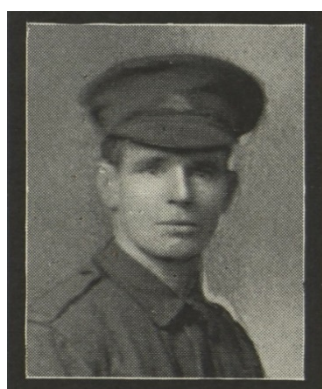
William George Harvey, aged 36 years worked as a labourer and lived in Hurstville, New South Wales lived with his wife when he enlisted as a Private on the 25 April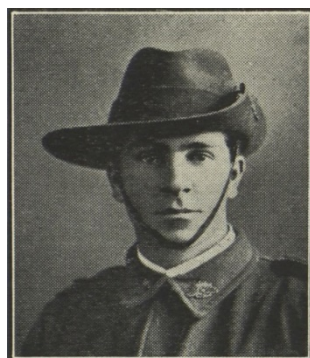 1916. He became part of the 2 Battalion, 20 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Euripides' on the 9 September 1916. Private Harvey died of wounds received while fighting in Aston, France on the 5 May 1917. He was buried at the Grevillers British Cemetery, France.

William George Hatton - Service Number - 4443

William George Hatton was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hatton and was born at Mudgee, New South Wales. Prior to enlistment, he was a furnace man at Henry Vale and Sons Engineering Works, Auburn, New South Wales and was living with his parents at Queen Street, Auburn. After his enlistment, his parents moved to New Road, Lithgow, New South Wales. At the age of 24 years he joined Australian Imperial Force, 17 Infantry Battalion, 11 Reinforcements on the 3 January 1916 at Sydney.

Hatton embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Nestor' on the 9 April 1916. He was attached to the 17 Battalion, 2 Australian Division Base Depot on the 15 September 1916. On the 11 November 1916, he was admitted to hospital suffering from trench feet. He was given a chance to return home, but he declined the offer as he knew there were a lot of married men who had been on active service longer than he and who, should be given the first chance. Not long afterwards, he returned to the front line. Sadly, after two and half years of active service he was killed in action

near Villers-Bretonneux, France on the 1 July 1918, aged 26 years. He was buried in the Crucifix Corner Cemetery, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

Roy Hawkins - Service Number - 4476

Roy Hawkins was born at Terrible Vale, Kentucky, New South Wales, the youngest son of Alfred and Caroline Hawkins, of Guildford, New South Wales and brother of T. H. Hawkins of Fairfield, F. J. Hawkins of St. John's Park, Arthur Hawkins of 'Linden', Guildford Road, South Granville and Ernest Hawkins of the 18 Australian Infantry Battalion. Hawkins had a dark complexion, brown eyes and hair, and stood 5 feet and 6 inches tall. He was employed as a railway worker when he volunteered to join the Australian Imperial Force on the 23 August 1915 aged 23 years.

Hawkins departed for France from Sydney aboard the RMS 'Osterley' as a Private with the 3 Infantry Battalion, 14 Reinforcements on the 15 January 1916. Taken on strength, he was transferred to the 3 Australian Infantry Battalion from spares on the 8 June 1916. He was first wounded in action on the 29 January 1917 when he received gunshot wounds to his left foot and right thigh which led to his transferral to England for treatment.

While in England on the 28 April 1917, he was assigned to the 63 Battalion. He returned to France on the 9 October 1917 to re-join the 3 Battalion on the 3 February 1918. Sadly, he was killed in action on the 9 August 1918 in the Somme, France. He has no known grave but his service is remembered on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France and on the Australian War Memorial Roll of Honour, Canberra. His brother Private Ernest Hawkins was also killed in action on the 2 September 1918.

Herbert Ernest Haydon - Service Number - 3315
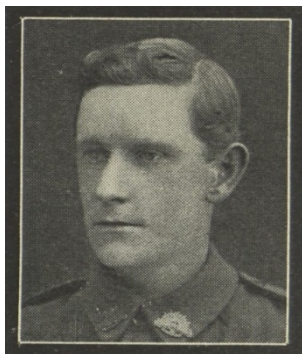
Herbert Ernest Haydon, a printer by trade aged 22 years, who lived with his father Mr. Henry Haydon in Drew Street, Parramatta enlisted on the 20 August 1915. He was the brother of Mrs. Edith Sygrave and served with the 55 Australian Infantry Battalion. He embarked with his unit aboard HMAT 'Euripides' sailing from Sydney on the 2 November 1915. He was taken on strength into the 55 Battalion on the 13 February 1916. He died of cerebral spinal fever on the 9 February 1917 in England and was buried on the 13 February 1917 at Kensal Green Cemetery, London, England. His name is remembered on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Francis Henry Haylen - Service Number - Unknown

Lieutenant Francis Henry Haylen enlisted on the 15 September 1915. He was a 23 year old, single man, working as a clerk. His father was Thomas Haylen and his mother was Catherine Haylen of Benalong Road, Wentworthville. He was the brother of Mrs Frances Brown. He served as part of the 2 Australian Infantry Battalion. He embarked aboard the SS Port Nicholson from Sydney on the 8 November 1916. He was taken on strength on the 10 May 1917 and promoted to Lieutenant on the 24 August 1917. He was killed in action in Belgium on the 21 September 1917 at the age of 25. He was buried in Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Flanders, Belgium. His name is located on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial at number 32 in the Commemorative Area.

Arthur C. Hazel - Service Number - 4102

Private (later Sergeant) Arthur Chrispin Hazel, 3 Battalion of Granville, New South Wales was an iron merchant prior to enlisting and he embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Medic' on the 30 December 1915. He was 24 years and 5 months of age and was the only surviving son of Sarah Hazel (nee Bates) and the late John Chrispen of 'Coo-ee', Elizabeth Street, Granville, New South Wales. Nine years earlier in 1906, his older brother Ernest Hazel died in a fatal horse riding accident near Gundagai, New South Wales.

He was wounded in action near Strazeele, France on the 22 June 1918 and died on the 27 June 1918 at the 2 Australian Casualty Clearing Station, France, aged 27 years. He was buried in the Longuenesse) Souvenir Cemetery, Longuenesse, France.

The following poem was inserted in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* by his friends G. Whitworth and W. Nobel, Blaxcell Street, Granville, New South Wales:

A soldier, yes, a hero too.
He player a man's part through and through.
His actions speak though his voice is still.
Forget him, no, we never will.

William Arthur Head - Service Number - 169
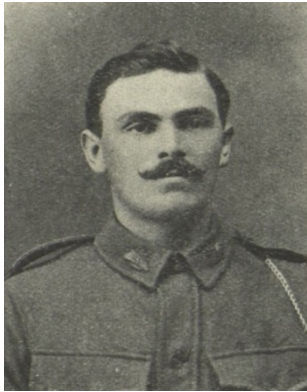
William Arthur Head, aged 25 years was born in Bristol, England and was working as a hospital attendant in North Parramatta when he enlisted on the 17 August 1914. At that time, his father was already deceased and his mother was still living in Bristol. Other members of his family were scattered across the world. He had an older brother named Harry living in Cape Town, South Africa, another brother, Alan in Canterbury, New South Wales, and a sister in Bristol, England. His brother Alan served as a soldier in the 17 Battalion for four years. William Head served as part of the 4 Australian Infantry Battalion embarking on the HMAT 'Euripides' which sailed from Sydney on the 20 October 1914. Head was killed in action in Gallipoli, Dardanelles, Turkey, on the 3 May 1915. He was buried at the Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey. His name is remembered on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial at number 40 in the Commemorative Area.

Myrtle James Healy - Service Number - 17148

Myrtle James Healy was a 24-year-old hospital attendant when he enlisted on the 17 January 1916. He was assigned as a Gunner with the 11 Field Artillery Brigade, 3 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Borda' on the 5 June 1916. While in Chateau Woods, near Ypres, France, he was killed when the bunker he was in was directly hit by shell fire. He was buried at the Hooge Crater Cemetery, Zillebeke, Belgium and is remembered at Smithfield Cemetery, Smithfield, New South Wales.

William Heard - Service Number - 2654

William Heard was born at Devonshire, England. His mother passed away when he was just a few months old and he was adopted by his aunt, Mrs. Elizabeth Moyse of 'Kingston', Auburn Road, Auburn, New South Wales. He was a wood machinist prior to enlisting and at the age of 21 years he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 45 Infantry Battalion 6 Reinforcements as a Private on the 21 February 1916 at Bathurst, New South Wales. He embarked with his unit from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 7 October 1916.

On the 11 December 1916, he was reported as absent without leave and was penalised for his crime. By the 18 January 1917, he was attached to the 45 Battalion in France which was in reserve for the 4 Division until June 1917 when they were heavily engaged in the battle of Messines, Belgium. During this combat, Private Heard was initially reported as missing, however it was later discovered that he had been killed in action on the flat near Messines Ridge, Belgium on the 7 June 1917. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium.

Ernest Frederick Hearne - Service Number - 6516

Ernest Hearne aged 17 and half years, was a labourer by occupation and the second son of Mr. and Mrs. Hearne of Pitt Street, Parramatta when he followed his brother into the war at the time of his enlistment on the 11 May 1916. The fate of the three brothers was reported in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* on the 15 December 1917:

"BRAVE BROTHERS THREE"

"Mrs. G. Hearne, of Inkerman Street, Parramatta, has been notified that her son, Bugler E. F. Hearne, of the 2nd Batt., was killed in action in France on 1st November. This young soldier was only 17½ when he enlisted on Anzac Day, 1916, and sailed for England in October of the same year. He was only 18 when he arrived in England, and the authorities would not let him go into the firing line till he was 19. He was put on home defence, but he asked to be sent to France, and went across as orderly bugler at headquarters. He was 19 in October this year. He must have been sent straight into action, as he was killed within a few weeks of his birthday. An elder brother, Private Will Hearne, of the 20th Battalion, who enlisted in March, 1915, and went through part of Gallipoli and the evacuation, was in England recovering from wounds received in France in March of 1917. A younger brother of the deceased soldier, although only 18, has tried three times to enlist in the A.I.F., but has been turned down on account of his age. He was in the Military Guard at the Concentration Camp waiting till he could be sent on active service".

George Thomas Hemsley - Service Number - 6163

George Thomas Hemsley, a farmer who lived in Pennant Street, Parramatta embarked aboard the HMAT 'Argyllshire' on the 31 October 1916 joining the 23 Battalion. He was killed in action at Passchendaele, Belgium on the 9 October 1917, aged 20. He is buried in the Tyne Cot Cemetery, Belgium.

The following letter that appeared in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* made reference to the death of Private G. T. Hemsley. Rumours were circulating that he was not dead, and his mother was anxious that something should be published to confirm the first message of his being killed in action: —

"France, 13/3/18. Dear Mrs. Hemsley, — Just a short note in reply to yours of the 23rd December, in order to tell you that Capt. Hinchcliffe read your letter and has answered your enquiries very fully. 'Briefly, he told you the following particulars: — That your boy was not knocked about much, but that the place was so hot that they were not able to get anything of him, but had to bury him as quickly as possible. His grave is on the Broodseinde Ridge. It was marked by a cross, but there is not much probability of that cross being there now or of the grave being recognisable, owing to the heavy shelling it is always subjected to. I did not tell you of this in my previous letter, as I desired to spare your feelings, but you have asked me for the whole circumstances, saying that you can now bear to hear them. I am very sorry to have to disabuse your mind of the hope that a mistake was made. Unfortunately, his death is too certain for that. I trust that your heart has found comfort in this, and that you are looking forward to meeting your boy above".

Thomas Elias Herford - Service Number - 70
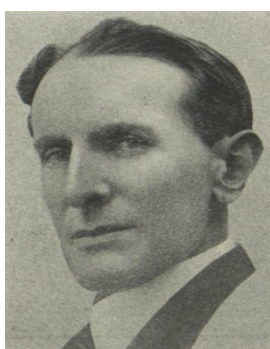
Thomas Elias Herford, usually known as Tom, was a 35-year-old shopman when he enlisted on the 17 August 1914. He named his mother Mrs. Henrietta Naish as next of kin and embarked for service overseas from Sydney, New South Wales on the 18 October 1914 aboard the HMAT 'Afric' to serve with the 1 Infantry Battalion as a Private. Herford was wounded in the Dardanelles, Turkey and tragically died of his wounds on the 7 October 1915 in King George's Hospital, London, England. He was buried in the Nunhead (All Saints) Cemetery, London, England.

Herford was awarded the Star, British War Medal and Victory Medal. His war service records show that after his death it was ascertained that he was married to Emily Herford who lived in Balmain, New South Wales. His Medals and a Memorial Plaque and Memorial Scroll which had been sent to his mother were

organised to be returned and sent to his widow Emily. Private Herford's name is located on the Australian War Memorial Roll of Honour, Canberra.

Percy James Hesselwood - Service Number - 6330

Percy James Hesselwood, who worked as an engine driver with Ammonia Works, Clyde, New South Wales, enlisted on the 30 October 1916 and was assigned to the 19 Battalion of South Granville, New South Wales at the age of almost 22 years. At that time, he was married to Florence Beatrice Gregory, care of Mrs. Gregory, 'Westbrook', South Granville. Hesselwood was born in England and had only been in New South Wales for four years when he enlisted. He was also a boxer of some note having fought and defeated Sid Godfrey at the Sydney Stadium, and on a back trip to England he won an all comers' boxing contest amongst the troops for lightweights, the first prize being £5.

Hesselwood embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Suevic' on the 11 November 1916. He was killed in action by sniper fire at Daisy Wood near Passchendaele, Belgium on the 9 October 1917. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Ypres (Menin Gate) Memorial, Belgium. In the last letter received by his wife which was dated the 27 September, he stated that he was resting for a short period and was otherwise in the best of health. Hesselwood's wife Florence subsequently remarried Frederick C. Hoskins in 1923.

William Stanley Hewett - Service Number - 6537

William Stanley Hewett was born in Auburn, New South Wales and was the second son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred George Hewett of Auburn Road, Auburn. He was a locomotive fireman prior to enlistment. At the age of 24 years, he joined the Australian Imperial Force 13 Infantry Battalion, 21 Reinforcements on the 11 July 1916. He embarked with his unit from Sydney on HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 7 October 1916. Taken on strength he joined the 13 Infantry Battalion on the 2 January 1917. On the 4 February, he was admitted to hospital suffering from bronchitis. Then on the 22 June, he lost his allocated helmet and had to forfeit the value for the loss. By the 1 November, he was promoted to the rank of Corporal.

Sadly, he was killed in action on the 6 August 1918 in France, aged 27 years and was buried in the Adelaide Cemetery, Villers-Bretonneux, France. Reportedly Corporal Hewett was wearing a coat with four stripes indicating the number of years of service which was possibly borrowed as he was only in his third year of service when he was killed.

Thomas Cotgrave Hewitt - Service Number - Unknown

Thomas Cotgrave Hewitt, aged 33 years enlisted on the 17 April 1915 and became part of the 26 Battalion, A Company. He embarked as a Captain with his unit from Brisbane, Queensland, on board HMAT 'Ascanius' on the 24 May 1915. He served in France and on the 29 July 1916 at Pozieres, Captain Hewitt was leading his men over the front towards the wire. He bravely moved forward to wait for his men and was struck down by a bullet in the head. He has no know grave but his sacrifice is remembered on the Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

Alexander Hickin - Service Number - 3786

Alexander Hickin sometimes spelt Hicken, was born in Auburn, New South Wales in 1892, the youngest surviving son of John Hickin and Jane, nee Sinclair. At the age of 23 years and almost a year after the death of his father he enlisted on the 15 August 1915 at Holsworthy, New South Wales. At that time, he was staying in the family home with his sister Mrs. Emily Galloway, at Graham Street, Auburn.

A labourer prior to enlisting, he embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Medic' on the 30 December 1915 with the 3 Infantry Battalion, Reinforcement 12. He saw action in Egypt, France and the Western Front. Sadly, he was killed in action near La Boiselle, France on the 21 July 1916, aged 24 years. The *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* reported his death. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Villers- Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Edward George Hickson - Service Number - Unknown

Edward George Hickson was the youngest of three brothers who volunteered for active service. Before enlisting, he was employed at Arnotts Pty Ltd, a biscuit manufacturer located in Homebush, New South Wales. He embarked on the 24 January 1917 as a Private with the 53 Battalion, 9 Reinforcement. The death of Edward George Hickson was reported in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* on Saturday the 25 May 1918. He had died on the 27 April 1918, and was buried in Villers Bretonneux Military Cemetery, France.

Thomas Edward Hilder - Service Number - 1813

Thomas Edward Hilder, who worked as an accountant, enlisted for service on the 15 June 1915 at the age of 21 years. He had a dark complexion, brown eyes and black hair and named his mother Eliza Naomi Hilder as his next of kin. He embarked for service overseas on the 19 June 1915 with the rank of Private to serve with 20 Infantry Battalion and then later 56 Infantry Battalion.

In August 1916 he was appointed Lance Corporal. Sadly, Hilder died of pneumonia on the 14 November 1916, aged 22 years. He was buried in St. Sever Cemetery Extension in Rouen, France. He was awarded the Star, British War Medal and Victory Medal and together with a Memorial Plaque and Memorial Scroll these awards were given to his father Mr. Thomas Hilder. Private Thomas Hilder's name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Ernest Hill - Service Number - M2/077163

Ernest Hill was the son of the late Charles Gillman Hill, of Gloucester, England, and the brother of Mrs. E. Gamble, of 'Mark Lodge', Fairfield, New South Wales. He sailed for England on the 13 February 1915 aboard HMAT 'Osterley'. He joined the Mechanical Transport, British Expeditionary Force a fortnight after his arrival, attaining the rank of Sergeant. He married Lilian Mabel Hill, of 11 Catherine Street, Gloucester, England on the 13 January 1918 but sadly, he was killed in action on the 26 February 1918, aged 41 years. He was buried at Wimereux Communal Cemetery, France.

Robert Alexander Hill - Service Number - 5106
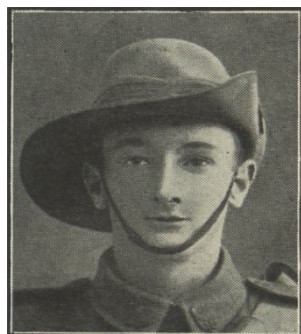
Robert Alexander Hill was born in Newtown, New South Wales and as a child had attended Merrylands Public School. At the time of his enlistment on the 13 December 1915 he was an 18-year-old labourer and living with his mother Martha and father Herbert Arthur Hill at Robinson Street, Guildford, New South Wales.

On the 31 March 1916, he embarked from Sydney as a Private with the 13 Infantry Battalion, 16 Reinforcement aboard the HMAT 'Star of Victoria'. He was taken prisoner of war on the 11 April 1917 at Reserve Lazarett, Verden,

Germany and died of wounds whilst interned on the 25 April 1917 at the age of 19 years. He was buried at Hamburg Cemetery, Ohlsdorf, Germany.

Andrew John Hillier - Service Number - 1659
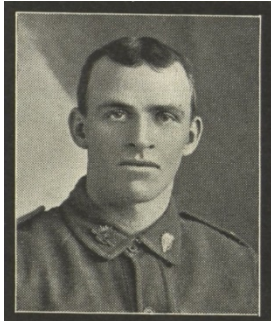
Andrew John Hillier was a 22-year-old boiler-maker's assistant when he enlisted on the 28 March 1916. He lived in Jessie Street, Westmead, New South Wales with his mother Margaret Hillier. Prior to enlisting he had served with the Parramatta Lancers, Light Horse for three and a half years. Hillier arrived in Belgium in November 1916 and was killed in action on the 10 June 1917. He received a posthumous Victory Medal the 19 March 1923.

John Benedict Hoban - Service Number - 3122

John Benedict Hoban was born at Maitland, New South Wales and was the son of Mrs. Mary Elizabeth of Rawson Street, Auburn, New South Wales. He worked as a clerk prior to enlistment and at the age of 29 years joined Australian Imperial Force, 5 Infantry Brigade 19 Battalion 7 Reinforcements on the 2 August 1915 at Holsworthy, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Suevic' on the 20 December 1915.

After attaining the rank of Acting Sergeant, he reverted to Private on the 25 November 1916. He was taken on strength with the 19 Battalion on the 9 December 1916. Previously reported wounded in action he was later found to have been killed in action by a sniper near Fleurs, France on the 24 December 1916, aged 29 years. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Rupert Richard Hockley - Service Number - 4811

Rupert Richard Hockley, the eldest of the four children of Ephraim and Elizabeth Hockley of the Dundas/Carlingford area was 22 years old and working as a labourer when he enlisted with the rank of Private. He embarked for France via Egypt aboard the HMAT 'Star of England' on the 8 March 1916.

Hockley participated in frontline action from the 29 June 1916. He was wounded and died of his injuries on the 31 July 1916. He was buried in the British Cemetery at Croix-de-bac Armentieres, Lille,

France. His service is remembered on the Australia War Memorial Roll of Honour, Canberra. A Memorial Scroll and Plaque were sent to his parents.

Arthur John Hodges - Service Number - 1025
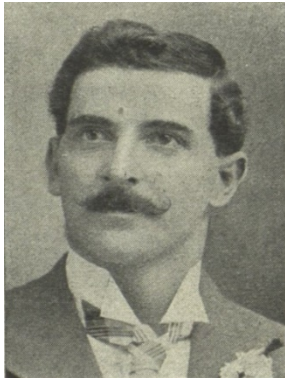
Arthur John Hodges was one of the first to volunteer his services, enlisting on the 17 September 1914. He was the brother of Mr. W. A. Hodges of Fairfield West, New South Wales and although he enlisted as a Private in Perth, Western Australia he was born in Parramatta. Hodges served in the 11 Infantry Battalion, F Compay and was killed in action at Gallipoli on the 2 May 1915.

Henry Hodgkinson - Service Number - 4797

Henry Hodgkinson was born at Alexandria, New South Wales and worked as a grocer's assistant prior to enlisting. He lived with his wife Vera and two children, Ida and Charles at Manchester Road, later Cardigan Street, Auburn. At the age of 26 years he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 1 Infantry Battalion 15 Reinforcements on the 14 August 1915 at Holsworthy, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Star of England' on the 8 March 1916. Hodgkinson was taken on strength of 53 Battalion on the 21 April 1916. He was wounded in action in France and was admitted to the 3 London General Hospitals with a gunshot wound to his thigh on the 28 July 1916. He was absent from parade during active service and awarded a penalty for his crime. He was promoted from Private to Driver on the 28 July 1917. Sadly, he was killed in action near Amiens, France on the 24 April 1918, aged 28 years. He was buried in the Daours Communal Cemetery Extension, France.

Francis Edward Hoggard - Service Number - 1961

Francis Edward Hoggard was born in 1887 in Wilberfoss, Yorkshire, England, the son of William and Ann Hoggard. He arrived in Australia at the age of 22 years, and prior to his enlistment as a Private with the 4 Battalion, 5 Reinforcement on the 15 January 1915, he had worked a carter. Hoggard departed Australia with his unit from Sydney on the 13 April 1915. He was wounded in action, and died as a result of his injuries on the 7 August 1915 at Gallipoli, Turkey. He was buried at the Beach Cemetery, ANZAC Cove, Gallipoli.

John Charles (Jack) Holding - Service Number - 6117
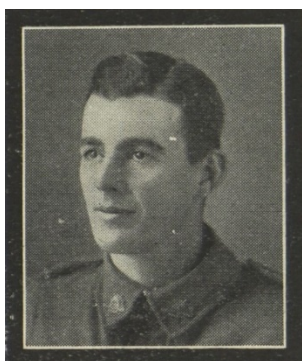
In October 1917, Mrs. Wain, of Ross Street, Parramatta North, New South Wales received news that her nephew, Private John Holding was killed in action in France on the 20 September 1917. He lived with Mr. and Mrs. Wain before his marriage to Miss Edith Fuller (Mr. Wain's niece) on the 21 October 1916 and left for the front four days later. He was wounded with shrapnel on the 4 May 1916 after having been in the trenches for no more than one hour. It is believed that he served at the front for only three days before losing his life.

Clifford Dawson Holliday - Service Number - 4801

Clifford Dawson Holliday, born in 1895 in Kogarah, New South Wales, was the son of Reverend Andrew Holliday and his wife of William Street, Hornsby. Prior to his enlistment on the 31 August 1915 at the age of 20 years, he was an undergraduate student at Sydney University, where he was a member of the Sydney University Scouts.

Holliday embarked with his unit, the 2 Battalion, 15 Reinforcement from Sydney on the 8 March 1916. During his service, he served in Egypt, and on the Western Front attaining the rank of Corporal. He was presumed killed in action on the 20 July 1916 and was buried at the Pheasant Wood Military Cemetery, Fromelles, France.

John Albert Hookham - Service Number - 1769
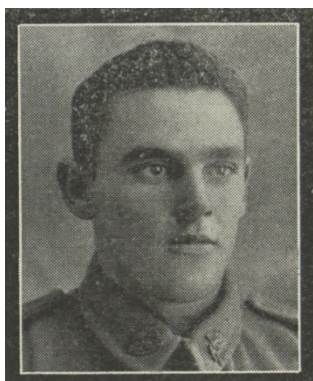
John Albert Hookham was born in 1892 in Sydney, New South Wales to Alfred and Emma Hookham. Prior to his enlistment on the 11 January 1915 at the age of 22 years, he was a plasterer by trade living with his parents at Peats Ferry Road, Hornsby, New South Wales. He embarked with his unit, the 4 Battalion, 4 Reinforcement in Sydney on the 17 March 1915. During his service, he served in Egypt, Gallipoli, and the Western Front, and attained the rank of Corporal. He died of his wounds on the 2 March 1917 at Bapaume, The Somme, France and was buried at Warlencourt British Cemetery, France.

Alex Hood - Service Number - 3607
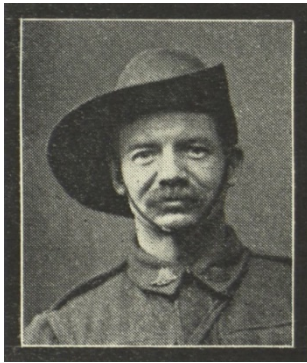
Alexander Hood of the 4 Australian Tunnelling Company and later 1 Australian Tunnelling Company enlisted in Bathurst, New South Wales at the age of 42 years. Originally born in West Calder, Scotland, Hood was married to Mrs. Edith Hood of 'Strachur', Rochester Street, Homebush. The couple had a large family of eight children.

A contractor prior to enlisting, he embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Warilda' on the 22 May 1916. He was killed in action, aged 43 years when a shell hit the cook house near the Ypres-Menin Road in Belgium on the 31 October 1917. He was buried in the Menin Road South Military Cemetery, Belgium.

Colin Ferguson Hood - Service Number - 4210

Colin Ferguson Hood was born at Joadja Creek, New South Wales and was the sixth son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hood of Edgar Street, Auburn, New South Wales. He was a carriage builder by trade prior to enlisting and was lived with his mother Mrs. Agnes Hood at Gordon Road, Auburn. At the age of 23 years he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 3 Infantry Battalion, 13 Reinforcements on the 13 September 1915 at the Holsworthy Camp, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Aeneas' on the 30 December 1915 attached to the 2 Battalion.

Hood proceeded to Egypt and then to France on the 22 March 1916. From the 22 to the 24 July 1916, he was reported as missing but it was later discovered that Private Hood had been killed in action aged 24 years near Pozieres, France on the 24 July 1916 when a shell burst and buried him in a bunker. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

James Horam - Service Number - 3068
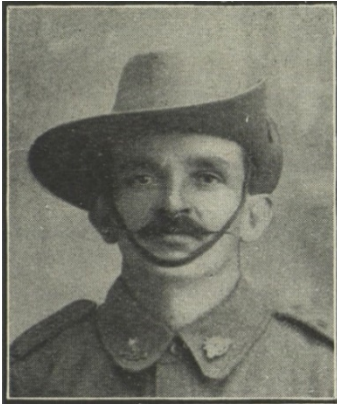
James Horam was married and a builder who lived in Lidcombe New South Wales when he enlisted in July 1915. He joined the 13 Battalion, 10 Reinforcement as a Corporal and this unit embarked from Sydney on the 6 September 1915. Horam was reported missing around Mouquet Farm in Pozieres, France on the 14 August 1916. It was later confirmed that he had been killed in action. He is remembered at the Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

William Horsman - Service Number - 6516

In 1918, Mrs. Horsman, of 'Kiwi,' Manchester Road, Auburn, received word that her husband, Private William Horsman, was killed in action on the 30 May. He was 42 years of age, a native of England, and prior to enlisting worked at Richmond, New South Wales. He was attached to the 1 Battalion, and left for the front on the 7 October 1916. The *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* reported that *"being an Englishman he was anxious to do his part in the war and offered his services nine times before being accepted."* He was killed in action, in France on the 30 May 1918.

Henry Ernest Horton - Service Number - 2153
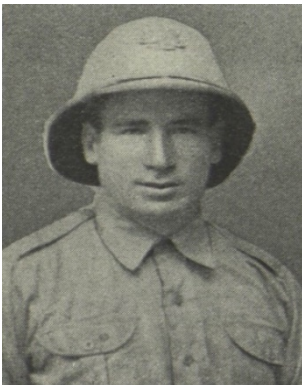
Prior to enlisting in July 1915 with the 4 Reinforcements, 19 Australian Infantry Battalion, Private Henry Ernest Horton was living with Mr. H. P. Keppie in Auburn and was a carpenter by trade who was engaged in building and construction around the district. When word was received that he had been killed somewhere in France on the 29 May 1916, Horton was only 25 years of age. He was buried in the Brewery Orchard Cemetery, Bois Grenier, France. His next of kin was listed as his brother John, however John died about the same time as Henry Ernest was killed in France and so his medals and personal effects were sent to his nephew, Henry Ernest Horton of Thirroul, New South Wales.

Vivian Gordon Hosking - Service Number - 4714
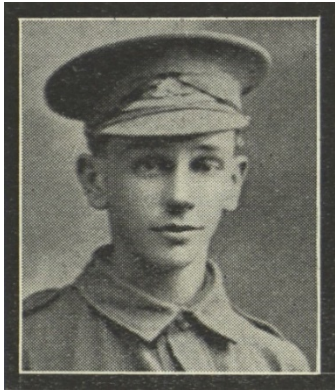
Vivian Gordon Hosking of Burwood, New South Wales worked as a clerk prior to enlisting for active service and embarked from Sydney with the rank of Private on the 13 April 1916 with the 19 Australian Infantry Battalion. Hosking returned to Australia on the 14 January 1917 due to illness. Sadly, he died in Caulfield Military Hospital, Melbourne, Victoria on the 10 March 1917, aged 20 years. He was buried in the Coburg General Cemetery, Melbourne, Victoria.

Andrew Duncan Hotchkiss - Service Number - 4486

Andrew Duncan Hotchkiss usually known as Andy, was only a 19-year-old bank clerk living in 'Bronte', Cowper Street, Granville, New South Wales when he decided to join on the 24 September 1915 in Holsworthy, New South Wales. He was the second son of John and Margaret Hotchkiss and was a former student at Granville Technical School. He excelled in arithmetic and mensuration.

He embarked from Sydney with the 14 Reinforcements of the 3 Infantry Battalion on the 15 January 1916 aboard RMS 'Osterley'. Prior to embarkation Mr. John Nobbs of the Granville Citizen Patriotic Committee presented him with a wristlet watch. Sadly, he was killed in action near Albert, France on the 17 August 1916, aged 20 years and his memory is commemorated on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France as well as the Granville Technical College Roll of Honour. His enlistment papers incorrectly record his surname as Hotchkies.

## Eric John Howard - Service Number - 2949

Eric John Howard, who worked as a fireman prior to enlistment, was the son of Sidney Howard of Seven Hills, New South Wales. He embarked on the 14 March 1916 at the age of 22 years with the 1 Pioneer Battalion on board the HMAT 'Anchises'. Sadly, he died of wounds received in action on 24 July 1916 and was buried at Puchevillers British Cemetery, France.

David Howarth - Service Number - 2412

David Howarth was 21 years old when he enlisted in March 1916. He lived in Lidcombe, New South Wales and he became part of the 56 Battalion, 5 Reinforcement with the rank of Private and his unit embarked from Sydney on the 30 September 1916. On the 26 of September 1917 at Polygon Wood in Belgium he was killed in action and he was buried in the field. Howarth is remembered on The Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium.

Albert Amos Howes - Service Number - 4204
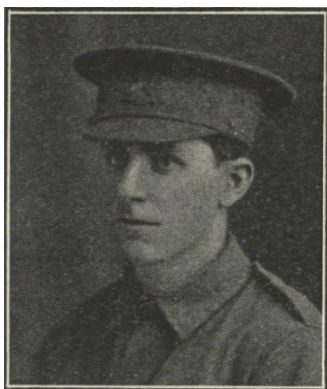
At the age of 22 years and working as a machinist with Clyde Engineering Company, Granville, New South Wales Albert Amos Howes enlisted with the rank of Private on the 11 August 1915. At that time, he was living at home with his parents Arthur and Sarah Howes at Stuart Street, Granville, New South Wales.

He was part of the 13 Reinforcements of the 13 Infantry Battalion, A Company and embarked aboard HMAT 'Aeneas' in Sydney, New South Wales on the 20 December 1915. He was initially reported missing before it was confirmed that Howes had been killed in action at Mouquet Farm, France, on the 29 August 1916. He was 24 years old and was buried in the Australian Imperial Forces Burial Ground, Flers, France.

Archibald James Howlison - Service Number - 724

Archibald James Howlison was born in Double Bay, New South Wales and worked as a painter. When he enlisted, he was living in Hornsby, New South Wales and his father, Archibald Howlison, had died. His mother, Louisa Provest, had remarried a Mr. H. Provest. On the 19 May 1915, Howlison enlisted in the Australian Imperial Force in Liverpool, New South Wales aged 26 years. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Ceramic' with the 19 Infantry Battalion, B Company on the 25 June 1915.

Howlison's tour of duty extended from August 1915 to November 1916. Over that time, he was stationed at Gallipoli, Turkey and then in France. Private Howlison was wounded at Gallipoli in October 1915 then hospitalised on the island of Mudros, Greece before being transferred to a hospital in England.

By late March 1916, he was in France and in late April he rejoined his battalion. He was wounded in late May but remained on duty. On the 14 November 1916,

Howlison was initially reported wounded, then reported missing, before it was confirmed that he had been killed in action. He would be posthumously awarded the 1914/15 Star, the British War Medal and the Victory Medal. He has no known grave however Private Howlison is remembered at the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial in France.

Roy Hudson - Service Number - 4798
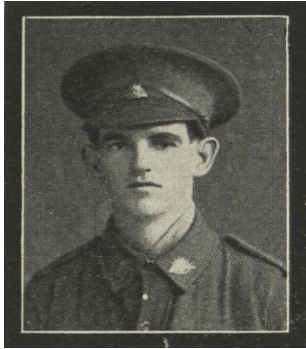
At the age of 21 years, Roy Hudson of 'Keepitt', Prospect Street, Granville, New South Wales enlisted as part of the 15 Reinforcements of the 1 Infantry Battalion on the 18 August or the 2 September 1915 in Holsworthy, New South Wales. He was the seventh of eight sons to Elizabeth Hudson and her late husband Richard Hudson, who sadly died six years earlier on the 22 December 1910. He was also the brother of Richard Hudson who was accidentally killed at Eveleigh workshops on the 25 November 1911.

Hudson was born in Bowden Street, Granville, where the family had lived for 32 years and he had attended the North Granville Public School. He had previously served in the 20 Infantry Militia and prior to enlisting was an apprentice boilermaker at Clyde Engineering Works, Clyde, New South Wales where his foreman was Alderman Membrey of Granville Municipal Council.

He embarked from Sydney, New South Wales aboard HMAT 'Star of England' on the 8 March 1916 and spent some time in Egypt. In one of his letters he informed his mother that he was to receive a medal for something done in Egypt, but what it was he did not say. He was taken on strength at Tell-el-Kebir, Egypt on the 20 April 1916 and transferred to the 53 Battalion.

On the 19 June 1916 he embarked from Alexandria aboard the ship 'Royal George' for France, disembarking on the 28 June at Marseilles, France where he 'took part in the big push'. Whilst in the heavy fighting at Pozieres, Frances on the 19 July 1916 he had a most miraculous escape from death. A shell burst right in the midst of a cluster of soldiers. Hudson was buried up to the waist in the earth, and all of the others were either killed or taken prisoner. Hudson had his haversack and hat blown away, and strange to say the only injury he sustained was a dislocated ankle, which put him out of action for several weeks. He belonged to B Company of the 53 Battalion.

He wrote home regularly and in his last letter to his mother which was dated the 30 January, he expressed confidence in being home next Christmas. However, he was killed in action while on patrol near Le Transloy, France on the 16 March 1917, aged 23 years and was buried near Bullecourt, France. Following the war, his grave

was not located and he is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Stanley Hughes - Service Number - 116
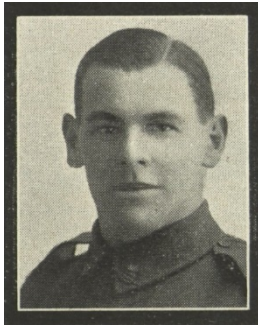
Stanley Hughes, son of Mr. and Mrs. David Hughes of Normanhurst was born in Sydney, New South Wales. He was a Soldier by profession and served in Royal Australian Field Artillery for one and a half years. At the age of 22 years he joined Australian Imperial Force, 1 Field Artillery Brigade 1 Battery on the 29 August 1914 in Sydney, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Argyllshire' on the 18 October 1914.

Hughes left for the front and was taken on strength from 1 Field Artillery as Driver. He was admitted to 2 Australian Hospital, Heliopolis, Egypt with poisoning on the 9 December 1915. He was then transferred to hospital in England with a fractured left toe on the 15 January 1917. Hughes was promoted to Bombardier on the 26 November 1916, however, reverted to Driver on the 25 October 1917. He was accidentally killed in France on the 4 September 1918 aged 25 years and was buried at Villers-Bretonneux Military Cemetery, Picardie, France.

John Morris Hunt - Service Number - 7011

Morris Hunt as he preferred to be called was a 23-year-old bank clerk living in Sorrell Street, Parramatta, when he enlisted on the 6 July 1917. He first worked at the Bank of New South Wales in Parramatta before moving to the Pitt Street Branch in Sydney and was the son of John Charles Hunt of Harold Street, Parramatta. Hunt was taken on strength in France on the 20 April 1918 and for a brief period from the 25 April to 7 July he was promoted to temporary Corporal. He was killed in action while on a wiring operation on the 25 July 1918 at Villers-Bretonneux, France where he was buried. His brother George Hunt served with the Australian Light Horse in Palestine.

Richard George Hunt - Service Number - 5112
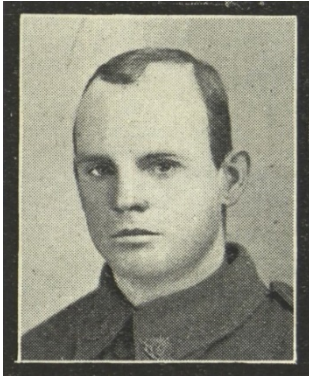
Richard George Hunt, known as Dick was born in Sydney about 1894 to Richard and Mary Eliza Hunt of Tank Street, Lithgow, New South Wales. At 21 years old, this 5 feet 4-and-a-half-inch bachelor who worked as a station hand, enlisted on the 14 December 1915 at the Liverpool camp, New South Wales with the 16 Reinforcements of the 3 Australian Infantry Battalion. At the time of enlistment, he was residing at 31 Gerald Street, Alexandria, New South Wales. His link to Parramatta was through his brother Jack Hunt who lived at 'Glenrowan', Abbott Street, Park Hill, Granville.

He officially embarked on the journey overseas on 1 April 1916 from Sydney aboard SS 'Makarini' and arrived in Suez on the 2 May 1916. By the 6 June he was reallotted to the 14 Training Battalion as a reinforcement to the 55 Battalion at Tell-el-Kebir. On the 21 June he left Alexandria, Egypt with the 5 Division Depot aboard 'Ivernia' for Marseilles, France. By the 3 August he was taken on strength and joined the 55 Battalion. Sadly, on the 29 November he was admitted to the 45 Casualty Clearing Station, France with pleuro-pneumonia and at the age of 22 years, died of the illness on the 5 December 1916. He was buried in the Dernancourt Communal Cemetery Extension, France.

Basil Benjamin James Hunter - Service Number - 3758
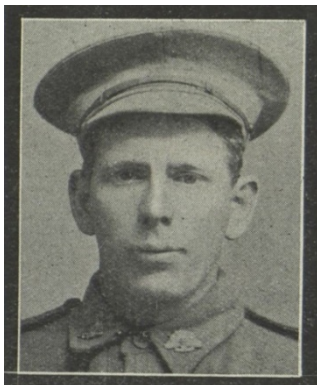
Basil Benjamin James Hunter was a fitter by trade when he enlisted for service on the 11 August 1915 at the age of 25 years. He had a dark complexion, hazel eyes and brown hair and named his father Joseph Hunter as his next of kin. He embarked for service overseas on the 11 December 1915 to serve as a Private with 1 Infantry Battalion and then 1 Australian Pioneer Battalion.

He was wounded in France in August 1916 and while receiving treatment in hospital he made several attempts on his life. A Court of Inquiry was held in September 1916 at Number 8 Stationary Hospital where it was ruled that due to his mental state he could not be responsible for his actions. Tragically, he died of self-inflicted wounds at Number 8 Stationary Hospital on the 1 October 1916 aged 27 years. He was buried at Wimereux Communal Cemetery, France. Hunter was awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal and these medals together with a Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to his father. His name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

William Hutchinson - Service Number - 2127

William Hutchison was born in Mulwala, Victoria. His father was William Hutchison of Daniel Street, Granville, New South Wales. Hutchison was a farmer before joining the army at the age of 19 years. He served in 3 Battalion in Gallipoli and was killed in action on the 10 July 1915. He was buried in Shrapnel Valley Cemetery, Gallipoli, Turkey.

Charles Elwin Hyland - Service Number - 3792

Charles Elwin Hyland of Gundagai, New South Wales, was the son of Mr. John Robert and Mrs. Hyland, of Milton Street, Granville, New South Wales who were former residents of Liverpool, New South Wales.

A bridge carpenter prior to enlisting in Cootamundra, New South Wales as a Private, he embarked from Sydney on the 30 December 1915 as part of the 4 Australian Infantry Battalion, 12 Reinforcements. He was later transferred to the 14 Field Company Australian Engineers and promoted to a Corporal. Sadly, Hyland died of pneumonia on the 10 February 1919, at the 5 Casualty Clearing Station in France, aged 24 years. He was buried in the Maubeuge (Sous-le-Bois) Cemetery, France.

Surnames starting with I

No soldiers with surnames starting with I.

Surnames starting with J

Carlisle Francis Jackson - Service Number - 4455

Carlisle Francis Jackson was born in Auburn, New South Wales and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Jackson of Alice Street, Auburn. Jackson worked as a greengrocer prior to enlisting and at the age of 21 years joined Australian Imperial Force, 20 Infantry Battalion 11 Reinforcements at Casula, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Nestor' on the 9 April 1916.

Jackson was assigned the rank of Acting Corporal and proceeded overseas to France to join the unit on the 5 September 1916. His rank was reverted to Private at 2 Australian Division Base Depot on the 3 October 1916, then he joined the 20 Battalion. He became ill in the field and was admitted to hospital on the 14 November 1916. Jackson was killed in action aged 22 years, during the German counter stroke at Lagnicourt, France on the 15 April 1917. He was buried in the Queant Road Cemetery, Buissy, France.

Henry James Jackson - Service Number – 2276
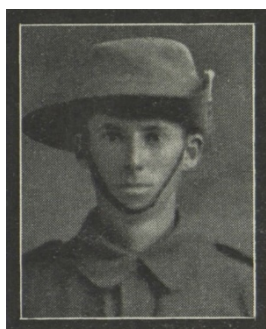
Henry James Jackson was the son of Mr. William and Mrs. Harriet Jackson of 'Glen Ayr', Prestons, New South Wales. A horse-driver prior to enlisting, he embarked from Sydney on the 30 September 1915 and was attached to the 19 Battalion with the rank of Private. Jackson was killed in action near Armentieres, France on the 28 May 1916, aged 23 years and was buried in the Brewery Orchard Cemetery, Bois-Grenier, France.

Enoch Andrew Jacobson - Service Number - 2969

Enoch Andrew Jacobson was born in Wellington, New Zealand. He was a plumber by trade prior to enlisting and lived with his wife and two children in Silverwater, New South Wales. At the age of 28 years he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 59 Battalion 7 Reinforcements at Waverley, New South Wales on the 18 September 1916. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Afric' on the 3 November 1916.

Jacobson was attached to the 15 Training Battalion and proceeded overseas to France on the 14 June 1917. During his period of service, he was reported absent without leave on several occasions and was penalised for his actions. He was taken on strength from 59 Battalion at France on the 20 April 1917. He became ill and was

admitted to hospital in France on the 3 August 1917 and then rejoined his unit. He was killed in action aged 29 years, at Tokio Ridge, Passchendaele, Belgium on the 14 October 1917. He was buried in the Sanctuary Wood Cemetery, Belgium.

Elie Louis Jambon - Service Number - 3760

Frenchman, Elie Louis Jambon, also known as Eddie Jambon was born in Ouco New Caledonia. He was employed as a chef at the Hampden Hotel, Pennant Hills, New South Wales prior to enlistment and joined the 1 Infantry Battalion, 12 Reinforcement aged 22 years on the 24 August 1915. He embarked from Sydney aboard RMS 'Mooltan' on the 11 December 1915.

Jambon was given a public send-off with the first lot of volunteers from the Parramatta district. He was killed in action in France on the 22 July 1916 and his sacrifice is remembered at the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Alfred William Jarman - Service Number - 1428
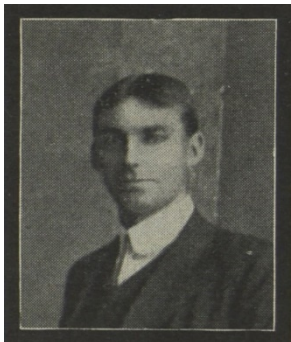
Albert William Jarman was born in Kent, England and was a shipwright by trade. He was married to Linda Maude Jarman and they lived in Wentworth Street, Harris Park, New South Wales. The couple had two children. Jarman enlisted to serve on the 4 January 1916 and embarked for service overseas with the 1 Australian Tunnelling Company on the 20 February 1916 with the rank of Sapper.

His war service record indicates that in late November 1916 he was treated for an injury to the right foot which he had sustained accidentally while doing carpentry work.

Documents record that on the 13 June 1917, a shell burst while he and four others were unloading a truck at a place called Lille Gate, Ypres, Belgium. He died later that day at the Second Canadian Casualty Clearing Station from the severe wounds he received from the incident. He was buried in Lijssenthoek Military Cemetery, Belgium.

Jarman was awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal. The medals, a photograph of his grave and a Memorial Scroll were given to his wife. His name is located on the Memorial Arch at Saint John's Anglican Cathedral Parramatta and his name is also located on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial.

John Jeffery - Service Number - 5132
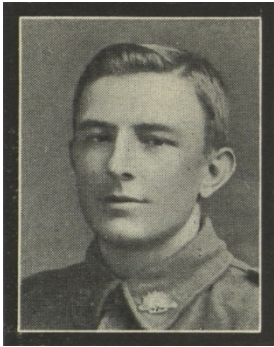
John Jeffery, a labourer by occupation, enlisted on the 24 August 1915 at the age of twenty-one. He came from the Hunter's Hill area. He named his wife Marion as his next of kin. At the time of his enlistment he and his wife were living with her parents in Dixon Street, Parramatta. John embarked for service overseas on the 1 April 1916 to serve with the 3 Australian Infantry Battalion. In July 1917 he was promoted to the rank of Corporal and then to Sergeant in October of 1917. Sadly, Sergeant John Jeffery was killed in action in France on the 17 April 1918.

His mother wrote to the Base Records Office, Melbourne on the 14 April 1919 seeking a photograph of his grave. In her correspondence she related information she had received from Corporal Gardiner of 3 Battalion that her son had been killed by a sniper's bullet in the vicinity of Strazeele, France possibly in Pradelles. His death was reported in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* of the 25 May 1918, page 10. Sergeant John Jeffery was buried at Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France. His name is on the Roll of Honour engraved on the Memorial Arch at St. John's, Parramatta and is also located on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial. He was awarded the British War Medal and the Victory Medal. These awards, a Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to his wife.

Richard Lewis Hay Blake Jenkins - Service Number - Unknown

Richard Lewis Hay Blake Jenkins was born in 1866 in Nepean Towers, Douglas Park, New South Wales to Richard Lewis Jenkins and Mary Rae Jenkins. Prior to his enlistment on the 12 April 1915, he was a farmer, living with his wife Blanche E. Jenkins at 76 Pitt Street, Sydney. He had previously served in the Manchester Regiment of the British Army, Sydney Scottish Rifles, and New South Wales Permanent Artillery, and had been awarded the King's and Queen's Medals with 5 Bars for his actions in the South African War.

Jenkins held the rank of Major upon his enlistment, and he left with his unit, the 20 Battalion, Headquarters from Sydney on the 25 June 1915. He served in Egypt and Turkey and was killed in action on the 11 December 1915 at Gallipoli, Turkey.

Arthur James Jenner - Service Number – Unknown

Arthur James Jenner, also spelt Genner, was born in Liverpool, New South Wales and was the brother of Mrs. Elizabeth Catherine Grimson, of Mill Road, Liverpool, and the son of Mr. John and Mrs. Elizabeth Genner of William Street, Bellingen, New South Wales. He was a shop assistant in Bellingen and employed in the railway service prior to enlisting with the rank of Private in the Australian Imperial Force in Wellington, New South Wales in January 1916.

Jenner left from Sydney with the 54 Battalion, 5 Reinforcements on the 30 November 1916. Sadly, on the 25 September 1917, he was killed in action at Westhoek, Belgium, aged 21 years. He was initially buried in the field, however, after the war he was reinterred at Bedford House Cemetery Enclosure Number 4, Zillebeke, Belgium.

Edward Walter Jesperson - Service Number - 5692

Edward Walter Jesperson was born in 1879 in Leichardt, New South Wales. Prior to his enlistment with the rank of Private on the 13 March 1916 at the age of 37 years, he was a stone mason by trade living at Albert Street, Hornsby, New South Wales with his wife Mary Agnes. He embarked with his unit, the 17 Battalion, 15 Reinforcement from Sydney on the 9 September 1916, and served on the Western Front. He was killed in action on the 15 April 1917.

Alfred George Jessop - Service Number - 2925
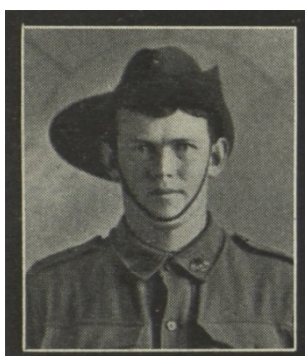
Alfred George Jessop was born in Parramatta and according to the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* he attended Pitt Row School, now Parramatta West Public School. However, his place of residence at the time of his enlistment was Tweed Heads in northern New South Wales. Jessop was a labourer and enlisted for service at the age of twenty-two, in Brisbane, Queensland on the 23 January 1916. He named his mother Hannah who lived in Tumbulgum on the Tweed River as his next of kin. Jessop had a brother Ray who lived in Seville Street, Parramatta.

Alfred Jessop embarked for service overseas with 31 Australian Infantry Battalion on the 14 April 1916. Following treatment in hospital for frostbite to his feet and a subsequent foot infection, he rejoined his unit in August 1917. Sadly, Private Alfred

Jessop was killed in action in the field on the 28 September 1917 in Belgium. His war service record states that he is buried in the vicinity of Polygon Wood near Ypres. This suggests he was involved in the Battle of Polygon Wood which commenced on the 26 September 1917 and which was staged as part of the third battle of Ypres. The battle cost 5,770 Australian casualties. His name is engraved on the Menin Gate in Ypres, Flanders, Belgium. The British War Medal, Victory Medal, Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to his mother. His name is located on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial.

Henry John - Service Number – 419a

Henry John was employed by the Railway Department at Lidcombe as a woodworking machinist when he enlisted for service on the 27 June 1916 aged twenty-five years. He married Dorothy on the 12 August 1916, and they lived in Short Street, North Parramatta. He had been born in Balmain and was the only son of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. John of Annesley Street, Leichhardt, New South Wales. Private Henry John embarked for service overseas on the 25 October 1916 to serve with 9 Australian Machine Gun Company. He was subsequently transferred to 23 Australian Machine Gun Company in February 1917.

Tragically, he was killed in action on the 12 October 1917 in Belgium (First Battle of Passchendaele). News of his death was published in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* of the 24 November 1917. John is buried at Tyne Cot Cemetery, Zonnebeke, Flanders, Belgium. He was awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal. These awards, a Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to wife. His name is located on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial. His brother in law, Private Jack Attwood had died in May 1917.

William John Johns - Service Number - 2195
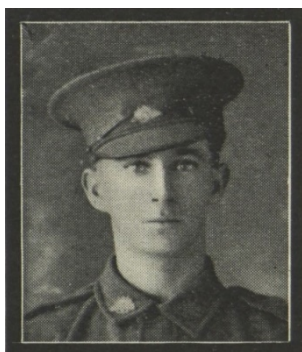
William John Johns was a 19-year-old night sweeper from Glebe, New South Wales and was married to Mrs. Lillian Johns of Broughton Street, Glebe, New South Wales. The couple had one son, William Benjamin David Johns. He enlisted on the 20 March 1916 and embarked with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Port Sydney' from Sydney on the 4 September 1916 with the rank of Private. He proceeded overseas to France aboard the 'Princess Victoria' on the 14 December 1916 and was taken on strength on the 25 December 1916. He was reported missing in France on the 2 April 1917, and was later confirmed killed in action on that day aged 20 years. He was buried in Villers-Bretonneux Memorial,

France. His name is also remembered in the Commemorative Area at the Australian War Memorial.

Frank Horwood Johnson - Service Number - 5681

Frank was a 19-year-old motor mechanic when he enlisted for service on the 13 March 1916. He was the son of Frank Horwood Johnson of "Folkestone", St. Leonard's Point, Greenwich, New South Wales and the brother of Mr. W. H. Johnson, a popular Parramatta business man. He arrived in France on the 14 December 1916 and was killed in action on the 25 February 1916. He was buried at Warlencourt British Cemetery, France.

Stanley Johnson - Service Number - 864

Stanley Johnson, aged 19 years, enlisted as a Private on the 27 August 1914. He became part of the 2 Battalion, H Company and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Suffolk' on the 18 October 1914. Johnson was wounded on the 8 August 1915 and died of his injuries at Lone Pine, Gallipoli. His sacrifice is remembered on the Lone Pine Memorial Gallipoli, Turkey.

William James Johnson - Service Number - 3827

William James Johnson usually known as Bill, was Mayor of Auburn, New South Wales when he enlisted in the Australian Imperial Force on the 14 August 1915 in Holsworthy, New South Wales aged 44 years. The son of William and Susan Johnson and husband of Martha Ellen Johnson, he was born in Yass, New South Wales before relocating to Auburn, New South Wales, where he served as Mayor from the 9 February 1914 to the 3 February 1916.

Johnson was also the Labor Member in the House of Representatives for the Robertson electorate in the first Fisher Commonwealth Government. He also played a prominent role in local recruitment campaigns and patriotic find raising efforts. A coachbuilder by trade, Johnson lived in Macquarie Road, Auburn, New South Wales.

On the 30 December 1915, he embarked as a Private with the 2 Australian Infantry Battalion, 12 Reinforcement from Sydney on board HMAT 'Medic', serving in Egypt and France and attaining the rank of Corporal. Sadly, he died on the 30 July 1916 from a fractured skull and other facial wounds as the result of an exploding shell

sustained on the 24 July 1916 during the Battle of Pozieres, France. Johnson left behind his wife of 27 years, two children, Lachlan and Ivy, and an adopted son, Eric Edward Travis. His final resting place was in the Etaples Military Cemetery, France.

George Henry Johnston - Service Number - 3096

Parramatta footballer George H. Johnston nicknamed 'Chocolate (Chock) Johnstone' was the son of Mrs. Florence Barry (formerly Johnston) of Macquarie and Smith Street, Parramatta, New South Wales. At the age of 21 years, he enlisted in the Australian Imperial Force in Sydney on the 31 August 1915 with the 17 Infantry Battalion, 7 Reinforcements. He left Sydney for Egypt on the 20 December 1915 aboard the HMAT 'Suevic'. On the 3 April 1916, he was taken on strength and assigned to the 53 Battalion at Ismailia, Egypt. On the 19 May 1916, his unit sailed for France, arriving on the 28 June 1916. The 53 Battalion entered the front line for the first time on the 10 July 1916. During the Battle for Fromelles, France, Private Johnston was initially reported missing but it was later confirmed he was killed in action in France on the 19 July 1916, aged 22 years. His memory is commemorated on panel number 8 at the V.C. Corner Australian Cemetery and Memorial, Fromelles, France.

Robert McMillan Johnstone - Service Number - 2506

Robert McMillan Johnstone was a 27-year-old chef from 'Fernleigh', Alfred Street, Granville, New South Wales. He was born in Glasgow, Scotland and his next of kin was Nellie Davidson, also of Alfred Street, Granville. He enlisted on the 14 June 1915 and embarked with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Orsova' from Sydney on the 14 July 1915. He was wounded in action whilst on command of 1 Australian Light Horse Battalion on the 4 January 1916.

On the 24 June 1916 he was charged with taking a bottle of wine from the Officers Mess and being drunk on duty on the 11 June 1916. He rejoined his battalion in France on the 29 July 1916 and was posted in command of the 1 Australian Light Trench Mortar Battery on the 29 August 1916. He was admitted to hospital wounded in action with shell shock whilst still in command of his unit on the 4 November 1916.

Between the 13 April 1917 and 5 June 1917 he was hospitalised on numerous occasions, then he was reported as absent from his post for five days from the 17 until 21 June 1917. He was killed in action in Belgium on the 2 October 1917 and was buried in Hooge Crater Cemetery, Passchendaele, Belgium. His name is inscribed

in the commemorative area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra. Upon his death his belongings were bequeathed to his friend Mrs Emily (Bert) Martin of Fernleigh, Alfred Street, Granville.

Albert Jones - Service Number - 2854
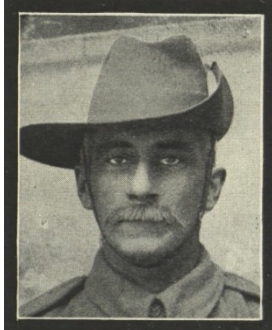
Albert Jones was born at Tuena, New South Wales and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Jones Montgomery of Adderley Street, Auburn. He was a farmer prior to enlisting and at the age of 41 years joined the Australian Imperial Force, 4 Infantry Brigade 13 Infantry Battalion 9 Reinforcements on the 18 July 1915 at Liverpool, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Argyllshire' the 30 September 1915.

Jones was attached to 13 Infantry Battalion and was then transferred to 45 Infantry Battalion on the 3 March 1916. He was killed in action in the trenches at Pozieres, France, on the 6 August 1916, aged 41 years. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Edwin Sydney Jones - Service Number - 896
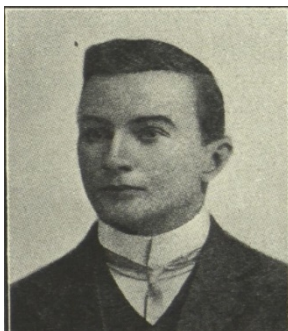
Private Edwin Sydney Jones was born at Newtown, New South Wales and was the son of Mrs. M. Jones late of St. Hillers Road, Auburn. He worked as a postal assistant prior to enlisting and lived with his mother at Manly, New South Wales. At the age of 31 years he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 5 Infantry Brigade 18 Infantry Battalion at Liverpool, New South Wales on the 6 February 1915. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 25 June 1915.

Jones was attached to the 18 Battalion and he spent two weeks in Egypt and then landed at Gallipoli, Turkey on the 21 August 1915. He was reported missing and later it was confirmed that had been killed in action at Gallipoli on the 22 August 1915, aged 32 years. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Lone Pine Memorial, Turkey.

Herbert Howard Jones - Service Number - 3819
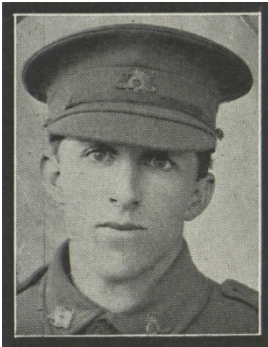
Herbert Howard Jones, a mechanical engineer prior to enlistment, was the son of boat builder John Thomas Jones and Christina Copps of Sackville, New South Wales. Jones came from a large family of eleven children, seven boys and four girls. He embarked from Sydney on the HMAT 'Suevic' on the 20 December 1915.

Jones was killed in action in France on the 7 August 1916 at the age of 20 years. He has no known grave and is remembered at the Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France. In 1919 John and Christina Jones moved from Sackville to reside in Silverwater, New South Wales. John T Jones received the medals for his son's war service.

Samuel Jude - Service Number - 2866
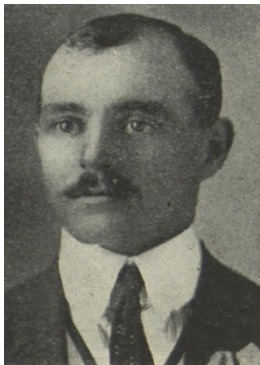
Born in England, Samuel Jude moved from his home in Cambridgeshire, England, to marry local girl Adeitha Beatrice Hare, the daughter of John George and Martha Alice Hare, nee Tame. They married on the 14 December 1910. Unfortunately, not long after the birth of their first born son Samuel John Jude in 1911 in Granville, New South Wales, Adeitha died, leaving Jude a widower.

On the 19 August 1915, at Holsworthy, New South Wales, Jude enlisted in the 18 Battalion aged 28 years and on the 2 November 1915, he boarded the HMAT 'Euripides' in Sydney. At this time Jude was working as a labourer and residing at Rawson Road, Fairfield, New South Wales. His son Samuel, was placed in the care of his parents-in-law of Orchardleigh Street, Old Guildford.

Sadly, on the 20 July 1916, Private Jude died of wounds in Brook War Hospital, England. His wounds were the result of *"carrying out especially dangerous work for which volunteers were called by his superior officer"* in France on the 14 May 1916. He was buried at Wisbech Cemetery, England. The *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* of the 12 August 1916, published an article commemorating the tragic death of this brave soldier and the little boy who was left behind.

Surnames starting with K

James Kay - Service Number - 6744
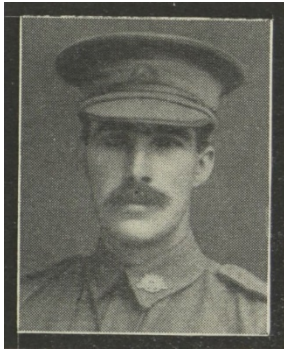
James Kay was born in Manchester, England and worked as a labourer prior to enlistment. He lived with his wife Kay Ellen Mary and their three children at Pine Road, Auburn, New South Wales. At the age of 37 years he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 4 Infantry Battalion 22 Reinforcements on the 17 July 1916 in Sydney, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard SS 'Port Nicholson' on the 8 November 1916 as a Private.

Kay joined the 4 Battalion in France on the 15 March 1917. He became ill and was admitted to hospital on the 10 May 1917. He was promoted to Lance Corporal on the 19 August 1917 and was wounded in action in France and admitted to hospital with gunshot wounds to his chest and face on the 6 October 1917. He rejoined the battalion and was killed in action at Proyart, France on the 23 August 1918, aged 39 years. He was buried in the Heath Cemetery, Harbonnieres, France.

Vincent De Paul Kay - Service Number - 4048
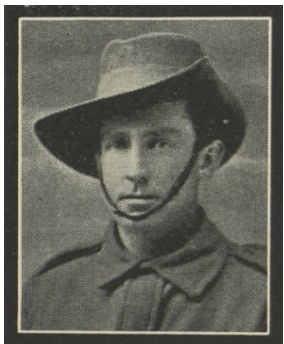
Vincent De Paul Kay, the son of Mr. Henry J. Kay and Mrs. Bridget Kay was a 28-year-old barman from Jamieson Street, Granville, New South Wales. He enlisted on the 9 September 1915 and embarked with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Medic' from Sydney, New South Wales on the 30 December 1915. He was taken on strength into the 3 Infantry Battalion on the 17 March 1916, before being transferred to the 45 Infantry Battalion on the 31 March 1916. He was admitted to hospital with rheumatism in his right foot on the 8 August 1916. He was transferred to England and sent to hospital with synovitis in the left knee on the 19 September 1916.

He was granted leave on the 20 October 1916 and returned to duty on the 4 November 1916. He proceeded overseas aboard the 'Princess Clementine' on the 24 January 1917. He was admitted to hospital with synovitis in his left knee again on the 24 August 1917 and was transferred to England for treatment on the 27 August 1917. He was again granted leave from the 24 September 1917 to 8 October 1917. He proceeded to France on the 10 January 1918 and rejoined his battalion on the 22 January 1918. He was killed in action in France on the 5 April 1918 and was buried in Mericourt-l'Abbe Communal Cemetery Extension, France. His name is inscribed in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

George Kayess - Service Number - 3835

George Kayess was the son of Mr and Mrs William Henry Kayess of Lidcombe, New South Wales and had worked on a farm in Dubbo before enlisting. Assigned the rank of Sergeant, he joined the 1 Battalion on the 7 January 1916. On the 22 September 1917 was wounded in the shoulder and head at Polygon Wood, Ypres, Belgium and died later in hospital. He was buried at La Baraques Military Cemetery, Sangatte, France.

Raymond James Kelly - Service Number – 6505

Raymond James Kelly of Stimson Street, Fairfield, New South Wales was a member of the 4 Battalion, 21 Reinforcement and he left for the front on the 24 September 1916. He was reportedly killed in action in France aged 24 years. The sad news was received by his father Mr. William Kelly at Smithfield, New South Wales.

Francis Bede Kennedy - Service Number - 7772

Francis Bede Kennedy known as Ken to his friends, enlisted on the 16 November 1917 at Parramatta. Prior to enlisting he had previously been granted an exemption by the Parramatta Military Exemption Court on Wednesday the 25 October 1916. He was a 27-year-old bachelor when he joined the Australian Forces and had been working as a labourer at Messrs. J. Granger and Sons for the past 4 years.

Private Kennedy was born in 1889 in Bombala, New South Wales, the only son to Francis Kennedy and Mary (nee Brownlie) and the younger brother of Mrs. Mary Frances Algie. The Kennedy family later moved to North Parramatta where they resided at 'Maharatta House', 414 Church Street, North Parramatta. The young Kennedy children were educated at Parramatta North School. According to the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* of the 9 November 1918, Kennedy was a *"promising cyclist, having won the district championship 1917 and numerous road events"*.

On the 28 February 1918 he embarked at Melbourne on board HMAT 'Nestor' as part of the 26 Reinforcements of the 4 Infantry Battalion. He disembarked at Liverpool, England on the 20 April 1918, and was transferred to the 45 Infantry Battalion on the 5 June 1918. On the 10 July 1918, he arrived in France from

Folkstone, England and the next day he was transferred to 35 Infantry Battalion. On the 13 July he marched into Rouelles, France for active service. On the 22 August 1918, he received a severe gunshot wound to the chest and was taken to the 1 Australian General Hospital in Rouen, France dangerously ill. After just 8 months of active service, he died of his wounds on the 12 October 1918 and was buried at Saint Sever Cemetery, Rouen, France. His mother, Mrs Mary Kennedy, wrote upon receiving his Memorial Scroll *"It is nice to know my dear boy is not forgotten, thank you kindly, his mother"*. He was only 29 years old.

George Stanley Kentwell - Service Number – 3541A
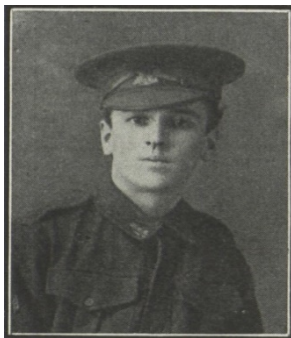
George Stanley Kentwell, aged 19 years, was a polisher by trade and lived in Victoria Street, Leichhardt, New South Wales. He was the grandson of Mr. Kentwell of Castle Hill and he enlisted for service on the 22 August 1915. He named his father Mr. G. Kentwell of Victoria Street, Leichhardt as next of kin. He embarked for service overseas as a Private on the 20 December 1915 from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Aeneas' to serve with the 17 Infantry Battalion.

Taken on strength, he was later transferred to the 53 Infantry Battalion. Tragically, he died of wounds sustained in action on the 19 July 1916 at Fromelles, France. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour at V.C. Corner Australian Cemetery Memorial, Fromelles France. He was awarded the British War Medal and the Victory Medal. These medals together with a Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to his foster mother Mrs. Lucy Buchanan. His name is remembered on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Walter William Kerr - Service Number - Unknown
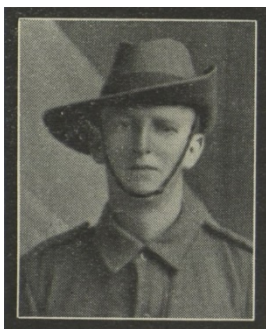
William Walter Kerr, a resident of Merrylands, New South Wales embarked as a Private on the 4 May 1916 with the 59 Infantry, 2 to 5 Reinforcements aboard 'HMAT Port Lincoln'. He was killed in action on the 18 May 1917, in France.

John Thomas Kinchington - Service Number - 2707

Thomas John Kinchington, also known as Jack Thomas Neugent was born at Barcaldine, Queensland and was the third son of Mrs. Nellie Kinchington of Waverley Street, Bondi Junction, New South Wales. He was a steward prior to enlistment and joined Australian Imperial Force, 49 Infantry Battalion 6

Reinforcements on the 28 August 1916 in Brisbane, Queensland. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 7 October 1916.

Kinchington was attached to the 13 Training Battalion at England on the 27 November 1916. He became ill and was admitted to camp hospital at Codford, England. He then proceeded to France on the 9 May 1917 and was taken on strength from the 49 Infantry Battalion 6 Reinforcements. He was wounded in action in France on the 7 June 1917 and admitted to hospital with gunshot wounds to his left shoulder. Kinchington rejoined the battalion and was killed in action at Polygon Wood, Belgium on the 26 September 1917, aged 24 years. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium.

Thomas Kinchington was one of five brothers who served during the war. He was the brother of Lieutenant Patrick Kinchington, Vincent Kinchington, Corporal James Timothy Kinchington and Robert Emmett Kinchington, who died of influenza on the 5 February 1919 in Ireland.

Clarence Stanley King - Service Number - 2243
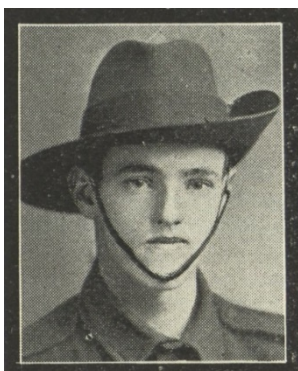
Clarence Stanley King joined the 1 Battalion, 1-8 Reinforcements as a Private and took part in the Gallipoli campaign in Turkey in 1915. He was present at the Lone Pine charge, and left Gallipoli when the evacuation was successfully effected. He then transferred to the Artillery and proceeded to France. In July 1917, Joseph King, of Hornsby, New South Wales was informed that his third son, Gunner Clarence King, was killed in action in France. He had served for two years and two months.

William Knight - Service Number - 6882
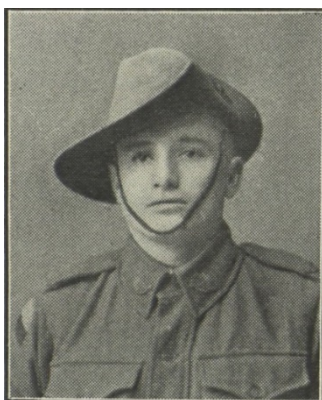
William Knight was born in Liverpool, New South Wales, the son of Mrs. Mary Knight. Before he enlisted aged 22 years, he worked as a butcher and was living in Canley Vale, New South Wales. Knight enlisted on the 8 November 1916 and embarked from Sydney on the SS 'Port Napier' on the 17 November with the rank of Private.

During his period of service from January 1917 to August 1918, Knight was stationed in England, France and Belgium. He was wounded in action twice, the first occurring in

Belgium in October 1917. In France in August 1918, he suffered a shell wound to his thigh from which he failed to recover. He died on the 12 August 1918 and was buried in Vignacourt British Cemetery, France. He was posthumously awarded the Victory Medal and the British War Medal.

Arthur Watt Knox - Service Number - 7060
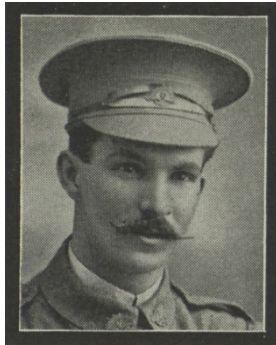
Born in Lidcombe New South Wales, Arthur Watt Knox worked as a dairy farmer before he enlisted on the 3 July 1916. He became part of the 2 Battalion, 23 Reinforcement as a Private and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Benalla' on the 9 November 1916.

While moving through a trench in Bullecourt, France, on the 6 May 1917, Knox was hit by a shell and very badly wounded. He passed away on the stretcher moving him to medical assistance and was buried at Arras Road Cemetery, Roclincourt, France.

Alexander Richardson Kyle - Service Number - 7497

Private Alexander Richardson Kyle was a 30-year-old engineer's mechanic born in Belfast, Northern Ireland, United Kingdom. He lived with his wife Mrs. Flora Kyle in Glen Street, Granville, New South Wales. He enlisted on the 22 March 1917 and embarked with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Euripides' from Sydney, New South Wales on the 31 October 1917. He proceeded to France on 1 April 1918 and was taken on strength on the 25 April 1918. He was killed in Hargicourt, Somme, France, on the 18 September 1918. He was buried at Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France. His name is remembered in the Commemorative Area at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Surnames starting with L

William Chalmers Lackie - Service Number - 2205

William Chalmers Lackie, from Liverpool, New South Wales was working as a labourer before enlisting and was a son of Mr. Henry and Mrs. Elizabeth Lackie and a brother of Nathan Douglas Lackie. He embarked from Sydney with the rank of Private on the 22 August 1916 and served with the 45 Battalion, 4 Reinforcement. Tragically, he was killed in action on the 24 February 1917 at Gueudecourt, near Bapaume, France. He was buried at Bancourt British Cemetery, France.

Charles 'Chas' Laird - Service Number - 2594

Born in Glasgow, Scotland, Charles Laird known as Chas was a 32-year-old boilermaker from Blaxcell Street, Granville, New South Wales and was married to Bessie Marie. He was also the father of Leonard Charles Laird and Olive Esther Marie Laird. He enlisted on the 18 September 1916 and was assigned to the 39 Infantry Battalion, 5 Reinforcements. He embarked with his unit from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Benalla' on the 9 November 1916. He proceeded overseas to France on the 16 July 1917, marched out to his unit on the 2 August 1917 and was taken on strength on the 4 August 1917. He was killed in action in Belgium on the 4 October 1917, which was his birthday. He was memorialised in the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Flanders, Belgium and his name is inscribed in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Ernest Thomas Lakey - Service Number - 1768

Ernest Thomas Lakey was 19 and was the son of Mr. Thomas Lakey and Mrs. Annie Lakey of Bennalong Street, Granville, New South Wales. He enlisted on the 15 February 1915 and was assigned to the 3 Australian Infantry Battalion and was taken on strength on the 31 May 1915. He was killed in action in Gallipoli, Turkey between the 7 and 12 August 1915 and was buried at the Lone Pine Cemetery, Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey. His name is remembered at the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

George Thomas Laman - Service Number - 5137

George Thomas Laman lived in Lidcombe, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 8 January 1916 with the rank of Private. He was part of the 2 Battalion, 16 Reinforcement and his unit, embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Nestor' on the 9 April 1916. Private Laman was killed instantly by a shell on the 24 December 1916 near the front at the Somme, France. His grave is located at the Bancourt British Cemetery, France.

Robert Edgar Herbert Lamb - Service Number - 6077

Robert Edgar Herbert Lamb was born in Ballarat, Victoria and was a builder prior to enlisting in the forces. He lived with his wife Mrs. Rachel Jane Lamb at Station Street, Auburn, New South Wales. At the age of 34 years he joined Australian Imperial Force, 13 Infantry Battalion 19 Reinforcements on the 14 February 1916 at Casula, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Wiltshire' on the 22 August 1916 with the rank of Private.

Lamb was taken on strength from the 13 Infantry Battalion on the 13 December 1916 in France. He was reported missing in the field and it was later confirmed that he had been killed in action on the 11 April 1917 at Bullecourt, France, aged 35 years. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Harold Douglas Martin Landers - Service Number - 6116
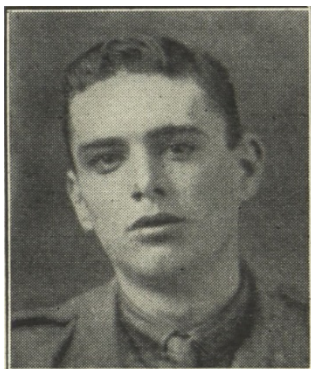
Harold Douglas Martin Landers was a 22-year-old from Smithfield, New South Wales when he enlisted with the rank of Private on the 15 August 1916. He had previously served in the Citizen Forces and then joined the 22 Battalion, 17 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Argyllshire' on the 31 October 1916.

After initially being reported as missing in action on the 12 July 1917 at Bullecourt France, it was later confirmed by a Court of Inquiry on the 26 November 1917, that he had been killed in action. He is remembered at the Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

Lionel Wallace Landon - Service Number - 5046

Lionel Wallace Landon, the youngest son of Mrs. Landon, of Auburn Road, Auburn, New South Wales and the late Mr. G. C. Landon, of Bombala and Auburn, was killed in action, in France on the 22 August 1918. He was 25 years of age and was attached to the 35 (late 30) Battalion.

Landon enlisted in December 1915 as a Private and had resided in Auburn for about five years. He was a grandson of the Reverend George Landon, of Devon, England, and also of the Reverend Thomas Commyns, of Sidbury, England. His brother, H. O. Landon, was in England, where he was sent to convalesce suffering from wounds just above the knee joint. Landon gained his commission a week before his death. A cousin, Lieutenant W. Landon was killed in action shortly after the war broke out.

Norman Osborn Langford - Service Number - 916

Norman Osborn Langford was the son of Mr. Alfred Langford of Good Street, Granville, New South Wales. He enlisted on 1 March 1915 with the rank of Private. He died of meningitis at the Garrison Hospital in Australia on the 7 May 1915 and was buried in Rookwood Necropolis, Rookwood, New South Wales. His name is displayed in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Frank Andrew Langworthy - Service Number – 2923
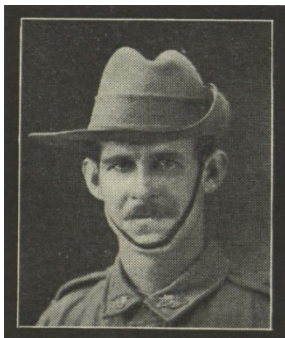
Frank Andrew Langworthy was married to Violet Daisy Langworthy of Smart Street, Fairfield, New South Wales. At the age of 28 years, he enlisted in August 1916 with the Australian Imperial Force, 58 Australian Infantry Battalion, 7 Reinforcement. Prior to enlisting he was an iron moulder by trade. He embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Afric' on the 3 November 1916. Sadly, he was killed in action in Belgium, France on the 21 October 1917 and was buried at Hooge Crater Cemetery, Passchendaele, Belgium.

Harold Edward Lassau - Service Number - 6776

Harold Edward Lassau, from Lidcombe, New South Wales was 20 years old when he enlisted on the 4 September 1916 joining the 2 Battalion, 22 Reinforcement with the rank of Private. His unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT SS 'Port Nicholson' on the 8 November 1916. Lassau was

killed in action on the 23 August 1918 and was buried in the Heath Cemetery, Harbonnieres, France.

Randolf Alfred Lassau - Service Number - 5818
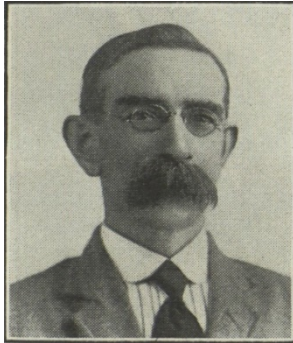
Randolf Alfred Lassau, a musician by occupation, was 26 years old and living in Lidcombe, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 8 May 1916. He became part of the 18 Battalion, 16 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 7 October 1916. Lassau was killed on the 4 December 1917 and was buried in the Queant Road Cemetery, Buissy, France.

Richard Law - Service Number - 587
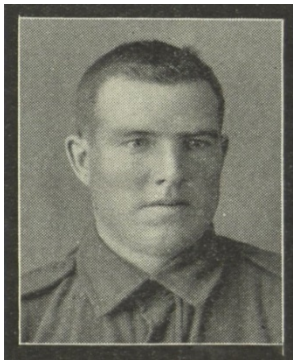
Richard Law was born in the village of Appledore, Kent, England and was living with his wife Ethel Lavinia in Enfield, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 17 August 1914 at the age of 29 years, at Kensington, New South Wales. A bricklayer by trade, he joined the 1 Pioneer Battalion as a Driver, embarking from Sydney on the 18 October 1914 on board HMAT 'Afric'. By the 5 July 1915, Law was in Alexandria, Egypt.

By the 7 September 1915, he had become ill and was hospitalised in Egypt until being again fit for duty on the 5 October. On the 20 October, Law rejoined his unit at Mex outside Alexandria and on the 8 December, he proceeded to join the Western Frontier Forces at Mersa Matruh, Egypt. By the 17 March 1916, he had returned to Alexandria.

On Christmas Eve 1916, Law began a period of leave which he spent in Britain, lasting until the 3 January 1917, when he rejoined his unit in France. On the 27 October he was seriously wounded in action in France receiving multiple gunshot wounds to limbs and body. He was admitted to the 8 Canadian Field Ambulance, and then to the 3 Australian Casualty Clearing Station. On the 30 October, Law was transferred to 12 Ambulance Train. One day later, he was admitted as seriously ill to the 9 General Hospital in the French city of Rouen, France. By the 28 November 1917, Driver Richard Law passed away from his wounds. He was buried in the St. Sever Cemetery Extension, Rouen, France. In recognition of his service, Law was posthumously awarded the 1914/15 Star for Basic Rifle Marksmanship, the British War Medal, and the Victory Medal.

Cecil Robert Lawless - Service Number - 6119
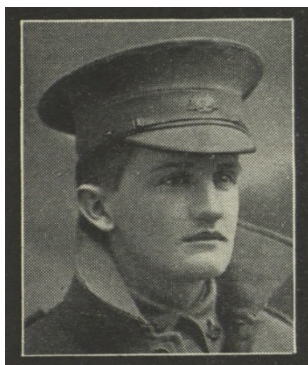
Cecil Robert Lawless was working as an Assistant Town Clerk of Merriwa Council before enlisting. He was a son of James and Margaret Lawless and a brother of Private Edward Thomas Lawless. He embarked from Sydney with the rank of Private on the 25 October 1916 aboard the HMAT 'Ascanius' serving with the 18 Battalion, 17 Reinforcement. Sadly, Lawless died of wounds on the 6 May 1917 at Bullecourt, France. He was buried at Grevillers British Cemetery, France.

Albert Bowman Lawson - Service Number – 3011A

Albert Bowman Lawson, aged 29 years, of Dundas, New South Wales, worked as a furnace man prior to enlisting for service on the 16 September 1916. His parents Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Lawson, lived in Castle Hill and he named his wife Mrs. Marion Lawson as his next of kin. He embarked for service overseas on the 25 October 1916 to serve with the 55 then the 18 Infantry Battalion. Tragically, Private Albert Bowman Lawson was killed in action on the 20 September 1917 in Belgium.

Lawson is remembered with honour on the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium. He was awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal and these medals together with a Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to his wife. Private Lawson's name is remembered on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra. His brother James Sydney Lawson also served.

James Herbert Lawton - Service Number - 409
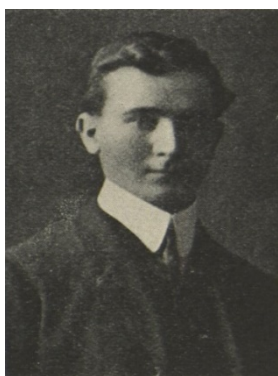
James Herbert Lawton was born in 1889 in Molong, New South Wales to Mr. and Mrs. John Lawton. Prior to his enlistment with the rank of Private on the 21 September 1914 at the age of 25 years, he worked as a labourer, and lived with his wife Maud and two children in Clan William Street, Eastwood. He was well known around the district as a breeder of pigeons. He left with his unit, the 13 Infantry Battalion from Melbourne, Victoria on board HMAT 'Ulysses' on the 22 December 1914, where he served in Egypt and Gallipoli. He was killed in action on the 4 May 1916 at the age of 26 years.

Arnold Edgar Leabeater - Service Number - 5152

Second son of Alfred and Rhoda (nee Herrington), Arnold Leabeater was 19 years old and single when he enlisted in the 20 Infantry on the 4 January 1916. He was employed as a carter and he named his father Mr Alfred Thomas Leabeater as his next of kin. They both resided at 268 Church Street, Parramatta, New South Wales. On the 1 April 1916 he embarked on board SS 'Makarini' at Sydney Harbour with the 4 Infantry Battalion 16 Reinforcement. On the 25 May 1916 he was reallocated to 14 Training Battalion as Reinforcement to 56 Battalion, and then transferred to active duty in France on the 29 June 1916. During his active service he spent periods of time in hospital with trench foot. Sadly, on the 22 July 1918 he was killed in action at Morlancourt, near Villers Bretonneux, while attached to a British Unit for the purpose of instructing their patrols "in the art of patrols as carried out by Australian units". He was 21 years old. Lieutenant John C. Watts of the 56 Battalion Australian Imperial Forces reported to the Red Cross that Arnold *"was with a patrol working for the 58th Imperial Division when a Commanding Officer of that Division gave them a German post to raid. That gun post was one of our own 8th Brigade A.I.F. The mistake was never rectified until only one man was alive from both patrol and post"*. Arnold had been a batman to Lieutenant Watts for 2 years, and was buried in Ribemont Communal Cemetery in Somme, France.

Edward Sidney Leaman - Service Number – 2040

Edward Sidney Leaman was the son of William Edward and Violet Leaman, of Maud Street, Fairfield, New South Wales. At the age of 21 years, he enlisted with the Australian Imperial Force at the Liverpool Camp, New South Wales. On the 9 August 1915, he embarked with the 18 Australian Infantry Battalion from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Runic' as a Private. After serving for three years and attaining the rank of Corporal, he was killed in action in France on the 3 October 1918. He was buried at the Bellicourt British Cemetery, Bellicourt, France.

George Lee - Service Number - 2094
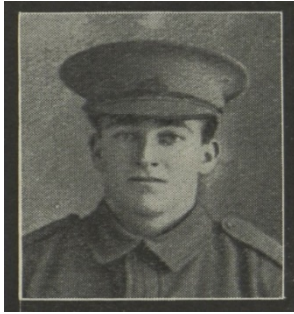
George Lee from Merrylands New South Wales, embarked with the rank of Private on the 31 March 1916 with the 36 Infantry Battalion - 1 to 6 Reinforcements aboard HMAT 'Anchises'. He was killed in action on the 12 June 1916 in Belgium.

Henry Lee - Service Number - 6920

Henry Lee was an 18-year-old blacksmith's striker who was born in Parramatta, New South Wales on the 7 May 1917. His father was Samuel Lee who lived at Good Street, Westmead. He was taken on strength with the 20 Battalion in Belgium on the 27 January 1918 and was killed in action on the 7 April 1918.

Henry Lennard - Service Number - 4228

Henry Lennard, usually known as Harry, was 18 years old and working as a plumber at the time of enlistment in 1915 as a Sergeant with the 3 Infantry Battalion, 13 to 23 Reinforcements. He was killed in action on the 21 October 1917 and was buried at Hooge Crater Cemetery, Zillebeke, Belgium. His two brothers, Augustus (Gus) Lennard and Samuel Lennard also served. Samuel was killed in action on the 20 July 1916.

Samuel Leslie - Service Number - 1722
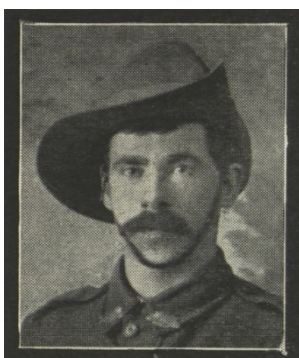
Samuel Leslie was born in Londonderry, Ireland and was a labourer prior to enlistment. He lived with his cousin Mrs. Riley Maggie at North Parade, Auburn, New South Wales. At the age of 26 years he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 5 Infantry Brigade, 19 Infantry Battalion 2 Reinforcements at Liverpool, New South Wales on the 18 May 1915. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Kanowna' on the 19 June 1915 with the rank of Private.

Leslie was attached to the 19 Battalion and served in Gallipoli, Turkey. He became ill and was admitted to hospital with dysentery on the 15 October and was then transferred to a hospital in England on the 21 November 1915. When he returned to duty, he was attached to the 2 Division Police at France on the 8 June 1916. He was

wounded in action in France and was admitted to hospital with gunshot wound to his left shoulder. He rejoined the unit but sadly died on the 9 February 1917 while in camp in France aged 36 years. He was buried in the Contalmaison Chateau Cemetery, France.

Harold Gordon Levin - Service Number - 16645

Harold Gordon Levin was born at Barnawartha, Victoria. He was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Levin of Brocklesby, New South Wales. He was an agent prior to enlisting and was a nephew of Mrs. Grimm, Auburn, New South Wales. At the age of 19 years he joined Australian Imperial Force, Army Medical Corps General Reinforcements on the 3 March 1916 at Albury, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney as a Private aboard RMS 'Osterley' on the 10 February 1917.

He became ill during his period of training and was admitted to 1 Australian Auxiliary Hospital in England on the 10 June 1917. He was discharged from hospital and proceeded overseas to France. He was taken on strength from reinforcements on the 2 October 1917 and was killed in action at Broodseinde, Belgium on the 4 October 1917, aged 20 years. He was buried in the Tyne Cot Cemetery, Zonnebeke, Belgium.

Edward Walpole Lewin - Service Number - 479
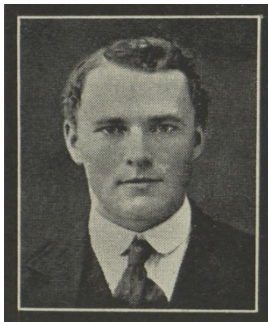
Born in Parramatta, Edward Walpole Lewin was a French polisher by trade who lived in Paddington, New South Wales. He joined the Field Artillery Brigade 1, Brigade Ammunition Column as a Bombardier and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Argyllshire' on the 18 October 1914.

For actions on the 31 July 1917 at Ypres, France, Lewin was awarded a Distinguished Conduct Medal for *"For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. While under heavy machine gun and shell fire, which had knocked out the whole of his detachment except one gunner, he kept his gun in action, displaying the greatest coolness, and courage throughout. He was slightly wounded at the time, and had to be ordered away from the position to have his wounds dressed"*. Unfortunately, Lewin was killed on the 22 August 1917 and was buried at the Reninghelst New Military Cemetery, Belgium.

Frederick Lewis - Service Number - 3824
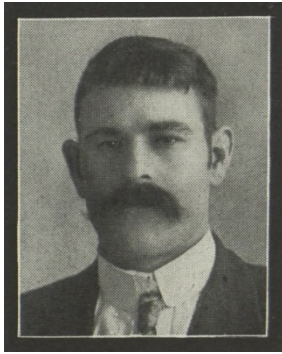
Frederick Lewis, aged 31 years, was a shearer from Young, New South Wales. He was living and working in Toowoomba, Queensland at the time of his enlistment for service on the 10 November 1915. He named his father, Mr. William Thomas Lewis as his next of kin and embarked for service overseas on the 30 December 1915 to serve with the 9 then the 49 Infantry Battalion. Lewis was promoted to the rank of Sergeant in May 1917, wounded in action in September 1917 and was treated in hospital in Reading War Hospital, England. He rejoined his unit and tragically, he was killed in action on the 5 April 1918 at Polygon Wood in Belgium aged 34 years.

Sergeant Lewis has no known grave and is remembered with honour at Australian National Memorial at Villers-Brettoneux in France. His father, a farmer and also from Young, New South Wales, was living in the Castle Hill area at the time of his son's death. Lewis was awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal and these medals together with a Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to his father. His name is remembered on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

George William Lewis - Service Number - 1938

George Lewis was a 44-year-old bachelor when he enlisted on the 18 March 1916. At the time, he was employed as a yardman at the Woolpack Hotel in Parramatta, New South Wales. A native of London, he named his friend, Miss Kathleen Smythe as his next of kin and her address was 'Hartnell', at 16 Tintern Road, Ashfield, New South Wales. At 5 feet 2 and a half inches (1.59 metres) tall, he was short with a badly healed ankle. During initial training in the depot camp in Bathurst, he beat thousands of other recruits to come second in a rifle shooting test. Scheduled to embark overseas from Sydney on board HMAT 'Ceramic' with the 53 Battalion, 3 Reinforcements on the 14 April 1916, according to his Australian Army records, George did not leave Sydney until the 23 June on board HMAT 'Barambah' disembarking at Plymouth, England.

On the 23 September, he was taken on strength and transferred from the 53 Battalion to 34 Battalion. After training in England he arrived in France for active service on the 21 November. Sadly, on the 7 June 1917 he was wounded in action at Messines, Belgium, having received a severe gunshot wound to the jaw. He died that day at the Number 2 Australian Casualty Clearing Station, France, aged 45. He was buried at the Trois Arbre Military Cemetery at Steenwerck, Nord, France.

Miss Kathleen Smythe stated that she had lived with George for many years as his wife, although never legally married, and that his illegitimate sons, Clarence Edward and Joseph Bede, should be his next of kin. This action was agreed upon by the authorities and she received his medals to be *"held in trust for his sons".*

Frank William Lindeman - Service Number - Unknown

Frank William Lindeman, born on the 31 December 1891 was the son of Mary Lynch and George Sydney Lindeman. While living in North Sydney, New South Wales he attended Sydney Grammar School and married Hilda Agnes before he enlisted for service. He served two and half years in the Naval Cadets, and four and a half years in the 1 A Infantry Regiment and 21 Woollahra Infantry, prior to joining the Australian Imperial Forces.

He was commissioned to the 19 Infantry Battalion, 3 AIF aged 23 years and embarked aboard HMAT 'Ceramic' from Melbourne, on the 25 June 1915. He was wounded in action on the 22 July 1916 and passed as a result of his injuries the next day. He was buried in the Becourt Military Cemetery, France.

Charles Henry Linklater - Service Number - Unknown

Charles Henry Linklater was born at Glenfield, New South Wales and was wool merchant prior to enlisting. He lived with his wife Dorothy Gwendoline and their two children at Gilles Street, Wollstonecraft, New South Wales. At the age of 31 years he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 4 Infantry Battalion 3 Reinforcements on the 16 December 1914. He initially embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Seang Choon' on the 11 February 1915. He was wounded at Gallipoli, Turkey in July 1915 and was transferred to Malta for treatment for enteric fever. He was repatriated to Australia in September 1915. Having recovered from his illness, he returned to active duty in Europe embarking from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Marathon' on the 4 May 1916.

Linklater proceeded overseas to France on the 21 November 1916 and was taken on strength from 33 Battalion. He was wounded in action and admitted to hospital with a gunshot wound to the back of his thigh on the 28 January 1917. He rejoined his unit and was reported missing on the 11 June 1917 during the battle at Messines, Belgium aged 33 years. This was subsequently amended to killed in action on information received from the German Army. For his conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty, he was awarded the Military Cross. He has no known grave, and is remembered with honour on the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium.

Eric John Lipscomb - Service Number - 2348
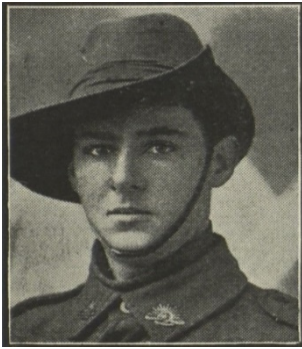
Eric John Lipscomb was born at Wahroonga, New South Wales, the son of Mr. and Mrs. William Lipscomb and brother of Lieutenant Frederick Neville Lipscomb and Gunner Neville Lipscomb. Lipscomb was a farmer prior to enlistment and at the age of 22 years he joined Australian Imperial Force, 9 Infantry Brigade, 34 Infantry Battalion, 4 Reinforcements on the 1 August 1916 at Narrabri, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney on the 17 October 1916 as a Private.

Lipscomb disembarked at Plymouth, England on the 9 January 1917 and proceeded to France on the 25 April 1917. He was taken on strength from 34 Infantry Battalion and was killed in action in France on the 16 May 1917. He was buried at Tancrez Farm Cemetery, Belgium.

Neville Henry Lipscomb - Service Number - 33

Neville Henry Lipscomb was born on the 2 October 1896 at Hornsby, New South Wales, the son of William and Jessie Lipscomb and brother of Frederick and Eric Lipscomb. He was a student at Hawkesbury Agricultural College (HAC), Richmond, when he enlisted with a contingent of fellow HAC students on the 24 August 1914 in the 1 Light Horse Field Ambulance, aged 19 years. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Southern' on the 23 September 1914.

Lipscomb undertook further training in Egypt, and served as a medical orderly on hospital ships 'Galeko', 'Minnewaska', 'Saturnia" and Clan McGillivray', evacuating wounded from Gallipoli, Turkey. He landed at Gallipoli in August 1915 and served as a stretcher bearer for two weeks. After a brief spell in hospital, he was sent back to Egypt where he immediately requested a transfer to the Artillery Corps in the expectation that such a move would be more likely to enable him to see action.

He was posted to the 37 Battery in Egypt. On the 22 April 1916 Gunner Neville Lipscomb joined the British Expeditionary Force at Alexandria, Egypt and sailed for Marseilles, France aboard the 'Arcadia'. He served at Ypres, Belgium in September 1916, and then moved to Bullecourt in April 1917, operating 18 pounder field guns. On the 23 April 1917 he was killed in action in France aged 20 years and was buried at the Ecoust Military Cemetery, Ecoust St Mein, France.

William James Lowe - Service Number - 1413

William James Hamilton Lowe was born in the district of Rylstone, New South Wales and was the son of Hamilton Walter and Eliza Jane Lowe, and the brother of Mrs. D. Murchison of Cabramatta, New South Wales. By the time he was 21 years of age he was a farmer living in the Crudine area of New South Wales. He enlisted at Lithgow on the 14 August 1915 and on the 20 November, embarked from Sydney as part of the 12 Australian Light Horse Regiment, 7 Reinforcement aboard HMAT 'Uganda'.

Taken on strength, he joined the 2 Light Horse Training Regiment in Tell-el-Kebir, Egypt from the 6 April 1916, and was placed with the 2 Light Horse Brigade Machine Gun Squadron at Bir-et-Maler, Egypt on the 24 July. A week later, he became a member of the 2 Light Horse Brigade, returning to the 2 Light Horse Brigade Machine Gun Squadron on the 17 August.

From the 19 to 22 September 1916, Lowe was admitted to the New Zealand Mounted Field Ambulance with tuberculosis at Bir-et-Maler. During 1917, Lowe was hospitalised many times due to illness before joining the Machine Gun Training Squad in Moascar, Egypt on the 7 October. On the 15 December, he rejoined the 2 Australian Machine Gun Squadron.

On the 2 February 1918, Lowe was detached from the 2 Australian Machine Gun Squadron and attached to the 7 Light Horse Regiment for duty. On the 7 March, he re-joined the 2 Australian Machine Gun Squadron and on the 27 August 1918, Lowe was assigned the rank of Shoeing Smith. Sadly, the next day on the 28 August 1918, Lowe was killed in action with Corporal Harrie Linden Murphy by a shell explosion. Both soldiers were buried in one grave at the North Bank of Wadi Aujah, in the Jordan Valley, Palestine on the 29 August 1918. He was later reinterred in the Jerusalem Military Cemetery, Palestine, now called the Jerusalem War Cemetery. In recognition of his service, Lowe was posthumously awarded the 1914/15 Star, the British War Medal, and the Victory Medal.

Alfred Lucas - Service Number - 3381

Alfred Lucas, served in the 1 Battalion of Parramatta, New South Wales. A clerk prior to enlisting in the Australian Imperial Force as a Private, he embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Themistocles' on the 5 October 1915. He was killed in action at Gueudecourt, France on the 5 November 1916, aged 29 years and was buried in the Grevillers British Cemetery, France.

Joseph Edward Luckett - Service Number - 56
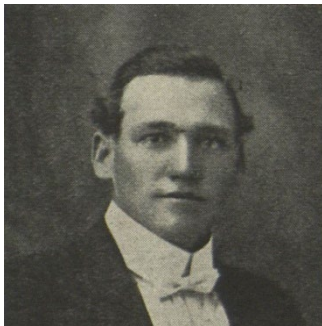
Joseph Edward Luckett was born in about 1888 in Grafton, New South Wales, the son of William and Mary Luckett. He had previously served three years in the New South Wales Police Force, and prior to his enlistment on the 22 August 1914 at the age of 26 years, he was a blacksmith, living with his wife Levenia Luckett at Griffiths Avenue, Ryde, New South Wales.

Luckett was assigned the rank of Lance Corporal upon enlistment, and embarked with his unit, the 9 Battalion, Machine Gun Section from Brisbane, Queensland on board HMAT 'Omrah' on the 24 September 1914, serving in Egypt and Gallipoli. He died of his wounds on the 2 July 1915 at the age of 26 years.

Cyril Spencer Luke - Service Number - Unknown
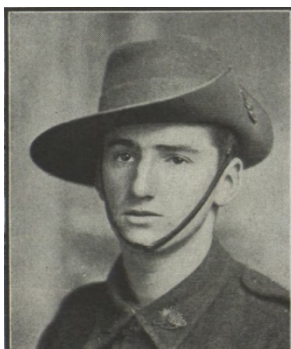
Cyril Spencer Luke, from Baulkham Hills, New South Wales enlisted in the Australian Imperial Force aged 19 years and 8 months on the 14 August 1915. Previously, he had worked as a blacksmith and farrier. He embarked for France on the 2 November 1915 and was killed in action in France on the 20 July 1916.

Broughton Taylor Luscombe - Service Number - 3975
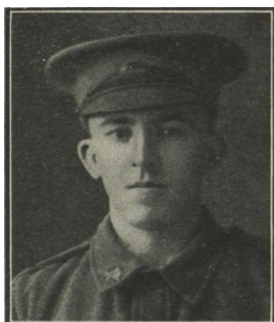
Broughton Luscombe was a 25-year-old clerk living at 'Amagur', Duntroon Street, Hurlstone Park, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 15 July 1915 for Europe. He named his wife Nina as next of kin. Luscombe embarked as a Private on the HMAT 'Medic' on the 30 December 1915 as part of the 4 Infantry Battalion, 9 to 12 Reinforcements and was later promoted to Corporal.

Luscombe was killed in action in France on the 18 April 1917 and was buried in Lebucquiere Communal Cemetery Extension, Lebucquiere, Nord Pas de Calais, France.

Keith Taylor Luscombe - Service Number - 2284

Keith Taylor Luscombe was 20 years old, a clerk and living at 1 Petersham Road, Marrickville, New South Wales, when he left for the front. He was the son of Robert S. T. and Mary E. Luscombe, of 'Tavistock', Seven Hills. He embarked on the 30 September 1915 on the HMAT 'Argyllshire' from Sydney. He was wounded in Pozieres, France and died in the 57 Field Ambulance on the 27 July 1916. He is remembered on the Albert Communal Cemetery Extension, Picardie, France. His brother Broughton Taylor Luscombe was also killed in the war.

Walter Leo Lussich - Service Number - 1954
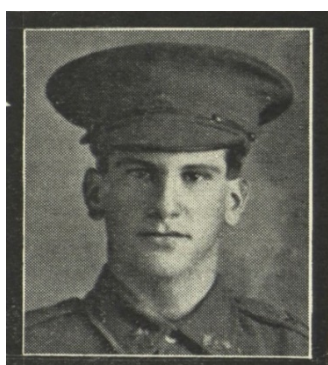
Walter Leo Lussich was born in Auckland, New Zealand and was a clerk prior to enlistment. He lived with his mother Mrs. Amy Rebecca Lussick at Dudley Street, Auburn, New South Wales. At the age of 24 years he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 45 Infantry Battalion 3 Reinforcements on the 21 February 1916 at Bathurst, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Warilda' on the 22 April 1916 with the rank of Private.

Lussich marched into 12 Training Battalion on the 19 July 1916 and he was promoted to the rank of Sergeant on the 23 July 1917. He reverted to Private on the 8 January 1917 and proceeded overseas to France. He was taken on strength from 45 Battalion on the 18 January 1917. He was wounded on the 19 January 1917 when his trench was struck by a shell at Flers, France. He died aged 20 years while being stretchered to the casualty station. He was buried in the Australian Imperial Force Burial Ground, Flers, France.

Surnames starting with M

Reginald Wallace Macdonald - Service Number - 3398
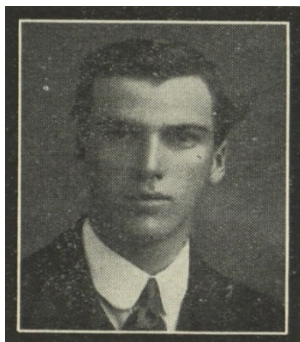
Reginald MacDonald was 18 years old when he enlisted and embarked in June of 1916, on the HMAT 'Port Lincoln'. At this time, he lived with his parents in Dunlop Street, North Parramatta and worked for the Australian Gaslight Company. His father was J. W. MacDonald.

MacDonald was part of the 45 Australian Infantry Battalion and served in France. He died of a gunshot wound to the head in Boulogne, France on the 27 August 1918 and was buried in the Terlincthun British Cemetery, Wimille, France.

John Kenneth Mackenzie - Service Number - 6789

John Kenneth Mackenzie was born in Blairgowrie, Scotland and lived with his wife May and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Kirkby in Granville, New South Wales. MacKenzie formerly worked as a storekeeper and he enlisted on the 26 August 1916 aged 37 years. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT SS 'Port Napier' on the 17 November 1916 with the 14 Battalion, 22 Reinforcement with the rank of Private. During the voyage, Mackenzie was a made a Temporary Lance Corporal for one week in January 1917.

During his service overseas Private Mackenzie was stationed in England, France and then Belgium. In early September 1917, he was promoted to the rank of Corporal. In Belgium on the 25 September 1917, Mackenzie was wounded in the face and larynx by a shell while taking part in the advance of the 4 Brigade to the Hindenburg Line. Sadly, he died of his wounds later the same day. Mackenzie was buried in Lijssenthoek Military Cemetery, Belgium and was posthumously awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal.

William Macquire - Service Number - 1258

William Macquire was a fitter by trade who lived in Lidcombe, New South Wales when he enlisted in March 1915 at the age of 19 years. He became part of the 17 Battalion, D Company as a Private and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales on board HMAT 'Themistocles' on the 12 May 1915. Macquire was killed in action on the 21 December 1916 and was buried in the Bernafay Wood British Cemetery, Montauban, France.

James Patrick Madden - Service Number - 2178

James Patrick Madden was born about 1894 in North Ryde, New South Wales, the son of Mrs. Margaret Madden. He had previously served in the Cadets, and prior to his enlistment on the 21 June 1915 at the age of 21 years, he was a shop assistant, living with his parents at Coxs Road, North Ryde, New South Wales.

Madden embarked with the 20 Battalion, 4 Reinforcement as a Private from Sydney on board HMAT 'Argyllshire' on the 30 September 1915, and was killed in action on the 26 August 1916 at the age of 22 years. He was buried at Serre Road Cemetery No. 2, France.

Edward John Francis Maguire - Service Number - 6183
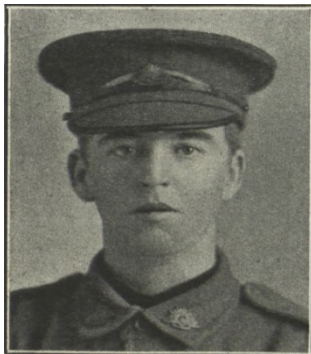
Edward John Francis Maguire was born in Sydney, New South Wales. He was a fitter prior to enlisting and lived with his mother Mrs. Annie King at Sutherland Road, Auburn, New South Wales. At the age of 19 years he joined Australian Imperial Force, 5 Light Trench Mortar Battery on the 5 September 1916 in Sydney. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Ascanius' on the 25 October 1916 as a Private.

Maguire proceeded overseas to France from England on the 14 February 1917 and joined the 17 Battalion. He was transferred to the 5 Trench Mortar Battery on the 14 July 1917. He was wounded on the 9 April 1918 when a shell struck the camp kitchen at Gentelles, France and died later that day at the 41 Casualty Clearing Station, France, aged 20 years. He was buried in the Namps-au-Val British Cemetery, France.

Dominick Joseph Maher - Service Number - 5516

Dominick Joseph Maher was a pastry cook by trade and was living in Lidcombe, New South Wales when he enlisted in May 1915 at the age of 26 years as a Private. He became part of the 1 Field Artillery Brigade, 11 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Melbourne, Victoria on board HMAT 'Nestor' on the 11 October 1915. Unfortunately, Maher was killed in action on the 26 July 1916 in the Somme, France. He was buried in the Gordon Dump Cemetery, Ovillers-la-Boisselle, France.

Milton Harold Maisey - Service Number - 2212

Milton Maisey was 22 years old when he left for the front on the HMAT 'Port Sydney' on the 4 September 1916. He had lived in Ross Street, North Parramatta with his mother and was employed by the Railway Department. He was killed in action while serving with the 14 Machine Gun Company on the 28 September 1917 in France and his body was interred in the Belgium Battery Corner Cemetery in Ypres.

James Edward Mallinson - Service Number - 6792

James Edward Mallinson was the second youngest son of Mr. George Mallinson of William Street, Granville, New South Wales. Prior to enlistment he was an engineer at Clyde Engineering Works, Granville. Prior to outbreak of the war he went to England on a trip, whilst there he heard news of the illness of his mother and returned home, but his mother passed away before he was able to reach home. His brother George also enlisted for active service. At the age of 24 years, he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 7 Infantry Battalion as a Private and embarked from Sydney aboard SS 'Port Napier' on the 17 November 1916.

Mallinson disembarked at Devonport, England on the 29 January 1917 and proceeded overseas to France, joining his unit on the 20 April 1917. He was taken on strength with the 7 Battalion on the 18 May 1917, however, his period of active service was to be quite brief. He was reported as missing from the field and a week later it was confirmed that he had been killed in action at Westhoek Ridge, Belgium, on the 4 October 1917, aged 25 years. He was buried in the Oxford Road Cemetery, Belgium.

Herbert Manning - Service Number - 1203

Born in Sydney, New South Wales, Herbert Manning, also known as Robert Mann, was the son of Mrs. Ellen Manning of Epping. He worked as a labourer prior to enlistment at the age of 31 years, joining the 13 Infantry Battalion, 1 Reinforcement on the 22 October 1914 at Liverpool, New South Wales. He embarked from Melbourne, Victoria aboard HMAT 'Berrima' on the 22 December 1914. Manning was killed in action at Gallipoli, Turkey on the 9 August 1915 and was buried at Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey.

Henry John Manuel - Service Number - 2410
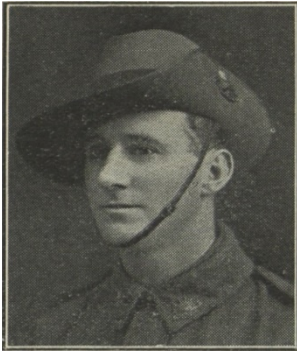
Henry John Manuel was 30 years old when he embarked for France on the 20th August 1915 on the HMAT 'Shropshire' with the rank of Corporal. He was part of the 13 Infantry Battalion, 1 to 8 Reinforcements. He had lived in Parramatta at 'Kooyong' in George Street with his mother and was a gold and silver burnisher by trade. It seems he married during his service overseas to Emily May Wright on the 27 of March 1917. He was injured three times during his service, once in the shoulder but continued his tour of duty. He died on the 18 July 1919 and his medals were conveyed to his wife.

Alfred Percy Marks - Service Number - 2823

Alfred Percy Marks, aged 29 years, worked as a labourer at the time of his enlistment on the 17 January 1916. He had a dark complexion, hazel eyes and black hair and named his mother Mrs. Maria Marks of Cecil Park, New South Wales as next of kin. He embarked for service overseas on the 8 July 1916 to serve as a Trooper with 1 Light Horse Regiment and later 1 Australian Light Horse Machine Gun Squadron.

Tragically Trooper Marks died of malaria on the 23 November 1917 and was buried in Kantara War Memorial Cemetery, Suez Canal, Egypt. He was awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal and these medals together with a Memorial Plaque and Memorial Scroll were given to his mother. His name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Stanley Noel Marsden - Service Number - 2628

Stanley Noel Marsden was 21 years old and living with his mother Emma Marsden at 260 Church St Parramatta when he enlisted for service. He travelled to England on the HMAT 'Ulysses' via Melbourne, Victoria embarking on the 22 December 1917. He was an engineer in the 2 Air Corps and was stationed at Wendover in England. He unfortunately took his own life while stationed there and was buried at Wendover Parish Church Yard.

William Marsden - Service Number - 3663

William Marsden was 20 years old and a wool piecer by trade who lived in Dunlop Street, Parramatta at the time of his enlistment. He was part of the 53 Infantry Battalion, 6 to 10 Reinforcements and embarked on the 2 August 1917 on the HMAT 'Miltiades'. He was killed on the field in France on the 4 April 1918 and was buried in the Adelaide Cemetery, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

Alfred Henry Marshall - Service Number - 840

Alfred Henry Marshall was born at Granville, New South Wales and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. A.J. Marshall of Adderley Street, Auburn. He was a fireman prior to enlisting and lived with his wife Mrs. Bridget Marshall in Leichhardt, New South Wales. At the age of 22 years he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 1 Australian Mining and Boring Company on the 20 January 1916 at Casula, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Ulysses' on the 20 February 1916 with the rank of Sapper.

Marshall contracted enteric fever on the 26 April 1916 on the journey to Egypt and spent time recovering in Alexandria Hospital. He was sent to France to serve at the front, however, he became seriously ill and was admitted to Canadian Stationary Hospital on the 8 June 1916. He died of pneumonia on the 27 August 1916 at the 7 Canadian Stationary Hospital, Le Havre, France, aged 28 years. He was buried in the Sainte-Marie Cemetery, Le Havre, France.

William George Marshall - Service Number – 161

William Marshall was part of the 3 Battalion of Parramatta, New South Wales. Born in England, Marshall was a police constable prior to enlisting. He embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Euripides' on the 20 October 1914. He was killed in action on the 27 April 1915 at the Dardanelles, Gallipoli, Turkey, aged 32 years. He was buried at Bridges Hill, Gallipoli. After the war, his body was not found and he is remembered with honour on the Lone Pine Memorial, Turkey.

John James Mason - Service Number - 4656

John James Mason, also known as James Mason was 18 years old when he enlisted on the 6 September 1915. He was the son of former Parramatta residents James and Annie Mason of 18 Buckingham Street, Surry Hills, New South Wales (later Queen Victoria Street, West Kogarah) and the younger brother of the late Private William Mason who died of wounds on the 26 July 1916. James was a box maker by trade prior to enlisting and left for the front on the 15 January 1916 aboard the RMS 'Osterley' with the 1 Infantry Battalion, 14 Reinforcements. While in Egypt on training, he was taken on strength and transferred to the 45 Infantry Battalion on the 6 March 1916. On the 5 August 1916, he was initially reported missing but it was later discovered that Mason was killed in action by a shell at Pozieres, France. He was 20 years and 8 months. He was buried at the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

William James Mason - Service Number - 2791
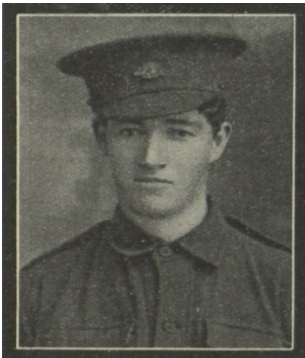
Private William Mason was the son of former Parramatta residents James and Annie Mason of 18 Buckingham Street, Surry Hills, New South Wales and the older brother of Private James Mason. A labourer prior to enlisting, he enlisted on the 2 August 1915 and embarked on the 2 November 1915 from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Euripides' with the 19 Infantry Battalion, 5 Reinforcements. On the 5 February 1916, he was taken on strength and proceeded to go to France from Egypt, arriving at Marseilles, France on the 25 March 1916 with the 19 Battalion.

On the 26 May 1916 in France he was found guilty of using improper language and being absent without leave for one and a half hours between on the evening of the 15 May 1916. He was awarded 14 days' field punishment. Sadly, two months later, he was wounded in action at Pozieres, France and died of his wounds on the 26 July 1916, aged 25. He is buried in the Warloy-Baillon Communal Cemetery Extension, France.

William Thomas Mason - Service Number - 460354

William Thomas Mason was born on the 14 May 1883 in Parramatta, New South Wales to Robert Mason and Elizabeth Adams nee McMurray. He was also the brother of well-known Parramatta resident and businessman Robert John Mason. At the age of 31 years he enlisted in the Canadian Army on the 2 June 1915 and was attached to the Canadian 44 Infantry Battalion. Prior to enlisting he worked as a shipper and had settled in Canada with his wife F. J. Mason of 139 Kennedy Street, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada. Sadly, he died of wounds in France on the 13 November 1916. He is buried at Saint Sever Cemetery Extension, Rouen, France.

Herbert Victor Masters - Service Number - 3

Herbert Victor Masters was in the 1 Signal Troop (1 Light Horse Brigade), later 1 Anzac Wireless Section Australian Engineers of Stanmore, New South Wales. A brass finisher prior to enlisting, he embarked from Melbourne aboard the HMAT 'Karroo' on the 20 October 1914. He died of accidental injuries on the 15 April 1918 when he was knocked off his motor cycle by a lorry between Beaucourt and Allonville, France, aged 34 years. He was buried in the Allonville Communal Cemetery, France.

Harold John Denison May - Service Number - 4424

Harold John Denison May was born in 1891 in Surrey, England. Prior to his enlistment on the 13 March 1915 at the age of 24 years, he was a hospital attendant at the Hospital for Insane, North Parramatta, New South Wales and was married to Alice Emily May. He left with his unit, the 3 Australian General Hospital from Sydney aboard RMS 'Mooltan' on the 15 May 1915. During his service, he was promoted to Corporal. He died as a result of an accident in Palestine on the 12 November 1917, and was buried at Beersheba War Cemetery, Palestine.

Frederick McCabe - Service Number - 7075

Fredrick McCabe was born at Sofalla, United States of America and was the second son of Mr. and Mrs. James McCabe of Hudson Street, Granville, New South Wales. He was an active member of the Granville Young Men's Athletic Club, and in 1913 was a member of the soccer team, when it secured the premiership of the local soccer competitions. Prior to enlistment, he was employed as a clerk at the Government Saving Bank in Burwood and he had previously served in the 20 Battalion.

At the age of 18 years he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 2 Infantry Battalion, 23 Reinforcements on the 7 August 1916 at the Royal Agricultural Showgrounds in Moore Park, New South Wales with the rank of Private. He embarked at Sydney aboard HMAT 'Benalla' on 9 November 1916. He went to England and he was in training at Salisbury Plains until the 25 April 1917 until he proceeded to France and taken on strength he joined the 2 Battalion on the 11 May 1917.

Sadly, he was killed in action at Polygon Wood, Belgium on the 22 September 1917, aged 19 years. He is buried in the Buttes New British Cemetery, Polygon Wood, Belgium. According to the last letter received from him he had not been in the firing line up to the 14 September 1917, and could only have been in the conflict for a few days before he was killed.

O.E. McCann - Service Number - 7528

Owen Edward McCann, born 1895 in Hurstville, New South Wales was a 22-year-old soldier and the son of Owen and Emma J. McCann nee Dalmas of Arthur Street Granville, New South Wales. He was also a keen member of the Granville Citizens' Brass Band. McCann enlisted on the 26 March 1917 and joined the 3 Battalion, 25 Reinforcements with the rank of Sergeant. He was part of the instructional staff at Liverpool the Maitland Camps in New South Wales. He also served with the North Coast Steam Navigation Company as a ship's joiner.

He was on active service since the outbreak of the war, but only left Australia on the 30 October, 1917. McCann died of wounds on the 13 June 1918 while on active service aged 23 years. The last letter received from him by his family was dated the 13 May 1918, just a month before he died.

Donald Smallwood McDonald - Service Number - 3384
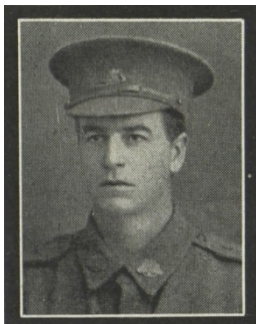
Donald Smallwood McDonald was born in 1881 in Woodstock, New South Wales to Donald and Susannah McDonald. Prior to his enlistment on the 29 July 1915 at the age of 33 years, he worked as a school teacher and lived in Iron Street, Parramatta. He departed with his unit, the 4 Battalion, 11 Reinforcement from Sydney on board HMAT 'Port Lincoln' on the 13 October 1915. He was wounded several times during his service, and was killed in action on the 7 April 1918. He was buried at Adelaide Cemetery, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

Frederick McDonald - Service Number - 1360

Frederick McDonald was born at Bankstown, New South Wales and was employed at Bankstown Council for many years listing his occupation as a carter in his enlistment papers. Prior to joining he lived with his wife Elizabeth and their 3 children at Meredith Street, Bankstown. At the age of 36 years he joined 2 Australian Remount Unit 5 Squadron on the 20 September 1915 at Holsworthy, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Orsova' on the 10 November 1915.

The 2 Australian Remount Unit were stationed in Egypt. On the 8 April 1916, he became ill and admitted to the 3 Australian General Hospital. On the 24 June 1916, he was once again admitted to hospital, resulting in a decision to return him to Australia as medically unfit. Sadly, on his journey back to Australia from Suez, Egypt aboard the HT 'Port Sydney', he disappeared after 8.00pm on the 6 July 1916. It was presumed that he had drowned at sea aged 37 years. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Chatby Memorial, Alexandria, Egypt.

John McDonald - Service Number - 1802

John McDonald lived with his wife Minnie Elizabeth McDonald nee Hickey at 'Uley', William Street, Granville later moving to 'Brighton', 89 Blaxcell Street, Granville, New South Wales. Born in the Manning River district, he was the son of Neil and Margaret McKay McDonald and had also served in the Boer War as a Trooper.

A telephone line repairer by trade prior to enlisting, he embarked with the 2 Battalion, 4 Reinforcements from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Argyllshire' on the 10 April 1915. Taken on strength he was promoted from Private to Sergeant on the 25 November 1914 and then Corporal on the 26 May 1915. Sadly, he was killed in action at the age of 36 years at Gallipoli, Turkey between the 7 to 14 August 1915 during the battle of Lone Pine. He is remembered with honour on Lone Pine Memorial, Turkey. At the time of his death, his wife was residing with her sister Mrs. Eliza Park, the widow of the late Private Albert Park.

Joseph Bonaventure McDuff - Service Number - 11373

Joseph Bonaventure McDuff was born in 1878 in Deniliquin, New South Wales. At the age of 36 years and 1 month old he joined the Australian Imperial Force on the 13 September 1915 at Warwick Farm, New South Wales. He was married to Ethel Louisa Turbit (née Green) and they lived together with their growing family at Crimea Street, Parramatta. McDuff was a labourer employed by the New South Wales Government working in the Clyde Yards prior to enlisting. He embarked from Sydney aboard the RMS 'Osterley' on the 15 January 1916 with the 1 Field Artillery Brigade as part of the 14 Reinforcements, not long after the birth of his second son John Joseph, in Parramatta on the 18 December 1915 and who was baptised on the 8 August 1916 at St John's Church in Parramatta.

Taken on strength on the 23 June 1916, he joined the 2 Field Artillery Brigade and was posted to the 102 Howitzer Battery. On the 11 November, he became ill and admitted to Hospital at France and was diagnosed with rheumatism. In mid-May 1917, he was admitted to hospital with herpes zoster, a skin infection and later in October was admitted to hospital once again suffering from myalgia. Upon recovery, he re-joined his unit and on the 30 January 1918, marched out to 1 Division Artillery. Sadly, he was killed in action near Caestre, France on the 29 April 1918, aged 39 years. He was buried at Staples, Le Peuplier Military Cemetery, Caestre, France.

Charles Michael McFarline - Service Number - 3181

Charles Michael McFarline, formerly a fellmonger by trade, was the son of Mr A. and Mrs. A. McFarline of Liverpool, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney on the 20 December 1915 aboard the HMAT 'Suevic' serving with the 19 Battalion, 7 Reinforcement. Tragically, he died of wounds on the 19 August 1916 and was buried at the Warloy-Baillon Communal Cemetery Extension, France.

Jack McGill (Pierce) - Service Number - 1394

Jack McGill or Jack Pierce as he stated in his enlistment papers was born in 1891 in Parramatta, New South Wales, the son of the late Robert McGill (died 1894) and Frances Pierce, nee MacDonald and stepson of the late Graham Hunter Pierce (died 1911). He was also the nephew of George H. and Eva Risbey of Parramatta North, and cousin to fallen soldier Robert 'Bob' J. Risbey.

He was also the husband of Daisy Bridget Pierce of 150 Goulburn Street, Hobart, Tasmania (later 7 Union Street, Windsor, Victoria), and father to John Colin Hassett (stepson) and Jack Vernon Pierce. Jack enlisted in Hobart, Tasmania at the age of 23 on the 15 November 1914 and departed Australia as part of the Australian 4 Infantry Brigade, 15 Infantry Battalion, 1 Reinforcement on the 22 December 1914 aboard the HMAT 'Berrima' from Melbourne, Victoria. Prior to enlisting he worked as a driver. On the 8 August 1915, he was initially reported wounded and missing but sadly he was later found to have been killed at Gallipoli, Dardanelles, Turkey on the 9 August 1915, aged 29. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on panel 77 at the Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey.

Thomas McGill - Service Number - 660

Thomas McGill was born in New Zealand, a nephew of Mrs. R. Hudson of Epping, New South Wales and at the time of his enlistment was engaged in business at Epping as a general carrier. At the age of 25 years, he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 2 Infantry Battalion attaining the rank of Lance Corporal. Sadly, he died of wounds at Gallipoli, Turkey in August 1915.

Arthur McGlashan - Service Number - 2418

Arthur William McGlashan was born in Narrabri, New South Wales and was employed as a railway worker at the time of his enlistment for service on the 13 July 1915 aged 19 years. He lived in Croydon Avenue, Croydon, New South Wales with his mother Hettie, whom he named as his next of kin. McGlashan stood five feet four and a quarter inches tall and had brown eyes and red hair. He embarked for service overseas on the 5 October 1915 to serve with 17 Infantry Battalion as a Private.

Tragically, Private McGlashan was killed in action near Pozieres, France on the 26 August 1916 aged 20 years. He was buried at Sunken Road British Cemetery,

Contalmaison, France. He was awarded the Military Medal for bravery in the field which was recorded in the Third Supplement to the *London Gazette* of the 19 September 1916 and was published in the *Commonwealth of Australia Gazette* on the 14 December 1916. He was also awarded the Star, Victory Medal and British War Medal. These medals together with a Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were sent to his father. McGlashan's name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Frederick McGlashan - Service Number - 1359

Frederick McGlashan was a metal polisher by trade and had been working as a traveller with the Singer Manufacturing Company when he enlisted for service for the second time on the 6 April 1915. He lived with his parents in Lidcombe, New South Wales and had previously served in Rabaul, New Guinea in 1914 as part of the Naval and Military Expedition Force. His duties had included escorting prisoners from place to place. He was discharged in March 1915 after his period of service had expired.

McGlashan named his mother Ada as his next of kin and he embarked for service overseas on the 25 June 1915 to serve with 18 Infantry Battalion. In August 1915, Private McGlashan was reported missing in action and following a Court of Inquiry held in Tell-el-Kebir, Egypt in January 1916, he was presumed to have been killed in action as part of the Charge on Hill 60 at Gallipoli, Turkey on the 22 August 1915.

Witnesses reported that they had seen him lying in the field, badly wounded. It was reported that many of the dead had been buried in the field by Indian soldiers who did not remove their identification discs, and therefore they had not been identified. McGlashan is remembered with honour at Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey. He was awarded the Star, British War Medal and the Victory Medal. These medals together with the Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to his father. His name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra. His cousin Arthur William McGlashan was killed in action at Pozieres France on the 26 August 1916.

James John McGrath - Service Number - Unknown

James John McGrath was born in Ireland and came to Australia as a young man. He had served as a soldier for much of his working life including in the Boer War in South Africa. He was appointed a drill instructor to the Homebush-Auburn area and he and his wife Madge lived in Egerton Street, Lidcombe, New South Wales.

In February 1916, aged 37 years, he applied for a commission and embarked for service overseas as a Lieutenant on the 13 May 1916 to serve with 36 Infantry Battalion. Tragically, McGrath was killed in action in the field by shell fire near Armentieres, France on the 21 January 1917. He was buried at Cite Bonjean Military Cemetery, Armentieres, Lille, France. He was awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal and together with the Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque these medals were given to his wife. His name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

William Lawrence McKay - Service Number - 884

William Lawrence McKay was a 22-year-old labourer from the Parramatta Branch of the Australian Gas-Light Company. He was the son of Mr. H. McKay and Mrs. Margaret McKay and he lived with his family lived in Cleveland Street, Sydney. McKay enlisted on 1 September 1914 and embarked with his unit from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Euripides' on the 20 October 1914. He was killed in action on the 5 July 1915 in Gallipoli, Turkey and was buried in Shrapnel Valley Cemetery, Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey. His name is remembered in the Commemorative area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Clynick Graham McKechnie - Service Number - 5744
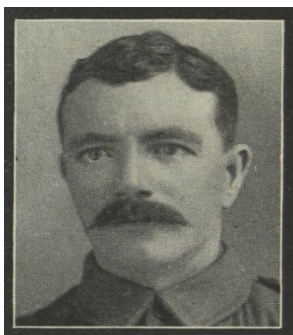
Clynick Graham McKechnie, formerly worked as a painter before enlisting was the husband of Mrs. H. P. McKechnie of Liverpool, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Kyarra' on the 3 June 1916 with the 4 Battalion, 18 Reinforcement. Sadly, McKechnie was killed in action on the 6 May 1917. His burial place in unknown and his service is remembered at the Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

Athol William McKinnon - Service Number - 1486

Athol William McKinnon was raised by his sister Mrs. Annie Perry of Baulkham Hills, New South Wales as his parents died while he was a child. He was a 31-year-old school teacher living in Port Macquarie when he enlisted on the 22 August 1914 in Sydney. He was killed in action in Gallipoli on the 13 June 1915. He was buried in Isolated Graves Anzac, South East of Anzac Cove, Gallipoli, Turkey. He was later reburied in the 4 Battalion Parade Ground, East of Anzac Cove, Gallipoli. His name is remembered in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Donald Alexander McLeay - Service Number – 324

Donald Alexander McLeay embarked for Europe on the 12 May 1915. He was attached to the 17 Australian Infantry Battalion with the rank of Private but was killed at Gallipoli, Turkey, on the 1 November 1915, aged 27 years. He is remembered with honour on the Shrapnel Valley Cemetery, Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey.

Roderick Keith McLeay – Service Number – 324
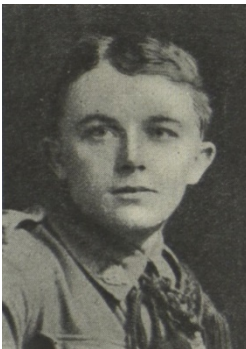
Roderick Keith McLeay was the son of Mr. Alexander H. and Emilie Jane McLeay of Fairfield, New South Wales and worked as a labourer prior to joining the forces. At the age of 19 years and while still serving in the Citizen Military Forces, he enlisted with the Australian Imperial Force on the 17 August 1914.

He embarked from Sydney on board the HMAT 'Suffolk' on the 18 October 1914 with the 2 Australian Infantry Battalion, C Company. He served in Egypt and Gallipoli, Turkey. On the 2 May 1915, he was initially reported missing, but during a Court of Enquiry on the 24 March 1916, it was revealed that he had been killed in action that day.

Warrick James McLeod - Service Number – 1254

Warrick James McLeod was born in Granville, New South Wales and enlisted at Liverpool, New South Wales on the 27 February 1915 at the age of twenty-one. His occupation was recorded as sign writer and he had previously served with the Militia and 20 Infantry Citizen Forces. At the time of his enlistment he was single and lived in Cowper Street Granville with his mother, Mrs. Esther Harriett Smith and his step family, since his mother had remarried.

McLeod embarked for service overseas on the 12 May 1915 with the rank of Private. He served in the 17 Australian Infantry Battalion at Gallipoli before serving in France. Tragically he was killed in action at Pozieres, France. Initially this was recorded as having occurred sometime between the 26 July and 7 August but his war service record subsequently recorded the date of his death as the 27 July 1916.

Notice of Private McLeod's death was published in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* in September 1916. The article stated that his mother had received official notification of his death on the 6 September 1916. He was buried in the vicinity of Pozieres Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, Picardie, France. The Star, British War and Victory Medals, the Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to his mother on his behalf. Private McLeod's name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Sylvester William James McLoughlan - Service Number - 2741

Sylvester William James McLoughlan, an engineer was from Merrylands, New South Wales when he joined the 19 Infantry Battalion, 1 to 13 Reinforcements. He embarked on the 2 November 1915 aboard the HMAT 'Euripides'. He was the nephew of Mr. and Mrs. C. Orchard who lived in Parramatta. He was killed on the 5 August 1916 in France.

Jack William McLoughry - Service Number - 3369

Jack William Rainsford McLoughry was 18 years old and working as a moulder when he enlisted on the 23 July 1915 with the Australian Imperial Force. He embarked as a Private with the 2 Infantry Battalion, 11 Reinforcement on the 2 November 1915 aboard the HMAT 'Euripides' bound for Egypt and France.

On the 26 May 1916, he was promoted to Lance Corporal and then Temporary Sergeant on the 8 August 1916 before reverting back to Corporal two days later. From the 8 December 1916, he took part in training

in the operation of the Lewis Gun. On the 24 December 1916, he was wounded in action and evacuated to a dressing station. Sadly, he died of his injuries the next day. Jack McLoughry was buried at Bernafay Wood British Cemetery, Montauban, France. He is also remembered with honour on the Australian War Memorial Roll of Honour, Canberra.

Francis McNamara - Service Number - 4837

Francis McNamara, born in Bathurst, New South Wales on 28 May 1880 to John and Katherine McNamara, was a 35-year-old labourer employed at Sandown Meatworks Company at Granville, New South Wales when he enlisted to join the Australian Imperial Force on the 17 August 1915. The eleventh child of a family of thirteen, he was living with his mother and siblings in Smith Street, Parramatta, his father having already been deceased.

On the 8 March 1916, he left with the 2 Infantry Battalion, 15 Reinforcements on board the HMAT 'Star of England' from Sydney, New South Wales. Taken on strength, he later became part of the 54 Battalion and was involved in the "big push" at Pozieres, France. Sadly, he died of pneumonia on the 16 December 1916 at the Delhi Hospital, Tidworth, England, aged 36 years. He was buried in the Tidworth Military Cemetery North Tidworth, England.

John McNamara - Service Number - 4279

John McNamara usually known as Jack was a miner and carter by trade and was married with two children at the time of his enlistment in July 1916. He named his wife as next of kin and he embarked for service overseas with 30 Infantry Battalion. During this time, his wife lived with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Allsopp in Kingsland Road, Lidcombe, New South Wales.

Tragically, Private John McNamara was killed in action on Passchendaele Ridge, Belgium on the 12 October 1917 at the age of 31 years. He is remembered with honour on Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium. John McNamara was awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal and together with the Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to his wife.

Archibald Joseph McSparron - Service Number - 289

Archibald Joseph McSparron, known as Joe, the son of George and Jane McSparron and was born in Straidarran, Londonderry, Ireland and came to Australia when he was 22 years old. He was a shunter with the New South Wales Government Railways at Parramatta when he joined the 18 Battalion Australian Imperial Force and embarked aboard HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 25 June 1915. He died of wounds suffered in Pozieres, France at the 44 Casualty Clearing Station, France on the 5 August 1916 and was buried Puchevillers British Cemetery, France.

Archie McWilliam - Service Number - 2546

Archie McWilliam was born in Marrickville, New South Wales and named his mother Jane McWilliam of Abbot Street, Granville, New South Wales as his next of kin. Prior to enlisting, he worked in the country and his occupation was recorded as station hand and was eighteen years old when he enlisted on the 26 April 1916 at Granville. His brother James also enlisted for service.

McWilliam embarked for service overseas on the 14 September 1916 to serve with the 53 Australian Infantry Battalion 2-5 Reinforcements with the rank of Private. He disembarked at Plymouth, England before departing for France to reinforce the unit. He attended Pigeon School for a few days before re-joining his unit. Tragically, Private Archie McWilliam died on the 29 September 1917 in Belgium. He is buried in the Menin Gate Memorial Cemetery, at Ypres, Flanders, Belgium. The Memorial Scroll, Memorial Plaque, British War Medal and Victory Medal were given to his mother on his behalf. Private McWilliam's name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Frederick Meads - Service Number - 2702

Frederick Meads was born at Plaistow, London, England and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Meads of Newtown Road, Auburn, New South Wales. He was a labourer prior to enlistment and lived with his brother Mr. Harry Meads at Adderley Street, Auburn. At the age of 21 years he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 53 Battalion 6 Reinforcements on the 26 April 1916 at Sydney, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 7 October 1916.

Meads was attached the 14 Training Battalion in England. On the 5 August 1917 he proceeded to France along with the 14 Training Battalion and was taken on strength from 53 Battalion on the 31 August 1917. He was killed in action on the 26 September 1917 at Polygon Wood, Belgium, aged 22 years. He was buried in the Birr Cross Roads Cemetery, Ypres, Belgium.

John James Melehan - Service Number - 393

John James Melehan was born at Duck street, Granville, New South Wales. He was the youngest son of Mrs. Jackson and named his elder brother Patrick Melehan as his next of kin. Melehan was a labourer by occupation prior to enlistment in the 5 Infantry Brigade 20 Battalion on the 13 March 1915 at Liverpool, Sydney with the rank of Private. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Berrima' on the 25 June 1915.

Melehan proceeded to join the Military Expeditionary Force at Gallipoli, Turkey on the 6 August 1915 and was wounded in action in France on the 12 November 1916 being admitted to hospital with gunshot wounds to the right thigh, hand and scalp. He was discharged from hospital and taken on strength with the 20 Battalion on the 7 May 1917 but was penalised for being absent without leave from the 15 to 16 July. Melehan was killed in action near Clery-Sur-Somme, France, on the 31 August 1918, aged 31 years and was buried in the Peronne Communal Cemetery Extension, France.

Claude Alton Middlemiss - Service Number – 5052

Claude Alton Middlemiss, who worked at the Sandown Meat Works, was the only son of William David Middlemiss of Alfred Street, Granville, New South Wales was a single, 25-year-old labourer prior to enlisting on the 7 December 1915 with the rank of Private. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Ajana' on the 5 July 1916 and disembarked at Plymouth, England on the 31 August 1916.

He was taken on strength with the 5 Training Battalion in England on the 1 September 1916, and then on the 21 October 1916 proceeded overseas to France and marched into 2 Australian Divisional Base Depot at Etaples on the 23 October 1916. From there, on the 14 November 1916, Middlemiss marched out to join his unit and was taken on strength with 19 Battalion in France on the 17 November 1916. On the 20 December he was admitted to hospital and discharged on the 28 December.

Middlemiss was wounded in action by German bombardment near Flers, France, on the 28 February 1917 and transported by 5 Australian Field Ambulance to 45 Casualty Clearance Station the same day. Then, on the 3 March 1917 he was transferred to an Ambulance Train and transported to Number 6 General Hospital at Rouen, France, where he was admitted on the 4 March 1917, but died of wounds on the 9 March 1917, aged 26 years. He was buried in the St. Sever Cemetery Extension, Rouen, France.

In his memory his parents placed the following inscription in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate*:

In a hero's grave he is lying,
Somewhere in France he fell;
Little we thought when we parted
It would be his last farewell.

David Frank Mills - Service Number - 1582

David Frank Mills, born in about 1892 in Parramatta, New South Wales was the son of David and Elizabeth Mills. Prior to his enlistment on the 10 December 1914 at the age of 22 years he worked as a carpenter and lived with his parents at Campbell Street, Parramatta. He left with his unit, the 3 Battalion, 3 Reinforcement from Sydney, New South Wales on board HMAT 'Seang Choon' on the 11 February 1915, and served in Egypt, Gallipoli, Turkey and France. He was wounded in action in Gallipoli, but later recovered to rejoin his unit in France, where he was ultimately killed in action in Pozieres, at the age of 23 years.

Gordon Wallace Markham Mills - Service Number - 2654

Gordon Wallace Markham Mills was born in 1887 in Burwood, New South Wales to Herbert and Mary Mills. Prior to his enlistment on the 5 June 1915, at the age of 28 years, he worked as an agent and was living at 'Yardley', Wentworthville.

Mills departed from Sydney with his unit, the 13 Battalion, 8 Reinforcement on board HMAT 'Runic' on the 9 August 1915. He was promoted to Lieutenant during his service, and was awarded the Military Cross for obtaining information on reconnaissance missions under heavy fire, and later leading a relieving battalion. He was killed in action at Steenwerck, France on the 6 July 1917 and was buried at Trois-Arbres Cemetery, Steenwerck, France.

Robert George Mills - Service Number - 4104

Robert George Mills was an apprentice boilermaker living in Alfred Street, Granville, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 17 August 1915. His father David Mills lived in Campbell Street, Parramatta. He was wounded in action in France on the 23 July 1916 when he received a gunshot wound to the jaw. He was treated in the hospital at Rouen, France before being transferred to Graylingwell War Hospital, Chichester, England for treatment. He rejoined his unit in the field on the 24 September 1916. He died of wounds received in action in France on Christmas Day 1916. His brother Frank Mills, also in the 3 Infantry battalion, was killed just a few months earlier.

William Henry Mills - Service Number - 2618
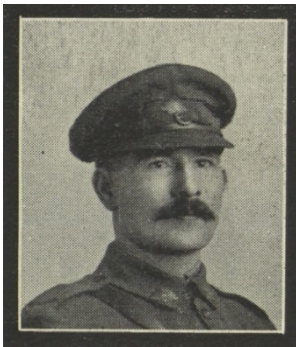
William Henry Mills was born at Portsmouth, England and came to Auburn, New South Wales in about 1901. He was a blacksmith prior to enlisting and lived with his wife Mrs. Ellen Gertrude Mills in Manchester Road, Auburn. At the age of 27 years, he joined Australian Imperial Force, 1 Infantry Battalion 8 Reinforcements on the 20 June 1915 at Liverpool, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Runic' on the 9 August 1915 with the rank of Private. Mills was attached to the 1 infantry Battalion and was promoted to Sergeant on the 5 February 1916. He was admitted to hospital suffering from a hernia on the 12 May 1916 in France and was then transferred to 26 General Hospital, England on the 26 June 1916. Mills was with the 1 Training Battalions for a period of time, and then proceeded overseas to France and rejoined his battalion. He was reported as missing in action and it was later confirmed that he had been killed in action on the 2 October 1917 in the trenches near Polygon Wood, Belgium, aged 31 years. He was buried in the Oxford Road Cemetery, Belgium.

Robert Webster Moir - Service Number - 2150

Born in Melbourne, Victoria, Robert Webster Moir was the son of Mr. William and Mrs. Carrie Moir, of East Parade, Canley Vale, New South Wales. He enlisted on the 5 October 1914 in Rosehill, New South Wales aged 23 years. He embarked from Melbourne, Victoria aboard the HMAT 'Themistocles' on the 22 December 1914. Moir was killed at Gallipoli, Turkey on the 7 August 1915, aged 24 years. He was buried at the Lone Pine Cemetery, Gallipoli, Turkey.

Clarence Leslie Moon - Service Number - 6297

Clarence Leslie Moon was born in 1887 in Blayney, New South Wales, the son of Mr. John Thomas Moon and his wife. Prior to his enlistment on the 5 April 1916, he was a ganger living in Meryula, New South Wales. Moon embarked with his unit, the 4 Battalion, 20 Reinforcement from Sydney, New South Wales on board HMAT 'Euripides' on the 9 September 1916, serving on the Western Front. He was killed in action on the 5 May 1917.

Leslie Moorehouse - Service Number - Unknown

Leslie James Moorhouse was a ledger-keeper at the Parramatta branch of the Bank of New South Wales before enlisting on the 4 January 1915. He embarked from Melbourne, Victoria on board HMAT 'Hororata' as a Second Lieutenant with the 5 Reinforcements, 14 Australian Infantry Battalion on the 17 April 1915. He was seriously wounded at Gallipoli, Turkey on the 8 August 1915, and evacuated to hospital in London, England.

He returned to Egypt on the 20 December 1915 and was transferred to the 46 Battalion. In June 1916 he was sent to France where he was promoted to the rank of Captain on the 15 July 1916. He was killed in action on the 1 October 1916 along with four of his men by an enemy shell, shortly after their return from a successful raid on the enemy's trenches. His commanding officer wrote that he was *"always thorough and I felt that any work left in his hands would be faithfully carried out"*.

John Phillip Morgan - Service Number - 28118

John Phillip Morgan aged almost 29 years, worked as a caretaker when he enlisted at the Showgrounds, Moore Park, New South Wales on the 4 September 1916. He embarked on the HMAT 'Ascanius' in Sydney, New South Wales on 25 October 1916 and disembarked at Devonport, England on the 28 December 1916. He joined the Reserve Brigade Australian Artillery Depot at Larkhill, England on the 29 December 1916.

Morgan was admitted to 2 Auxiliary Hospital with an illness on the 1 March 1917, but was discharged on the 6 March and marched in to the Depot on the 7 March 1917. On the 30 May 1917, he was transferred to 36 Heavy Artillery Group from 5 Australian Divisional Ammunition Column and was taken on strength by the 36 Heavy Artillery Group at Stowlangtoft, Suffolk, England, on the 1 June 1917.

Then on the 24 June he was transferred to the 338 Seige Battery. Morgan proceeded to France from Folkestone, England on the 12 July 1917. He was taken on strength by the 55 Seige Battery from the 338 Seige Battery on the 21 July 1917. Morgan died of wounds while on active service in Belgium on the 4 October 1917 and was buried in the Ypres Prison Cemetery the same day. He was then reburied in the Ypres Reservoir Cemetery in Ypres, Belgium on the 6 March 1918.

Jack Morris - Service Number - 4849
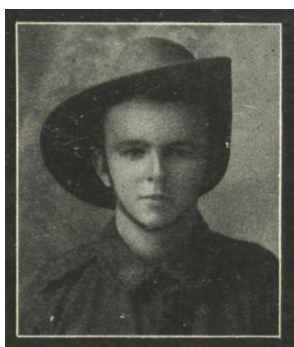
Jack Morris served in the 13 (later 45) Battalion of Parramatta, New South Wales. A mechanic fitter prior to enlisting who lived in Sorrell Street, Parramatta, embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Star of England' on the 8 March 1916. He was killed in action near Martinpuich, Somme, France on the 6 August 1916, aged 18 years. After the war his body was not recovered and he is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

The *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* of the 1 November 1916 stated that Private Morris had *"died like a hero"*.

William Morris - Service Number - 3836

William Morris was a tailor from Marsden Park, New South Wales when he enlisted for service on the 14 August 1915 at the age of 22 years. He had a fresh complexion, blue eyes and fair hair and named his father Mr. James Morris as his next of kin. Morris embarked for service overseas with the rank of Private on the 30 December 1915 to serve with 3 Infantry Battalion.
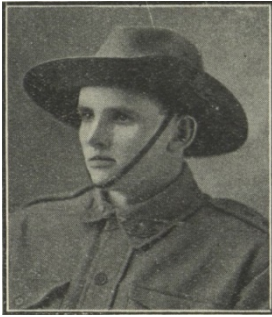
On the 9 April 1917 he was wounded in action in France and died of his wounds later that day. He was buried at Bapaume Australian Cemetery in France. He was awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal. These medals together with the Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to his father. His name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

James Morrish - Service Number - 2212

James Morrish was a native of England before settling in Wentworthville, New South Wales and later in Parramatta with his wife Jessie Rose Morrish. James had settled in Australia for 12 or 13 years before his enlistment. He was an engineer machinist working at Clyde Engineering Works Sydney and the couple lived at 'Collinda', Marsden Street, Parramatta. His parents were James and Mary Jane Morrish and he was born in 1886 at St. George, Canterbury, Cumberland.
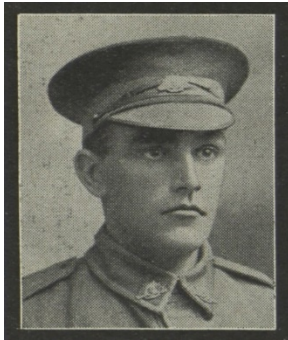
At the age of 30 years he enlisted in the Australian Imperial Force with the 45 Infantry Battalion as part of the 4 Reinforcements at Canterbury, New South Wales on the 5 March 1916. He embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Wiltshire' and on the 18 January 1917 arrived in France per 'Henrietta' from Folkestone, England. By the 3 February, he was taken on strength and became part of the 45 Infantry Battalion. Sadly, he was killed in action, while stretcher bearing on the 8 June 1917, behind Messines, Belgium, aged 34 years. He was buried near the Messines village however after the war his body was not recovered and he is remembered with honour on the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium.

Eric Moss - Service Number - 3094

Eric Moss was an electrician from Petersham, New South Wales when he enlisted as a Private in July 1916 aged 21 years. He became part of the 35 Battalion, 7 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Anchises' on the the 24 January 1917.

Moss was wounded in action near Villers-Bretonneux, France on the the 5 April 1918. He died of his wounds at the 5 Casualty Clearing Station, France on the 6 April 1918. The matron in charge of his care stated that he did not feel much pain and everything was done to make him comfortable. He was buried in the Picquigny British Cemetery, The Somme, France.

Les Moxham - Service Number - 32912

Robert Leslie Dick Moxham known as Les, was the second son of a former Member of the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, the late Thomas Robert Moxham and Mary Agnes, nee Somers. Born in 1892, he lived at Sorrell Street, Parramatta, New South Wales. He was unmarried when he joined the Australian Imperial Force at the age of 24 years. A grazier prior to enlisting, he embarked from Melbourne aboard the HMAT 'Shropshire' on the 11 May 1917. He marched into Reserve Brigade Australian Artillery (RBAA), Larkhill, England on the 19 July. By 17 October, the RBAA proceeded overseas to France. 10 days later on the 26 October, he was taken on strength from the 4 Division Artillery and transferred to the 10 Field Artillery Brigade and posted to 38 Battery. On the 11 March 1918, at his own request he changed his substantive rank reverting from Driver to Gunner.

On the 3 July 1918 during an attack on Hamel, at Blangy-Tronville near Villers-Bretonneux, France, around 2 o'clock in the early morning of the 4 July, while on duty at the guns, Moxham was fatally wounded when he was hit in the face by a piece of exploding shell. He later died at the 5 Casualty Clearing Station, France, aged 26 years. He was buried in the Crouy British Cemetery, Crouy-Sur-Somme, France.

Richard Robert Moxham - Service Number - 15263

Richard Robert Moxham, a 19-year-old apprentice blacksmith was living with his wife Alma Alexandra in New York Street, Granville, New South Wales at the time of his enlistment as a private on the 7 August 1917. He had been in the Militia for a year prior to enlisting in the Australian Imperial Force and embarked on the 'Euripidies' in Sydney, New South Wales on the 31 October 1917 disembarking at Devonport, England on the 26 December 1917.

He had been reclassified as a Driver on the 31 October 1917 and on 27 December 1917 marched in to the Army Service Corps Training Depot, Parkhouse, England. His rank was amended to Private on the 4 July 1918. He then marched out of the Army Service Corps Training Depot to the Boynton Army Service Corps Detachment on the 19 August 1918. Moxham proceeded overseas to France departing from Folkestone, England on the 15 September 1918 and marched in to the Australian General Base Depot, Rouelles, France on the 18 September 1918.

Moxham was appointed to 4 Division Training on 3 October 1918 and was taken on the strength with the 14 Company, his rank being amended to Driver. Then on the 13 October, he was attached to 26 Company from 14 Company. On the 29 October 1918 he was admitted to 12 Australian Field Ambulance ill with influenza. From there Moxham was transferred to 41 Stationary Hospital on the 1 November 1918. The next day he was transferred to 9 General Hospital, Rouen, France, and was reported seriously ill on the 5 November. He died of bronchopneumonia on the 11 November 1918 and was buried in St. Sever Cemetery, Rouen on the 16 April 1919.

Lewis James Carter Muffett - Service Number - 5825
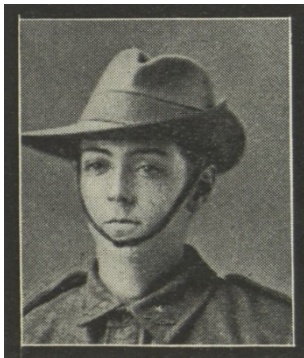
Lewis James Carter Muffett enlisted as a Private on the 29 May 1916 and became part of the 18 Battalion, 16 Reinforcements. His unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 7 October 1916 and was deployed in France. After serving for less than a year Muffett was reported as missing but was later confirmed that he had been killed in action on the 9 October 1917. His name is remembered on The Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium.

Daniel Macmaster Muir - Service Number - 6558

Daniel McMaster Muir was a son of John and Marion Muir and was working as a boilermaker prior to enlisting for service overseas. He lived in Liverpool. New South Wales with his wife Mrs. E. Muir. He embarked from Sydney on the 7 October 1916 aboard the HMAT 'Ceramic' with the rank of Private. Served with the 13 Battalion, 21 Reinforcement. Muir was killed at Grandcourt, the Somme, France aged 27 years and was buried at the Bancourt British Cemetery, France.

Gordon Mungomery - Service Number - 2459

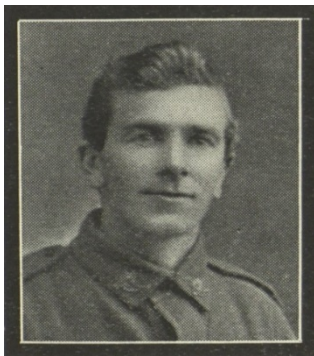Gordon Mungomery, son of Mr. Charles Mungomery of 'Overdale', Austral Avenue, North Manly, New South Wales was a single, 26-year-old machinist when he enlisted on the 20 March 1916. He was born in Clyde, New South Wales and had served his apprenticeship at Clyde Engineering Works, Granville. Prior to enlisting for overseas service, Mungomery had served two years with Wide Bay Infantry.

Initially he was posted to D company, 2 Battalion, then on the 17 April 1916 he was transferred to 1 Battalion at Cootamundra, New South Wales. From there he joined the Reserve Company, 45 Battalion on the 24 May 1916. Gordon embarked on 'Anchises' in Sydney, New South Wales on the 24 August 1916 and disembarked at Devonport, England on the 11 October 1916.

He marched in to 12 Training Battalion, Camp 2, Codford, Salisbury, England the next day. From there Mungomery proceeded overseas, leaving Folkestone, England aboard the 'Princess Victoria' on the 4 December 1916. He marched in to 4 Australian Division Base Depot, Etaples, France the next day.

Mungomery was taken on strength with the 45 Battalion in the field on the 23 February 1917, but was admitted to 3 Australian Field Ambulance with trench foot the next day.

He was discharged to his unit on the 6 March 1917 and rejoined 45 Battalion on the 9 March 1917. Mungomery was admitted to 3 Australian Field Ambulance in Belgium suffering from a shrapnel wound to his left leg and foot. His left foot was badly shattered and he died of his wounds in the 3 Canadian Casualty Clearance Station on the 9 March 1917. He was buried in the Lijssenthoek Military Cemetery, Belgium.

Frank Munro - Service Number - 7275

Frank Munro enlisted with the rank of Private in January 1917 at the age of 21 years. He was born in Parramatta, New South Wales and lived with his father in Lidcombe, New South Wales. He became part of the 2 Battalion, 24 Reinforcement and this unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board RMS 'Osterley' on the 10 February 1917. On the 6 April 1918, Munro was wounded in action, suffering a serious injury to his abdomen and died later that day. He was buried in the Namps-au-Val British Cemetery, The Somme, France.

Alban Wallace Munt - Service Number - 4570

Alban Wallace Munt enlisted on the 21 September 1915 stating that he was a 21-year-old labourer. Birth records indicate he was born in 1897 so it is likely that he was 19 years when he volunteered. He embarked for France on board the HMAT 'Wandilla' on the 3 February 1916. He saw frontline action in France from the 28 July 1916.
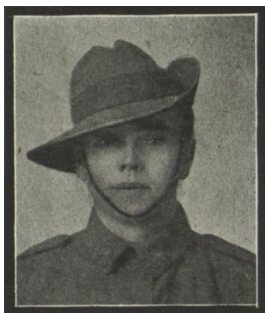
He was wounded in action on the 9 September 1916 and was treated in the field hospital for serious head wounds. He was then transferred to hospital in Wimereux, France on the 13 October 1916, died of his injuries on the 6 November 1916 and was buried at Wimereux Communal Cemetery, France. He is remembered with honour on the Australian War Memorial Roll of Honour, Canberra.

Owen Keith Murray - Service Number - 723

Owen Keith Murray was born in the Parish of St John, near Parramatta and gave his father as his next of kin who lived in Philip Street, Parramatta. Murray was one of the first to volunteer his services and enlisted on the 17 August 1914. At this time, he was a 20-year-old apprentice architect with L. G. H. McCredie. He was killed in action at Gallipoli, Turkey on the 20 May 1915. This photograph is from his own camera, and was taken while he was a scout in the Egyptian desert.

Robert Cooper James Murray - Service Number - 5747

Robert Cooper James Murray was an accountant's clerk from Parramatta, New South Wales when he joined the 1 Battalion, 18 Reinforcement with the rank of Private. His unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Kyarra' on the 3 June 1916. Private Murray suffered serious leg wounds and died of his injuries at Ypres, Belgium on the 4 October 1916. He was buried in the Lijssenthoek Military Cemetery, Belgium. His mother wrote that he was only 16 and a half years old at the time of his death. His uncle, Hugh Creagh Massy Carter was also with the 1 Battalion when he was killed in action at Gallipoli, Turkey.

Reginald Hainsworth Musgrove - Service Number - 825
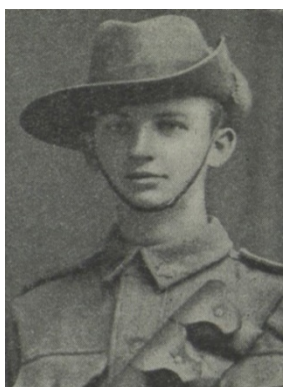
Reginald Hainsworth Musgrove worked as an engineer at the time of his enlistment on the 4 January 1915 aged 18 years. He was the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Reginald Musgrove and he named his father as his next of kin. Musgrove embarked for service overseas on the 25 June 1915 with the 12 then later, 6 Australian Light Horse Regiment with the rank of Trooper. Tragically he was killed in action at Anzac Cove, Gallipoli, Turkey on the 9 November 1915. He was buried at Shell Green Cemetery on the Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey.

Henry Oscar Nelson - Service Number - 728

Henry Oscar Nelson was 19 years old and working as woodwork machinist when he enlisted with his brother Frederick Andrew Nelson on the 13 July 1915. He embarked for France aboard HMAT 'Beltana' arriving in June 1916. Nelson was reported missing in action on the 20 July 1916. His identity disc was received from Germany on the 13 March 1917 and his name was listed on the German death list for the 4 November 1916. He has no known grave and is remembered at V.C. Corner, Australian Cemetery, Fromelles, France and on the Australian War Memorial, Roll of Honour, Canberra.

Thomas Hill Nelson - Service Number - 1440
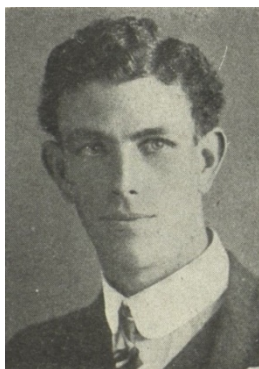
Thomas Hill Nelson was 23 years old and working as a produce merchant when he enlisted with the 13 Battalion, 2 Reinforcement. He embarked aboard HMAT 'Seang Bee' bound for Gallipoli, Turkey on the 11 February 1915. Nelson was wounded in action with severe gunshot injuries to the chest and abdomen on the 15 May 1915 and was evacuated to hospital in Egypt. He died of his wounds on the 24 May 1915 and was buried in Chatby Military and War Memorial Cemetery, Alexandria, Egypt.

Herbert Manswell Newell - Service Number - 3016

Herbert Manswell Newell was an 18-year-old postal assistant when he enlisted as a Private on the 30 June 1916. He became part of the 53 Battalion, 7 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Ascanius' on the 25 October 1916. Newell died from wounds received in action on the 14 November 1917 and was buried at the Wimereux Communal Cemetery, France.

George Newhouse - Service Number - 1415

George Newhouse was born in Pyrmont, New South Wales and was twenty-three years of age when he enlisted at Liverpool, New South Wales on the 20 November 1914. At the time of his enlistment, he was employed as a blacksmith striker at the Meadowbank Iron Foundry. He named his sister, Alma Newhouse who lived at 15

Bunt Street Pyrmont, New South Wales as his next of kin. His siblings included an older brother John Christopher and a brother Harry who also served in World War One.

George Newhouse embarked with the rank of Private for the Dardanelles, Turkey on the 11 February 1915 and served with the 4 Australian Infantry Battalion, 2 Reinforcements. Tragically, he died on the 2 February 1915 at Gallipoli and is buried at Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey. His eldest brother, John Christopher Newhouse handed over all monetary claims and claims for medals on his behalf, to their sister, who was then named Mrs Alma Perry. Subsequently, the Star, British War Medal and Victory Medal, and the Memorial Plaque and Memorial Scroll were given to her.

However, in 1967, brothers, John Christopher and also Harry applied for the Anzac Commemorative Medallion on behalf of their brother George as their sister had since died. The Medal was subsequently forwarded to the elder brother John Christopher Newhouse who at this time was living in Kemp Street, Granville, New South Wales. Private George Newhouse's name is located on the Roll of Honour in the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Frederick William Nicholls - Service Number - 4185
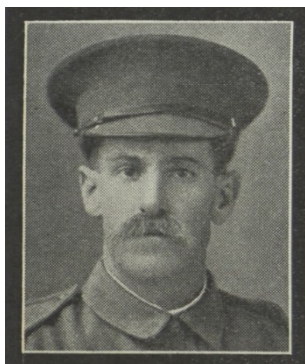
Frederick William Nicholls was the son of Mr. William and Mrs. Mary Ann Nicholls of Liverpool, New South Wales. Before enlisting for service, Nicholls was a farmer from Corndale, New South Wales and played an active role in the local community including serving on the Corndale Hall Committee, Treasurer of the Sports Club and a member of the Rifle Club.

Nicholls embarked from Brisbane on the 28 March 1916 aboard the HMAT' Commonwealth' serving with the 25 Battalion, 10 Reinforcement. He was killed in action on the 14 November 1916 at Flers, France and was buried in the Warlencourt British Cemetery, France.

John Joseph Noakes - Service Number - 4552

John Joseph Noakes, usually known as Jack, was a labourer by trade and lived with his parents Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Noakes in Dalley Street, Lidcombe, New South Wales. He and his brother enlisted on the 28 August 1915 and embarked for service overseas together on the 15 January 1916 to serve with 2 Infantry Battalion as a Private.

Jack was engaged to be married to Florence May Pashley of Hayes Street, Lidcombe. He received a gunshot wound to the back at Pozieres, France in July 1916 from which he fully recovered but he was killed in action in the area of Hermies, France on the 20 April 1917. He was twenty-two years of age. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour at Villers-Brettoneux Memorial, France. He was awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal and together with the Memorial Plaque and Memorial Scroll were given to his father.

John James Noble - Service Number - 4392
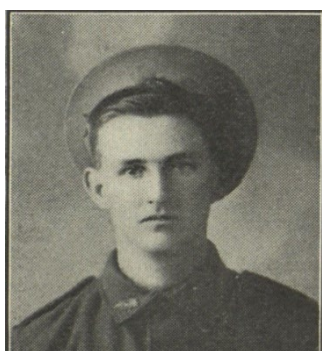
John James Noble was the son of Thomas Harry Noble of Percy Street, Smithfield, New South Wales. At the age of 21 years, he enlisted with the Australian Imperial Force on the 25 July 1916. He worked as a labourer prior to enlisting and embarked with the 30 Australian Infantry Battalion, 7 to 12 Reinforcements on the 7 November 1916, sailing from Sydney aboard the SS 'Port Napier'. He was taken on strength and transferred to the 45 Infantry Battalion. Sadly, he was killed in Belgium on the 12 October 1917.

Cecil James Norris - Service Number - 1808

Cecil James Norris was a 28-year-old accountant in the firm of Messrs. E. P. Pepper and Company in Inverell, New South Wales. He was the eldest son of school teacher Edwin Herbert Norris of Pitt Row Public School (later renamed Parramatta West Public School in 1937) in Granville and his wife Charlotte Bradley James. On the 3 September 1915, he enlisted in the Australian Imperial Force Army at Holsworthy, New South Wales.

He embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Berrima' as part of the 8 Infantry Brigade, 30 Infantry Battalion, 2 Reinforcements on the 17 December 1915, landing at Suez, Egypt on the 23 January 1916. Taken on strength, he was transferred to the 45 Infantry Battalion on the 6 March 1916 and by the 16 March, he was promoted to Corporal ranking at Tell-el-Kebir, Egypt. From the 2 to 8 June, his unit proceeded to France aboard the HMS 'Kinfauns Castle'. Sadly, he was killed in action at Pozieres, France on the 7 August 1916, aged 28 years. After the war his body was not recovered and he is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Surnames starting with O

John Oliver - Service Number - 2644
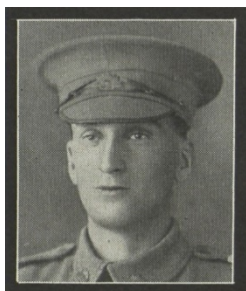
John Oliver, an upholsterer from Eastern Creek, New South Wales was the son of George and Ellen Oliver. He embarked from Sydney as a Private on board HMAT 'Benalla' on the 9 November 1916 with the 36 Battalion, 5 Reinforcement. He was tragically killed in action on the 24 July 1917 aged 24 years. He has no known grave and his service is remembered on the Menin Gate Memoria, Ypres, Belgium.

Arthur John Ormes - Service Number - 3630
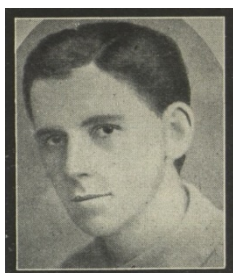
Arthur John Ormes was a member of the 20 (later 2) Battalion of Summer Hill, New South Wales. A photo engraver prior to enlisting, he had natural artistic gifts, painting in oils, water colours and pen-and-ink sketching and embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Aeneas' on the 20 December 1915. He died aged 22 years on the 12 August 1916 at the St Johns Ambulance Brigade, Etaples, France, from gunshot wounds received in action at Pozieres, France on the 23 July 1916. He was buried in the Etaples Military Cemetery, France.

Raymond Leslie Osborn - Service Number - 3178
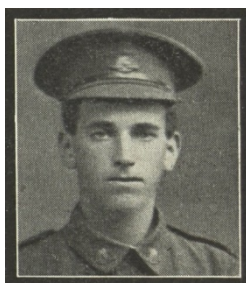
Raymond Leslie Osborn was 18 years old working as a clerk when he enlisted as a Private on the 2 August 1915 with the 18 Battalion, 7 Reinforcements, and then with the 3 Australian Infantry Battalion. The son of Oliver and Emeline Osborn of Lockwood Street, Hornsby, New South Wales, he embarked aboard HMAT 'Suevic' bound for France via Egypt. He served at the front in France from the 28 March 1916 and was killed in action on the 9 April 1917. Osborn was buried in an isolated grave near where he was killed and after the war ended, his remains were exhumed and reinterred in the Beaumetz Cross Roads Cemetery, France. His sacrifice is remembered on the Australian War Memorial Roll of Honour, Canberra. A number of records show Leslie as Lisle.

Alfred Osborne - Service Number - 4041

Alfred Osborne was born in Liverpool, New South Wales. At the time of his enlistment in September 1915 he was a labourer and horse driver and lived in Spring Garden Street, Granville, New South Wales. His age was recorded as 21 years and 11 months and his mother, Mrs. F. Osborne was recorded as his next of kin.
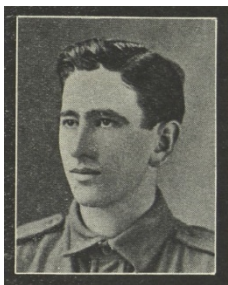
He embarked for service overseas on the 11 December 1915 to serve with the 1 Australian Infantry 12 Reinforcements with the rank of Private. Tragically, Osborne died in the field in Belgium on the 27 September 1916 at the age of nineteen years, two years younger than the age he provided at his enlistment. In October 1921, his mother received a letter from the AIF Base Records Office regarding disposition of his War Medals under the Deceased Soldiers Estate Act 1918, inquiring whether there were any nearer blood relations. His mother wrote that she had adopted Alfred Osborne when he was just 2 days old as his mother had died in childbirth and her own child had been stillborn. She was not aware of the existence of any blood relations. Private Osborne was buried in Bedford House Cemetery, Zillebeke near Ypres, Belgium. He was posthumously awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal. His mother also received a Memorial Plaque and obtained photographs of his grave in Belgium. His name is recorded on the Roll of Honour in the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Stanley George Wilson O'Shea - Service Number - 4198

Stanley George O'Shea, the son of George T. O'Shea and his wife Lizzie of Fennell Street, North Parramatta, New South Wales was born Standish George Wilson O'Shea in 1894 in Parramatta. He embarked on the 11 March 1915 aboard the HMAT' Orsova' from Sydney with the 19 I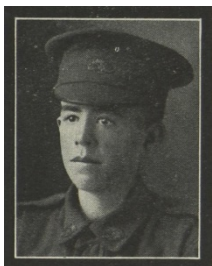nfantry Battalion and served in France but the harsh conditions impacted his health which led to him being invalided home on November 1917. Unfortunately, his health never recovered from his experiences in France and he passed away on the 21 May 1919, aged 25 years.

Hugh Owen - Service Number - 2199
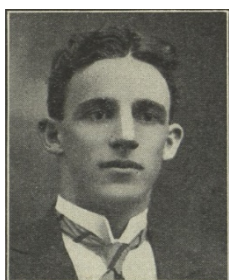
Hugh Owen was born at Lithgow, New South Wales and was the third son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Owen of Auburn, New South Wales. At the age of 22 years he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 20 Infantry Battalion 4 Reinforcements at Liverpool, New South Wales on the 27 June 1915 and embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Argyllshire' on the 30 September 1915 with the rank of Private. Owen embarked on strength of 20 Battalion at Gallipoli, Turkey on the 12 November 1915. He was wounded in action in France on the 2 August 1916 and was admitted to hospital with severe shrapnel wounds to his back. He died of his wounds at the 2 Canadian General Hospital, Le Treport, France on the 24 September 1917, aged 23 years. He was buried in the Mont Huon Military Cemetery, Le Treport, France.

Surnames starting with P

Arthur Walter Page - Service Number - 5754

Arthur Walter Page was born at Dural, New South Wales and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Edward Page of Auburn. He was a bedstead maker prior to enlistment and at the age of 26 years joined the Australian Imperial Force, 4 Infantry Battalion 18 Reinforcements on the 22 January 1916 at Liverpool, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Kyarra' on the 3 June 1916 as a Private.

He proceeded overseas to France and was taken on strength of the 4 Battalion on the 5 October 1916. He became ill and was admitted to hospital with chilblains on the 19 November 1916, rejoining his battalion on the 22 November 1916. He was admitted to hospital with trench feet on the 7 January 1917 and then returned to duty. He was reported missing in action on the 15 April 1917 and it was later confirmed that he had been killed that day during the German attack at Demicourt, France, aged 27 years. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial.

George Sydney Page - Service Number - 2970
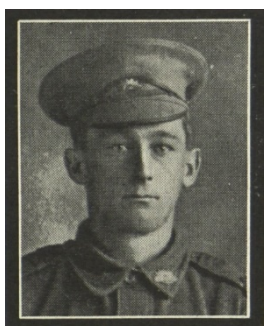
George Sydney Page was 28 years old and was married with four children when he enlisted in the 2 Infantry Battalion at Victoria Barracks, Sydney, New South Wales on the 19 May 1916. He was working as a carter and lived with his wife, Alice May at 'Iona', Toongabbie when he embarked in Sydney on board HMAT 'Ascanius' on the 26 October 1916 with the 53 Infantry Battalion. After arriving in England, he proceeded to active service in France on the 1 March 1917. He was killed in action on the 3 May 1917.

John Fredrick Page - Service Number – 3228A
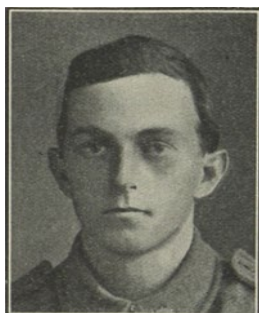
John Frederick Page was the son of Richard J. and Margaret J. Page of 'Canley Grange', Canley Vale, New South Wales. Formerly working as a wool classer, Page enlisted on the 9 August 1915 aged 21 years at Holsworthy, New South Wales. On the 20 December 1915, he embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Suevic' with the 20 Infantry Battalion and Reinforcements with the rank of Private. He was later transferred to the 56 Battalion.

On the 9 September 1916, the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* reported that Page had been wounded, later confirming on 7 August 1918 that Page, along

with Private Robert Saville, also of Canley Vale had been killed in action near Sailly-le-Sec, France on the 8 July 1918 aged 23 years. He was buried at the Franvillers Communal Cemetery Extension, France.

Ray Hector Page - Service Number - 855

Ray Hector Page was born in Rooty Hill, New South Wales and was twenty-one years of age and single at the time of his enlistment at Liverpool on the 19 January 1916 with the rank of Private. He named his sister Mrs. Agnes Baldwin who lived in East Street, Granville, New South Wales as his next of kin. He worked at Brunton's Flour Mills in Clyde. Prior to enlistment he had served in the Citizen Forces.

Page embarked for service overseas on the 13 May 1916 with the 36 Infantry Battalion 9 Infantry Brigade and was subsequently transferred to reinforce the 54 Battalion in September 1916. His service record includes a copy of his will in which he provides for all of his property and effects to be to be given to *"My two sisters Aggie and Hilda."*

Tragically, Private Page died in France on the 15 May 1917 of wounds received in action in the field. He is buried at Noreuil Australian Cemetery, Picardie, France. His father John Jacob Page received the Memorial Scroll and Plaque, British War Medal and Victory Medal on his son's behalf. Private Ray Hector Page's name is located on the Honour Roll in the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Arthur Richard Paine - Service Number - 1277

Arthur Richard Paine was born in Paddington, New South Wales and he first enlisted in October 1914 but had been invalided back to Australia in August 1915 as he had not fully recovered from a bout of appendicitis. He reenlisted following his recovery on the 21 October 1915. Paine had been employed as a clerk and was aged 25 years and 6 months at the time of his reenlistment. He was five feet ten inches tall, with a dark complexion, black hair, and brown eyes. He named his father Edward Paine of Stafford Street, Paddington as his next of kin. His grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Paine lived in Station Road, Auburn, New South Wales.

Arthur Paine was one of the many members of the family who served in the war. Private Arthur Paine embarked for service overseas on the 9 November 1915 to serve with 30 Infantry Battalion. During his war service he rose to the rank of Company Sergeant Major but was wounded in action in the field near Messines, Belgium on the 8 December 1917 receiving serious injuries to his cheek, hand and

thigh. Sadly, he died of his wounds in the 3 Canadian General Hospital in Boulogne, France on the 12 December 1917 at the age of 27 years. He is buried in the Boulogne Eastern Cemetery, France. Paine was awarded the Star, British War Medal and Victory Medals. These and a Memorial Plaque and a Memorial Scroll were given to his father, and his name is recorded on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Harold John Paine - Service Number - 4832

Harold John Paine was a brass finisher by trade and 20 years of age when his unit embarked for Europe on the on 8 March 1916, later disembarking in Tell-el-Kebir, Egypt. He became ill with dysentery and was hospitalised. He later became a qualified instructor in bomb throwing at a course of instruction at the Southern Command Bombing School in Lyndhurst, England and was promoted from Private to Corporal.

On the 6 September 1918 Paine was wounded in action with gas burns to the hands, body and legs. He was transferred to England for medical treatment and died of his wounds at Graylingwell War Hospital, Chichester, England from extensive superficial burns and toxaemia on the 11 September 1918. He was buried in Chichester Cemetery, Chichester, England.

Walter Douglas Paine - Service Number - 2639
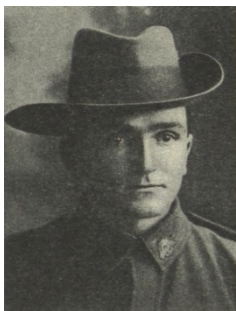
Walter Douglas Paine was one of four brothers from Auburn, New South Wales. He was attached to the 1 Battalion and served in Egypt, Gallipoli and France. Paine was killed in action in France between the 22 and the 25 July 1916 and was buried near Pozieres, France.

Albert Park - Service Number - 1614

Albert Park was a 40-year-old seaman, born in Aberdeen, Scotland and was married to Mrs. Eliza Park of William Street, Granville, New South Wales when he enlisted in Liverpool, New South Wales on the 25 November 1914. He was assigned to 1 Australian Infantry Battalion, 3 Reinforcements and embarked with his unit from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Seang Choon' on the 11 February 1915 with the rank of Private. He joined his battalion on 7 May 1915. Private Park was killed in action on the 19 May 1915 at Gallipoli, Dardanelles, Turkey. He was buried at Shrapnel Valley Cemetery, Gallipoli

Peninsula, Turkey. His name is remembered on the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Sidney Ernest Parkes - Service Number - 188
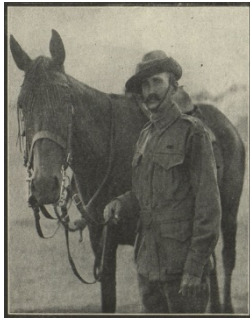
Sydney Ernest Parkes was born on the 6 November 1878 in Staffordshire, England to Ebenezer and Matilda Hozier Parkes. He had previously served three years in the Boer War, and held the rank of Sergeant upon his enlistment. Prior to his enlistment on the 6 September 1914 at the age of 35 years, he worked as a chemist, and was later a wool buyer. He left with his unit, the 6 Light Horse Regiment, B Squadron from Sydney on board HMAT 'Suevic' on the 21 December 1914. He served in Egypt and Turkey and was killed in action on the 24 May 1915 at the age of 36 years. He was buried at Shrapnel Valley Cemetery, Gallipoli, Turkey.

Spencer Percy Parkes - Service Number - 2220

Born in Hanley, Staffordshire, England, and the son of Ebenezer and Matilda Hozier Parkes, Spencer Percy Parkes, also known as Percy Parkes was 39 years old and working as builder when he enlisted on the 10 September 1914. He lived with his wife Alice Maud Parkes at Wentworthville, New South Wales. Parkes embarked in Sydney as a Private aboard HMAT 'Wiltshire' on the 22 August 1916 with the 45 Infantry Battalion, 4 Reinforcements bound for England.

From the 24 January 1917, having obtained a first class qualification and fair knowledge of the operation of the Lewis Gun at the 6 Rifle Course in Tidworth, England, he was promoted to the rank of Corporal. Sadly, he shared his brother's fate and was killed in action when his unit was holding the frontline at Passchendaele Ridge, Belgium he was caught by shell fragments which hit him in the head and body on the 13 October 1917. According to witnesses, he died instantaneously. He is remembered at the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium.

Urban (William Barry) Parr - Service Number - 10531

Urban Parr, known as William Barry Parr was born on 5 April 1889 in Burwell, Cambridgeshire, England. He originally enlisted as Trooper Urban Parr in March 1915 at the age of twenty-five years. His occupation was recorded as farmer and he named his mother in Cambridgeshire, England as his next of kin. He was due to embark for service overseas on the 13 June 1915 to serve with 12 Light Horse Regiment however, his war service records

state that he did not embark for service overseas as required and was *"posted as a deserter"* with a warrant issued for his arrest.

He enlisted again in January 1916 with the rank of Sapper, this time under the name of William Barry Parr. He named his wife Alice as next of kin and the couple lived with Alice's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Turner, in Sorrell Street, Parramatta, New South Wales. His occupation was recorded as mental attendant and an article published in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* states that he worked at the Parramatta Mental Hospital. Parr signed a statutory declaration prior to his embarkation stating that his true name was Urban Parr.

He embarked for service overseas on the 25 May 1916 to serve with 34 Australian Infantry Battalion 3 Divisional Signal Company. An article published in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* in January 1917 detailed the sacrifice of the Turner family. Two of Urban Parr's brothers-in-law had died while serving. Parr's father-in-law, Mr. Robert James Turner was also serving overseas and a younger brother-in-law was in training in England. Urban Parr was reported missing in action on the 12 October 1917 in Belgium however, several months later he was officially reported as having been killed in action in the field on the 12 October 1917 at Passchendaele in the Third Battle of Ypres, France. He is buried in Tyne Cot Cemetery, France. The British War Medal, Victory Medal, Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to his widow Alice. His name is commemorated on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

William Sydney Paterson - Service Number – 3889

William Sydney Paterson, born in 1895 was the eldest son of Reverend John Paterson and his wife Jessie Jane and lived in 'The Manse', 41 Hunter Street, Parramatta, New South Wales. At the age of 21 years, this young architect enlisted on the 4 December 1916 with the 1 Pioneer Battalion, 10 Reinforcements.

He had previously been serving in the 20 Infantry Battalion. He was made Acting Sergeant during the voyage aboard HMAT 'Anchises' from Sydney on the 24 January 1917. Later he was promoted to Sapper and served in the 12 Field Company, Australian Engineers. Sadly, he was killed in action in France on the 5 April 1918, aged 22 years.

Aubrey Ernest Peacock - Service Number - 4752
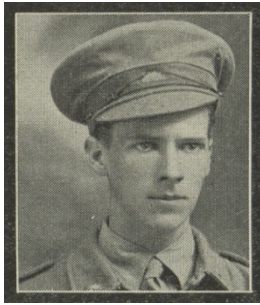
Aubrey Ernest Peacock was born in Bathurst New South Wales. He was single, nineteen years of age and employed as a clerk in the office of the Royal Packet S. S. Company in Sydney, at the time of his enlistment on the 20 December 1915. He lived with his parents in Dunlop Street Parramatta and named his father Jonathan as his next of kin. Aubrey served with the Citizen Forces for one and a half years prior to enlisting. He embarked for service overseas to serve with 20 Battalion 12 Reinforcements on the 13 April 1916. Tragically he was killed in action during the Battle of the Somme near Gueudecourt, France on the 10 November 1916. He was buried in the Caterpillar Valley Cemetery, Longueval, Picardie, France.

The *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* recorded that the last letter he wrote was dated 15 October from *"Somewhere in France"* in which he stated that up to that point he had not been in the firing line. A later article recounted that a Private Joe King of Wentworthville had witnessed Aubrey being killed by shellfire. The British War Medal, Victory Medal, Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to his father on Aubrey's behalf. Private Aubrey Ernest Peacock's name is commemorated on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial.

Abraham Pearce - Service Number - 2190

Abraham Pearce known as 'Abe' Pearce was 22 years old when he joined on the Australian Imperial Forces on the 17 April 1915 at the Liverpool, New South Wales camp. He was the son of James Rasin and Emily Pearce of 'Portumia', Lansdowne Street, Parramatta. At the time he was working as a wool classer at A.W. Davis & Co. in Pyrmont. He left Australia as part of the 2 Battalion, 6 Reinforcements aboard the HMAT' Karoola' from Sydney on the 16 June 1915. After months of training in Egypt, he joined the 2 Battalion at Gallipoli. At first he was reported missing but sadly it was later reported that during the ANZAC's engagement at Lone Pine, Gallipoli, Pearce was one of the many of the casualties on the 6 August 1915. He is buried at the Lone Pine Cemetery, Gallipoli, Turkey.

A portrait of Pearce was presented to his parents with the following inscription: *"Presented to Mrs Pearce, in memory of Private Abe ("Uncle") Pearce, 2 Batt. 6th Reinforts. Australian Imperial Forces. Killed in action at Lonesome Pine, Gallipoli, between 6th & 9th August, 1915. A tribute from his fellow-workmen Employees of A.W. Davis & Co., Fairfield & Pyrmont, as a token of affection to one so true, self-sacrificing, and so kindly disposed to all. He fell in the cause of Freedom and Right."*

William Frampton Penney - Service Number - 7310
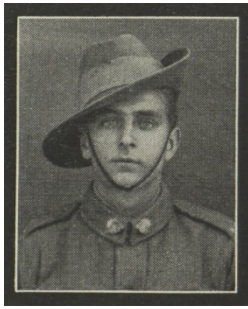
William Frampton Penney was the son of Mr. John and Mrs. Anne Penney of Liverpool, New South Wales. Before enlisting he worked as a barman and embarked from Sydney aboard the RMS 'Osterley' on the 10 February 1917 and served with the 2 Battalion, 24 Reinforcement. Sadly, he died of wounds received in battle on the 24 May 1918 and was buried in the Crouy British Cemetery, Crouy-Sur-Somme, France.

Arthur Edward Perkins - Service Number – 2959

Arthur Edward Perkins was born in Parramatta, New South Wales and was the son of Thomas Emanuel Perkins of Blaxcell Street, Granville, New South Wales.

An ironworker by trade, he enlisted on the 14 June 1916 with the 20 Infantry in Auburn, New South Wales aged 21 years. Sadly, he was killed in action in France on the 12 May 1917 and was buried at Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Theophilus William Perry - Service Number - 4291

Theophilus William Perry, usually known as Theo was a wood machinist by trade and named his mother Mrs. Louisa Mitchell Bongers as his next of kin. He lived with his mother, brother and step brothers in Dartbrook Road, Auburn, New South Wales. His brother and step brothers also served during the war. He was the younger brother of Colonel Stanley Llewellyn Perry and embarked for service overseas on the 20 December 1915 to serve with the 45 Infantry Battalion.

Perry was promoted to the rank of Corporal in March 1916, to Sergeant in May 1916, to Second Lieutenant in April 1917, and to Lieutenant in September 1917. Tragically, he was killed in action on the 5 April 1918 at Dernancourt, France at the age of 22 years. He was buried at Millencourt Communal Cemetery Extension, France. The British War Medal and the Victory Medal together with the Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to his mother. His name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Stanley Pettit - Service Number – Unknown

Signaller Stanley Pettit was the son of M. A. Pettit and T. Pettit of Thornleigh. He was the brother of Driver. F. J. Pettit who was killed in action on the 23 September 1917. Stanley Pettit was also killed in action at Gallipoli on the 6 August 1915.

Robert Owen Pickburn - Service Number – 1979
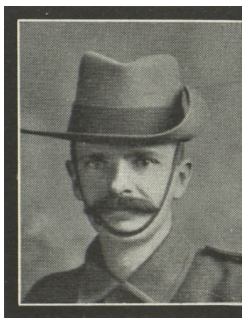
Robert Owen Pickburn, an orchardist from Seven Hills, New South Wales was the son of Thomas and Melanie Pickburn and a brother of James Pickburn.

He embarked aboard HMAT 'Barambah' on the 23 June 1916, serving with the 53 Battalion, 3 Reinforcement. Sadly, Pickburn died of wounds received in battle on the 21 October, 1917. He was buried in the Lijssenthoek Military Cemetery, Belgium.

Frank Hessell Pickering - Service Number - 3192
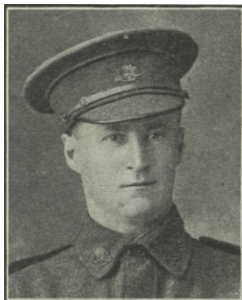
Frank Hessell Pickering usually known as 'Snow' due to the whiteness of his hair, was employed as a telegraphist at Parliament House at the time of his enlistment in September 1915 at the age of 22 years. He named his father Frank Hessell Senior who lived in Railway Reserve, Auburn, New South Wales and later resided in Vaughan Street, Lidcombe, as his next of kin. He embarked for service overseas on the 20 November 1915 to serve with the 18 Infantry Battalion and then the 3 Infantry Battalion.

During his period of service, he attended aviation school in France and attained the rank of Aerial Signaller. Initially reported as missing, Pickering was killed in action between the 22 and the 27 July 1916 while flying over enemy lines. He was buried in the vicinity of Pozieres, France. He was awarded the British War Medal, and the Victory Medal and together with the Memorial Plaque and Memorial Scroll the medals were given to his father. Pickering's name is located on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra. His brother Roland Pickering also served and sadly, was also killed in action.

Roland Pickering - Service Number - 3883

Roland Pickering was employed as a blacksmith's striker at Clyde Engineering Works, Granville, New South Wales at the time of his enlistment in August 1915. He named his father Frank Hessell Senior who lived in Railway Reserve, Auburn, and later in Vaughan Street, Lidcombe as his next of kin. He embarked for service overseas on the 30 December 1915 to serve with 3 Infantry Battalion with the rank of Gunner.

Tragically, Pickering was killed in action in the field in France on the 17 August 1916 aged 20 years and is remembered with honour at Villers-Brettoneux Memorial in Picardie, France. He was posthumously awarded the British War Medal, and the Victory Medal and these medals together with the Memorial Plaque and Memorial Scroll were given to his father. Pickering's name is located on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra. His brother Frank also served and sadly, was also killed in action in France in July 1916.

Phillip Plumb - Service Number - 966

Phillip Plumb was born in 1892 to Susan and John Plumb. Prior to his enlistment on the 2 February 1915 at the age of 22 years, he worked as a labourer and lived at 'Dartford Park', Thornleigh. He left with his unit, the 18 Battalion, C Company from Sydney on board HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 25 June 1915, where he served in Egypt and the Western Front. He was killed in action on the 22 August 1915.

Leslie Power - Service Number - 2833

Leslie Power was a locomotive cleaner and lived in Myrtle Street, Auburn, New South Wales at the time of his enlistment on the 18 February 1915 at the age of 21 years. He named his mother Mrs. Eliza Mary Power of Cardigan Street Auburn as his next of kin. Leslie embarked for service overseas on the 31 May 1915 to serve with the 5 Australian Field Ambulance and then the 12 Australian Field Ambulance with the rank of Private.

Power received a wound to his right arm at Gallipoli, Turkey in August 1915 and while in England on leave married Florence Lucy Catlin in April 1916. Sadly, he was killed in action in France in August 1918 during the advance towards Villers-Bretonneux. He was awarded the Star, British War Medal and Victory Medal and these were forwarded to his wife together with a Memorial Plaque and Memorial

Scroll. His name is located on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

John Poxon - Service Number – 1805

Private John Poxon was born in Derby in the United Kingdom and lived with his wife Agnes in Livingstone Road, Lidcombe, New South Wales. He was a wagon builder by trade and enlisted for service on the 10 April 1916 at the age of 28 years. His wife gave birth to a daughter, Una on the 21 September 1916. He embarked for service overseas on the 2 December 1916 to serve with the 14 Australian Light Trench Mortar Battery.

He was wounded in action near Proyart, France on the 27 August and tragically died of his wounds on the 28 August 1918 at the 55 Casualty Clearing Station. Private Poxon was buried in the Daours Communal Cemetery Extension, France. An article in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* published some comments from the men who had served beside him expressing the high esteem in which they regarded their fellow soldier. He was awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal and with a Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to his wife. His name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Alwyn Adam Thomson Pringle - Service Number – 17124
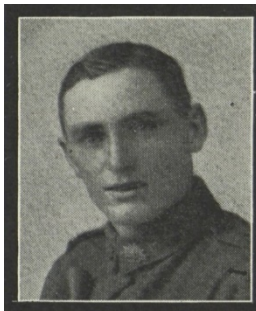
Alwyn Adam Thomson Pringle, a grazier from Rooty Hill, New South Wales was the son of Lieutenant-Colonel A. T. Pringle of 'Oaklea, ' Plumpton. He had completed his education at the King's School, Parramatta before enlisting at The Warren, Marrickville, New South Wales on the 4 January 1916. Pringle embarked with the 5 Brigade, Australian Field Artillery as a Gunner departing from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Borda' on the 5 June 1916. On the 29 July 1917 while serving with 105 Howitzer Battery, he was killed in action, aged 24 years and was buried in the Dickebusch New Military Cemetery Extension, Belgium.

Arthur Horace Pugsley - Service Number – 671

Arthur Horace Pugsley, aged 30 years was living in Galston, New South Wales when he enlisted as a Private the 19 August 1914. He became part of the 2 Battalion, F Company and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Suffolk' on the 18 October 1914. It is believed that Private Pugsley was killed on the day of landing at Lone Pine, Gallipoli, Turkey on

the 25 April 1915. His sacrifice is remembered on the Lone Pine Memorial Gallipoli, Turkey.

Montague Horatio Charles Purcell - Service Number – 3456

Montague Horatio Charles Purcell was 18 years old and working as a blacksmith striker when he enlisted on the 27 July 1915. He embarked for France as a Private aboard HMAS 'Themistocles' arriving in France on the 28 March 1916 with the 1 Battalion, 11 Reinforcement. He was wounded in action with a gunshot wound to his neck on the 23 July 1916 and was evacuated to hospital in England.

Purcell rejoined his battalion on the 26 November 1916. However, he returned to hospital with an injured foot in January 1917 and rejoined his unit again in February 1917. He was killed in action on the 7 April 1917. Sadly, he has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France and the Australian War Memorial, Roll of Honour, Canberra.

Alfred Rose Pye - Service Number - 1043

Alfred Rose Pye, formerly a farmer and residing in Blacktown, New South Wales was the son of Blacktown Shire Councillor, James J. Pye and Mrs. Frances Pye of Riverstone. He was a member of Blacktown Rifle Club where he was known as a 'first-class shot'. Pye embarked at the age of 18 years on the HMAT 'Euripides' on the 9 September 1916. He was tragically killed in action on the 26 February 1917 and was buried in Warlencourt British Cemetery, France.

Surnames starting with Q

Cecil Ross Quinn - Service Number - 1997

Cecil Ross Quinn was the second son of Mrs. Isabella Quinn and was born in 1893 in Darlinghurst, New South Wales. He lived with his mother at 'Tuggeranong', St. Helliers Road, Auburn, New South Wales. A labourer prior to enlisting, he was Ex Miltiades and served with 2 A I regiment for 2 years and then resigned. He joined Australian Imperial Force, 18 Battalion 3 Reinforcements on the 16 June 1915 at Liverpool, New South Wales and embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Runic' on the 9 August 1915.

He was killed in action on the 3 August 1916 at Pozieres, France, aged 22 years. After the war his body was not recovered and he is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France. His eldest brother Private Leslie Quinn was also killed in action which left his mother with one remaining son who was also serving in France.

Leslie Quinn - Service Number - 3975

Leslie Quinn, eldest son of Mrs. Isabella Quinn was born on 1888 at Parramatta, New South Wales. Quinn served in the Militia for 5 years and worked as a cellarman prior to enlisting. He was living with his mother at 'Tuggeranong', St. Helliers Road, Auburn, New South Wales. Quinn joined Australian Imperial Force 3 Battalion 12 Reinforcements on the 18 September 1915 at Holsworthy, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Medic' on the 30 December 1915. He was killed in action on the 29 June 1916 at the Somme, France, aged 28 years. He was buried in the Rue-David Military Cemetery, Fleurbaix, France.

Surnames starting with R

Charles Ramsay - Service Number - Unknown
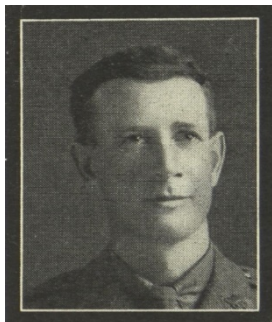
Charles Ramsay was killed in action in the field in Belgium on the 1 December 1917 and was buried in the Royal Berks Cemetery Extension Ploegsteert, Belgium. Ramsay was posthumously awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal and together with a Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque the awards were forwarded to his wife. His name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial.

John Allan Ramsbottom - Service Number - 1421

John Allan Ramsbottom of the 3 Australian Infantry Battalion was a carpenter by trade prior to enlistment. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Seang Bee' on the 11 February 1915 but was killed in action at Gallipoli, Turkey on the 7 August 1917, aged 25 years. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Lone Pine Memorial, Turkey.

Kenneth George Randall - Service Number - 3251

Kenneth George Randell, also listed as Kenneth George Randall was the son of Mr. Alfred and Mrs. Amy Randell of Liverpool, New South Wales and worked a labourer before enlisting for active service. He embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Suevic' on the 11 November 1916 and served with the 56 Battalion, 8 Reinforcement. He was tragically killed in action on the 23 August 1918 aged 23 years and was buried at Heath Cemetery, Harbonnieres, France.

Albert Edwin Rannard - Service Number - 1246

Albert Edwin Rannard, Merrylands New South Wales, embarked on the 25 October 1916 aboard HMAT 'Ascanius' with the rank of Private. He died of wounds on the 9 April 1917 in France.

Leslie Harold Raward - Service Number - Unknown

Leslie Harold Raward was from the Goulburn area. His parents died when he was an infant and he was the adopted son of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Raward. For several years he had resided with his friend Joseph Bugg in John Street, Lidcombe, New South Wales. A mattress maker by trade, he enlisted for service on the 7 August 1915 aged 22 years. Shortly before he enlisted he had married Ethel and they lived with her parents in Guilford Road, Guilford, New South Wales.

Raward embarked for service overseas on the 2 November 1915 to serve with the 3 Infantry Battalion later the 53 Infantry Battalion. He was wounded in action at Fleurbaix, France on the 17 July 1916 and died of his wounds later that day. He was buried in the Anzac Cemetery, Sailly-sur-la Lys, France. Private Raward was posthumously awarded the British War Medal and Victory Medal. His name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Walter Everard A. Rea - Service Number - 1218

Walter Everard Rea, incorrectly recorded as Walker Everard Rea was born in 1895 and lived in Church Street, Parramatta, New South Wales. He was the eldest son of Mr. David Rea, a popular local footballer and his wife Mrs. W. E. Rea. He was also a grandson of Alderman John Saunders, an officer at the Parramatta North Methodist Sunday school.

A surveyor's assistant by occupation prior to enlisting, Rea had previously served in the Militia for two years and joined the Australian Imperial Force 13 Infantry Battalion, 1 Reinforcements on the 24 November 1914. He embarked from Melbourne aboard the HMAT 'Berrima' on the 22 December 1914 with the rank of Corporal and was later promoted to Sergeant. He was killed in action on the 4 May 1915 at the Dardanelles, Turkey at the age of 20 years. After the war, his body was not recovered and he is remembered with honour on the Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli, Turkey.

Edward Marius Thomas Reboul - Service Number - 6801

Edward Marius Thomas Reboul was born at St. Marys, New South Wales and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Marius Alphonse Reboul of Strathfield, New South Wales. He was a clerk prior to enlisting at the age of 20 years and he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 13 Infantry Battalion 22 Reinforcements on the 20 April 1916. He

embarked from Sydney aboard SS 'Port Nicholson' on the 8 November 1916 with the rank of Private.

Reboul was attached to the 13 Infantry Battalion and marched in to the 4 Training Battalion on the 10 January 1917. He was promoted to Lance corporal at the 4 Training Battalion on the 5 March 1917 and proceeded to France on the 20 March 1917. He was taken on strength from the 13 Battalion on the 24 March 1917 and reverted to Private on marching into the 5 Australian Division Base Depot on the 4 May 1917.

He was appointed to Lance Corporal on the 25 July 1917. Sadly, he was killed in action on the 6 October 1917 near Zillebeke, Belgium, aged 21 years. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium. His death was a huge loss to the Saint Thomas Literary and Social Society in Lewisham, New South Wales as he was one of the society's representative in the interclub debates which were held in 1916 and was also an honourable secretary of the society prior to enlisting.

David Rees - Service Number - 3910

David Rees of Merrylands, New South Wales served with the 2 Infantry Battalion, 1 to 12 Reinforcements and embarked aboard HMAT 'Medic' on the 30 December 1915 with the rank of Corporal. He was wounded in action and died in hospital in Etaples, France on the 7 July 1916.

Cyril Lindsay Reid - Service Number - 989

Cyril Lindsay Reid was born in 1890 in Deniliquin, New South Wales, the son of Donald and Mary Reid. Prior to his enlistment on the 6 September 1914, he worked as an electrician in East Melbourne, Victoria. He left with his unit, the 7 Battalion, A Company from Melbourne on board HMAT 'Hororata' on the 19 October 1914. He was killed in action between the 25 April and the 2 May 1915 at Gallipoli, and was buried in Lone Pine Cemetery, Gallipoli, Turkey.

John Dill Reid - Service Number - 308
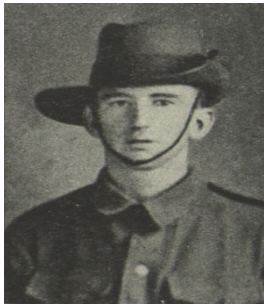
John Dill Reid, formerly a farmer of Liverpool, New South Wales was the son of Mr. John and Mrs. Mary Reid. He embarked from Melbourne, Victoria aboard the HMAT 'Ulysses' on the 22 December 1914. He served with the 13 Battalion, C Company. He was tragically killed in action on the 26 April 1915 at the age of 21 years. His service is remembered at the Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli, Turkey.

John James Remilton - Service Number - 3107

John James Remilton was born at Thirroul, New South Wales and was a miner prior to enlistment at the age of 23 years. He lived with his wife and child in Parramatta Road, Auburn, New South Wales. When he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 4 Battalion 10 Reinforcements on the 7 July 1915 at Liverpool. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Warilda' on the 8 October 1915. On the 19 February 1916, Remilton was transferred to the 56 Battalion.

Remilton was promoted to Lance Corporal on the 18 February 1916 but his rank reverted to Private on the 18 April 1916. The 56 Battalion arrived in France on the 30 June 1916 and fought its first major battle at Fromelles mid July 1916.

He received his first wound during the battle of Fromelles in July 1916 and was wounded for a second time in April 1917. Sadly, on the third occasion he was fatally wounded near Westhoek Ridge, Belgium on the 18 October 1917. He died at the 17 Casualty Clearing Station in Belgium on the 20 October 1917, aged 26 years. He was buried in the Lijssenthoek Military Cemetery, Belgium.

Clive Neilson Reynolds - Service Number - Unknown

Clive Neilson Reynolds was born in Gosford, New South Wales, where his father had been a bank manager. He was single and lived with his parents Leonard Robert and Ethel W. C. Huntley, at 1 Wharf Road, Snail's Bay, Balmain, New South Wales at the time of his enlistment on the 26 September 1914. He was associated with Baulkham Hills through his uncle and aunt Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Sherwin of Baulkham Hills. Previously, he had been employed as a civil engineer and draughtsman with the Railway and Tramway Service and named his father as next of kin. He embarked for service overseas on the 18 October 1914 as Second Lieutenant with the 1 Field Company Engineers from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Afric'.

Reynolds later served with the 6 Field Company Engineers. Tragically, he died of wounds received in action in the Dardanelles, Turkey on the 4 May 1915 and was buried at sea aged 30 years. His service is commemorated at the Lone Pine Memorial at Gallipoli, Turkey. He was awarded the Star, British War Medal and Victory Medal and these medals, together with the Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to his father. His name is also located on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

William Ernest Reynolds - Service Number - 6134
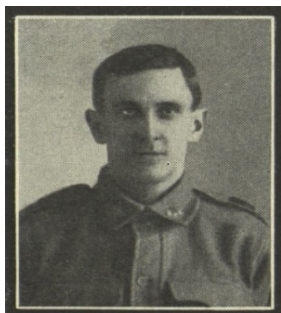
William Ernest Reynolds was born at Union Road, Auburn, New South Wales and was the second son of Mr. and Mrs. William Elizabeth Reynolds. He was married to Mrs. Ethel May Reynolds and lived at Parramatta Road, Auburn with his wife and two children. He was a blacksmith prior to enlistment and at the age of 23 years joined the Australian Imperial Force, 5 Infantry Brigade 17 Battalion 17 Reinforcements on the 11 September 1916 at Auburn, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Ascanius' on the 25 October 1916.

Reynolds left for the front as a Private with the 17 Battalion and joined the 5 Training Battalion at Rolleston, England on the 29 December 1916. He proceeded to France on the 4 April 1917 and was taken on strength from 17 Battalion. He was wounded in action at France on the 20 September 1917 and was admitted to Pavilion Hospital, Brighton, England with severe multiple gunshot wounds to his right leg.

He was wounded again in action on the 31 August 1918 at Mont Saint-Quentin, France and died that day of his wounds at the 9 Field Ambulance, France aged 27 years. He was buried in the Suzanne Military Cemetery No. 3, France.

William Ridge - Service Number - 2195

William Ridge enlisted in the Australian Imperial Force on the 8 May 1915 at Liverpool, New South Wales as a Private. At the time he was a 30-year-old bachelor working as an engine driver at Clyde Engineering Works, Granville, New South Wales and had also served 10 years in the Royal Navy. His parents, John and Mary Ann Ridge were living at 11 Cross Street, Stoke-on-Trent, England.

He left as part of the 6 Reinforcements of the 2 Infantry Battalion aboard the HMAT 'Karoola' on the 16 June 1915. Upon joining the 2 Battalion at Gallipoli on the 6 August 1915, he was initially reported as missing on the 7 or 14 August but it was

confirmed that he had been killed in action on the field between the 6 to 9 August 1915. He is believed to be buried at Lone Pine Cemetery in Turkey and his name is listed on the Special Memorials Wall C, number 127.

Robert James Risbey - Service Number - 4622
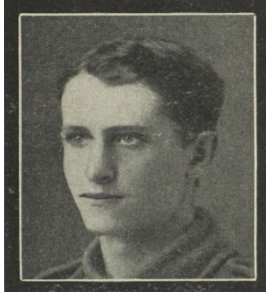
Robert James Risby was an 18-year-old letter carrier living in Isabella Street, Parramatta, New South Wales when he enlisted the 29 August 1915. He was a signaller in 45 Battalion when he was killed in action on the 6 August 1916. He was buried in Villers Bretonneux Memorial Cemetery, France.

Harold Ernest Roberts - Service Number - 4760

Harold Ernest Roberts, usually known as Harry, was single and a labourer when he embarked for the Western Front aboard HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 13 April 1916. He died of his wounds aged 22 years on the 7 April 1918 and was buried at Picquigny British Cemetery, France.

James Roberts - Service Number - 5871
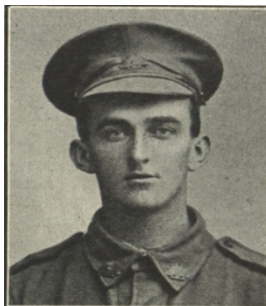
James Roberts, aged 20 years, lived near Dural, New South Wales when he enlisted as a Private on the 29 May 1916. He became part of the 18 Battalion, 16 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 7 October 1916. Sadly, Private Roberts spent less than three months on the front in France before he was wounded and killed on the 5 May 1917 in France. His service is remembered on the Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

Roy Edward Roberts - Service Number - 4720

Roy Edward Roberts, aged 21 years lived in Glenorie, New South Wales when he enlisted as a Private on the 14 January 1916. He joined the 18 Battalion, 12 Reinforcement. His unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 13 April 1916. Sadly, Private Roberts was critically wounded at Bullecourt, France on the 3 May 1917. He was buried at the Queant Road Cemetery, Buissy, France.

Alexander Robertson - Service Number - 1723

Born in Mittagong, New South Wales in 1891, Alexander Robertson enlisted as a Private (later Trooper) with the Australian Imperial Force 11 Reinforcements of the 1 Light Horse Regiment at the age of 23 years on the 10 September 1915 in Holsworthy, New South Wales. He stood 5 foot 5 and a half inches (166cm) tall and was described as having a fresh complexion, blue eyes and black hair. Prior to enlisting he worked with his father James as a bricklayer's labourer. He was the youngest son of James and Jessie Robertson, who resided on Parramatta Road, Granville, New South Wales. The family had moved from Joadja Creek, New South Wales.

He left for the front on the 23 October 1915 aboard SS 'Hawkes Bay' from Sydney and saw active service joining the Western Front Force on the 14 January 1916. Nicknamed 'Robbo' in his regiment, he was described as the *"happiest man in the regiment, always merry and singing"*. According to an article published in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* on the 20 July 1918, he was a singing pupil of Mr. Hector Fleming, who believed the young man had a good career before him. He was also a member of the Presbyterian Church choir.

According to his Australian Red Cross Wounded and Missing file held by the Australian War Memorial, witnesses stated that around 4pm on the 27 June 1918 during a bomb raid at Messalaba, Jordan Valley, Palestine, a shell landed near the dugout in which Trooper Robertson was sleeping. The explosion killed Robertson instantaneously and wounded three others including Sergeant W. L. McDonald and Private V. O'Donnell. He died at the age of 27 years and was buried in the Jerusalem War Cemetery, Israel.

William Hugo Robertson - Service Number - 2944
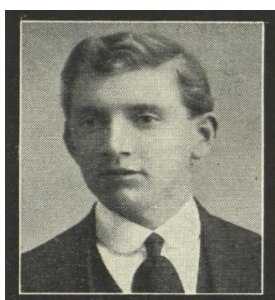
William Hugh Robertson was a 22-year-old grocer from Wilson Street, Wollongong, New South Wales, when he enlisted. He was born in Nowra and enlisted in Liverpool, New South Wales. He was the son of Mr. John Robertson and Mrs. Jessie Johnson Wallace. He had two brothers who were also soldiers in the Australian Army.

About two years prior to enlisting he moved from Wollongong to Granville, New South Wales where he was employed as a grocer. He enlisted on the 27 June 1915 and was assigned to the 1 Infantry Battalion, 9 to 12 Reinforcements as a Private. He embarked with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Argyllshire' from Sydney on 3the 0 September 1915. He was taken on strength in Tell-el-Kebir on the 6 January 1916.

On the 13 February 1916 he was transferred to the 53 Battalion and on the 19 June 1916 he embarked from Alexandria, Egypt and disembarked at Marseilles, France on the 28 June 1916. He was wounded in action and reported missing in France on the 19 July 1916. He was later discovered to have been killed in action on that day at Pozieres, France. He was buried in the Ration Farm Military Cemetery, La Chapelle-d'armentieres, Lille, France. His name is displayed in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Henry James Robinson - Service Number - 747

Henry James Robinson was a 30-year-old locomotive fireman from Cowper Street, Granville. He was married to Catherine Mary Robinson and was the father of Kathleen Mary Robinson and John Henry Robinson. He enlisted on the 13 July 1915 and was assigned to the 30 Infantry Battalion, embarking with his unit from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Beltana' on the 9 November 1915. He departed from Alexandria, Egypt aboard the HMAT 'Hororata' on the 16 June 1916 to join his battalion and disembarked at Marseilles, France on the 23 June 1916. He became ill and was admitted to a hospital on the 7 July 1916 and then a field hospital on the 25 July 1916. He was discharged on the 28 July 1916 and rejoined his unit.

Between September and December 1916, Robinson then spent several periods in hospital in England with medical problems. He was given leave from the 18 December 1916 and the 2 January 1917. On the 19 March 1917 he marched out to Wareham, England where he was transferred to the 61 Battalion on the 23 March 1917. He transferred to the 30 Battalion on the 19 September 1917 in Fovant, England. On the 14 October 1917 he proceeded overseas to France via Southampton. He marched out to his unit on the 18 October 1917 and was taken on strength on the 26 October 1917. On the 1 December 1917 he was killed in action in Belgium. He was buried in Bethleem Farm West Military Cemetery, Flanders, Belgium. His name is displayed in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Horace Frederick Robinson - Service Number - 1312

Horace Frederick Robinson was a 19-year-old clerk from 'Roslyn', Cowper Street, Granville, New South Wales. Born in Kent, England, he was the younger brother of Henry James Robinson. Robinson enlisted on the 20 July 1915 and was assigned to 30 Infantry Battalion. His brother gave his official consent for Horace Robinson to enlist as he was under the age of twenty-one years.

He embarked with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Beltana' from Sydney on the 9 November 1915. Then he departed from Alexandria aboard the HMAT 'Hororata' on 16 June 1916 to join his battalion, and disembarked at Marseilles, France on the 23 June 1916. He was reported missing in France on the 19 July 1916. The next day he was reported killed in action in France on the 19 July 1916. He was buried in VC Corner Australian Cemetery and Memorial, Fromelles, Lille, France. His name is displayed in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Thomas Robson - Service Number - 2732

Thomas Robson of Smithfield, New South Wales was a 31-year-old linesman when he joined up as a Private on the 17 April 1916. He became part of the 53 Battalion, 6 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 7 October 1916. As reported in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate "Tommy was a fine soldier and man and was a typical Australian fighter, a good shot and a brave man"*.

He was wounded twice in action and on the second occasion his injuries were so grievous that he was returned home on the 31 December 1918. Unfortunately, he passed away in Randwick Hospital, New South Wales on the 30 March 1918 from wounds received on the battlefield. He was buried at Smithfield Cemetery, Smithfield, New South Wales.

George Bell Rogers - Service Number - 7308

George Bell Rogers was a 39-year-old wagon driver who was born in Forbes, New South Wales and was living at Inkerman Street, Parramatta, New South Wales when he enlisted in Sydney on the 20 January 1917. Rogers died of pneumonia on the 2 June 1917 at Fargo Hospital, England. He was buried in Durrington Cemetery, Wiltshire, England in the Australian Section.

George Edward Rogers - Service Number - 2408

George Edward Rogers enlisted at Warwick Farm, New South Wales on the 28 August 1915. At the time he was single and working as a carpenter and his next of kin was listed as his mother Catherine Rogers, who lived in Bailey Street, Westmead. He was taken on strength with the 31 Battalion in France on the 23 July 1916 and contracted influenza on the 19 November 1916, rejoining his unit on the 27 January 1917. He

was wounded in action on the 27 September 1917 near Bullecourt, France and died of abdominal wounds the next day. He was buried in Lijssenthoek Military Cemetery, Belgium.

William Redfern Rolley - Service Number - 473

William Redfern Rolley was a 34-year-old motor-driver living in Ultimo, New South Wales and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. George Rolley, of Granville. He was married to Mrs. Emily May Rolley and enlisted on the 24 May 1916. He was assigned to 1 Machine Gun Company, 2 to 10 Reinforcements with the rank of Gunnerand embarked with his unit from Melbourne, Victoria aboard the HMAT 'Ulysses' on the 25 October 1916.

Rolley marched in to Grantham, England on the 3 January 1917 and proceeded to France on the 17 March 1917. He was appointed Lance Corporal on the 14 October 1917 and on the 31 December 1917 he was detached for duty with 'H' Anti-Aircraft Battery. He was assigned to the 1 Australian Division to undertake the duty of anti-aircraft spotting. On the 8 January 1918 he was sent to the 1 Canadian General Hospital having accidently received life-threatening shell burns. On the 16 January 1918, he died due to the severity of his injuries and from pneumonia.

His death was later classified as 'death from misadventure' and he was buried at Etaples Military Cemetery, Etaples, France. His name is inscribed in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Henry George Eardley Rotton - Service Number - 1261
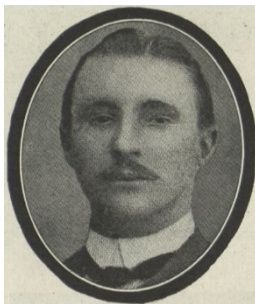
Henry George Eardley Rotton was a 31-year-old clerk when he enlisted on the 5 October 1914. His next of kin was stated as Henry Rotton who lived at 290 Lane Cove Road, North Sydney, New South Wales, later changed to 'Glencara', Queen's Road, Westmead. Rotton arrived at the Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey and was wounded on the 27 April 1915, two days after the ANZAC landing.

Rotton was later listed as missing presumed dead on the 6 August 1915 after a charge on a Turkish trench at Lone Pine only 50 yards distant resulted in the allied soldiers being unable to bring the bodies of the fallen back to the trenches. His death was later confirmed. His half-brother William Antill Rotton served in the 3 Field Artillery Battalion.

David Rowland - Service Number - 2802

Born in Parramatta, New South Wales, David Rowland was a 21-year-old labourer living in Meehan Street, Granville, New South Wales with his mother Mrs. Amy Alice Rowland when he enlisted on the 7 August 1915. He was assigned to the 20 Infantry Battalion, 1 to 13 Reinforcements with the rank of Private and embarked from Sydney, New South Wales with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Euripides' on the 2 November 1915.

On the 30 January 1916 he was admitted to hospital in Heliopolis with typhoid. On the 29 February 1916 he was admitted to hospital in Shoubra, Cairo, Egypt, with Enterica, a form of salmonella. He was transferred to a Hospital in Heliopolis on the 17 March 1916 for further treatment, then transferred to Ras-el-Tin Convalescent Depot on the 19 March 1916.

He was taken on strength in Ghezireh, Cairo on the 21 March 1916 and returned to duty on the 31 March 1916. He was taken on strength into the 56 Battalion in Tell-el-Kebir on the 19 April 1916 and embarked from Alexandria, Egypt aboard the HT 'Huntsend' on the 19 June 1916 and disembarked at Marseilles, France on the 29 June 1916. He was hospitalised several times between the 13 July and December 1916. He rejoined his unit from hospital on the 6 April 1917 and was granted leave in the United Kingdom on the 8 August 1917 rejoining his unit on the 22 August 1917. On the 23 September 1917 he was detached for duty with the 14 Brigade Head Quarters as a runner. On the 25 September 1917 he suffered shrapnel wounds to his buttock and abdomen whilst in the field in Belgium and died the next day as a result of his injuries.

Ernest Fitzroy Rowley - Service Number - 1214

Ernest Fitzroy Rowley, the son of James Rowley was born in Staffordshire, England. In August 1914, he signed up at the enlistment centre in Randwick, New South Wales. At the age of 32 years he embarked in Sydney with the rank of Private aboard the HMAT 'Euripides'. He fought in Gallipoli, Turkey with his comrades in the 4 Infantry Battalion until the 30 April 1915 when he was wounded in action and died later the same day.

Richard Crampton Rowley - Service Number - 2445

Richard Crampton Rowley was a school teacher who lived in Parramatta, New South Wales. He enlisted on the 1 September 1914 and became part of the 14 Field Artillery Brigade. His unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Argyllshire' on the 18 October 1914. After almost three years of action in France and attaining the rank of Sergeant, Rowley was killed on the 30 April 1917. He was buried in the Bancourt British Cemetery France.

Arthur Russell - Service Number - 4299
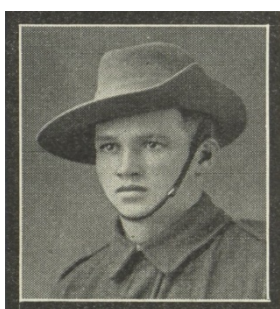
Arthur Russell was born in 1886 in Ilford, New South Wales to William Russell and his wife. Prior to his enlistment on the 28 August 1915 at the age of 19 years, he was working as a labourer and probably lived with his parents at Kellyville. He departed with his unit, the 1 Battalion, 13 Reinforcement from Sydney on board HMAT 'Aeneas' on the 20 December 1915. During his service, he fought in both Egypt and on the Western Front. He was reported as missing and it was later confirmed that he had been killed in action between the 19 and 20 July 1916. He was buried at Pheasant Wood Military Cemetery, Fromelles, France.

Percy Benedict Russell - Service Number - 311

Percy Benedict Russell was a 24-year-old labourer from St John's Road, Forest Lodge, New South Wales and was the son of Mr. Thomas Russell and Mrs. Martha Russell, of Dudley Street, Coogee, New South Wales. He was the brother of Mrs. T. J. Bourke who worked at the Government Savings Bank at Granville and Miss Lillian Russell of Dudley Street, Coogee. He enlisted on the 13 February 1915 and was assigned to 18 Infantry Battalion as a Private. He embarked from Sydney with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 25 June 1915. He proceeded to join the forces in Turkey on the 16 August 1915 and was killed in action on the 27 August 1915 at Gallipoli at the age of 25 years.

Private J. Henderson provided a witness account of the last time he saw Private Russell. He reported seeing Russell and the Number 3 Platoon, Australian Corps, on the night of Friday 27 August 1915 charge across from Steele's Post to Hill 60. They took one trench and held it. Private Russell was missing after the charge. Private Fenney reported finding the body of Private Russell and two other Privates at Hill 60 in October, almost two months after they had died. The area around the bodies

had caught fire and the bodies had been burnt. Captain R. M. Sadler reported leading a search party to Hill 60 on the 28 October 1916 and discovered a hat, handkerchief and pocketbook all with the name P. B. Russell. Private Russell was buried at Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey. His name is displayed at the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Thomas Ambrose Rustin - Service Number - 5944

Thomas Ambrose Rustin was a 36-year-old station hand from Lila Spring, Bourke, New South Wales and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Rustin of Granville, New South Wales. He was the brother of Myrrha, Olive, Bertha, Jack, and Private Joseph Rustin, who was also on active service. He was married to Mrs. Esther May Rustin and was the father of Thelma Cecelia Rustin. He was the grandson of William Rustin who settled in Argyle Street, Parramatta in 1803. Prior to enlisting, he was a well-known player in the Granville Association Football team.

He enlisted on the 10 March 1916 and was assigned to 18 Infantry Battalion, 14 to 17 Reinforcements. On the 1 September 1916 he qualified as a Corporal. He embarked from Sydney with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 7 October 1916. He proceeded to France from Folkestone aboard the SS 'Princess Clementine' on the 28 December 1916. He was made Acting Sergeant on the 1 January 1917 and joined his battalion in France on the 5 February 1917. He was sent to hospital on the 24 February 1917 and was released on the 27 February 1917. He was promoted to Lance Corporal on the 4 March 1917.

Rustin was sent to hospital with septic mouth on the 7 May 1917 and was fit to re-join his unit on the 14 August 1917. He became a Vice Corporal on the 14 August 1917. On the 20 September 1917 he was killed in action in Belgium at the age of 38 years. He received shell wounds in the back and died instantly during the advance from Westhock Ridge to Anzac Ridge. He was buried in the vicinity of ANZAC House, East of Ypres. He was memorialised at Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium. His name is displayed in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Daniel Joseph Ryan - Service Number – 647

Daniel Joseph Ryan was born at Redfern, New South Wales and was the son of Mrs. Margaret Ryan of Auburn. He was a marine stoker prior to enlisting and at the age of 34 years joined the Australian Imperial Force, 19 Infantry Battalion at Botany, New South Wales on the 24 February 1915 with the rank of Private. He

embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 25 June 1915.

Ryan was attached to 19 Battalion and joined the Military Expeditionary Force at Gallipoli, Turkey on the 16 August 1915. He was wounded in action at Gallipoli on the 16 October 1915 and was admitted to No.1 Auxiliary Hospitals with bomb wound to his thigh. He was discharged to the Australian Base Depot on the 8 April 1916. He returned to duty but died on the 5 November 1916 at the 38 Casualty Clearing Station, France from gunshot wounds inflicted accidently while in reserve at Mametz, Somme, France, aged 35 years. He was buried in the Boulogne Eastern Cemetery, France.

George Albert Ryman - Service Number - 1650

George Albert Ryman, formerly a wagon driver of Liverpool, New South Wales was the son of Mr. George and Mrs. Elizabeth Ryman also of Liverpool. Ryman embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Seang Choon' on the 11 February 1915. He died of small pox in 1916 at the age of 24 years and was buried at the Ismailia War Memorial Cemetery, Egypt.

Surnames starting with S

Wallace Harry Sales - Service Number - 3980

Wallace Harry Sales was born in Leichhardt, New South Wales and worked as a painter prior to enlistment at the age of 24 years. He lived with his wife in Chestnut Road, Auburn, New South Wales and joined the Australian Imperial Force, 8 Infantry Brigade 30 Infantry Battalion 9 Reinforcements on the 8 May 1916 at Sydney, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Anchises' on the 24 August 1916 with the rank of Private.

Sales proceeded overseas to France on the 17 December 1916 and was taken on strength for the 30 Infantry Battalion. He was wounded in action in France on the 18 September 1917 and was admitted to hospital with gas shell poisoning. He rejoined the battalion from hospital and was again affected by exposure to gas on the 15 January 1918. He was killed in action on the 8 August 1918 during the Battle of Amiens, France, aged 26 years and was buried in Heath Cemetery, Harbonnieres, France.

Walter Henry Scott - Service Number - 564

Walter Henry Scott was born in 1894 in Vaucluse, New South Wales. He had previously served in 1 Australian Infantry at Gladesville, and prior to his enlistment on the 17 August 1914 at the age of 20 years, he was a draper, living with his parents at Ethel Street, Eastwood, New South Wales. Scott held the rank of Sergeant upon his enlistment and embarked with the 2 Battalion, E Company from Sydney on board HMAT 'Suffolk' on the 18 October 1914, where he served in Egypt and Gallipoli, Turkey. He died of his wounds at Lone Pine, Gallipoli on the 8 August 1915.

Arthur Gordon Scragg - Service Number - 302

Arthur Gordon Scragg, formerly a driver from Cabramatta, New South Wales was the son of Arthur and Amy Scragg. He embarked from Sydney on board the HMAT 'Beltana' on the 9 November 1915. He served with the 30 Battalion, A Company and sadly, was killed in action on the 26 September 1917 at Polygon Wood, Belgium aged 20 years. Scragg was buried at Birr Cross Roads Cemetery, Zillebeke, Belgium.

Frank Lancelot Seale - Service Number - 18744

Frank Lancelot Seale was born at Maitland, New South Wales, the son of Mr. and Mrs. John Seale of Beecroft, New South Wales. He was an electrical engineer by trade prior to enlistment at the age of 31 years, joining the 7 Field Artillery Brigade, 26 Battery as a Gunner on the 22 November 1915 at Marrickville, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Argyllshire' on the 11 May 1916. Seale was killed in action in Belgium on the 11 September 1917 and was buried at The Huts Cemetery, Ypres, Belgium.

Harold Thomas Sell - Service Number - 3129

Harold Thomas Sell known as 'Happy', was a 24-year-old engineer from Granville, New South Wales. He was the son of Mr. Harry Sell and Mrs. M. A. Sell of The Avenue, Granville. He had four brothers, Mr. W. Sell, Mr. L. R. Sell and Private Harry Sell, the last brother's name is unknown. He enlisted on the 15 November 1916 and was assigned to 33 Infantry Battalion, 7 and 8 Reinforcements as a Private.

He embarked with his unit from Sydney, New South Wales aboard the HMAT 'Anchises' on the 24 January 1917 and marched into the Australian Details Fovant, England on the 2 April 1917. He proceeded to Durrington Camp on the 7 April 1917, then travelled to France on the 16 July 1917. He marched out to the front on the 3 August 1917 and was killed in action in Belgium on the 12 October 1917 at the age of 25 years. He is remembered at Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium. His name is also inscribed in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

After his death his mother received a letter from Major Harold White, dated the 24 October 1917, which read *"My dear Mrs. Sell, -- It is with the utmost regret that I have to tell you of the death of your son, No. 3129, Private H. T. Sell. He was killed in action on the 12th of this month by a fragment of shell during the approach march on the morning of the 12th. When the Battalion was moving up to its position prior to the attack shells fell close to the column, and, unfortunately a fragment hit your son in the head, killing him at once. The men were put to the severest test that men were ever put to, and came through without a murmur. They are simply grand. It is only men like these who could achieve what they have, and you have a right to feel proud of your son…Your son's body was buried near where he fell…A small cross was erected and the exact position registered. It is about a mile and a half south-west of Passchendaele in Belgium and 7000 yards East North East of Ypres. Allow me to offer you my deepest sympathy in your sad loss".*

Frederick Sellers - Service Number - 353

Frederick Sellers was a 23-year-old bricklayer from Ferndell Street, South Granville, New South Wales and was the son of Mr. Tom Sellers and Mrs. Catherine Sellers of the same address. He was also the brother of Mrs. Clara Cecilia Evans. He enlisted on the 26 August 1914 and was assigned to the 1 Light Horse Regiment with the rank of Trooper. He embarked from Sydney with his unit aboard HMAT 'Star of Victoria' on the 20 October 1914. He suffered a gunshot wound which perforated his abdomen while in action at Gaba Tepe, Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey on the 29 May 1915. He died of his wounds the next day aboard the HMHS. 'Gascon'. He was buried at the Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey. His name is displayed at the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

James Sharp - Service Number - 4940

James Sharp was an engine driver by trade and had been residing with his daughters in Lidcombe and Parramatta, New South Wales prior to enlisting. He embarked for service overseas to serve with 1 Battalion on the 8 March 1916 and named his wife Rose as next of kin. Tragically, he was killed in action during the battle at Messines in France on the 19 July 1916. He was forty-three years of age. Private James Sharp was buried in the Rue-Du-Bois Military Cemetery, Fleurbaix, France. His name is remembered on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial.

Edward Michael Sheils - Service Number – 6345

Edward Michael Sheils was a 23-year-old labourer when he enlisted on 28 February 1916. His wife was in the care of Mrs. W. G. Bellamy of O'Connell Street, North Parramatta. He died of gunshot wounds in France on the 9 April 1917.

Leslie Thomas Sheils - Service Number - 9465

Leslie Thomas Sheils was a 22-year-old foreman living with his wife Ivy Ursula at 'Cooee', Alice Street, Harris Park, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 1 August 1915. After training in England, he moved on to France on the 25 March 1917 and was taken on strength with the 5 Field Artillery Brigade the 3 April 1917. Sheils was promoted to Bombardier in September of the

same year. He received a further promotion to Corporal on the 18 March 1918 and to Sergeant on the 2 June 1918 before being killed in action on the 13 July 1918.

Arthur Sheppard - Service Number - 6090

Arthur Sheppard was born in Elstead, Surrey, England and was the son of Mr. Alfred Henry and Mrs. Mary Sheppard of Auburn, New South Wales. He was a carpenter prior to enlistment and lived with his wife Rose Caroline. At the age of 30 years, he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 4 Infantry Battalion 19 Reinforcements on the 4 March 1916 at Bathurst, New South Wales as a Private. He embarked from Sydney on the 22 August 1916 bound for Europe.

He proceeded to France and was taken on strength from the 4 Infantry Battalion on the 20 December 1916. He was wounded in action in France on the 2 January 1917 and died of his wounds in the No. 1. General Hospital, France on the 9 January 1917 aged 32 years. He was buried in Etretat Churchyard Extension, France.

Norman Douglas Sherwin - Service Number - 319
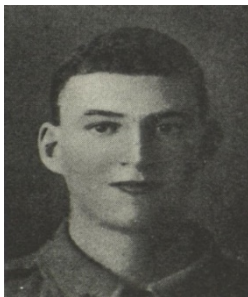
Norman Douglas Sherwin, aged 23 years was a labourer from the central west town of Cargo, New South Wales, and was one of the six nephews of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Sherwin of Baulkham Hills who served in the war. He enlisted for service on the 14 September 1914 and embarked for service on the 21 December 1914 from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Suevic' to serve with the 6 Light Horse Regiment.

Sherwin was wounded during the attack of Amman, in the Sinai and Palestine Campaign and was taken prisoner. He died the next day from his injuries on the 29 March 1918. Trooper Norman Douglas Sherwin is commemorated at Basra Memorial Cemetery, Iraq. He was awarded the Star, British War Medal and Victory Medal. These medals together with a Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to his father. His service is also commemorated on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

## John Ernest Shields - Service Number - 11435

John Ernest Shields was born at Rylstone, New South Wales and was the second son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Jenkin Shields of Auburn, New South Wales. He resided in Merrylands prior to moving to Auburn in about 1908. At the age of 21 years he joined the Australian Imperial Force, 1 Field Artillery Brigade 14 Reinforcements at Warwick Farm, New South Wales on the 23

August 1915 as a Gunner. He worked as a grocer prior to enlistment and embarked from Sydney aboard RMS 'Osterley' on the 15 January 1916.

Shields left for the front with the 1 Field Artillery Brigade and spent time in Egypt before being sent into action in France. He was taken on strength from the 21 Howitzer Battery on the 11 March 1916 and then transferred to the 3 Field Artillery Brigade in France on the 15 May 1916. On the 16 June 1918, he was promoted to the rank of Bombardier. Shields was killed in action on the 26 May 1918 near Corby, France, aged 23 years. He was buried in Franvillers Communal Cemetery Extension, France.

David Shiells - Service Number – 1146
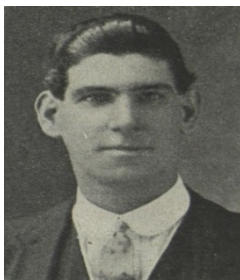
David Shiells was born in Lidcombe, New South Wales and was an engineer prior to his enlistment on the 5 November 1914. He played rugby in the Lidcombe Royals Football Club and named his mother Mrs. James Shiells as his next of kin. He embarked for service overseas with the rank of Lance Corporal on the 22 December 1914 to serve with the 13 Infantry Battalion.

Shiells died at Herring's Post, Suvla Bay, Gallipoli, Turkey at the age of 21 years on the 22 August 1915 and is remembered with honour at Lone Pine Memorial on the Gallipoli Peninsula. He was awarded the Star, British War Medal and Victory Medal and these medals together with a Memorial Plaque and Memorial Scroll were given to his father. His name is located on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

George Henry Simpson - Service Number - 3618

George Henry Simpson worked as a labourer and he lived and worked at Mrs. Dunn's store in Third Avenue, Hyde Park, Lidcombe, New South Wales. He stated that he was an orphan and had no relatives, and accordingly named Mrs Dunn as his next of kin at the time of his enlistment as a Private on the 23 September 1915 at the age of 31 years.

Simpson embarked for service overseas on the 12 December 1915 to serve with the 19 Infantry Battalion, then the 2 Infantry Battalion. Tragically, he was killed in action at Pozieres, France on the 25 July 1916. He is remembered with honour at Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France. His war service records indicate that his mother, Mrs. M. Simpson of Massey Street, North Sydney, New South Wales had subsequently been located and his awards including a British War Medal, Victory Medal, and a Memorial Plaque and Memorial Scroll were given to her. His name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Kenneth McKenzie Simpson - Service Number – 2149

Kenneth McKenzie Simpson was born in Bathurst, New South Wales, the son of Mr. Joseph and Mrs. Jane Simpson of York Street, Fairfield, New South Wales. At the age of 23 years and 3 months, he joined the Australian Army with his younger brother Joseph Colin Campbell Simpson aged 19 years on the 3 April 1916. Prior to enlistment, he had been working as a labourer. On the 24 August 1916, both brothers left from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Anchises' as part of the 35 Infantry Battalion, 3 Reinforcements.

On the 26 October 1916, he was taken on strength and was transferred to the 35 Battalion, sailing for France on the 21 November. On Boxing Day, the 26 December 1916, he was admitted to the Divisional Rest Station with quiescent appendicitis by the 9 Field Ambulance. He rejoined his unit after 2 days. On the 10 June 1917, during the Battle of Messines in France, the first major battle for the 35 Battalion, he was admitted to the Divisional Rest Station suffering from exhaustion while his brother Joseph was wounded in the thigh and sent to England later to be invalided home. Kenneth Simpson rejoined the 35 Battalion on the 13 June.

Sadly, it was during the 35 Battalion's next major battle around Passchendaele, Ypres, Belgium on the 12 October, that Private Simpson was killed in action. The battle was a disaster for the 35 Battalion with 508 men participating in the campaign but only 90 remained unwounded at the end.

Another brother, Tom, was reported in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* to have enlisted in 1917 with the Pioneers Battalion. He had been working with Dr. Bowman for many years.

Thomas Sinclair - Service Number - 687

Thomas Sinclair was twenty-five years old when he enlisted on the 28 August 1914. He had been a draftsman by trade and lived in Fairfield, New South Wales. He joined the 4 Battalion, A Company with the rank of Private and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Euripides' on the 20 October 1914. Sadly, Sinclair was killed at Lone Pine, Gallipoli, Turkey on the 6 August 1915 while attempting to rescue an injured comrade. He has no known grave but his sacrifice is commemorated at the Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli, Turkey.

Arthur Thilthorpe Slee - Service Number - 436

Arthur Thilthorpe Slee was born in 1884 at Rookwood, New South Wales. His unusual middle name was his mother's maiden name which was given to all of her eight children. Slee's father was well-known and an important man around the district being the first elected Mayor of Rookwood Municipal Council. Slee was a painter by trade and was unmarried at the time of his enlistment with the rank of Private in 1914, just two months after the outbreak of World War 1.

In April 1915, Slee was involved in the Dardanelles campaign at Gallipoli, Turkey and miraculously survived a gunshot wound to the neck. During his recovery in Manchester Hospital, England he described his state of mind in a letter to an acquaintance back home: *"When one has had a bullet through his neck, he does not feel much like writing"*. He returned to Gallipoli in August, but became ill with jaundice and was once again taken to hospital, this time to Mudros on the Greek island of Lemnos.

Slee was promoted to Sergeant with the 45 Battalion in May of 1916. He disembarked at Marseilles, France bound for the front where he was engaged in combat for two months before being killed in action on the 15 August 1916 when a shell exploded killing him and two other men. Reportedly, there wasn't a person who knew him that wasn't deeply affected by the news of his death, as the following excerpt from the newspaper describes: *"No doubt he was a splendid fellow, and his death cast a heavy gloom over the whole Battalion. There was not a man in the Battalion who did not know and highly respect Sgt. Slee, familiarly known as 'Curly'. Often now, when time permits to reflect on the past, I see him toiling along the communication trenches, under terrible shell fire and as jolly as a schoolboy, laden up, like Father Christmas, with rations for the men of his platoon, which were usually stowed in sand-bags and hung all over him. He was like a father to his men, attending to their every want"*. He is remembered at the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial in France.

Robert Arthur Sloan - Service Number - 7315

Robert Arthur Sloan enlisted at the age of 24 years on the 17 January 1917 in the 13 Infantry Battalion, 24-26 Reinforcement and embarked at Sydney on the 7 February 1917 on board HMAT 'Wiltshire'. At this time, he was working as a labourer and lived with his father, Mr R. Sloan in Jersey Road, Wentworthville, New South Wales. During his period of service, he attained the rank of Lance Corporal.

The records of the Red Cross reported that during active service at Villers Bretonneux he received machine gun wounds to the right arm, right leg and abdomen, while another account describes a shell bursting, wounding him and killing nine others. The report confirms that he died of his wounds on the 18 September 1918, and was buried at the Brie British Military Cemetery the next day.

Donald Arthur Smallmon - Service Number - 6132

Donald Arthur Smallmon was a 21-year-old tram employee when he enlisted on the 3 August 1916. At this time, he was living with his father Arthur at 94 Church Street, Parramatta, New South Wales. He was taken on strength in France on the 1 April 1917 and was killed in action at Bullecourt, France less than a month later on the 3 May 1917.

Frederick Stanley Martin Smart - Service Number - 669

Frederick Stanley Martin Smart was single, 22 years old and working as an orchardist when he enlisted on the 15 February 1915, serving in both Turkey and France. He transferred to a Lewis Gun Unit for training on the 13 October 1917. On the 6 December 1917, he was promoted to Lance Corporal. Smart was killed in action on the 29 March 1918 and was buried in a temporary grave. His remains were exhumed and reinterred in the Messines Ridge British Cemetery, Messines, Belgium at the end of the war. He is remembered on the Australian War Memorial, Roll of Honour, Canberra.

Robert Smart - Service Number - 451
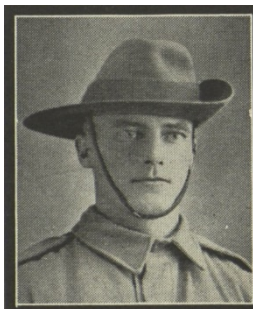
Robert Smart was born at Bega, New South Wales and worked as a labourer prior to enlisting. He lived with his sister Miss. Helen Smart at Auburn, New South Wales and at the age of 28 years, joined the Australian Imperial Force, 7 Infantry Brigade 26 Infantry Battalion B Company on the 12 April 1915 in Brisbane, Queensland. He embarked from Brisbane aboard HMAT 'Ascanius' on the 24 May 1915 with the rank of Corporal.

Smart left for the front with the 7 Infantry Brigade and proceeded to Gallipoli in Turkey on the 4 September 1915. He was temporarily promoted to Sergeant on the 15 November 1915 and to Sergeant on the 19 February 1916. At the age of 29 years, he was killed in action while attacking the Maze trenches in France on 14 November 1916. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Arthur Johnson Smith - Service Number - 3978

Arthur Johnson Smith, a 21-year-old labourer came from a large family which included seven sons. He grew up in Lidcombe, New South Wales and at the outbreak of war, lived there with his wife, Eileen. By late 1915 they had two small children, aged 6 and 4 years. Smith, along with his older brother Ross, decided to enlist for duty overseas. His war record indicates he joined the 3 Battalion in France in May 1916, and survived the next year with only two incidents being noted.

In May 1917, he received gunshot wounds to his right hand and knee, and spent a month in various hospitals in France. After news of his misfortune reached Australia, both his wife and his sister wrote various letters to the authorities trying to get more information about the nature of his wounds, and also suggesting that he be given 6 months leave as he had been on active service for 18 months.

Their campaign appears to have been at least noted, as he was granted leave, albeit a mere 2 weeks to be spent in England. During his service he received two promotions. Firstly, from Private to Lance Corporal in November 1917, and then to Corporal in June 1918. Some newspaper reports at the time claimed that Corporal Arthur Smith had been wounded just once, but had been buried no less than 3 times under shell bursts. He survived a long two and a half years of war, and had earned the respect of his superiors, yet tragically died on the 24 June 1918. His body was interred in La Kreule Cemetery in Hazebrouck, France. His wife received his personal effects, and he was posthumously awarded the Star, Victory and British War Medals.

Arthur Leonard Smith - Service Number - 19

Arthur Leonard Smith was 23 years old and working as a railway signalman when he enlisted as a Private on the 24 August 1914 with the Australian Imperial Force. He was the son of Arthur Edward and Elizabeth Smith, of Jersey Street, Hornsby, New South Wales and brother of Sapper Stanley Lazelle Smith. Arthur Smith embarked for Gallipoli from Sydney, New South Wales aboard the HMAT 'Euripides' on the 20 October 1914 as a Private of the Australian Army Medical Corps, 1 Field Ambulance, A Squadron.

Smith was stationed at the front until he fell ill with influenza and later mumps which led to his admission to hospital in January 1916. Upon recovery, he rejoined his unit on the 18 March 1916 in France. Sadly, he was killed in action on the Somme, France on the 17 August 1916 aged 25 years. He was buried at Pozieres British Cemetery, France. He is also remembered on the Australian War Memorial Roll of

Honour, Canberra. His brother Stanley, aged 23 years, died of illness on the 29 June 1916, also in France.

George William Smith - Service Number – 1261

George William Smith was a 37-year-old labourer living in Virgil Avenue, Sefton Park, New South Wales. He was married to Mrs. Amy Etta Smith and had an adopted son called Arthur William Smith. He enlisted on the 16 February 1915 and was assigned to the 18 Infantry Battalion with the rank of Private.

He embarked with his unit from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 25 June 1915 and disembarked at Alexandria, Egypt having travelled from Mudros, Greece on the 9 January 1916. He then travelled to Tell-el-Kebir, Egypt as a baggage guard on the 1 February 1916. He was admitted to hospital on the 9 March 1916 but was taken on strength again on the 31 March 1916.

Smith embarked from Alexandria on the 10 May 1916 and disembarked at Marseilles on the 17 May 1916. He rejoined his battalion in France on the 6 July 1916. He was killed in action in France on the August 1916, at the age of 38 years. He was remembered at Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France. His name is displayed in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

His widow received a letter from one of his colleagues and closest friend, Private E.S. Stephens, from France dated the 10 August 1916. The Letter read: *"Dear Mrs Smith, -- No Doubt ere this sad news of your husband's death has reached you, but I thought that it might alleviate your grief to know from his closest personal friend that he died doing his duty as a soldier and a man, and he knew no pain at all. He along with myself and other comrades were out on a dangerous mission when a shell exploded, a piece of which struck George in the head also killing four other comrades. I am the friend whom George went to England with, and my people thought a good deal of him. If I am fortunate enough to come through I will call on you and I can then tell you everything which you might care to ask and know."*

Harold Smith - Service Number - 3622

Harold Walter Smith was born and lived in Merrylands, New South Wales. His occupation was listed as coach painter and his father, Alexander Malcolm Smith, was named as next of kin. He enlisted on the 11 October 1915 with the permission of his parents, as he was underage, and embarked for active service overseas on the 12 December 1915.

Smith served in the Second Infantry Battalion with the rank of Private. Tragically, Harold Smith was killed in action on the 20 July 1916 at Villers-Bretonneux, France aged 19 years. Smith was posthumously awarded the Victory Medal and British War Medal. In recognition of his sacrifice, a Memorial Scroll and a Memorial Plaque were presented to his father. Harold Walter Smith's name is included in the Roll of Honour in the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Ross Smith - Service Number - 3910

Ross Smith, aged 33 years was raised in Lidcombe, New South Wales and was employed as a member of the outdoor staff of Lidcombe Council with his younger brother Arthur Johnson Smith. Ross Smith had some military experience having spent three years training with the Cadet Lancers at Parramatta Barracks. Both brothers enlisted and embarked together aboard the troop ship 'Transylvania' bound for Marseilles, France.

Both brothers were taken on strength into the 3 Battalion in May 1916, and Ross was the first to be injured in July by a gunshot wound to the leg, spending five months convalescing in England. Although he arrived back in France in January of 1917, his wound continued to be troublesome, and he spent a further few months convalescing before finally being ordered to re-join his unit in June.

Shortly after returning to his unit, he received a promotion to Lance Corporal and spent a short period in the 1 Infantry Brigade School in France which ended on the 27 September 1917. This was the same day that his younger brother Arthur arrived at the school to complete a month's duty.

Whether the two crossed paths on that day is unknown, but if they did it was to be the last time they saw each other as Ross was immediately sent to Belgium, where he was killed just a couple of days later in October 1917. Arthur Johnson Smith continued on active duty until he too was killed in action in June 1918. Ross' wife Lantha moved to Wellington, New South Wales after his death where she named her residence 'Ypres' after the battlefield upon which her beloved husband had died. Mrs. Ross received all his personal effects and his Star, Victory and British War Medals.

Stanley Lazelle Smith - Service Number – 1016

Stanley Lazelle Smith was 21 years old and working as a clerk when he enlisted on the 8 February 1915 in the Australian Imperial Force. He was the son of Arthur Edward and Elizabeth Smith, of Jersey Street, Hornsby, New South Wales and brother of Private Arthur Leonard Smith.

He embarked aboard HMAT 'Ajana' as a Sapper with the 4 Australian Light Horse Brigade, 4 Signal Troop. Taken on strength, he was transferred to the Australian Engineers, 2 Division Signals Company.

Smith was stationed at the front in France when he fell ill with pleurisy which developed into septicaemia. Sadly, Stanley died of his illness on the 29 June 1916, aged 23 years. A couple of months later, his brother Arthur Smith, aged 25 years, was killed on the Somme, France on the 17 August 1916. Stanley Smith is buried in Bailleul Communal Cemetery Extension, France. His name is also remembered on the Australian War Memorial Roll of Honour, Canberra.

William Stanley Smith - Service Number - 950

William Stanley Smith was the son Alice Smith, Lansdowne Street, Parramatta, New South Wales. Prior to enlistment he was a labourer by trade at Guyra, New South Wales and was living at 'Lake View', North Guyra, New South Wales. At the age of 18 years he joined the Australian Imperial Forces, 33 Battalion 1 Reinforcements on the 28 February 1916 at Rutherford, New South Wales. He embarked for overseas service at Sydney, New South Wales aboard HMAT 'Marathon' on the 4 May 1916.

He proceeded to France and was reported as missing from the 7 June to 12 June 1917. There was some confusion about his whereabouts as it was thought that he was absent due to illness. This report was also found to be incorrect as a letter received from London, England on the 20 March 1918 stated that an enquiry had discovered that Smith had died as a Prisoner of War in France on the 11 June 1917.

Kenneth M. Smorti - Service Number - 6792

Kenneth McKinley Smorti was the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Smorti, of 'Fernville', Adderley Street, Auburn, New South Wales. He enlisted on the 13 July 1916 with the 4 Battalion of Auburn and departed from Sydney on the 8 November 1916. He was one of 1278 Australians killed in action aged 19 years on the 4 October 1917 at Broodseinde, Belgium. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium.

James Bertram Snelling - Service Number - 2473

James Bertram Snelling was working as a railway porter and lived in George Street, Liverpool, New South Wales when he enlisted for service on the 10 July 1915 aged 21 years. He had a dark complexion, light blue eyes and dark brown hair and named his father, James Alfred Snelling who lived in England as his next of kin. He embarked for service overseas on the 10 October 1915 to serve with 19 Infantry Battalion, later 4 Infantry Battalion.

Snelling was appointed to the rank of Lance Corporal on the 17 January 1917 and to Corporal on the 14 July 1917. He was wounded on two occasions prior to being killed in action on the 22 March 1918 in Belgium at the age of 24 years. He was buried at Spoilbank Cemetery, Ypres, Belgium. He was awarded the Star, British War Medal and Victory Medal and these awards together with a Memorial Plaque and Memorial Scroll were given to his father. His name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Charles Hastings Snow - Service Number - 157

Charles Hastings Snow, formerly a trunk maker of Cabramatta, New South Wales was the son of Mr. D. and Mrs. Nellie Snow. He embarked on board HMAT 'Afric' on the 18 of October 1914 and served with the 1 Battalion, A Company. He was tragically killed in action between the 6 and the 11 August, 1915 in Gallipoli, Turkey aged 21 years. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour at the Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli, Turkey.

Francis Patrick Somers - Service Number - 718

Francis Patrick Somers, also known as Francis Patrick Summers was connected to Liverpool, New South Wales, through his mother Mrs. Mary Summers and sister Mrs. Elizabeth A. Newnham of Macquarie Street, Liverpool, New South Wales. He enlisted and served multiple times.

He first enlisted under the name Frank Somers on the 4 September 1914 as a Sapper and left as part of the 1 Field Company Engineers, 1 Reinforcement which took part in the landing of Gallipoli, Turkey. He returned to Australia aboard the 'Ballarat' on the 6 August 1915 disembarking in Melbourne, Victoria.

While in Melbourne he reenlisted under the name Patrick Summers on the 22 September 1915 with the Australian Imperial Force as a Private. He was initially supposed to embark from Melbourne with the 22 Australian Infantry Battalion, 10 Reinforcement aboard the HMAT 'Wiltshire' but failed to board. He then travelled to Fremantle, Western Australia to reenlist and embark with the 51 Battalion, 3 Reinforcement aboard HMAT 'Seang Bee' on the 18 July 1916.

On the 16 December 1916, he was taken on strength and joined the 51 Battalion from the spares in France. On the 1 January 1918, he was appointed the role of Driver. Somers was killed in action on Anzac Day, the 25 April 1918 during action near Villers-Bretonneux, France, aged 32 years. He was buried in the Adelaide Cemetery, Villers-Bretonneux, France. After his death his mother made statutory declarations to enable all his records to be collated under his true name Francis Patrick Somers.

Herbert Keith Sowell - Service Number - Unknown

Herbert Sowell, the son of Mrs Amelia Sowell, was born in Ashfield, New South Wales. At the age of 22 years he enlisted on the 1 February 1916, and had previously trained with the local cadets. On the 9 September 1916, he embarked the HMAT 'Euripides' from Sydney to join the 18 Infantry Battalion. He was later promoted to the rank of Lieutenant.

On the 3 May 1917 he was tragically killed when he was hit by an exploding shell, near Bullecourt, France. His remains stayed buried where he fell until the 12 April 1920 when they were carefully exhumed and reinterred to the Queant Road British Cemetery, France.

Sydney Sowter - Service Number - 4307

Sydney Sowter, the youngest son of Thomas Sowter of Woodville Road, Granville, New South Wales was a boilermaker by trade and worked at Clyde Engineering Works, Granville. At the time of his enlistment he lived in Clyde Street, Granville with his wife Linda and their young son, also named Sydney. He enlisted for service on the 18 August 1915 and named his wife as his next of kin. Sowter embarked for service overseas on the 20 December 1915 to serve with the 13 Infantry Battalion 13 to 18 Reinforcements.

During his period of service, his wife and child lived with his mother-in-law Mrs. Leo in Onslow Street Granville. Tragically, Sapper Sydney Sowter was killed in action on the 12 October 1917 at Passchendaele, France aged twenty-four years. At the

time of his death he was serving with the Number 2 Section of the 13 Field Company Australian Engineers. He is buried at Hooge Crater Cemetery, Passchendaele, Belgium. The British War Medal and Victory Medal together with a Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to his widow. His name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Francis Eadson Spencer - Service Number - 191

Francis Eadson Spencer, aged 18 years was a railway employee and lived in Hornsby, New South Wales when he enlisted as a Private on the 7 January 1916. He became part of the 34 Battalion, A Company and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Hororata' on the 2 May 1916. Spencer was just 19 years old when he was wounded and killed in action on the 1 March 1917. He was buried at the Cite Bonjean Military Cemetery, Armentieres, France.

George Springett - Service Number - 4846

George Springett, a painter by trade lived in 'Gondhurst', The Avenue, Granville, New South Wales with his parents at the time of his enlistment on the 8 November 1916, with the rank of Private. He named his father Robert William Springett as his next of kin and embarked for service overseas on the 24 January 1917 to serve with 30 Australian Infantry Battalion.

On the 20 April 1918, Private Springett was killed in action in the village of Hamlet, France while on salvage patrol. He was buried in Adelaide Cemetery, Villers-Bretonneux, France. The British War Medal and Victory Medal together with the Memorial Plaque and Memorial Scroll were given to his father. Springett's name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra. His brother, Arthur Manser Springett also served.

Stanley Owen Stafford - Service Number - 789

Stanley Owen Stafford was born in Lithgow, New South Wales, was a car driver by occupation when he enlisted for service in August 1914. He named his father Thomas G. Stafford as his next of kin and at this time he was living with his parents and siblings in Margaret Street, Granville, New South Wales. He embarked for service overseas on the 18 October 1914 to serve with 2 Infantry Battalion.

Stafford wrote to his parents about his experiences and observations in the Dardanelles, Turkey which were reported in the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers'*

Advocate in July 1915. Tragically, on the 6 August 1915 Stafford was killed in action at the age of twenty-one years during a charge at Lone Pine, Gallipoli, Turkey. He was buried at Lone Pine Cemetery, Gallipoli, Turkey. The Star, British War Medal and Victory Medal together with the Memorial Scroll and Memorial Plaque were given to his father. Private Stanley Stafford's name is located on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra. His brother Arthur also served in the Dardanelles and was invalided back to Australia after being wounded in action in May 1915.

Harry Stanmore - Service Number - 5198

Harry Stanmore aged 31 years, enlisted at Liverpool, New South Wales on the 14 January 1916. He lived with his wife, Sarah and three children in Manly, New South Wales and operated a newsagency business in Cremorne. His mother resided in Beatrice Street, Auburn, New South Wales. He joined the 2 Battalion, 16 Reinforcements and sailed for Europe from Sydney aboard SS 'Makarini' disembarking in Suez, Egypt in May 1916. Stanmore was killed in action in Belgium on the 19 September 1917.

### Gordon Geoffrey Steenson - Service Number - 2235

Gordon Geoffrey Steenson, formerly a locomotive cleaner of Liverpool, New South Wales was the son of Mr. John and Mrs. Kate Ada Steenson. He embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Wandilla' on the 14 June 1915 and served with the 13 Battalion, 6 Reinforcement. He was tragically killed in action on the 31 July 1916 at the age of 20 years and was buried in the Gordon Dump Cemetery, Ovillers-la Boiselle, France.

William John Stephen - Service Number - 2772
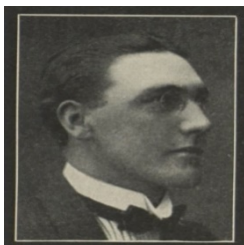
William John Stephen was 27 years old when he enlisted on the 13 July 1915. He was working as a grocer and lived with his father who was part of the Sydney Water Police. He became part of the 17 Battalion, 6 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Euripides' on the 2 November 1915. He was assigned the rank of Corporal in early 1916. Sadly, Stephen was killed by shellfire on the 20 July 1916 at the Battle of Fromelles. He has no know grave and is remembered on the Australian Cemetery Memorial, Fromelles, France.

Harold Lancelot Stevens - Service Number - 7839
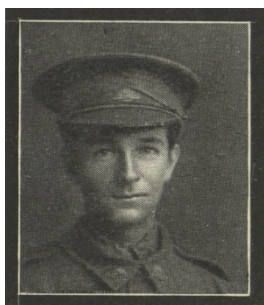
Harold Stevens was 21 years of age when he was killed in action in France on the 23 August 1918. The son of Mr. and Mrs. Stevens of Cumberland Road, Auburn, New South Wales, Stevens had been employed at Messrs. Ritchie Bros. Auburn. He embarked at Melbourne, Victoria aboard the HMAT 'Nestor' and a month later marched into Sutton Veny, Wiltshire England.

Stevens became ill with measles in May 1918 and was admitted to Sutton Veny Hospital. On the 13 July he marched out to France to fight with his unit, but on the 23 August he was killed in action and was buried at Heath Cemetery, Harbonnieres France.

Alfred Lewis Stevenson - Service Number - 3479

Alfred Lewis Stevenson, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Wilfred Stevenson of 26 Union Street, Auburn, was a fitter and turner at Eveleigh Railway Works, Redfern, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 24 July 1915. In March 1916, he was taken on strength to join the 45 battalion in Egypt. On the 2 June 1916 he proceeded to join the British Expeditionary Forces in Alexandria, Egypt, and a week later disembarked at Marseilles, France to fight in the field.

On the 4 January 1917 Stevenson was appointed Lieutenant Corporal and a month later he was admitted to hospital with influenza. Within a fortnight he had rejoined his unit and on the 4 March 1917, was promoted again to Temporary Corporal. On the 10 June 1917 Alfred Stevenson was killed in action in the field in France. He has no known grave, but he is remembered on the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium.

## Frederick George Stevenson - Service Number - 25679

Frederick George Stevenson enlisted on the 4 January 1916 at Casula, New South Wales aged 21 years. He worked as a builder's carter and lived with his parents, Mr. F. and Mrs. M. Stevenson at D'arcy Road, Wentworthville. On the 29 July 1916 he embarked in Sydney on board HMAT 'Orsova' with the 5 Divisional Ammunition Column.

Before engaging in active service, he spent time in Bulford Hospital, England. On the 11 March 1917 he was taken on strength to Etaples, France, and on the 22 August, 1917, he was appointed Saddler in the 12 Army Field Artillery Brigade in Belgium. On the 11 October 1917, he was killed in action in France

and was buried in the field. His body was later exhumed and reinterred in Busigny British Cemetery, France *"with every measure of care and reverence in the presence of a chaplain"*.

Donald Edward Stewart - Service Number - 77
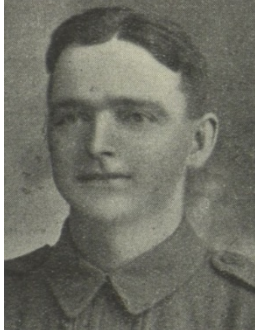
Donald Edward Stewart was a wool classer by trade and enlisted for service on the 14 September 1914 at the age of 25 years. Stewart had a dark complexion, grey eyes and dark brown hair and named his mother Mrs. Clara Stewart of Hoxton Park, New South Wales as his next of kin. He embarked for service overseas on the 20 October 1914 to serve with 1 Australian Light Horse Regiment with the rank of Trooper.

He was reported missing for 22 months before it was confirmed that he had died of appendicitis in 21 General Hospital, Alexandria, Egypt on the 6 August 1915 aged 26 years. Stewart was buried at Chatby Military and War Memorial Cemetery, Alexandria, Egypt. He was awarded the Star, British War Medal and Victory Medal and these awards together with a Memorial Plaque and a Memorial Scroll were given to his father. Trooper Stewart's name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

James Stewart - Service Number - 3458

James Stewart, son of Mr. James and Mrs. Bella J. Stewart of Auburn, New South Wales was a cabinet maker by trade before enlisting for service. He embarked from Sydney on the 13 October 1915 with the 13 Battalion, 11 Reinforcement. He was tragically killed in action aged 24 years on the 9 August 1918 at Morlancourt, France. There is no known grave and his name is recorded at the Villers-Bretonneux Military Cemetery, France.

Walter John William St. Ledger - Service Number - 4601

Walter John William St. Ledger was an engine driver who enlisted on the 17 July 1915 with the 13 Battalion, 14 Reinforcement. His unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Ballarat' on the 16 December 1916. Private St Ledger was killed in action on the 20 July 1916 and was buried at Sailly-sur-la-Lys Cemetery, France.

Arthur Frederick Stringer - Service Number - 2836

Arthur Frederick Stringer usually known as Fred, was a 36-year-old carpenter living in Fourth Street, Granville, New South Wales, later moving to Sixth Street, Clyde and was the son of Mr. Samuel and Mrs. Sarah Ann Stringer and nephew of Mr. B. G. Potter, of 'Benray', Good Street, Granville. He was the husband of Emma Louisa Stringer, nee Wilcox, a prominent patriotic worker at Granville and the father of four children.

On the 9 August 1915 he enlisted with the 17 Australian Infantry Battalion, 6 Reinforcements. Prior to enlisting he had previously served as a Bugler in 2 Company, Ashfield Regiment for about six years. On the 2 November 1915, he left Sydney with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Euripides' for active services overseas.

Taken on strength, he was transferred to the 55 Battalion. Sadly, on the 2 September 1918 in Peronne, France he was killed in action. According to the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* on the 28 September 1918, he had survived numerous battles unscathed before being fatally wounded at the age of 39 years. He was buried in Hebecourt British Cemetery, France.

Herbert Arthur Stuart - Service Number - 6355

Herbert Arthur Stuart, formerly an indent merchant of Randwick, New South Wales and was the husband of Mrs. M. J. Stuart. He was also the son of Mr. William and Mrs. Eileen Wallace of Sydney. Stuart embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Euripides' on the 9 September 1916, serving with the 3 Battalion, 20 Reinforcement. He was killed in action on the 6 March 1918 and was buried at the Ridge Wood Military Cemetery, Voormezeele, Belgium.

Charles William Sullivan - Service Number - 752
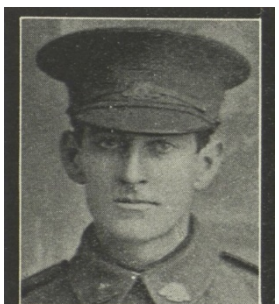
Charles William Sullivan was born near Maryborough in Queensland and lived in 'Magnolia', Railway Parade, Granville, New South Wales at the time of his enlistment on the 11 July 1915 with the rank of Corporal. He named his sister Kate Sullivan with whom he lived, as his next of kin. He was a machinist engineer and worked at the Clyde Engineering Works, Granville.

Sullivan embarked for service overseas on the 9 November 1915 to serve with 30 Infantry Battalion. He served at Gallipoli, Turkey and in France in the machine gun section. On the 28 September 1916, Corporate Charles Sullivan was wounded in the

abdomen near Armentieres in France and sadly died of his wounds on the 16 October 1916 in hospital at Boulogne, France at the age of 28 years. He is buried at Boulogne Eastern Cemetery, Boulogne, Nord Pas de Calais, France. Corporal Charles Sullivan wrote several letters home about life in the trenches.

Everatt Graham Summons - Service Number - 1339

Everatt Graham Summons aged 23 years and living on Church Street, Parramatta, New South Wales, was working as a stockman when he enlisted on the 9 July 1915. Summons had been a Cadet while a student at the King's School, Parramatta. He served as a Gunner in the 58 Battery and was promoted to Sergeant in 1916 and was then transferred to the 2 Light Horse Reserve Regiment in August 1916. He then transferred to 3 Army Field Brigade. He was killed in action in September 1918 near Bullecourt, France.

Frederick Cecil Swain - Service Number - 201

Frederick Cecil Swain was born in Ashfield, New South Wales, but went to school in Parramatta. His next of kin was living in 'Strathcedar', Wingham, New South Wales and he was 19 years old when he enlisted on the 28 September 1914 at Enoggera, Queensland. Swain was killed at Gallipoli, Turkey on the 19 May 1915.

Harold William Sweaney - Service Number - 5889

Harold Sweaney was a 35-year-old butter factory manager in Inverell, New South Wales and was married to Elizabeth with a son Cedric when he enlisted on the 31 January 1916. On the 7 October 1916, he embarked aboard HMAT 'Ceramic' as part of the 18 Battalion, 16 Reinforcement. He was promoted to Corporal on the 31 January 1917 and then to Lance Sergeant on the 16 February 1916.

Sadly, Sweaney was killed in action on the 25 February 1916. He has no known grave, but his service papers state that he was *"buried 200 yards southeast of Albert Bapaume Road, Bapaume France"*. His service is remembered on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Jack Edward Swinfield - Service Number - 3297
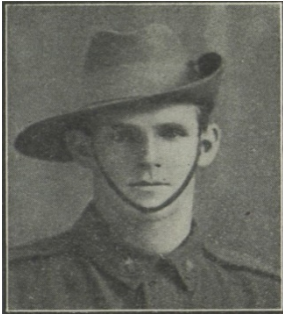
Jack Edward Swinfield, aged 21 years was the son of Alderman A. W. Swinfield of Auburn Council and named his mother Mrs. Alice Swinfield of 104 Harrow Road, Auburn as his next of kin. He enlisted at Holdsworthy, New South Wales on the 17 August 1915 and embarked in Sydney on the 20 December, 1915 with the 17 Infantry Battalion, 1-13 Reinforcements. After landing in Egypt for training he spent a short time in the 1 Auxiliary Hospital at Heliopolis due to illness was re-allotted to 53 Battalion as Lance Corporal.

After a few weeks, he returned to the rank of Private and on the 19 June 1916, embarked at Alexandria, Egypt aboard the 'Royal George' and disembarked in Marseilles to join the British Expeditionary Forces in France. At the battle for Fromelles on the 19 July 1916, he was reported missing in action. Other reports stated that he had been taken prisoner, but after a court of enquiry was held in the field on the 31 December 1917, it was reported that he had been killed in action.

Arthur Symonds - Service Number - 5031

Arthur Symonds was born in Parramatta, New South Wales and was a 24-year-old tailor living in Marsden Street, Parramatta when he enlisted on the 24 January 1916. Symonds died on the 2 September 1917 at the Fargo Military Hospital, England and was buried at the Durrington Cemetery, London, England.

Surnames starting with T

James Tait - Service Number - 2971
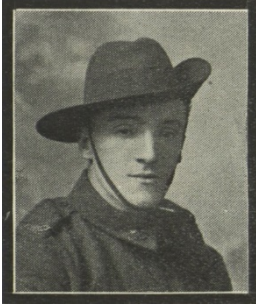
A painter by trade, James Tait was the son of Mr. John Symmington Tait of 'Restalrigg', Beckenham Road, Canley Vale, New South Wales. He enlisted in August 1916 and embarked with the 58 Australian Infantry Battalion, 7 Reinforcements from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Afric' on the 3 November 1916. He was wounded in action by shrapnel on the 5 July 1918, near Villers-sur-Ancre, France, and died of his injuries on the 15 July 1918 at the 20 Casualty Clearing Station, France, aged 23 years. He was buried in the Franvillers Communal Cemetery Extension, France.

James Alwyn (Jim) Tamsett - Service Number - 2034

James Alwyn Tamsett known as Jim Tamsett, a clerk aged 24 years, was born in Parramatta, New South Wales and was living in Cowper Street, Parramatta with his mother, when he enlisted the 19 January 1915 at Liverpool New South Wales. Tamsett joined his Battalion at Gallipoli, Turkey on the 16 May 1915. He was injured in the abdomen by a sweeper bomb and was admitted to at the ANZAC Hospital then transferred to HMS 'Sicilia' where he died of his wounds. He was buried at sea with Chaplain E. Teal officiating. His name is commemorated on the Memorial at Lone Pine, Turkey.

William Henry John Tamsett - Service Number – 119

William Tamsett, a lithographer's assistant by trade, was born in Redfern, New South Wales and was educated at Kogarah Superior Public School. He was killed in action in Messines, Belgium on the 7 June 1917 at the age of 21 years. Private Tamsett was hit by a shell in the abdomen was buried at the Strand Military Cemetery, Belgium.

Sidney Ernest Tate - Service Number - 6140

Sidney Ernest Tate was a 35-year-old builder's labourer from Hassall Street, Mays Hill, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 11 September 1916. He joined the 21 Battalion in France on the 1 April 1917 and was wounded in action the 8 August 1918. He died the same day as a result of severe gunshot wounds. He was buried in Boulogne, France and left two sons in the care of his sister, Ethel Daisy Tate.

Ernest John Taylor - Service Number - 126

Ernest John Taylor was 22 years old and living in Ryde, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 20 March 1916. He had been a brickmaker by trade and joined the 9 Machine Gun Company and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Benalla' on the 1 May 1916. During his period of service, he attained the rank of Lance Corporal. Taylor was killed instantly by a shell on the 24 February 1917 at Houplines, France. He was buried in the Cite Bonjean Military Cemetery, Armentieres, France.

George William Taylor - Service Number - 2048

A bricklayer by trade, George William Taylor was born in Birmingham, England and lived at 222 Young Street, Annandale, New South Wales when he enlisted aged 37 years on the 27 July 1915. He joined the 1 Field Company Engineers, 10 Reinforcements as a Sapper and embarked from Sydney on board HMAT 'Ballarat' on the 6 September 1915. Taylor was appointed Lance Corporal on the 26 May 1916 and served in France and Belgium. He was wounded on the 19 September 1917 in Belgium, but remained on duty.

Taylor was promoted to Sergeant on the 9 July 1918 but was mortally wounded the 12 August 1918. He died at Lihons, France aged 40 years on the 19 August 1918. He was buried at the Mont-Huon Military Cemetery, Le Treport, France and was awarded the Distinguished Conduct Medal and Military Medal.

James Ashton Taylor - Service Number - 1824

James Ashton Taylor, a labourer from Hornsby New South Wales, was 23 years old when he joined as a Private with the 3 Australian Infantry Battalion on the 5 January 1915. He embarked aboard HMAT 'Swan' on the 5 January 1915 bound for Turkey. He landed at Gallipoli and was killed beside other soldiers on the 7 August 1915. He is remembered at the Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey.

### William Thomas - Service Number – 2492

William Thomas was born near Carnarvon in Wales and was employed as a labourer at the Clyde Engineering Works, Granville, New South Wales. He lived

with his sister Mrs. Maria Evans in Trongate Street, Clyde, New South Wales as his wife, Mrs. Josephine Thomas had remained in Wales and it was their intention that she would join him once he was set up. He enlisted for service on the 2 May 1916 at the age of forty-four years and embarked for service overseas on the 14 September 1916 to serve with 53 Infantry Battalion with the rank of Private.

Thomas was wounded in action on the 31 January 1917 and tragically, died from his wounds the following day. He was buried in Dernancourt Communal Cemetery Extension, Dernancourt, France. The British War Medal and Victory Medal together with the Memorial Plaque and Memorial Scroll were given to his wife who was by then living in Dapto, New South Wales. Thomas's name also remembered on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

William Francis Thomas - Service Number - 2765
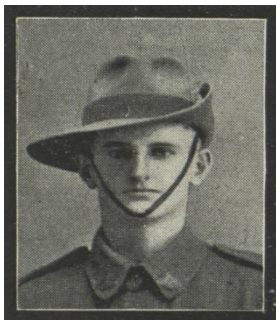
A farm labourer by occupation, William Francis Thomas was born near Longreach, Queensland and lived in Stuart Street, Granville, New South Wales with his mother Mrs. Rose Thomas, at the time of his enlistment on the 8 February 1916. He embarked for service overseas on the 9 April 1916 to serve with 30 Australian Infantry Battalion with the rank of Lance Corporal.

Tragically, Thomas was killed in action in the field on the 22 May 1918 near Corbie, France aged 21 years. He was buried at Adelaide Cemetery, Villers-Bretonneux, France. The British War Medal and Victory Medal together with the Memorial Plaque and Memorial Scroll were given to his mother. His name is inscribed on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Lionel Cecil Thompson - Service Number - 1284
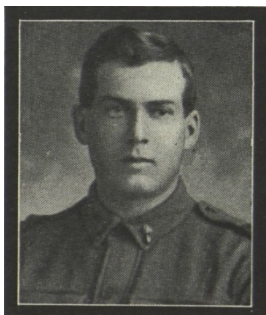
Lionel Cecil Thompson enlisted as a Private with 33 Battalion on the 10 April 1916 aged 23 years and 11 months. He resided at 'Woonona', 143 Good Street, Granville, New South Wales with his parents Thomas Thompson and Sarah Adelaide Thompson and siblings Stan and Hilda. Prior to enlisting he worked as an apprentice carpenter with his father for a period of 6 years. He embarked from Sydney on the 7 October 1916 aboard the HMAT 'Ceramic'.

Thompson's statement of service indicated that he served with the Reserve Company Reinforcements, 33 Battalion between the 6 May and the 11 July 1916. He

then went on to serve as a bomber with the Light Trench Mortar Battery from July 1916. From the 17 April 1917 he served with the Light Trench Mortar Battery, 2 Reinforcements until the 18 April 1917, moving into the 19 Battalion of the Australian Imperial Force. Sadly, he was killed in action on the 13 January 1918 while on a reconnaissance mission near Locre, Belgium, aged 25 years. He is buried in the Lancashire Cottage Cemetery, Wallonia, Belgium.

John Percival Thomson - Service Number - 3145
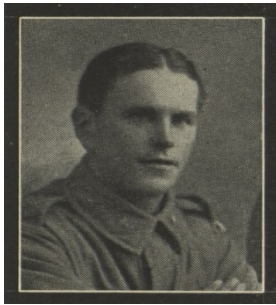
John Percival Thomson also known as James was born in 1896 in Sale, Victoria to Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Thomson. He had served for 1 year with the Citizen Military Forces, 19 Infantry, and was still serving at the time of his enlistment in the Australian Imperial Force on the 7 July 1915 at the age of 19 years.

Prior to his enlistment, he worked as a shop assistant and lived with his parents in Hillside Crescent, Epping, New South Wales. He left with his unit, the 2 Battalion, 10 Reinforcement from Sydney on board HMAT 'Warilda' on the 8 October 1915, and was later transferred to the 54 Battalion on the 14 February 1916, where he served in Egypt and Gallipoli. He was killed in action between the 19 and the 20 July 1916, and was buried at Australian Cemetery, VC Corner, France.

Alfred Charles Thorn - Service Number - 3722

Alfred Charles Thorne was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Thorn of Liverpool, New South Wales. He worked as a carter prior to enlisting in March 1917 and embarked as part of the 45 Battalion, 10 Reinforcements departing from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Marathon' on the 10 May 1917 with the rank of Private. Thorne was wounded in action near Mullencourt, France on the 27 March 1918 and died later that day of his wounds, aged 23 years. He was buried in the Doullens Communal Cemetery Extension No 1, France.

Horace Hilton Thoroughgood - Service Number - 1636

Horace Hilton Thoroughgood, aged 27 years was a baker by trade when he enlisted on the 2 December 1914. He was living at 'Tropic' in St. Hilliers Road, Auburn, New South Wales and named his wife, Elsie of Cumberland Road, Auburn, as his next of kin. Thoroughgood embarked in Sydney on the 11 February 1915 and on the 7 May 1915, joined his Battalion in Gallipoli, Turkey. On the 18 May he received a shrapnel injury to the chest and back and was moved to hospital in Valeta, Malta on the 24 May.

A month later on the 28 June, he was moved to hospital in Manchester, England. His asthma attacks became so severe that he was repatriated on board 'Marathon', which arrived in Melbourne on the 24 September, 1916. On the 18 October, he was discharged as medically unfit for service.

On the 12 February, 1917, Thoroughgood enlisted again, this time with the 1 Pioneer Battalion and returned to England on board the 'Beltana' and rejoined his unit in France on the 26 January 1918. He was in hospital with influenza on the 22 June, rejoining his unit on the 28 June. He was killed in action at Saint Martin's Wood on the 25 August, 1918, and was buried at Braye Military Cemetery, France.

George Horace Thorpe - Service Number - 4877

George Horace Thorpe, a warehouseman by occupation was born Walbundrie, New South Wales, and was living in Clifford Street, North Parramatta, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 15 September 1915 at Warwick Farm, New South Wales. Thorpe disembarked at Marseilles, France on the 28 June 1916 but was killed in action on the 19 July 1916. He was buried in the Australian Cemetery and Memorial, Fromelles, France.

Rowland Leslie James Thwaite - Service Number - 3459
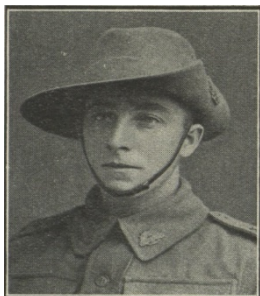
Rowland Leslie James Thwaite aged 24 years and a boilermaker by trade, was born in Alexandria, New South Wales and lived in Isabella Street, Parramatta, New South Wales with his father James Rowland Thwaite, when he enlisted in September 1915 at Warwick Farm, New South Wales. He had spent 18 months in the Junior Cadets at Parramatta. On the 22 March 1916 he embarked overseas via the troopship 'Grampian'. Private Rowland was killed in action sometime between the 22 and the 27 July 1916 in France. Rowland was buried in Villers-Bretonneux, France.

John Rowland Tillett - Service Number - Unknown

John Rowland Tillett, aged 23 years was a medical practitioner from Fairfield, New South Wales, when he enlisted on the 17 November 1916. He became part of the Australian Army Medical Corps and his unit embarked from Melbourne, Victoria, on board HMAT 'Armadale' on the 3 March 1917.

Tillett attained the rank of Captain and was recommended for a Military Cross for an act of bravery that saw him rescue two men. This was effected on the 18 September 1917, under heavy shellfire and was witnessed by over four hundred men, on the road between Zillebeke and Birr Cross Roads, Belgium. Captain Tillett was a popular member of the services and was adored by many. He sadly passed away after a gas attack on the 2 October 1917 and was buried at Lijssenthoek Military Cemetery, Belgium.

Sydney Carlisle Todd - Service Number - 2918

Sydney Carlisle Todd was born in 1894 in Tamworth, New South Wales, the second son of David Blair and Eliza Todd of 'Carlisles', John Street, Lidcombe, New South Wales. At the age of 21 years he enlisted on the 13 June 1915 in Liverpool, New South Wales. Prior to enlistment he worked as a railway clerk and had previously served in the New South Wales Lancers, 7 Australian Light Horse Brigade. He embarked on the 30 September 1915 aboard the HMAT 'Argyllshire' from Sydney with the 9 Reinforcements of the 1 Australian Infantry Battalion with the rank of Corporal.

After spending some time in Egypt he was taken on strength and sailed for France, arriving on the 4 April 1916 in Marseilles. On the 5 November 1916, he was initially reported missing, but it was later confirmed that he had been killed in action in France. He is remembered on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial in the Somme, France and in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Horace John Towers - Service Number - 6827

Horace John Towers was 28 years old and worked as a labourer at Stockinbingal, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 12 July 1916. He named his father Mr. J. Towers of 27 Dartbrook Road, Auburn as his next of kin. On the 17 November 1916 he embarked in Sydney and arrived in England on the 29 January 1917. After a period of training he proceeded overseas to France on the 20 March 1917 for active service.

Towers was hospitalised on the 16 June 1917 with trench fever, and on the 19 July rejoined his unit. On the 26 September, he was wounded in action suffering a shrapnel wound to the head. He remained in hospital until the 21 November 1917, when he rejoined his battalion. He was transferred to the 32 Battalion on the 2 October 1918, and on the 9 November 1918 was taken to the 3 Australian General Hospital, Abbeville, France with influenza. He died on the 11 November from bronchial pneumonia. He was buried in Abbeville Communal Cemetery Extension.

David Towns - Service Number - 2824

David Towns, brother of William Towns was 20 years old and working on a dairy farm when he enlisted on the 11 August 1915 with the Australian Imperial Force. He embarked as a Private with the 17 Battalion, 6 Reinforcements for the front aboard the HMAT 'Euripides' on the 2 November 1915. He saw frontline action from the 5 February 1916 and was severely wounded on the 26 July 1916.

Towns recovered and rejoined his unit at the front by the 21 September 1916. On the 2 May 1917, he was admitted to hospital in France with influenza, but had recovered by the 13 May 1917. Sadly, he was killed in action in Belgium on the 20 September 1917. He has no known grave but is remembered with honour on the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium as well as the Australian War Memorial, Roll of Honour, Canberra.

Gilbert Bernard Owen Tuck - Service Number – B2455

Lieutenant Gilbert Tuck was born in Hanley, England and was a 34-year-old schoolmaster at Parramatta, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 12 July 1916. He attained the rank of Second Lieutenant but was killed on the 19 February 1917 in France, and was buried in Flers, France.

Harold Tuck - Service Number - 1727

Harold Tuck from Seven Hills, New South Wales was the son of John and Agnes Sarah Tuck and worked as a horse breaker before enlisting. Having previously served four years with the 1 Light Horse, Parramatta, Tuck embarked aboard HMAT SS' Hawkes Bay' on the 23 October 1915. He died from wounds received in battle on the 1 of November 1917 and was buried at Beersheba War Cemetery, Palestine.

Herbert Stanley Tuckfield - Service Number - 2220

Herbert Stanley Tuckfield was twenty-six when he enlisted on the 6 September 1915 and became part of the 4 Light Horse Regiment, 15 Reinforcement. His unit embarked from Melbourne, Victoria, on board HMAT 'Katuna' on the 9 March 1916. Unfortunately, he was killed in France on the 15 April 1917. He

has no known grave and his sacrifice is honoured at the Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

Richard Tuke - Service Number - 3457
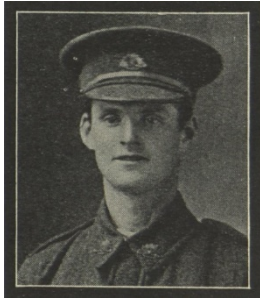
Richard Tuke, aged 29 years, lived in Fairfield, New South Wales with his wife when he enlisted as a Private on the 3 August 1915. He became part of the 4 Battalion, 11 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Port Lincoln' on the 13 October 1915. Sadly, Private Tuke was killed instantly during action in France on the 20 July 1916 and was buried at the Sailly-Sur-Las-Lys Cemetery, France.

James Henry Hewitt Tunks - Service Number - 1332

James Henry Hewitt Tunks enlisted on the 20 October 1914 as John H. Thompson aged 30 years and was a cook by trade. He embarked aboard HMAT 'Themistocles' on the 22 December 1914. Tunks was killed in action at Lone Pine, Gallipoli, Turkey on the 30 April 1915 but the next of kin he stated on his enlistment papers could not be located. Eventually the family were identified and it was confirmed that his name was in reality James Henry Hewitt Tunks of Carlingford, New South Wales. Tunks has no known grave and he is remembered with honour on the Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli, Turkey and at the Australian War Memorial Roll of Honour, Canberra.

Ernest Charles Turner - Service Number - 4599

Ernest Charles Turner was born in Cabramatta, New South Wales, and was the son of Caroline Thompson. Before he enlisted aged 24 years on the 16 August 1915, he had worked as a labourer. Turner embarked from Sydney on the RMS 'Osterley' on the 15 of January 1916. Private Turner was in Egypt by late March and in France by early April.

In late July, he was moved into the main body of the 2 Battalion and in July, was appointed Lance Corporal. Turner was granted a period of leave in the United Kingdom from late August to early September. On the 17 September 1917, Lance Corporal Turner was killed in action in the field in Belgium. He was buried in the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium. He was posthumously awarded the British War Medal and the Victory Medal.

James John Turner - Service Number - 1588

A sleeper cutter by trade, aged 24 years, James John Turner, known as Jas was born in Dubbo, New South Wales, although his mother resided in Sorrell Street, Parramatta, New South Wales at the time of his enlistment on the 29 August 1914 in Kensington, New South Wales.

Turner was killed between the 7 and the 12 August 1915 at Gallipoli, Turkey and is buried at Lone Pine Cemetery, Gallipoli. His father Robert James Turner, brother Jack Turner and cousin Herbert William Turner also served.

John Turner - Service Number - 767
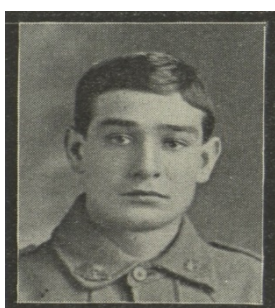
A saddler by trade, John Turner, also known as Jack was born in Dubbo, New South Wales, although his father was listed as living in Sorrell Street, Parramatta, New South Wales at the time of his enlistment at the age of 19 years at Dubbo on the 27 July 1915. Turner died on the 20 July 1916 in France, and was buried at Fromelles (Pheasant Wood) Military Cemetery. His father Robert James Turner, brother James John Turner and cousin Herbert Turner also served in the forces.

Norman James Upright - Service Number - 4316

Norman James Upright of 32 Darlinghurst Street, Darlinghurst, New South Wales, worked as a salesman prior to enlisting. He was the son of Mrs. Alice Alexandra Upright of 3 Alexandra Terrace, Bath Road, Exeter, England. At the age of 24 years, he embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Aeneas' on the 30 December 1915 with the 3 Battalion, 13 Reinforcements. He was later transferred to the 2 Battalion and promoted to the ranks of Sergeant. Sadly, he was killed in action on the 4 May 1917 during the second battle of Bullecourt, France, aged 25 years. He has no known grave and is remembered with honour on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Herbert John Vigors - Service Number - 1109
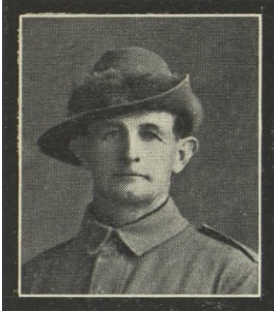
Herbert John Vigors enlisted with Australian Imperial Forces on the 11 October 1915. He was 42 years 8 months old with brown hair and brown eyes and worked as a horse trainer at Rosehill Racecourse, New South Wales. He had quite a reputation as a good jockey. He resided in Short street, Granville New South Wales with his wife Charlotte and son Jack although some documents note his address as being Good Street, Granville.

Vigors embarked from Sydney on 'RMS Mongolia' on the 8 July 1916, initially enlisting with the 14 Australian Light Horse Regiment before serving with the Camel Corps from May to September 1916. Sadly, Herbert John Vigors was killed in action on the 30 September 1918 in Damascus. He was first buried on the 17 October 1918 near where he died with Lieutenant G. Daz officiating as chaplain and was later reburied on the 20 October 1918 in Damascus Military Cemetery, Syria.

Surnames starting with W

Alfred Ernest Walden - Service Number - 2018

Alfred Ernest Walden was born in 1890 in Richmond, New South Wales, the son of Frederick John and Margaret A. Walden. He was the brother of Henry Teare Walden, and Harrop Stanley Walden who also volunteered for service. Prior to his enlistment on the 14 June 1915 at the age of 24 years, he worked as a labourer, and presumably lived with his parents at Epping, New South Wales. He left with his unit, the 25 Battalion, 3 Reinforcement from Brisbane, Queensland on board HMAT 'Kyarra' on the 16 August 1915, and served in Gallipoli, Turkey. He was killed in action on the 5 August 1916 at the age of 25 years.

Eric De Witt Talmage Walker - Service Number - 1832

Eric De Witt Talmage Walker was born in 1894 in Wahroonga, New South Wales to William Wesley and Jane Walker. He had previously served for 6 months in the Defence Forces. Prior to his enlistment on the 12 January 1915 at the age of 20 years, he was a labourer, living with his parents in Linda Avenue, Normanhurst, New South Wales. Walker left with his unit, the 1 Battalion, 4 Reinforcement from Sydney on board HMAT 'Argyllshire' on the 10 April 1915. He served in Egypt and Gallipoli and was killed in action between the 6 and the 9 August 1915 at the age of 21 years. He was buried at Lone Pine Cemetery, Gallipoli, Turkey.

Thomas Albert Wallace - Service Number - 1036

Thomas Albert Wallace was born in 1888 in Pyrmont, New South Wales, the second son William Alex, who worked at Granville Railway Station and Margaret Wallace of John Street, Granville, New South Wales. Like his father, he was a railway employee and had been a former student at William Street Public School and Granville South High School.

At the age of 26 years, he enlisted with the Australian Imperial Force on the 16 February 1915. His two brothers, Sapper Robert Moreton Wallace and Private William Alex Wallace also volunteered. Wallace left Sydney on the 12 May 1915 with the 17 Battalion, C Company on board HMAT 'Themistocles'. He served in Gallipoli, Turkey before being transferred to the Second Machine Gun Section in October 1915. He rose through the ranks to Corporal, Company Sergeant Major and then Lieutenant. In January 1917, he seized the opportunity and went to a

military college at Cambridge, England and obtained his commission. On the 17 August 1918, during the Battle of the Somme in France, he died of wounds aged 29 years. He was buried at Villers-Bretonneux Military Cemetery, France.

William Francis Walton - Service Number - 3256

William Francis Walton commonly known as Will or Billy, a 29-year-old journalist living in Emmaville, New South Wales, was the son of Mr William James Walton, one-time owner of the *Narrabri Age* newspaper and former alderman of Narrabri Council and Mrs Elizabeth Walton. He was the grandson of Mrs E. Walton, an old and respected resident of Church Street, Parramatta, New South Wales. He had two sisters, Mrs Claire Ellen Davies and Miss G. Walton. He was born in Parramatta and was moved to Narrabri as a small infant. As a child he was educated at Parramatta and then at St. Joseph's College, Hunters Hill.

Various newspaper accounts have suggested he was turned down for service between two and five times before finally successfully enlisting on the 31 August 1916, when he was assigned to the 54 Australian Infantry Battalion. He embarked with his unit from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Suevic' on the 11 November 1916. On the 9 July 1917 Private Walton proceeded overseas to France from Southampton, England. He marched out to his unit by the 31 July 1917 and was taken on strength on the 1 August 1917.

On the 1 September 1917 a report was filed, stating that an accident occurred on this date at Eblingham, Wardregan Road, France. The accident occurred during bombing instructions, and was found to be in no way the fault of Private Walton. He was sent to hospital two days later on the 3 September 1917 for treatment on an accidental field injury. He was found to be suffering from periostitis in the left ankle and was transferred on the 11 September 1917 to a hospital in Boulogne, France. He was transferred to a rest camp on the 21 September 1917 and returned to his unit on the 6 October 1917. On the 16 April 1918 he was wounded in action in France, suffering a shell wound to the face. He was sent to the 55 Field Ambulance on the same day, however died of his wounds on the 17 April 1918, at the age of 27. He was buried at Namps-au-Val British Cemetery, Amiens, France. His name is remembered on the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial.

Claude Ward - Service Number - 2184

Claude Ward was twenty-three years old and worked as a plumber when he enlisted in September 1916. He became part of the 30 Battalion, 3 Reinforcement and this unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Ballarat' on the 16 February 1916. During active duty on the front at Fromelles, France on the 20 July 1916 Private Ward was hit with machine gun fire. He passed away two hours later and was buried behind the lines. He has no known grave but is remembered at the Australian Cemetery Memorial, Fromelles, France.

Charles Waterhouse - Service Number - 3261

Unlike most recruits, Charles Waterhouse was not a young man when he decided to enlist for service overseas in September 1915. He had previously served with his brother Harry in South Africa during the Boer War. Originally from Geelong, Victoria, Waterhouse was a builder by trade and his colleagues organised a send-off for him and three other soldiers with over a hundred well-wishers. During the evening, they raised their glasses in toast, enjoyed music and danced "till midnight". In December 1915, Waterhouse sailed aboard HMAT 'Suevic' dressed in his British Service cap, his maturity and dark moustache giving him an air of authority more befitting a commanding officer than a Private. There is no record of any illnesses or injuries during his seven months of service in France. Sadly, he was killed in action on the 5 November 1916. Waterhouse was honoured posthumously in a ceremony in Auburn, in which his wife Ada received a certificate as a token of thanks on behalf of the citizens of Auburn for her husband's heroism. She also received the Star, Victory and British War Medals, and later, a photograph of his grave in the Bulls Road Cemetery in Flers, France, on which the inscription reads "*Ever Remembered*".

Alfred E. Waters - Service Number - 3153

Alfred E. Waters was born near Inverell, New South Wales in 1886. A plumber by trade, he had married Lavinia Parker and their first son, William, was born in 1912. The family lived in Elsham Road, Auburn and Waters decided to enlist at the age of 29 years. He sailed for Europe and disembarked in Marseilles, France in March, 1916.

Waters took part in battles at Pozieres in the Somme Valley, and from July onwards he suffered a number of ailments including dysentery spending several periods of time in hospitals in Rouen and Cayeux-en-Santerre,

France. He rejoined his unit in Belgium at the end of September 1916. He suffered a gunshot wound to his arm in December and was transferred to England for treatment. Upon arrival at the drafting depot at Perham Downs he was reported absent without leave for three days and was penalised for this infringement.

Waters appeared to have spent the next five months with the 16 Brigade at Wareham, England, as part of a unit which did not participate in active fighting. In October 1916 he returned to Belgium with the 3 Battalion and by the end of the month he had been killed in action in Flanders. He was buried in the Belgian Battery Corner Military Cemetery, Ypres, Belgium.

James Thomas Watson - Service Number - 1724

James Thomas Watson was married to Mrs. Valentia Watson who was staying with A. Cowin in Liverpool, New South Wales. He was a soldier prior to enlisting and at the age of 23 years, he left from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Orsova' on the 10 November 1915 with the 2 Australian Remount Unit, 6 Squadron as a Farrier Sergeant. He was then attached to the 38 Australian Field Artillery Battery and he died of his wounds on the 13 September 1917, aged 26 years. He was buried at Godewaersvelde British Cemetery, Godewaersvelde, France.

Robert Colin Watson - Service Number - 3642

Robert Colin Watson was born in 1890 in Dubbo, New South Wales, the son of Robert Watson and his wife. Prior to his enlistment on the 26 August 1915 at the age of 24 years, he worked as a fireman and lived with his parents in Ashley Street, Hornsby, New South Wales. Watson embarked with his unit, the 17 Battalion, 8 Reinforcement from Sydney on board HMAT 'Aeneas' on the 20 December 1915. During his period of service, he fought in Egypt, and on the Western Front, and was later transferred to 20 Battalion. He was wounded in action on the 29 July 1916, and rejoined his unit on the 28 February 1917. Watson was killed in action in Belgium on the 20 September 1917. His brother John Alex Watson also served but returned home to his family.

Ronald Allen Watt - Service Number - 1660

A school teacher by occupation, Ronald Allen Watt was born in Parramatta, New South Wales and enlisted at the age of 21 years. He had previously served with the Australian Navy and had been transferred to Clerical Staff where he completed his service before enlisting in the AIF in Liverpool, New South Wales on 7 January 1915. On the 5 April 1915 he embarked on the 'Derflinner' to join the Mediterranean Expeditionary Force in Turkey. Watt was killed in action at Gallipoli on the 19 May 1915 and was buried in the Bridges Road, 4 Battalion Parade Ground Cemetery, Turkey.

Alfred Watts - Service Number - 2753

Alfred Watts was a 23-year-old boilermaker from Parramatta, New South Wales. He was the son of Mrs. Charlotte Watts of Church Street, Parramatta and the younger brother of Private Evan Watts. Watts enlisted on the 18 March 1916 and was assigned to the 56 Infantry Battalion, 2 to 9 Reinforcements. He embarked from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 7 October 1916 and arrived in Plymouth, England on the 21 November 1916.

He proceeded overseas to France aboard the 'Princess Victoria' from Folkestone, England on the 21 December 1916. He became ill and was hospitalised on the 13 January 1917, returning to his unit on the 1 February 1917. Watts was wounded in action, suffering a shell wound to the right leg, in France on 19 May 1917. He died of his wounds on the 19 May 1917 at the age of 24 years. He was buried in Favreuil British Cemetery, Nord Pas de Calais, France. His name is remembered in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial.

Horace Cecil Watts - Service Number – 3639

Horace Cecil Watts was born in 1892 at Penrith, New South Wales. Prior to enlisting, he was employed as locomotive fireman and lived with his parents, Frank and Charlotte Watts, at James Street, Hornsby, New South Wales. Watts joined on the 6 September 1915 and embarked at Sydney aboard HMAT 'Aeneas' on the 20 December 1915. He received a shrapnel wound to his left leg while in action in France on the 29 July 1916. He was joined in hospital with two other Hornsby boys, brothers John A. Watson and Robert C. Watson. Watts recovered and rejoined his unit in December 1916.

In a letter, dated October 1916 to his brother Stan Watts, who was considering enlisting, Horace Watts wrote of what he could expect…"*I will give you a slight idea what it was like on the Somme. There was one Batt out of the 7th Brigade going up to the firing-line to charge the same night and Fritz got on them with his artillery and there was 698 missing in the morning. I see C Company out of our Batt come out after a go over the top with 30 men left, but I believe there is only about 30 left out of the Batt now so you can get a slight idea of what it was like there. Well Stan this is a fact you go in a division and come out a Brigade or a Brigade and return a Battalion or less*".

In February 1917, Frank Watts, a Hornsby railway guard and father of Horace Watts, received word that his son was killed in action by a bomb on the 5 February 1917 at Scott's Redoubt on the Somme, France. When the news of his death was received, the flag at Hornsby Railway Station was flown at half-mast.

Ernest Charles Webb - Service Number – 4628

Ernest Charles Webb, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Ernest Webb, was born at Hornsby, New South Wales. He was a chemist prior to enlistment and joined Australian Imperial Force, 2 Infantry Battalion, 14 Reinforcements on the 27 July 1915 at Liverpool, New South Wales, aged 26 years. He embarked from Sydney aboard RMS 'Osterley' on the 15 January 1916.

Webb joined British Expeditionary Force at Alexandria, Egypt on the 27 March 1916 and was admitted to Machine Gun School. He was promoted to Lieutenant and taken on strength from the 2 Infantry Battalion, 14 reinforcements on the 16 September 1916. He died of wounds on the 5 May 1917 in France aged 27 years. He is remembered at the Villers- Bretonneux Memorial, Picardie, France.

Edward Wilmot Littleton Webber - Service Number – J/6671
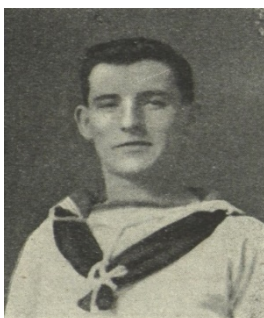
Edward Wilmot Littleton Webber was one of the many sons of Ambrose Webber of Auburn, New South Wales who emigrated to Australia in 1912. Edward Webber was born in England in 1893, and joined the British Navy at 17 years old, serving for five years.

In a letter home to his father, he spoke of the strain of having to be constantly alert, despite having "*had little excitement*" of engagement in battle. He also mentioned that he had not been able to change his clothes for 2 weeks, and slept alongside his gun at night. He was by all accounts a brave and dedicated seaman who had extraordinary "*gunnery efficiency*".

In June 1915, Webber served on the British Torpedo Boat 10, which came to the rescue of Torpedo Boat 12 after it had hit a mine laid by the German U-boat UC11 in the North Sea. Webber and his fellow TB10 crew successfully rescued the men from TB12 and took the boat in tow, however the rescue boat hit another mine and was sunk. Forty-one survivors were rescued, but forty-five from both crews lost their lives that night including Edward Webber.

A memorial service was held in August 1915 at the Auburn Baptist Church which made special reference to Gunner Edward Webber. His family also received a letter of condolence from King George and Queen Mary. He is publicly remembered at the Chatham Naval Memorial in Kent, England as the son of Ambrose and Eda (Edith) Webber.

Fredrick John Webber - Service Number – 4955

Frederick John Webber was born in England and at the age of 13 years accompanied his family to Australia, where they settled in Auburn, New South Wales. Webber worked as a railway carriage builder at Messrs. Ritchie Bros. Auburn prior to enlisting in late 1915, just a few months after his brother Edward had been killed on active service with the British Navy. Before he embarked for the Middle East, he told his parents that they could trust him, that he would go and *"...be a man, and will do that which is right."*

Webber left Alexandria, Egypt on the 19 June 1916 aboard the 'Huntsend' and 10 days later, arrived in Marseilles, France to join the British Expeditionary Forces. Three weeks later, on the 20 July, he was killed in action during the battle of the Somme. He was buried in Sailly-sur-la-Lys Cemetery, France. His family back home in Auburn received his medals, a memorial plaque and scroll, and a photograph of his gravesite.

Robert Webster - Service Number - 3937

Robert Webster was born in Townsville, Queensland and had lived with his parents Thomas and Cecilia Webster in Auburn, New South Wales for seven years before enlisting in the Australian Army. He had been employed by Messrs. Richie Bros, Auburn as a carriage builder alongside Frederick John Webber who also enlisted for service overseas. Webster was described as *"a fine, strapping young fellow standing nearly six feet tall"*.

Webster sailed for Europe after Christmas 1915 and joined the 3 Battalion in Serapeum, Egypt. By the end of March, he had arrived in France, where he spent the next five months participating in battles on the Western Front. He received a

promotion to Corporal on the 7 August, but sadly he was killed in the field a week later in France on the 16 August 1916. His name is recorded on the Villiers-Bretonneux Memorial, France.

Along with his Star, Victory and British War Medals, his parents received his personal effects, which included his identity disc, cigarette case, some letters, and a necktie.

### Thomas Christopher John Weedon - Service Number - 1236

Thomas Christopher John Weedon was labourer from Fairfield, New South Wales, aged 21 years when he enlisted with the rank of Corporal on the 27 October 1914. He became part of the 13 Battalion, 1 Reinforcement and his unit embarked from Melbourne, Victoria, on board HMAT 'Berrima' on the 22 December 1914. While in France, after time in Egypt he was hit by a bomb barrage and did not survive. He died on the 29 August 1916 and was buried in the Serre Road Cemetery No 2, France.

Frederick Wellisch - Service Number - 254

Frederick Wellisch was born in 1884 in Sydney, New South Wales to Albert and Kate Sophia Wellisch, and was the brother of G. C. Wellisch. Prior to his enlistment on the 17 August 1914 at the age of 30 years, he was a clerk, living at the Australian Mutual Provident Society, Sydney. Despite having no previous military experience, he held the rank of corporal upon his enlistment, and left with his unit, the 2 Battalion, C Company from Sydney on board HMAT 'Suffolk' on the 18 October 1914. During his service in Egypt and Gallipoli, Turkey he was promoted to Company Quartermaster Sergeant, and was killed in action on the 26 April 1915 at Gallipoli.

Charles Hastings Wells - Service Number - 2267
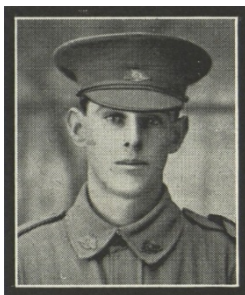
Charles Hastings Wells, a farmer from Rouse Hill, New South Wales was the son of John Richard and Harriet Wells. He enlisted as a Private on the 18 April 1916, embarking for France with his brother Richard Wells aboard HMAT 'Vestalia' on the 11 July 1916 with the 53 Battalion 4 Reinforcement. He was wounded in action and died from his injuries on the 22 April 1918 in Hazebrouck, France aged 20 years. Wells was buried at Arneke British Cemetery, France and his sacrifice is remembered on the Roll of Honour, Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

David John Wells - Service Number - 2147

David John Wells was a labourer who was twenty-nine years old when he enlisted in April 1916. He became part of the 33 Battalion, 3 Reinforcement and this unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Anchises' on the 24 August 1916. Private Wells was taken ill on his arrival in England where he received treatment before making his way to France. He was again admitted to hospital and passed away on the 7 December 1916 of broncho-pneumonia. He was buried at the Military Cemetery in Bailleul, France.

Reuben Clarence Wells - Service Number - 5104

Reuben Clarence Wells had worked as a labourer and was 18 years old when he enlisted as a Private for service overseas. He became part of the 19 Australian Infantry Battalion and his unit embarked aboard HMS 'Kyarra' on the 3 June 1916. After a period of illness, Wells was killed in action in Belgium on the 13 January 1918. His remains were reburied in the Lancashire Cottage Cemetery in England.

John Welsh - Service Number - 3900

John Welsh was born in 1892 in Thornleigh, New South Wales to Michael and Martha Ann Welsh. Prior to his enlistment on the 15 August 1915 at the age of 23 years, he worked as a letter carrier, and lived with his parents in Central Avenue, Thornleigh. He left with his unit, the 20 Battalion, 9 Reinforcement from Sydney on board HMAT 'Runic' on the 20 January 1916, where he served on the Western Front. He was killed in action on the 26 July 1916 at Pozieres, France at the age of 24 years.

## Harold John West - Service Number - 6144
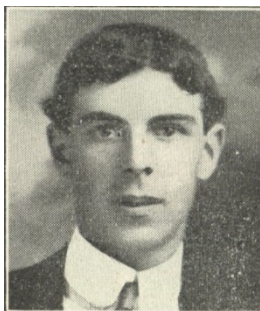
Harold John West, a brick maker by trade, was born in Parramatta, New South Wales and lived in Pennant Hills with his wife Annie Elizabeth West. He enlisted in Liverpool, New South Wales, on the 3 January 1916 aged 22 years and embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Wiltshire' on the 22 August that year.

Private West's tour of duty extended from October 1916 to September 1917 and during that time he was stationed in England, France and Belgium. In May 1916, West was wounded in action in France after being shot

between the hip and toes. He rejoined his unit in June the same year. On the 22 September 1917, Private West was killed in action in Belgium and was buried where he fell. He was posthumously awarded the 1914/15 Star, the British War Medal and the Victory Medal. His grave is unknown however he is remembered at the Menin Gate memorial, Ypres, Belgium.

Hubert Walker West - Service Number - 1527
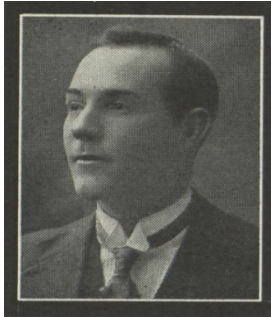
Hubert Walker West, the eldest son of Henry and Florence Eliza West previously worked as a clerk for Blacktown and Liverpool Municipal Councils. He enlisted at the age of 23 years embarking on the HMAT 'Uganda' on the 20 November 1915. Known for his bravery and moral courage, West was tragically killed in action on the 25 September 1918, twelve months after the death of his brother, Ross Raynore West. Hubert West was buried at Haifa War Cemetery, Palestine now Israel.

Ross Raynore West - Service Number - 28988
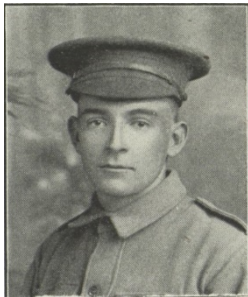
Ross Raynore West, youngest son of Henry and Florence Eliza West was the brother of Hubert Walker West who also served. Ross West formerly worked as a clerk before enlisting at the age of 23 years. He embarked on board HMAT 'Borda' on the 17 October 1916. Tragically, he was killed in action on the 25 September 1917. He has no known grave and his name is remembered on the Menin Gate Memorial, Ypres, Belgium.

John Edward Wheeler - Service Number - 4552

John Edward Wheeler was born in 1891 in the Auburn District of New South Wales to Thomas and Elizabeth Wheeler. Aged in his 20s, he worked as a slaughterman at the Sydney Meat Preserving Co., Auburn where the men in his family had often found work.

Usually known as Jack, Wheeler was the younger brother of Sydney Ernest Wheeler, and the boys enlisted together on the 15 December 1915. They arrived in Alexandria, Egypt but were sent on to Plymouth, England where they were engaged in a few months training on the Salisbury Plains where tunnels had been excavated in the chalk hills to emulate the 'trench' experience.

At the conclusion of their training, the brothers embarked for France and then headed to the front. John Webber was killed in action on the 5 October, near Ypres, Belgium aged 25 years. His parents later moved from Auburn to Woodford in the

Blue Mountains, west of Sydney. He was buried at the Railway Dugouts Burial Ground, Belgium.

Donald Hugh White - Service Number - 392

Donald Hugh White was a 19-year-old postal assistant at the time of his enlistment on the 20 February 1915. He was a very active member of the community being a Deputy Band Master and also involved in the local football team and debating society. He joined the 17 Battalion, A Company and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board the 'Themistocles' on the 12 May 1915. He was at Gallipoli, Turkey but missed the offensive at Lone Pine. He stayed on the Peninsula before moving to France. During active combat near Flers, France, Sergeant White was killed on the 6 November 1916.

Sydney Horace White - Service Number - 3499

Sydney Horace White was born in Auburn, New South Wales and was the son of Jane White and Charles Henry White. He was also the brother of Ellen, Charles Henry (Jnr) and Alfred Henry. Before he enlisted, he was a 20-year-old postal assistant and was living in Auburn, New South Wales. He enlisted in Warwick Farm on the 26 August 1915 and embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Port Lincoln' on the 13 October that year.

By late January 1916, White was stationed in Egypt and departed for France in June to serve on the Western Front. On the 11 August, White was wounded in action in the field in France after being shot in the shoulder and neck. He was hospitalised in France and then in England. Private White died from paraplegia due to a gunshot wound of the spine in London, England on the 17 September 1916. He was buried in Nunhead Cemetery, London. He was posthumously awarded the 1914/15 Star, the British War Medal and the Victory Medal for his service.

Harold Whiteman - Service Number - 1928

Harold Whiteman, a bricklayer by trade, was born in Parramatta, New South Wales and was living at 9 Longdown Street, Newtown, New South Wales when he enlisted at the age of 30 years at Casula, New South Wales on the 20 January 1916. On the 11 June 1916 he proceeded to France from England. Sadly, on the 23 August 1918, Whiteman was wounded in action and admitted to 3 Australian Field Ambulance, and then transferred to 41 Casualty Clearing Station where he died

from his wounds on the 25 August 1918. Private Harold Whiteman was buried in Daours Communal Cemetery Extension, France.

Cecil William Whitney - Service Number - 2903

Cecil William Whitney aged 29 years, was born in Seven Hills near Parramatta, New South Wales and was living in Nimbin, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 16 August 1915. Whitney was killed in action on the 20 April 1916 in France and was buried in the Rue-Du-Bacquerot (13 London) Graveyard, Lavente, France.

Henry Whittemore - Service Number - 3965

Henry Whittemore was born in Granville, New South Wales and was the eldest son of Mr. Henry and Mrs. Mary Ann Whittemore of Railway Crescent, Granville. He worked as a flour miller prior to enlisting at the age of 22 years and joined the 4 infantry Brigade 13 Infantry Battalion, 12 Reinforcements of Australian Imperial Force in Sydney, New South Wales on the 17 August 1915.

He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Suevic' on the 20 December 1915 and served in Egypt and later in France. Whilst in Egypt, he was transferred to the 4 Pioneer Battalion of the 4 Division on the 16 April 1916. Sadly, he was killed in action at Pozieres, France on the 6 August 1916, aged 23 years. He was buried in the Pozieres British Cemetery Ovillers-La Boisselle, France.

Reginal Cowel Wholohan - Service Number - 805

Reginald Cowel Wholohan was born in Perth, Western Australia and needed the consent of his parents Edward Albert and Florence Grace Wholohan of 123 Booth Street, Annandale, New South Wales when he enlisted on the 6 May 1915 at Liverpool New South Wales. He was attached to the 19 Battalion as a Bugler and on the 16 August 1915 he proceeded to join Mediterranean Expeditionary Force at Gallipoli, Turkey. On both the 9 November 1916 and on the 23 January 1917 he was wounded in action. On the 28 February 1917 he was reported as killed in action. Wholohan is remembered in Villers Bretonneux Memorial Cemetery, France.

George Sidney Thomas Wicks - Service Number - 1336

George Sidney Thomas Wicks was 21 years old when he enlisted as a Private on the 12 April 1915. He lived in Ryde, New South Wales and worked as a labourer. He became part of the 20 Battalion, D Company and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Berrima' on the 26 June 1915. Private Wicks landed at Gallipoli, Turkey but sadly on the 17 December 1915 he was killed in action. He has no known grave but is remembered on the Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli Turkey.

## Henry William Wilder - Service Number - 14961

Henry William Wilder, aged 29 years, was a painter before he enlisted on the 21 February 1916. He became part of the 4 Field Company Engineers as a Sapper and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Aeneas' on the 30 September 1916. During his time in Belgium, at Messines, Wilder was camped out in his dugout when his position was hit directly by an exploding shell on the 9 July 1917. It was believed that Wilder had been killed outright. He was buried in a small cemetery known as Hyde Park Corner in Ploegsteert, Belgium.

Edward Henry Wilkinson - Service Number - 4333

Edward Henry Wilkinson was born in Lidcombe, New South Wales and worked as a carriage builder when he enlisted as a Private on the 13 September 1915, aged 21 years. He embarked with his unit, the 3 Battalion, 13 Reinforcement in Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Aeneas' on the 20 December 1915. On the 24 July 1916 at Pozieres, France, Wilkinson was killed instantly by a shell explosion which buried him under the earth. He is commemorated at Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France.

Robert Francis Crothers Wilkinson - Service Number - 757
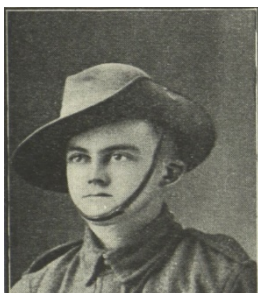
Robert Wilkinson enlisted twice. He first enlisted at Randwick, New South Wales on the 28 August 1914, when he was a 20-year-old. At the time, he was living with his father James Simpson (1860-1931) of Aslett Street, Lidcombe and working as a tinsmith. His mother Helena 'Ellen' Harriet (nee Blackman) had passed away in 1908. After successfully applying, he was given the service number 757 and drafted into the Australian Naval

and Military Expeditionary Force 1 Infantry Battalion – F Company. Diagnosed with rheumatism, this led to him being declared medically unfit and returned to Australia per Suevic and discharged on 7 July 1915.

However, determined to fight for his country, he reenlisted after regaining his health on the 11 August 1915 at Holsworthy with the 8 Reinforcements of the 17 Battalion. This time he used his full name Robert Francis Crothers Wilkinson and was given a new service number 3652. He also stated his address as being that of his sister's, Mrs Nevada Freeman of 80 Helena Street, Auburn. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT Aeneas on the 20 December 1915.

Sadly, while sitting under a tree in France during a break in the fighting at the Somme he was killed in action on the 9 May 1918. He was aged 24 and was buried at Franvillers Communal Cemetery Extension, France.

His younger brother Alexander James Simpson (service number 2665, N90031, 85742) had also served but returned to Australia on the 6 September 1919. He was survived by his father, 2 brothers and 3 sisters – one of whom was Mrs Alma Grace Cartwright, who *the Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* incorrectly identified as his mother on the 1 June 1918, page 10 edition.

David Williams - Service Number - 1301
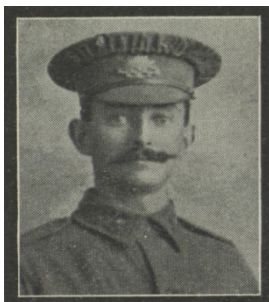
David Williams was a 34-year-old seaman and sail maker born in Denbigh, Wales. He was the son of Mr. Thomas and Mrs. Mary Williams and at the time of his enlistment on the 21 September 1914 was living in Carrington Road, Waverley, New South Wales. His wife Elsie moved to Dartbrook Road, Auburn, New South Wales after her husband enlisted. Williams was assigned to the 4 Infantry Brigade Train and embarked with his unit from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Port Macquarie' on the 21 December 1914 and sailed for Gallipoli, Turkey on the 12 April 1915.

On the 5 May 1915 he was admitted to the Number 2 General Hospital suffering a shell wound to the chest. He was discharged from hospital on the 13 May 1915 and rejoined his convoy on the 22 May 1915. He was diagnosed with debility and was sent to Malta aboard the HS 'Georgian', arriving in Malta on the 27 August 1915. Then he was sent to St. Andrews in Malta on the 1 September 1915. He was transferred from Malta to England aboard the 'Regina d'Italia' on the 16 September 1915, and then on the 25 July 1916 proceeded overseas aboard the 'Princess Victoria' to rejoin his battalion. He was attached to the 1 ANZAC Entrenching Battalion on the 21 December 1916.

Williams was wounded in action while serving in France, suffering multiple injuries and subsequently died of his wounds on the 7 April 1917 aged 37 years. He was buried at Bapaume Communal Cemetery, Picardie, France. His name is displayed in the Commemorative are of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Frederick Arthur Williams - Service Number - 342

Frederick Arthur Williams was born in 1889, the youngest son of Mr. Edwin and Mrs. Anne Williams of Blaxcell Street, Granville, New South Wales. He was a plumber's assistant at the Eveleigh Railway Workshops, Redfern, New South Wales prior to enlistment with the Australian Imperial Force, 3 Infantry Battery, 1 Field Artillery Brigade on the 28 August 1914.

He embarked at Sydney aboard HMAT 'Argyllshire' on the 18 October 1914. He was wounded in action at the Dardanelles in Gallipoli, Turkey and admitted to 1 General Hospital with shrapnel wounds to his left leg on the 26 June 1915. Sadly, he died of his wounds on the 4 December 1915 in Turkey, aged 25 years and was buried in the Shrapnel Valley Cemetery, Gallipoli, Turkey.

Harold Edwin Williams - Service Number - 973
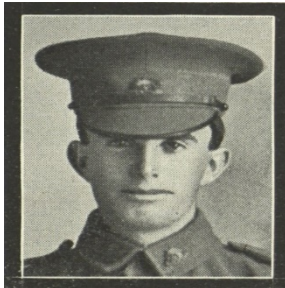
Harold Edwin Williams was a 24-year-old farmer from Dural, New South Wales. He lived with his parents, Mr. William E. Williams and Mrs. Martha Williams on his father's farm in Dural and was the brother of Miss Annie Isabel Williams. He enlisted on the 16 February 1915 and was assigned to the 2 Light Horse Brigade, 7 Light Horse Regiment, 1 to 10 reinforcements. He embarked with his unit from Newcastle, New South Wales aboard the HMAT 'Kabinga' on the 21 May 1915.

Williams joined his unit and was taken on strength at Gallipoli on the 2 October 1915. He then disembarked at Alexandria on Christmas Day, 1915. He marched out to Serapeum, Egypt on the 25 February 1916. He transferred to the 2 Light Horse Battalion Machine Gun Squadron on the 23 July 1916. He became ill and was sent to a rest camp in Marakeb, Palestine on the 2 July 1917. He remained at camp until he returned to duty on the 9 July 1917, rejoining his unit the following day. He was promoted from Private to Lance Corporal on the 21 August 1917.

Aged 27 years, he was killed in action whilst serving in Palestine on the 5 November 1917. He was originally buried where he fell with four others who died in the same battle. His body was later exhumed and reburied at the Beersheba War Cemetery, Beersheba, Israel. His name is remembered in the Commemorative Area at the

Australian War Memorial, Canberra. He was posthumously awarded the Star medal, British War Medal and Victory Medal for his service.

Bertie Clyde Willick - Service Number - 730
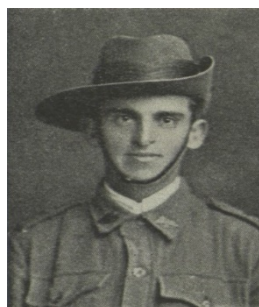
Bertie Clyde Willick was a 26-year-old carriage builder from 'Waratah', Station Road, Auburn, New South Wales and was the son of Mr. George B. and Mrs Rebecca Willick, formerly of Granville, and the brother of Mrs. E. M. Kulmar.

He enlisted on the 1 February 1915 and was assigned to the 17 Infantry Battalion as a Private. He embarked with his unit from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Themistocles' on the 12 May 1915. He was killed in action at Gallipoli, Turkey on the 28 August 1915. He has no known grave, however his name is commemorated at the Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey. His name is displayed in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial.

Arthur Henry Willmot - Service Number - 405

Arthur Henry Willmot was 24 years old when he enlisted as a Private on the 9 May 1915. He was a labourer who lived in Toongabbie, New South Wales and he became part of the 19 Battalion, A Company and his unit embarked from Sydney, New South Wales, on board HMAT 'Ceramic' on the 25 June 1915. Private Willmot fought at the Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkey and was killed in action at Shrapnel Gully on the 1 December 1915. He was buried in the Shrapnel Valley Cemetery Gallipoli, Turkey.

## Robert Leslie Wilson - Service Number - 1872
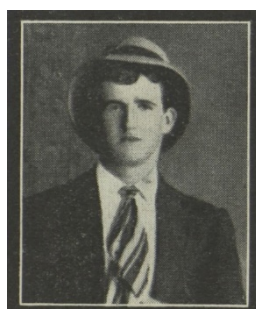
Robert Leslie Wilson aged 25 years, enlisted at Auburn, New South Wales in the 35 Battalion, and was killed in action on the 25 May leaving a widow and two children. He was a nephew of Mrs. H. Shepherd, South Parade, Granville. He had a brother wounded in France aged 20 years, another on the way to the front aged 16 years, and one aged 18 years in camp waiting to embark at any time. The four boys were sons of Mr. L. Wilson, of Schofield's Siding near Riverstone.

## George Frederick Windsor - Service Number - 3460

George Frederick Windsor was born in 1896 in Glebe, New South Wales, the only son of Frederick Arthur Windsor and his wife Phoebe E. Windsor. He was living with his parents at 'Aston', Wallace Street, Granville and had been serving in the 20
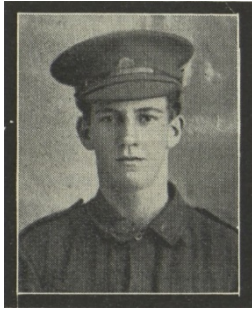
Infantry for twelve months prior to his enlistment aged 18 years, on the 2 August 1915 at Warwick Farm, New South Wales. He embarked with his unit, the 2 Australian Infantry Battalion, 11 Reinforcement from Sydney on board HMAT 'Euripides' on the 2 November 1915.

After initial training in Egypt, he landed in France on the 29 June 1916. Taken on strength from the 11 Reinforcements on the 5 August 1916, he was transferred to the 54 Battalion and then on the 10 May 1917, to the 5 Australian Divisional Signal Company, Australian Engineers. During his period of service, he was reprimanded several times for insubordinate behaviour and was punished accordingly. During the Third Battle of Ypres, Belgium, Windsor received gunshot wounds to his skull and right arm on the 31 July 1917. Sadly, he died of his wounds on the 1 August 1917 at the 12 Casualty Clearing Station, aged 19 years. He was buried in the Mendinghem Military Cemetery, Belgium.

Arthur Carlson Wolff - Service Number - 3506
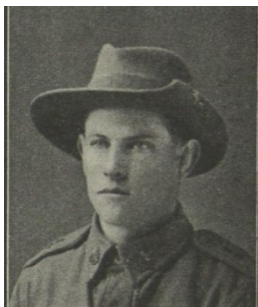
Arthur Carlson Wolff usually known as 'Artie', was a 24-year-old blacksmith's assistant, born in Alexandria, New South Wales. He was the brother of Private David Ernest Wolff, who was killed in action on the 4 July 1918. Arthur Wolff enlisted as a Private on the 6 September 1915 and was assigned to the 13 Infantry Battalion.

He embarked with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Port Lincoln' from Sydney on the 13 October 1915. He was taken on strength on the 4 March 1916 and proceeded overseas to Marseilles, France to join his battalion on the 8 June 1916. He was wounded in action while serving in France on the 11 August 1916, suffering a gunshot wound to the right elbow and was admitted to the 12 General Hospital for treatment.

Wolff was transferred to England for further treatment and was discharged from hospital in London on the 9 September 1916. He was granted leave in Perham Downs until the 23 September 1916. During October 1916 he spent some time in England, before returning to France aboard the SS 'Princess Henrietta' on the 14 December 1916.

Between April and August 1917, Wolff received several promotions, the last being to Sergeant on the 16 August 1917. On the 26 September 1917 he was accidentally wounded whilst serving in France, suffering a bayonet wound to the left knee. He rejoined his unit after recovering from the injury on the 4 October 1917. On the 11 March 1918 he was recommended for an honour which stated that *"At Passchendaele on the 25 September, 1917, Sergeant Wolff, as Company Lewis Gun*

Sergeant, went forward with his Company, and under very heavy hostile machine gun fire took his gun out in front and brought oblique fire on the enemy's machine guns and succeeded in silencing them. By his prompt and gallant action, Wolff caused many casualties to be inflicted on the enemy".

He was killed in action in France on the 3 May 1918 at the age of 26 years. An official report stated that Sergeant Wolff was *"killed instantaneously by a German stick bomb whilst in charge of a covering party near the old Aerodrome on the Villers-Bretonneux-Warfuse-Abancourt Road. He was buried between the hangar and an old brick building and a cross was put on the grave".* He is remembered on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France. His name is also displayed in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

David Ernest Wolff - Service Number - 7609
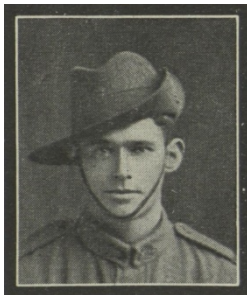
Private David Ernest Wolff was a 21-year-old labourer from Susan Street, Auburn, New South Wales. He was the son of Mr. William John and Mrs. Olive Mary C. Wolff of Susan Street, Auburn. He was the brother of Sergeant Arthur Carlson Wolff, who was killed in action on the 3 May 1918. He enlisted on the 17 April 1917 and was assigned to the 1 Infantry Battalion and embarked with his unit aboard the HMAT 'Marathon' from Sydney on the 10 May 1917.

Whilst at sea on the way to London, he was charged using obscene language. He then proceeded to France on the 4 December 1917. He joined his unit and was taken on strength on the 10 December 1917. On the 25 February 1918, he was transferred to the 13 Infantry Battalion and was killed in action on the 4 July 1918 whilst in France. He is remembered on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France. His name is inscribed in the Commemorative Area of the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Henry Oswald Wolff - Service Number – 76219

A carpenter by trade, Henry Oswald Wolf was born at Nowra, New South Wales and was the only son of Mr. Jacob Wolf of Allen Street, Granville, New South Wales. He was living with his wife Rose Jean and his three children at Eleanor Street, prior to enlistment, joining the Australian Imperial Force, Engineer Reinforcements Depot Company on the 2 April 1917 at Moore Park, New South Wales.

While in the training camp, Wolff was promoted to Sapper on the 4 April 1917, however, he succumbed to an attack of acute pneumonia whilst preparing to leave for the front. He died in the Garrison Hospital at Victoria Barracks, Sydney, New South Wales at the age of 33 years.

His obituary stated that Wolff *"was widely known and universally respected. He was a member for 15 years of the H.C.A.B Society (Granville), was a Trustee for 8 years of AHC Guild (Granville) and was one of the founders and the First President of Granville Branch of the Amalgamation Society of Carpenters and Joiners. He was also Founder and Secretary for Some time of the Rosehill Branch of PLL and was at one time prominently connected with State Labour Council"*.

## Alfred Arthur Wood - Service Number - 1346
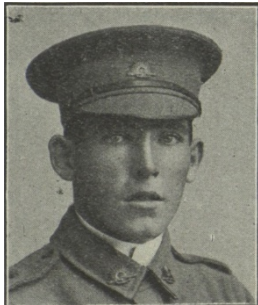
Alfred Arthur Wood was the son of Sarah Wood of Merrigang Street, Bowral, New South Wales. Prior to enlisting, he was a carpenter by trade living on Marion Street, Auburn, New South Wales. On the 19 February 1915, aged 20 years, he enlisted with the Australian Imperial Force and embarked for overseas aboard HMAT 'Ceramic' with D Company, 19 Battalion from Melbourne, Victoria on the 25 June 1915.

After joining the 19 Battalion at Gallipoli, Turkey where he was wounded in action on the 2 September 1915, he was evacuated to Malta for medical treatment. He was subsequently awarded a Military Medal for his actions at Gallipoli. On recovering from his wounds, he proceeded to France where he was awarded the Distinguished Conduct Medal for conspicuous and consistent gallantry particularly on the 25 August 1916 at Pozieres, France.

Wood was again wounded in action on the 14 November 1916 at Flers, France and evacuated to England for medical treatment only to die of his wounds in hospital on the 14 December 1916, having just attained the rank of Company Sergeant Major. Wood was buried in the Stourbridge Cemetery, Worcestershire, England.

Keith Bertram Wood - Service Number - 2474
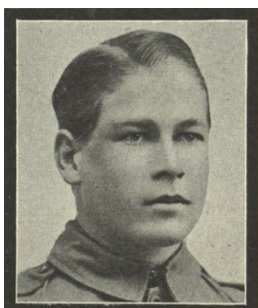
Keith Bertram Wood, born in Sydney, New South Wales, was the only son of Mrs. Lily Wood of Normanhurst, New South Wales and he was a member of the local football club. He worked as a commercial traveller prior to enlistment and joined Australian Imperial Force, 20 Infantry Battalion, 5 Reinforcement on the 20 July 1915 at Liverpool, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney as a Private aboard HMAT 'Ballarat' on the 6 September 1915.He was promoted to Acting Sergeant when he left Sydney on the 20 September and entered the trenches in France on the 2 May, spending three months in the firing line. He died of his wounds on the 28 July 1916 aged 19 years in France and was buried at Daours Communal Cemetery Extension, Daours, Picardie, France.

George Woodcock - Service Number - 1348

Born in Ermington, George Woodcock of Church Street, Ryde, New South Wales, embarked with the 19 Battalion on the 25 June 1915 aged 22 years. In September 1915, his father, William Woodcock received word that his second son, George had died of wounds at the Dardanelles, Turkey on the 29 August 1915.

Thomas Woodcock - Service Number - 34848

The *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* reported that *"Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Woodcock, of Albert Street, Granville, had been notified by the military authorities that their eldest son, Gunner Thomas Woodcock, was killed in action in Belgium on the 7th January 1918. He was buried at Kandahar. He was 21 years of age and a native of Granville. As a boy he attended the District School, Parramatta, in the time of Mr. Anderson, head master, and he passed from that school to the position of cadet draughtsman in the Public Works Department. Prior to enlisting he was an assistant surveyor. On the battlefield he was attached to the 12th Battery Field Artillery."*

Arthur Woodruffe - Service Number - 4560

Born in Ponsonby, New Zealand to Heneage Seymour Woodruffe and Katie Ellen Woodruffe of Auckland, Arthur Woodruffe moved to Gladesville, New South Wales, where he was a brickmaker by trade. He was 34 years old and a widower when he enlisted on the 13 December 1915. He embarked from Sydney aboard HMAT 'Nestor' on the 9 April 1916 as a Private with the 19 Battalion, 11 Reinforcement.

Woodruffe was killed in action in France on the 14 November 1916. He is remembered at the Australian National Memorial, Villers-Bretonneux, France as one of 10,885 Australians who were killed in France and who have no known grave. He is also remembered on the Roll of Honour at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Thomas Augustine Woods - Service Number - 811

Thomas Augustine Woods, a labourer by trade, was born in Hull, Yorkshire, England and his address at the time of enlistment was care of his father at Meggitt Limited, Macquarie Street, Parramatta. He enlisted at Murwillumbah New South Wales on the 2 November 1914, aged 24 years and attained the rank of Lance Corporal. On the 12 April 1915, he joined Mediterranean

Expeditionary Force at Gallipoli, Turkey and on the 6 May 1915 he was wounded at Gallipoli and admitted to 15 Australian General Hospital, Alexandria, Egypt where he passed away on the 1 June 1915. He was buried at the Chatby War Memorial Cemetery, Alexandria, Egypt.

Alfred Clive Wooster - Service Number - 1472

On the 15 July 1915, Alfred Clive Wooster became the fourth in his family to enlist in the Australian Imperial Force while visiting his brother Dr, later Major Frank C. Wooster in Brisbane, Queensland. He was also the fourth of eight sons of Jonathan and Elizabeth Maria Wooster of Wigram Street, Harris Park, New South Wales. Alfred was 19 years old at the time and a student. On the 4 October 1915, he left Sydney for active services overseas on board HMAT A47 Mashobra as a private of the 11 Reinforcement of the 2 Australian Light Horse Regiment. Taken on strength, he was transferred to the position of temporary driver.

On the 31 October 1917, he was wounded on the battlefield when a bomb exploded. Taken to the 65 Casualty Clearing Station in Palestine, sadly on the 2 November 1917, Driver A. C. Wooster died of his wounds, aged 21. He is buried at the Beersheba War Cemetery (Row Q, Grave No. 78) in Palestine.

According to the *Cumberland Argus and Fruitgrowers' Advocate* (dated the 17 November 1917, page 10), Reverend T. H. Holmes, Methodist Minister of Parramatta broke the sad news to the mother after the cablegram arrived. A private letter received by the bereaved family expressed symphony for their *"noble sorrow"*.

Surnames starting with X

No soldiers with surnames starting with X.

Surnames starting with Y

George Young - Service Number - 3658

George Young was a 34-year-old bachelor when he enlisted in the Australian Imperial Force in Holsworthy, New South Wales. He was connected to Epping, New South Wales through his oldest brother David Young who resided at High Street (and later Wycombe Street), Epping, New South Wales. George listed his mother Mrs. Isabella Young, nee Fraser of Cupar Fife, Scotland as his next of kin.

Young was a local plumber employed by his brother prior to leaving on the 12 December 1915 with the 5 Australian Infantry Brigade, 19 Infantry Battalion, 8 Reinforcement from Sydney aboard the HMAT 'Berrima' as a Private. Taken on strength, he was transferred to the 14 Australian Light Trench Mortar Battery on the 8 July 1916. By the 3 November that year, he was promoted to the rank of Corporal.

Mentioned in despatches at the Battle of Fromelles in France, Young was one of the famous Anzac Guard and during the battle of Menin Road, he gained the coveted Military Medal for great bravery in carrying in wounded men. This award was the first distinction for a local soldier from the Parramatta area. Sadly, after three years of service, he was killed in action on the 1 September 1918, aged 36 years. Corporal George Young was buried at Peronne Communal Cemetery Extension.

William Cecil Young - Service Number - 2285
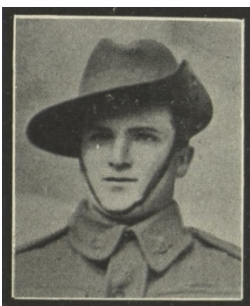
William Cecil Young was born at Ourimbah, New South Wales and lived with his parents prior to joining the Australian Imperial Force, 20 Infantry Battalion, 4 Reinforcements at the age of 23 years on the 5 July 1915 at Liverpool, New South Wales. He embarked from Sydney as a Private aboard HMAT 'Argyllshire' on the 30 September 1915.

Young proceeded to the front along with his battalion and was taken strength from Gallipoli, Turkey on the 11 November 1915. He was wounded in action in France and died of gunshot wounds on the 5 August 1916. He was buried at Puchevillers British Cemetery, France.

Surnames starting with Z

No soldiers with surnames starting with Z.

Back cover image: *A chaplain, possibly Reverend Ernest Northcroft Merrington, conducting the funeral service of an Australian soldier in France. A military band is preparing to play at right, and an Australian flag is draped over the coffin on the artillery wagon at centre.* (Source: Australian War Memorial, C03282).